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IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

September 1992

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IMMIGRATION

AN EXPLORATION OF OUR HERITAGE AS A NATION OF IMMIGRANTS

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U.S. Department of Justice
Immigration and Naturalization Service

Office of the Commissioner

425 Eye Street N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20536

The Attorney General
United States Department of Justice

I am pleased to submit the 1991 edition of the Immigration and Naturalization Service's *Statistical Yearbook.*

The 1991 *Yearbook* presents the last statistical data reported under the 1952 Immigration and Nationality Act as amended. Beginning with Fiscal Year 1992, the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1990 (IMMACT) are fully in effect for all sections of law and will be reflected in the data reported in subsequent *Yearbooks.*

This report documents an exceptional year for immigration. In 1991, more than 1.8 million immigrants were granted legal permanent resident status. This unprecedented immigration level is largely due to the culmination of the legalization process of the Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986. Over 2.5 million aliens have already been granted permanent residence under the legalization provisions of IRCA and another 200,000 to 300,000 remain eligible to do so.

While the Service has been generous in providing legal status to qualified immigrants, we have taken actions to improve controls over illegal immigration. The *Yearbook* reports nearly 1.2 million aliens apprehended in the United States and more than 32,000 deportations, nearly 40 percent of them criminal aliens.

We welcome continued public interest in INS operations and hope that this *Statistical Yearbook* contributes to improved understanding of immigration's impact on this Nation.

Sincerely,

Gene McNary
Commissioner

1991 Statistical Yearbook of the Immigration and Naturalization Service

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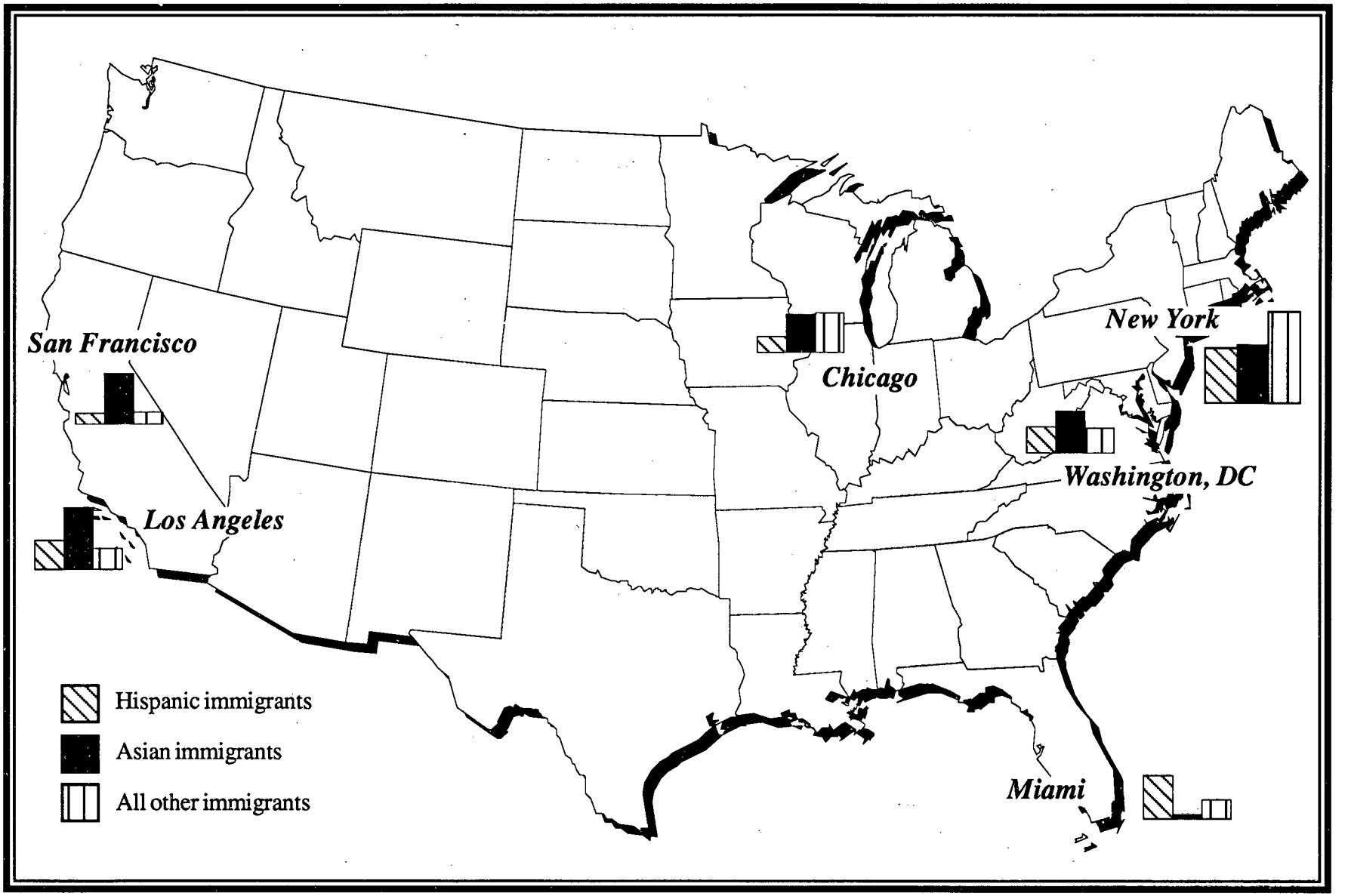
Immigration to the United States by Consolidated Metropolitan Area of Residence: Fiscal Year 1991



NOTE: These six metropolitan areas represent 58 percent of all immigration to the United States during fiscal year 1991.

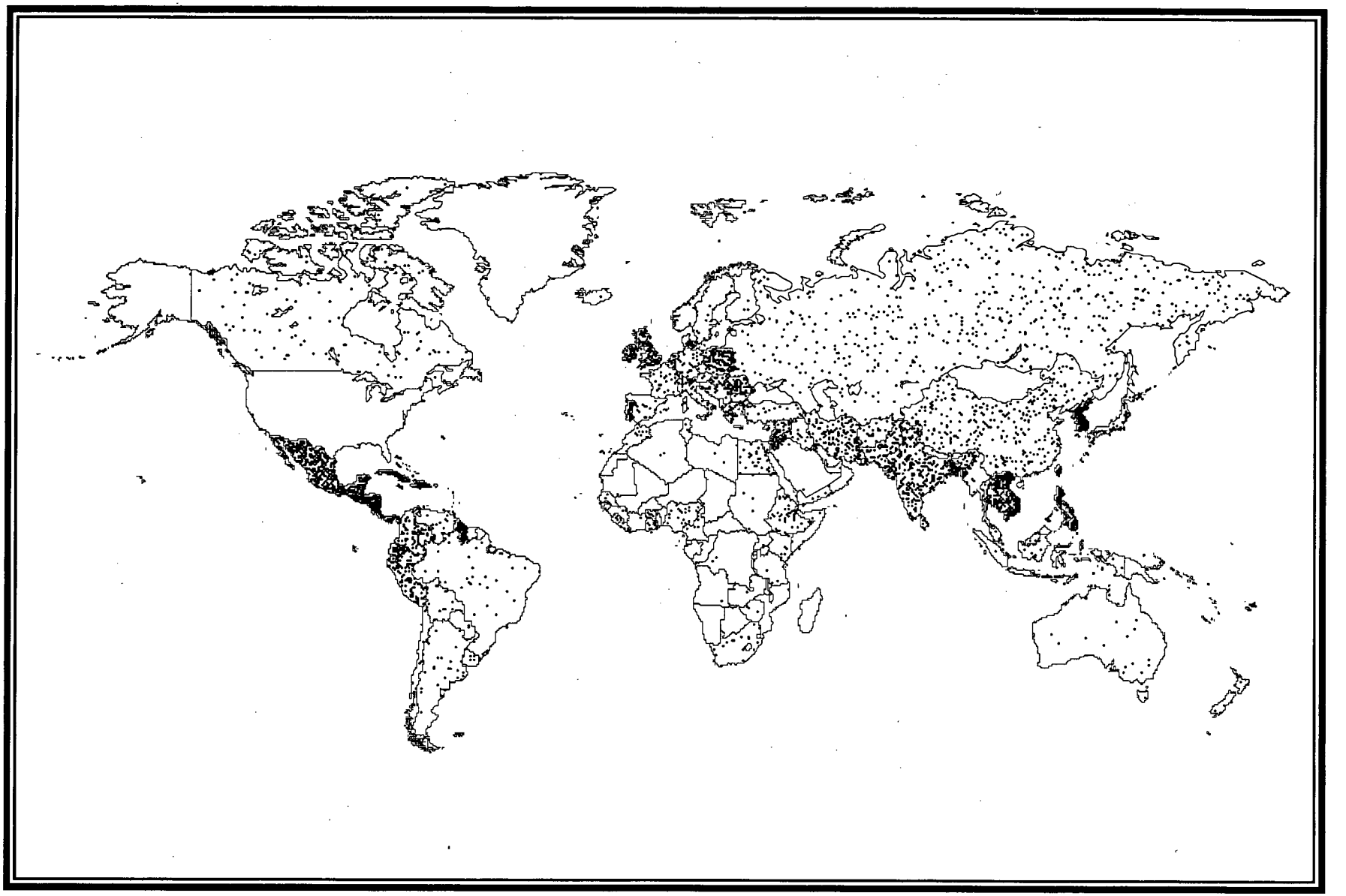
INTRODUCTION

This *Yearbook* provides immigration data for 1991 along with related historical information. The major areas covered include: immigrants admitted for legal permanent residence; refugees approved and admitted; nonimmigrant arrivals (e.g., tourists, students, etc.); aliens naturalized; aliens apprehended and expelled; and aliens inspected at ports of entry.

The statistics for 1991 reflect an increase of immigration to the United States, surpassing the previous high point reached in 1990; an all-time high in the number of tourists to the United States and in the volume of alien border crossings; and a small increase in the number of deportable aliens apprehended. Highlights for 1991 include:

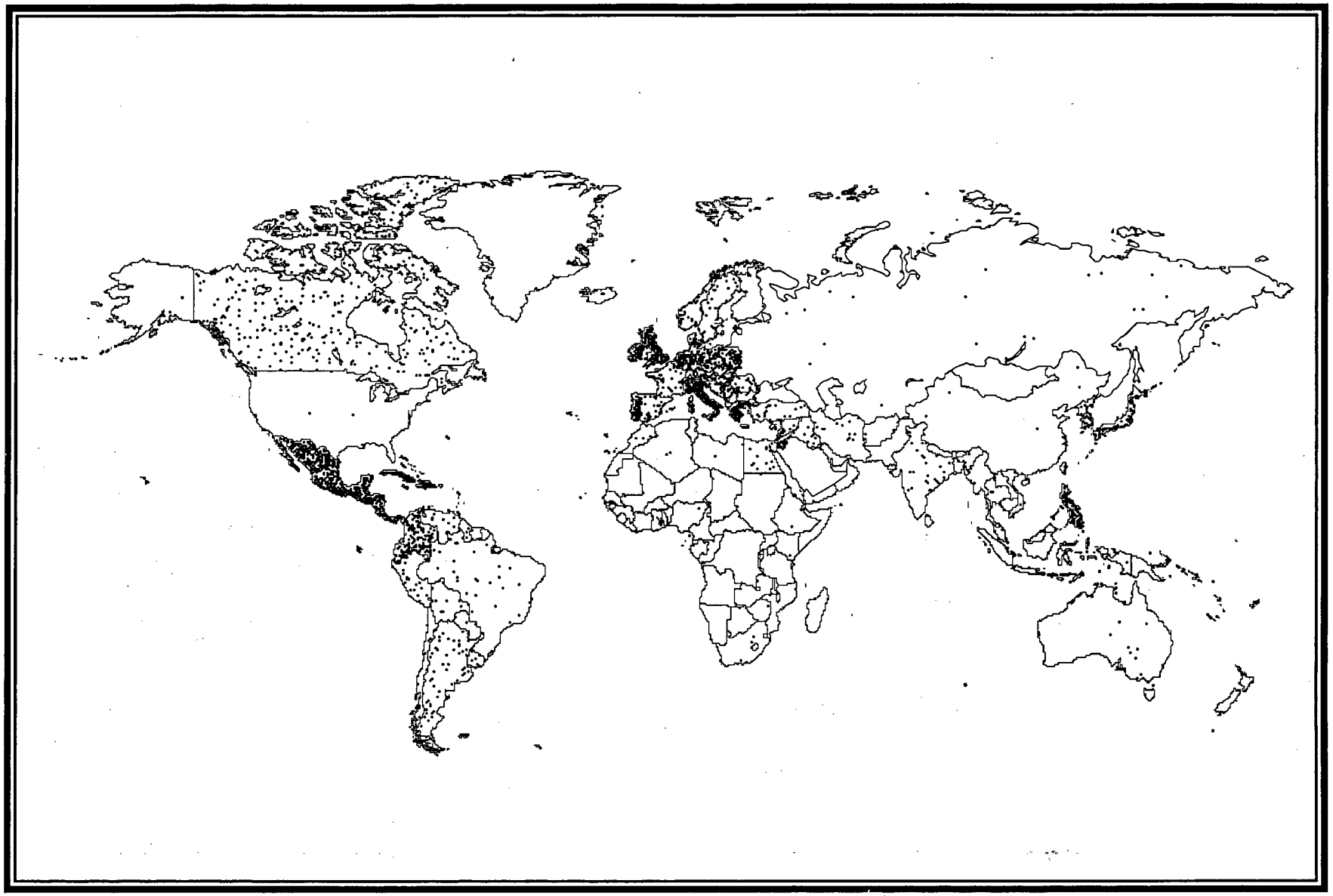
- ★ 1,827,167 persons were granted legal permanent residence — 1,123,162 under the legalization provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986. Most legalized immigrants have lived in the United States continuously since 1987; therefore, they are not new migrants.
- ★ Mexico was the leading country of immigration with 946,167; most (893,301) were admitted under the legalization provisions of IRCA. The leading source countries for immigrants in 1991 (excluding legalization) were the Soviet Union (56,839), the Philippines (55,376), and Vietnam (55,278).
- ★ Approximately 77 percent of all immigrants intended to reside in six states: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, and New Jersey.
- ★ The Soviet Union was the leading country for refugee arrivals with 39,116 admissions.
- ★ 19 million nonimmigrants were admitted — 78 percent were tourists.
- ★ 57 percent of all nonimmigrants arrived at four ports: New York, Miami, Los Angeles, and Honolulu.
- ★ More than 282,000 foreign students entered the United States.
- ★ The naturalization rates as of 1990 for immigrants admitted in 1977 range from Canada (11.1 percent) to the Soviet Union (61.7 percent). Naturalization rates tend to be the highest for Asian, Eastern European, and African countries.
- ★ The Philippines was the leading country of birth for naturalized citizens with 33,714.
- ★ Nearly 50 percent of the naturalized citizens for the period 1981-91 were born in Asia.
- ★ Apprehensions of deportable aliens increased to 1.2 million — slightly more than in 1990.

Immigration to the United States by Country of Birth: Fiscal Year 1991



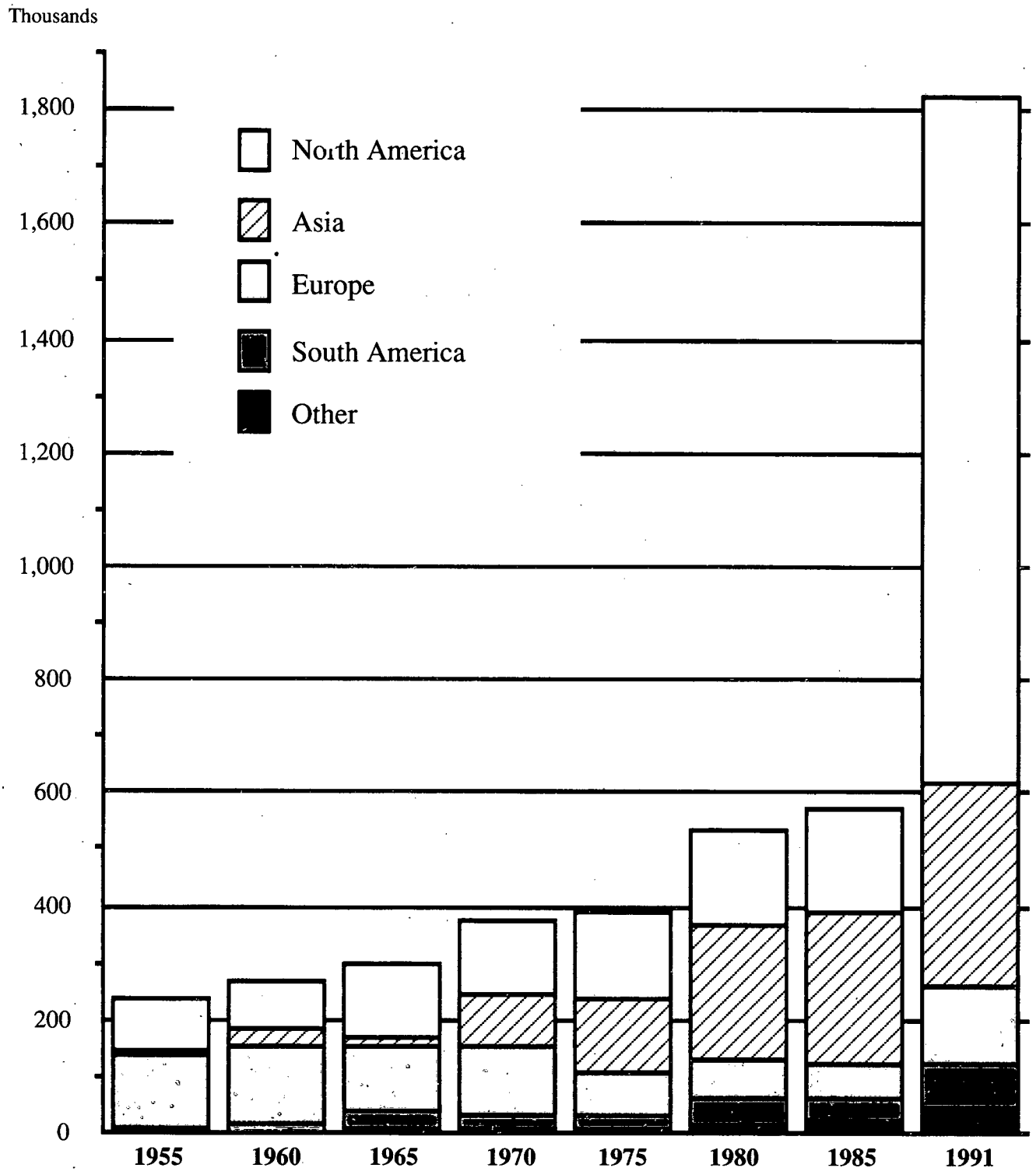
NOTE: Each dot represents 100 immigrants to the United States.

Immigration to the United States by Country of Birth: Fiscal Year 1966



NOTE: Each dot represents 100 immigrants to the United States.

Chart A. Immigrants Admitted by Region of Birth: Selected Fiscal Years 1955-91



Source: 1980-91, Table 3; 1955-75, previous *Yearbooks*. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

I. IMMIGRANTS

Immigrants, as defined by U.S. immigration law, are persons granted legal permanent residence in the United States. They either arrive in the United States with immigrant visas issued abroad, or may adjust their status in the United States from temporary to permanent residence. Certain groups of immigrants are subject to annual numerical ceilings, while others are exempt from these limitations.

More than 1.8 million immigrants were granted legal permanent resident status during 1991.

A record 1,827,167 aliens were granted legal permanent resident status in the United States during fiscal year 1991. This unprecedented immigration level reflects the large numbers of aliens with temporary resident status becoming eligible for the final stage of the Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986 legalization process—permanent residence. More than 1.1 million of the immigrants in 1991 were aliens adjusting under these provisions, including .9 million Special Agricultural Workers. More than 2.5 million aliens have been granted permanent residence under the legalization provisions of IRCA as of the end of fiscal year 1991, and another 200,000 to 300,000 are eligible to do so in the next several years.

Immigration, excluding those adjusting under the legalization provisions, increased by 7.3 percent between fiscal years 1990 and 1991—from 656,111 to 704,005. Admissions under the refugee, asylee, and parolee categories increased 46,713, compared to an increase of 1,181 in all other categories. Soviet refugee adjustments increased by 28,226—reflecting increased arrivals in previous years. Asylee adjustments increased from 4,937 to 22,664 due to changes mandated by the Immigration Act of 1990.

The characteristics of the IRCA legalization immigrants are considerably different than other immigrants admitted in 1991. Most of the legalization immigrants qualified as special agricultural workers; therefore, 81.7 percent reported an occupation in farming, forestry or fishing compared to 2.2 percent of non-legalization immigrants. The legalized immigrants compared to non-legalized immigrants are also more likely to be born in Mexico (79.5 percent vs. 7.5 percent), live in the states bordering Mexico (67.2 percent vs. 34.8 percent), and be male (78.3 percent vs. 47.5 percent).

Changes in Immigration Law

The Immigration Act of 1990 (P.L. 101-649) created major revisions in the numerical limits and preference system regulating legal immigration. Most provisions of the Act become effective in fiscal year 1992, but several provisions described below began in 1991. The total number of immigrants that will be admitted in 1992 could increase above the 1991 level (excluding legalization immigrants) under a new overall flexible cap, with employment-based immigration authorized to increase from 59,000 to a limit of 140,000. The immigrant preference system and numerical limits of the 1990 Act are described in Appendix 2; other provisions of the law are described in Appendix 1, Item 133.

The 1990 Act made the following changes which became effective in 1991.

- Hong Kong was designated as a separate foreign state with a per-country limit on preference immigration set to 10,000 in fiscal years 1991, 1992, and 1993. The per-country limit will be the same as other independent foreign states beginning in 1994.

- The limit on the number of annual asylee adjustments was increased from 5,000 to 10,000. In addition, asylees who applied for adjustment before June 1, 1990, are exempt from any limit.

- A new category of admission was created for certain employees of U.S. businesses in Hong Kong and their spouses and children. The total number of visas issued during the period from 1991-93 cannot exceed 36,000. These special visas, and visas issued under the preference system to persons born in Hong Kong, will be valid until January 1, 2002.

- A new class of admission was created for displaced Tibetans who have continuously resided in India or Nepal. A total of 1,000 visas may be issued during the period from 1991-93; however, no visas were issued in 1991.

The Foreign Operations Appropriations Act of 1990 (P.L. 101-167) established a new permanent resident category for certain persons from the republics of the former Soviet Union, Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam. To qualify, aliens from these countries must have been denied refugee status abroad and paroled into the United States between August 15, 1988 and September 30, 1990.

U.S. Immigration Policy

U.S. law gives preferential immigration status to aliens with a close family relationship with a U.S. citizen or legal permanent resident, aliens with needed job skills, or aliens who qualify as refugees. Aliens in other categories usually

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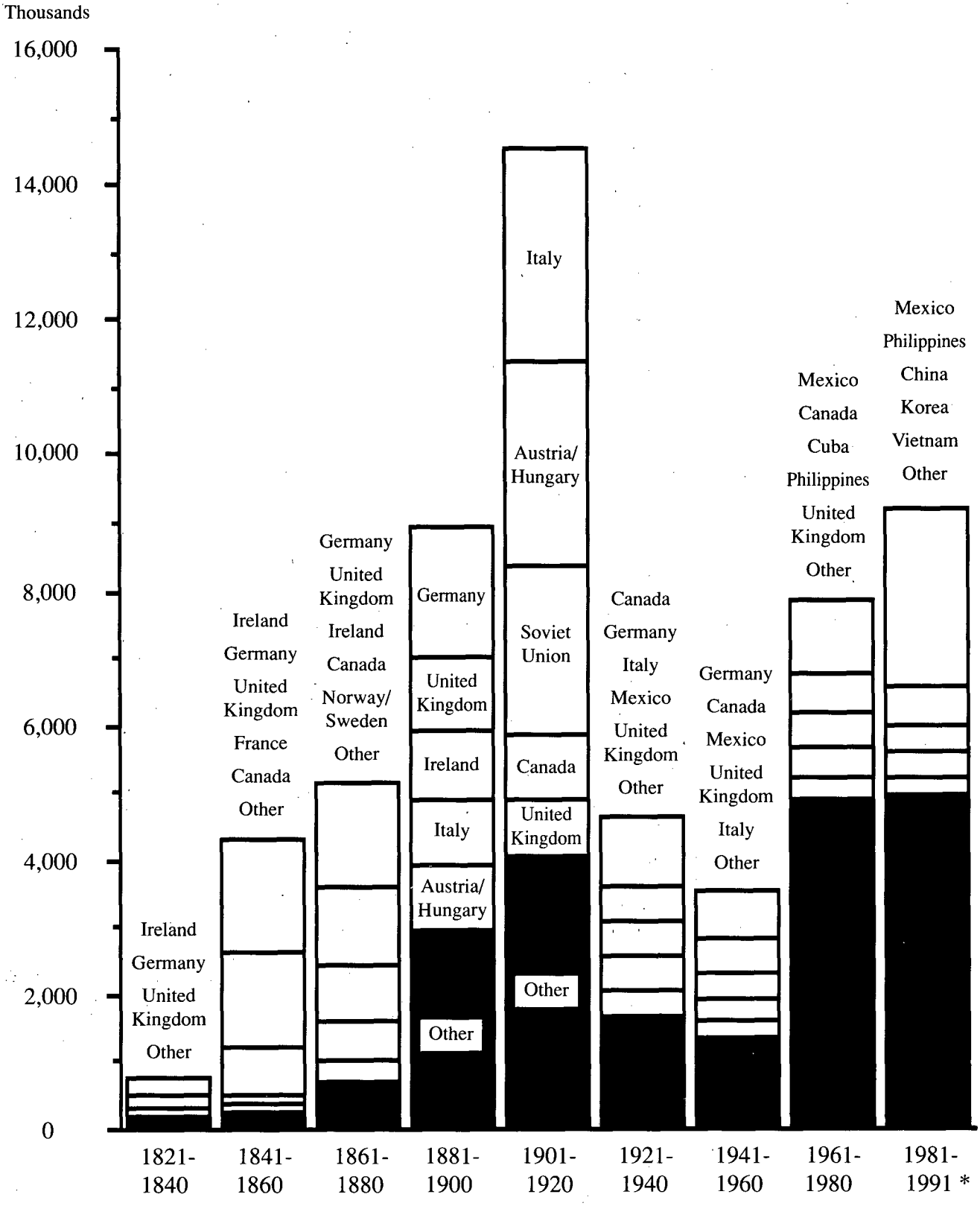
Chart B. Immigrants Admitted to the United States from the Top Five Countries of Last Residence: 1821 to 1991



* Eleven-year period. Source: Table 2. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

account for relatively few admissions. Since 1989, however, more than 2.5 million former illegal aliens have gained permanent resident status through the legalization provisions of IRCA. Immigration to the United States in fiscal year 1991 can be divided into two general categories: (1) those subject to the worldwide limitations and (2) those exempt from it. [1]

Immigration Subject to the Worldwide Limitation

A maximum of 270,000 immigrant visas are issued annually under the worldwide limitation. [2] Within this overall limitation, no more than 20,000 visas are issued to natives of any independent country and no more than 5,000 to a dependency. In 1991 an additional 25,000 visas were issued: 15,000 visas to aliens from countries "adversely affected" by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965, and 10,000 to aliens from "underrepresented" countries (see Glossary for definition of underrepresented countries).

Visa allocation in fiscal year 1991 was determined by a system consisting of six preference categories, each with a numerical limitation (Table A). The first, fourth, and fifth preferences were based on the alien's relationship with a U.S. citizen, the second preference was reserved for a spouse or an unmarried child of a legal permanent resident, and the third and sixth preferences were based on needed job skills. Visas could also be issued to qualified applicants who did not fall under one of the six preference categories if all authorized visas had not been used by these preferences during the fiscal year. However, non-preference visas have not been available since fiscal year 1978 because demand far exceeds available numbers in most preference categories. [3]

Immigration Exempt from the Worldwide Limitation

Immigration exceeds the 1991 worldwide limit of 295,000, and for some countries is more than the per-country limit of 20,000, because certain immigrants are exempt from limitations. The major categories of immigrants exempt from the worldwide limitation are listed below.

[1] Aliens who were legalized under the provisions of IRCA are not subject to numerical limitation when they adjust to permanent resident status.

[2] In a given year the number of aliens granted permanent resident status might not match the number of visas issued because visas are valid for four months and may be used in either of two fiscal years.

[3] The 15,000 visas issued in 1991 to aliens from countries adversely affected by the Immigration Act of 1965 are considered nonpreference visas. The nonpreference admissions listed in this *Yearbook* in 1991, therefore, refer to these aliens and not persons who were admitted as the result of unused visas being available from the six preferences.

Table A
Worldwide Limited Immigrants (270,000 annually)

Preference	Provision	Percent and number of visas
First	Unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens and their children	20% or 54,000
Second	Spouses and unmarried sons and daughters of permanent resident aliens	26% or 70,200 *
Third	Members of the professions of exceptional ability and their spouses and children	10% or 27,000
Fourth	Married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens and their spouses and children	10% or 27,000 *
Fifth	Brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens (at least 21 years of age) and their spouses and children	24% or 64,800 *
Sixth	Workers in skilled or unskilled occupations in which laborers are in short supply in the United States and their spouses and children	10% or 27,000
Nonpreference	Other qualified applicants	Any numbers not used above *

* Numbers not used in higher preferences may be used in these categories.

NOTE: Immigration limitations as of fiscal year 1991.

- Immediate relatives of U.S. citizens
  - Spouses
  - Children (including orphans)
  - Parents (of U.S. citizens at least 21 years of age)
- Refugee and asylee adjustments
- Special Immigrants
  - Certain ministers of religion
  - Certain former employees of the U.S. government abroad
  - Certain persons who lost U.S. citizenship
- Amerasians born in Vietnam
- Certain parolees from the Soviet Union and Indochina
- Babies born abroad to legal permanent residents
- Aliens who applied for adjustment of status after having unlawfully resided in the United States since January 1, 1982 (IRCA legalization) and special agricultural workers. (The application period ended on November 30, 1988.)

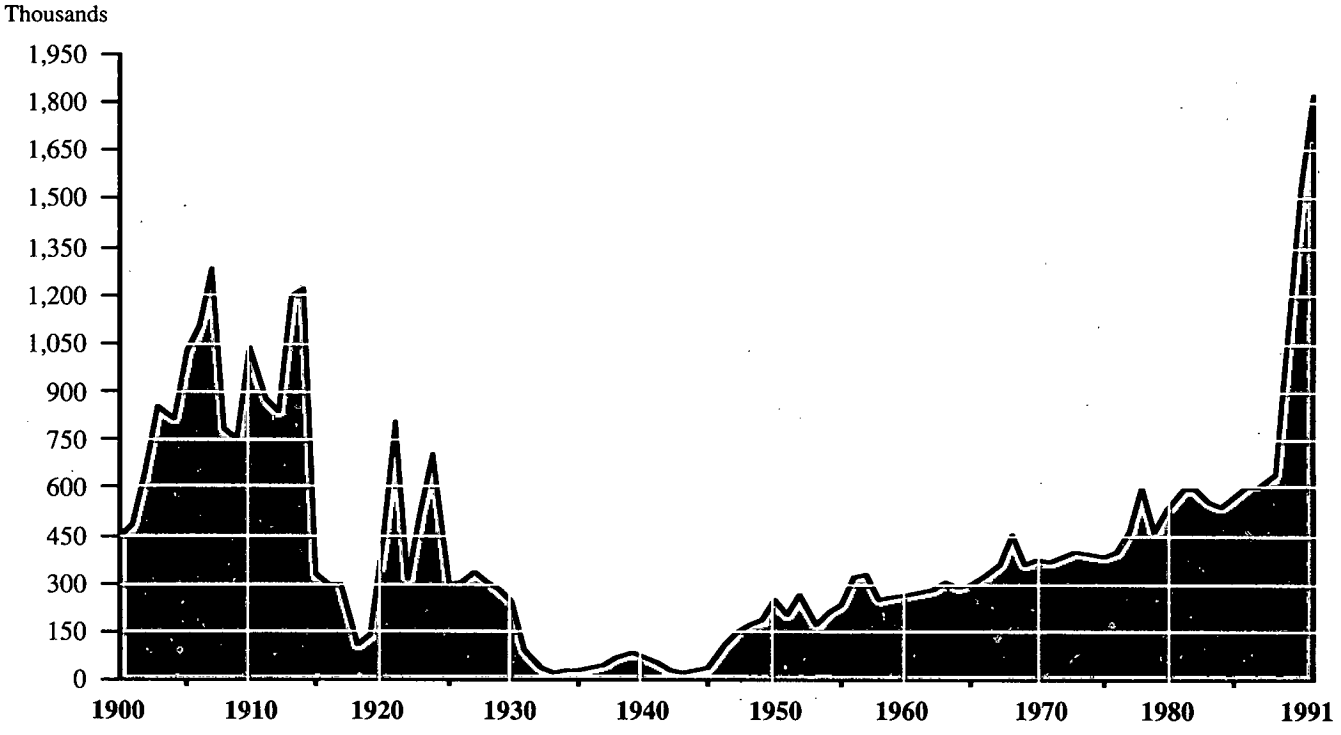
Data Overview

Total Immigration

A total of approximately 8.6 million immigrants were granted permanent residence during the past 10 years (1982-91). During the decade beginning in 1905, when immigration to the United States was at its highest level, admissions totaled 10.1 million. The differences between past and present immigration levels are more pronounced when the arrivals are expressed as rates of immigration relative to the total U.S. population. The average annual number of immigrants admitted from 1982-91 was 3.5 immigrants per thousand U.S. residents; the annual rate during 1905-14 was more than 3 times as great (11.1).

U.S. immigration reached its lowest point during the Great Depression; in some years during the 1930s more persons left the United States than entered. Immigration has generally increased since the end of World War II, and during fiscal year 1991 it reached the highest total ever recorded (Chart C). The number of persons granted permanent resident status next year is expected to be near 1 million as an additional 200,000 to 300,000 aliens are granted permanent residence under the provisions of IRCA. These immigrants are not new residents of the United States; all entered before 1987.

Chart C
Immigrants Admitted: Fiscal Years 1900-91



Source: Table 1. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

Table B
Percent of Immigrants Admitted by Region and Period: Fiscal Years 1955-91

Region	1955-91	1955-64	1965-74	1975-84	1985-89	1990	1991
All regions	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Europe	20.4	50.2	29.8	13.4	9.5	7.3	7.4
North and West	9.2	28.6	11.0	5.2	4.5	2.8	1.8
South and East	11.2	21.6	18.7	8.1	5.1	4.5	5.6
Asia	28.8	7.7	22.4	43.3	39.0	22.0	19.6
Africa	2.0	.7	1.5	2.4	2.7	2.3	2.0
Oceania	.6	.4	.7	.8	.6	.4	.3
North America	42.2	35.9	39.6	33.6	41.7	62.3	66.3
Caribbean	12.9	7.0	18.0	15.1	13.9	7.5	7.7
Central America	4.5	2.4	2.5	3.7	6.2	9.5	6.1
Other N. America	24.9	26.4	19.0	14.8	21.6	45.3	52.5
South America	5.9	5.1	6.0	6.6	6.4	5.6	4.4

Source: 1981-91, Table 3; 1955-80, previous *Yearbooks*.

Region and Country

The highest proportion of immigrant admissions in 1991 was from North America (66.3 percent), primarily due to IRCA legalization. North America accounted for 90.3 percent of the legalization immigrants compared to 27.9 percent of the non-legalization immigrants. Asia was the leading continent of origin for non-legalization immigrants with 43.5 percent of the total. This continues a trend that began with the elimination of country-specific immigration quotas by the Immigration Act of 1965. Immigration from Asia increased after the 1965 Act, while the number of immigrants entering from Europe decreased (Table B). Asia had the highest yearly immigrant total for each year during the period from 1978 to 1988. This occurred partly because Indochinese refugees who were paroled into the United States were allowed to adjust to permanent resident status beginning in 1978.

In 1991 Mexico was the leading source country with an overall total of 946,167 (Table C). Mexicans accounted for 79.5 percent of the legalization immigrants and 7.5 percent of the other immigrants admitted in 1991. The next highest countries were the Philippines (63,596), the Soviet Union (56,980), Vietnam (55,307), Haiti (47,527), and El Salvador (47,351). The leading source countries for the legalized immigrants following Mexico were Haiti (35,191), El Salvador (32,479), Guatemala (19,374), India (13,899), and Pakistan (11,846). Table D shows the changes in the levels of non-legalization immigration for the top 15 countries of birth in 1991. For the first time since 1982 Mexico was not the leading country of birth.

The largest increase occurred for those born in the Soviet Union (31,489) due to increases in refugee and parolee adjustments. The increase in Nicaraguan immigration (11,106) was primarily due to the modifications to the asylee adjustment limits. Immigration from El Salvador increased by 4,310 due to the increased use of the preference categories (3,204) and the change in asylee limits (991). Immigration from Korea decreased in all categories, with most of the decrease due to fewer admissions of brothers and sisters of U.S citizens (-4,905). Most of the decrease in immigration from Mexico was the result of declines in the registry provision (residents since 1972) (-1,789) and spouses of U.S. citizens (-1,391).

Categories of Admission

Immigration Subject to the Worldwide Limitation

The number of immigrants admitted subject to the worldwide limitation is relatively constant from year to year since the demand for visas far exceeds the annual numerical limit. [4] Spouses and unmarried sons and

[4] As of January 1990 there were 2.4 million active registrants awaiting immigrant visas at consular offices abroad. *1990 Report of the Visa Office*, U.S. Department of State, Bureau of Consular Affairs.

Table C
Immigrants Admitted from Top Fifteen Countries of Birth: Fiscal Year 1991

Country of birth	Total		Non-legalization		IRCA legalization	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All countries	1,827,167	100.0	704,005	100.0	1,123,162	100.0
1) Mexico	946,167	51.8	52,866	7.5	893,301	79.5
2) Philippines	63,596	3.5	55,376	7.9	8,220	.7
3) Soviet Union	56,980	3.1	56,839	8.1	141	Z
4) Vietnam	55,307	3.0	55,278	7.9	29	Z
5) Haiti	47,527	2.6	12,336	1.8	35,191	3.1
6) El Salvador	47,351	2.6	14,872	2.1	32,479	2.9
7) India	45,064	2.5	31,165	4.4	13,899	1.2
8) Dominican Republic	41,405	2.3	30,177	4.3	11,228	1.0
9) China, Mainland	33,025	1.8	31,699	4.5	1,326	.1
10) Korea	26,518	1.5	21,628	3.1	4,890	.4
11) Guatemala	25,527	1.4	6,153	.9	19,374	1.7
12) Jamaica	23,828	1.3	18,025	2.6	5,803	.5
13) Pakistan	20,355	1.1	8,509	1.2	11,846	1.1
14) Colombia	19,702	1.1	9,629	1.4	10,073	.9
15) Iran	19,569	1.1	18,019	2.6	1,550	.1
Other	355,246	19.4	281,434	40.0	73,812	6.6

Source: Table 7. Z Rounds to less than .05.

daughters of legal permanent residents and their families (second preference) accounted for 110,126 of the nearly 294,000 immigrants admitted in 1991 subject to the worldwide limitation (Table E). The next highest category of admission in 1991 was brothers or sisters of U.S. citizens and their families (fifth preference) with 63,462. Most of the decrease in numerically limited immigration occurred in the nonpreference category, which includes aliens from countries adversely affected by the 1965 Act. The 1990 nonpreference admissions were 20,371, including more than 5,000 persons who were issued nonpreference visas in 1989 but entered in 1990. The number of nonpreference admissions decreased to 12,268 in 1991, almost 3,000 below the visa limitation for the year.

Immigrants Exempt from the Worldwide Limitation

In fiscal year 1991, 1,533,321 aliens exempt from numerical limitation were granted immigrant status, including 1,123,162 aliens adjusting under legalization provisions of IRCA. Also included in this category are immediate relatives (spouses, minor children, and parents) of U.S. citizens, adjustments of refugees and asylees who had entered in earlier years, and others exempt from limitation, including such groups as Amerasians and children born abroad to legal permanent residents.

The Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 established two legalization provisions. The two-step legalization process applied to 1) unauthorized aliens who had resided in the United States continuously since 1982, and 2) unauthorized agricultural workers who worked on perishable crops in 1986. Approximately 1.76 million persons applied for temporary resident status under the 1982 requirement and 1.27 million persons applied as agricultural workers. The second step of legalization is permanent residence. Over 1.5 million aliens who had resided in the United States since 1982 were granted permanent residence during the 1989-91 period. Of the 966,000 Special Agricultural Workers who have been granted permanent residence, 909,000 were granted permanent residence in fiscal year 1991.

Table D
Immigrants Admitted (Non-Legalization) from Top Fifteen Countries of Birth: Fiscal Year 1991

Country of birth	1991	1990	Change	
			Number	Percent
All countries	704,005	656,111	47,894	7.3
1) Soviet Union	56,839	25,350	31,489	124.2
2) Philippines	55,376	54,907	469	.9
3) Vietnam	55,278	48,662	6,616	13.6
4) Mexico	52,866	56,549	-3,683	-6.5
5) China, Mainland	31,699	28,746	2,953	10.3
6) India	31,165	28,679	2,486	8.7
7) Dominican Republic	30,177	32,064	-1,887	-5.9
8) Korea	21,628	29,548	-7,920	-26.8
9) Jamaica	18,025	18,828	-803	-4.3
10) Iran	18,019	18,031	-12	-.1
11) Poland	16,611	13,334	3,277	24.6
12) Nicaragua	15,382	4,276	11,106	259.7
13) El Salvador	14,872	10,562	4,310	40.8
14) United Kingdom	12,807	13,730	-923	-6.7
15) Taiwan	12,548	13,839	-1,291	-9.3
Other	260,713	259,006	1,707	.7

The number of immediate relatives of U.S. citizens increased by 2.3 percent to 237,103 in 1991 (Table E). The number of immigrants admitted as spouses, by far the largest of the 3 immediate relative groups with 52.9 percent of the total, has remained stable at about 125,000 during the past 3 years (Chart D). Parents of U.S. citizens increased 5.6 percent between 1990 and 1991, from 60,189 to 63,576. For the first time in 4 years the number of immigrant orphans increased. Orphan admissions increased from 7,088 to 9,008 (27.1 percent) due to a large increase in immigration from Romania. The number of other minor children of U.S. citizens remained unchanged in 1991 with a total of 39,122 admissions.

In 1991 the leading source countries for spouses of U.S. citizens were Mexico (17,794), the Philippines (13,872), the Dominican Republic (6,169), the United Kingdom (6,035), and Canada (4,769). Parents of U.S. citizens were primarily from Asian countries (63.6 percent); the leading source countries were the Philippines (8,780), Mainland China (8,248), India (5,721), Mexico (4,570), and Vietnam (4,493). More than 50 percent of the children of U.S. citizens (other than orphans) were born in Mexico, the Philippines, or the Dominican Republic. The number of orphans admitted from Romania increased from 90 in 1990 to 2,552 in 1991. Other leading source countries in 1991 were Korea (1,817), Peru (722), Colombia (527), India (448), the Philippines (417), and Guatemala (324). The number of orphans from Korea in 1991 was 786 fewer than in 1990. The number of Korean orphans reached a high of 6,118 in 1986 and has declined every year since.

A total of 139,079 refugees and asylees adjusted to permanent resident status in 1991, an increase of 42.8 percent compared with 1990 (Table E). Refugees are eligible to become immigrants 1 year after they enter the United States; therefore, there is a lag between their arrival and adjustment to permanent residency. Most of the refugees who adjusted in 1991 entered the United States in 1989. The leading countries of birth for refugees were the Soviet Union (51,367), Vietnam (21,505), Laos (9,091), Cuba (7,699), and Iran (5,661). Asylees must wait 1 year after they gain asylee status to apply for permanent resident status, and until 1991 there was a limit of 5,000 asylee adjustments per year. The Immigration Act of 1990 increased the limit to 10,000 and exempted from limitation asylees who had applied for adjustment before June 1, 1990. As a result of these changes, the number of asylee

Table E
Immigrants Admitted by Major Category of Admission: Fiscal Year 1991

Category of admission	1991	1990	Change	
			Number	Percent
Grand total	1,827,167	1,536,483	290,684	18.9
Total, IRCA legalization	1,123,162	880,372	242,790	27.6
Resident since 1982 [1]	214,003	823,704	-609,701	-74.0
Special Agricultural Workers	909,159	56,668	852,491	1,504.4
Total, excluding IRCA legalization	704,005	656,111	47,894	7.3
Total, numerically limited	293,846	298,306	-4,460	-1.5
Relative preferences	216,088	214,550	1,538	.7
First	15,385	15,861	-476	-3.0
Second	110,126	107,686	2,440	2.3
Fourth	27,115	26,751	364	1.4
Fifth	63,462	64,252	-790	-1.2
Occupational preferences	54,949	53,729	1,220	2.3
Third	27,748	26,546	1,202	4.5
Sixth	27,201	27,183	18	.1
Nonpreference	12,268	20,371	-8,103	-39.8
Underrepresented countries	9,802	8,790	1,012	11.5
Other	739	866	-127	-14.7
Exempt from worldwide limitation [2]	410,159	357,805	52,354	14.6
Immediate relatives of U.S. citizens	237,103	231,680	5,423	2.3
Spouses	125,397	125,426	-29	Z
Children	48,130	46,065	2,065	4.5
Orphans	9,008	7,088	1,920	27.1
Other children	39,122	38,977	145	.4
Parents	63,576	60,189	3,387	5.6
Special immigrants	4,576	4,463	113	2.5
Refugees and asylees	139,079	97,364	41,715	42.8
Refugee adjustments	116,415	92,427	23,988	26.0
Asylee adjustments	22,664	4,937	17,727	359.1
Resident since 1972	2,282	4,633	-2,351	-50.7
Amerasians	16,010	13,059	2,951	22.6
Parolees (Soviet Union & Indochina)	4,998	X	4,998	X
Former H-1 nurses	3,069	2,954	115	3.9
Other	3,042	3,652	-610	-16.7

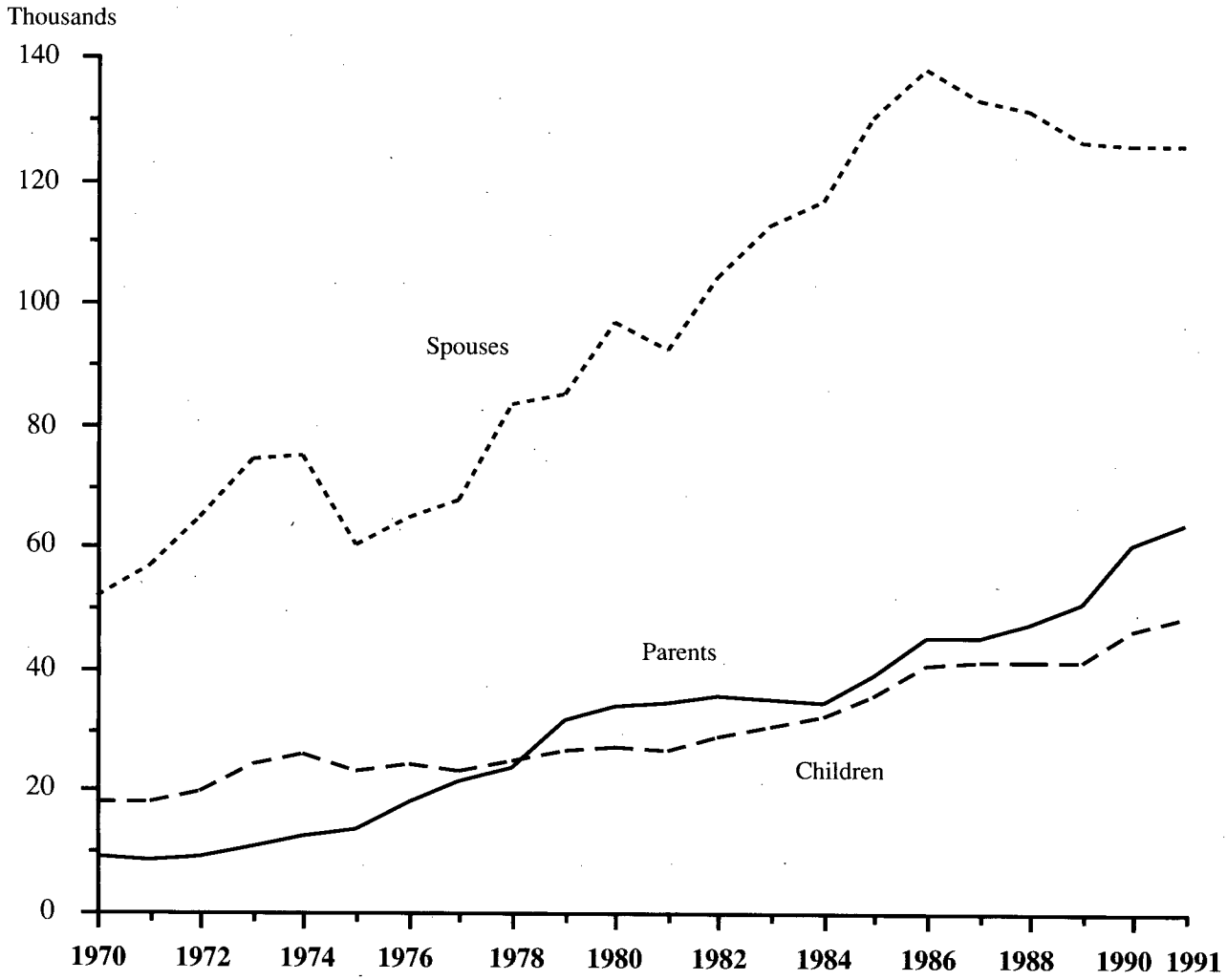
Source: Table 4. X Not applicable. Z Rounds to less than .05. [1] Aliens adjusting under section 245A of IRCA. [2] Excludes IRCA legalization, which is exempt from limitations.

adjustments increased from 4,937 in 1990 to 22,664 in 1991. The leading countries of birth for asylees in 1991 were Nicaragua (10,837), Iran (2,854), Poland (1,399), El Salvador (1,221), and Ethiopia (1,203). The median length of residence in the country before adjustment was 4 years. With the increase in the asylee limit, backlogs as well as the lag between time of approval and adjustment to permanent residence should decrease.

The number of Amerasian children born in Vietnam and accompanying relatives increased from 13,059 in 1990 to 16,010 in 1991. Only 4,937 of the Amerasian admissions in 1991 were of principal children—the rest were family members and guardians.

Certain persons from the republics of the former Soviet Union, Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam were allowed to

Chart D
Immigrants Admitted as Immediate Relatives of U.S. Citizens: Fiscal Years 1970-91



Source: Table 4.

adjust to permanent resident status beginning in 1991. To qualify, the aliens admitted from these countries (4,998 in 1991) must have been denied refugee status abroad and have been paroled into the United States between August 15, 1988 and September 30, 1990.

A total of 6,023 former H-1 nurses and their families were allowed to adjust to legal permanent resident status during fiscal years 1990-91. The number of immigrants admitted under this provision increased slightly to 3,069 in 1991 compared to 2,954 in 1990—the first year nurses were eligible to adjust status under the provision. Most of the nurses and their families admitted during the two years were born in the Philippines (94.6 percent) and reside in New York (48.1 percent) or New Jersey (17.8 percent).

Geographic Distribution

The top 6 states of intended residence for immigrants in 1991 were California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, and New Jersey. These states accounted for 77 percent of immigrants admitted in 1991; they have been the leading states of intended residence for new immigrants each year since 1971. California has been the leading state of residence every year since 1976, and in 1991 had the largest numbers of both legalization immigrants (47.9 percent) and other immigrants (27.6 percent). The leading metropolitan area of intended residence was Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA with 257,160 immigrants. New York, NY (163,006), Chicago, IL (60,590), Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA (59,015), Miami-Hialeah, FL (58,918), and San Diego, CA (59,329) followed as the

next most frequent destinations. Approximately 16.1 percent of the legalization immigrants reside in Los Angeles. New York remains the leading destination of non-legalization immigrants with 116,400, or 16.5 percent of the total.

Sex and Age

The sex ratio of the immigrants admitted in 1991 was 198 males for every 100 females (1,213,767 males and 613,166 females)—the highest ratio since 1913. The reason for the high sex ratio in 1991 is the addition of over 1 million legalized aliens, especially agricultural workers, who are more likely to be male and to be older than other immigrants. The sex ratio for legalization immigrants in 1991 was 361, while it was 91 for other immigrants. A comparison of age distributions shows that immigrants are relatively more concentrated in the age groups from 20 to 34 years than the total U.S. population (Chart E). In 1991 the median ages for the total U.S. population were 31.6 years for males and 34.0 years for females. Immigrants in 1991 were younger, with median ages of 28.6 years and 29.3 years, respectively. Legalization immigrants in 1991 are 1 year older than other immigrants, with a median age of 29.0 years compared to 28.1 years for all other immigrants. The legalization immigrants first entered the United States in 1986 or earlier; therefore, their age at entry was at least 5 years younger than in 1991.

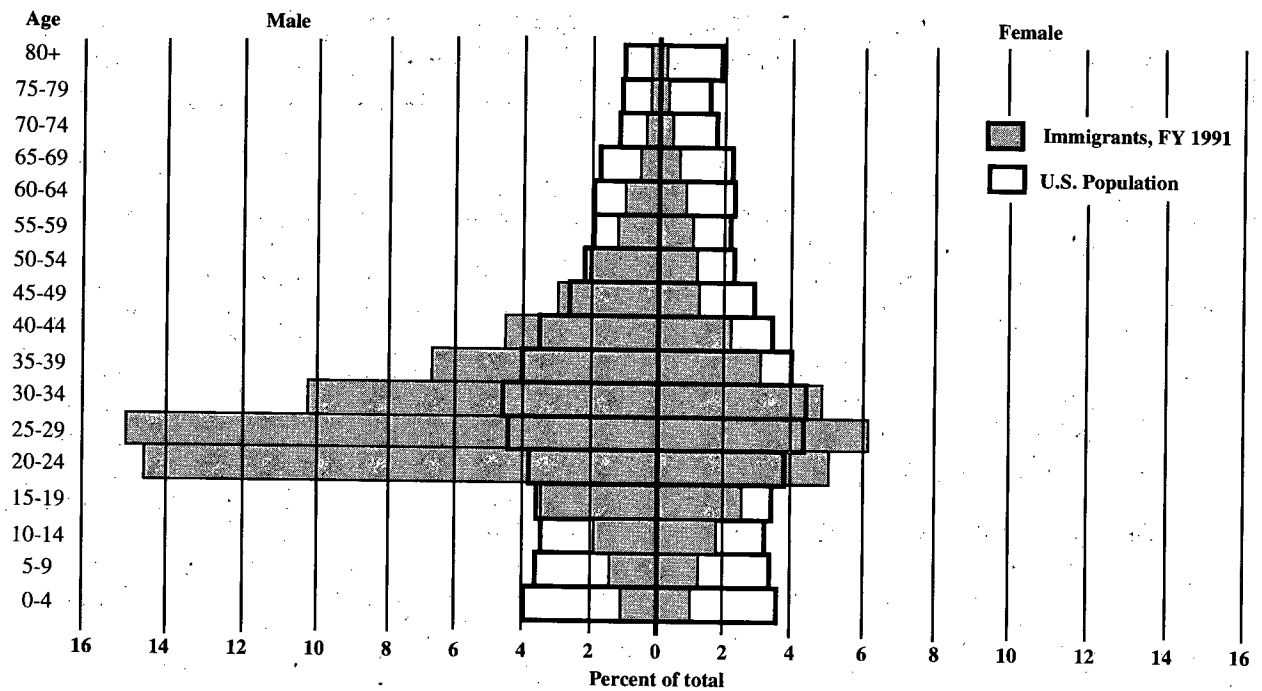
Occupation

Approximately 72 percent of all immigrants admitted in 1991 reported having an occupation at the time of entry. Immigrants qualifying for immigrant status based on their job skills under the occupational preferences (which totaled 23,591 admissions in 1991) enter the U.S. workforce in their reported occupations, as shown in Table 19. These immigrants are composed of two groups: 1) members of the professions of exceptional ability (third preference), and 2) workers in skilled or unskilled occupations in which laborers are in short supply in the United States (sixth preference). The remaining immigrants have reported either the occupation in their last job before immigration or the occupation in which they have been trained or are qualified to perform. All Special Agricultural Workers admitted under the legalization program are reported as having a farming, forestry, or fishing occupation.

The leading occupational groups for third preference immigrants are engineers, surveyors, and mapping scientists (3,132); executive, administrative, and managerial occupations (2,356); nurses (1,022); and postsecondary school teachers (912). The leading groups for sixth preference immigrants are service occupations (5,509); operators, fabricators, or laborers (1,525); precision production, craft, and repair occupations (1,210);

Chart E

Percent Age and Sex Distribution of U.S. Population and Immigrants Admitted in Fiscal Year 1991



Source: U.S. population data are from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census; immigrants, Table 11.

and, executive, administrative, and managerial occupations (766). For immigrants in both the third and sixth preferences, labor certifications from the Department of Labor are generally required so that the entry of such persons will not adversely affect U.S. workers' wages or working conditions.

Data Collection

Aliens arriving from outside the United States (new arrivals) generally must have a valid immigrant visa issued by the U.S. Department of State to be admitted for legal permanent residence. Aliens already in the United States in a temporary status who are eligible to become legal permanent residents (adjustments) are granted immigrant status by the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service. The source of information on new arrivals is the immigrant visa (OF-155, Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration, U.S. Department of State) and the source of information on adjustments is the form granting legal permanent residence (I-181, Memorandum of Creation of Record of Lawful Permanent Residence, U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service). After the immigrant is admitted, the immigrant visa and adjustment forms are forwarded to INS' Immigrant Data Capture (IMDAC) facility for processing. The IMDAC facility generates records that are the source of the statistics on immigrants presented in this report. Variables collected include: port of admission; type (or class) of admission; countries of birth, last residence, and nationality; age, sex, and marital status; occupation; original year of entry and class of entry for those adjusting from temporary to permanent residence; and the state and zip code of the immigrant's intended residence.

Limitations of Data

The number of immigrants admitted for legal permanent residence in a year is not the same as the number of net migrants who entered the United States in the year. The reasons for the difference in counts are:

1) Immigrant adjustments are reported in the year the aliens adjust their status to legal permanent residence and not in the year they migrate to the United States.
2) Some migrants (such as parolees, refugees, and asylees) may never be counted as legal permanent residents even though they are permanently residing in the United States (i.e., they are not required to adjust to permanent resident status).
3) Information on emigration (aliens permanently departing the United States) and information on net illegal immigration is not available (see Data Gaps section).

Most immigrants adjusting to legal permanent residence entered the United States on a permanent basis prior to their year of adjustment. All of the 1,123,162 immigrants who adjusted under the legalization provision of IRCA must have been residents of the United States since 1987. Some of the others adjusting are refugees who legally must wait 1 year before applying for permanent residence status, and, therefore, do not appear as immigrants until they adjust their status. Some refugees may never appear as immigrants because they do not apply for permanent residence, although most do adjust soon after their arrival.

The number of emigrants and net illegal migrants is unknown; however, the U.S. Bureau of the Census has estimated these components for use in developing national population totals. The Census Bureau estimates that total emigration (native and foreign-born) since 1980 has been 160,000 per year. The available research indicates that the net increase in the illegal population was in the 100,000 to 300,000 range annually during the mid-1980s. The Census Bureau uses an estimate of 200,000 net growth due to illegal immigration in its annual population estimates.

Conditional Entrants

The Immigration Marriage Fraud Amendments of 1986 (Public Law 99-639), enacted on November 10, 1986, were designed to deter immigration-related marriage fraud. The act stipulates that aliens deriving their immigrant status based on a marriage of less than two years are conditional immigrants. To remove their conditional status, the immigrants must apply to the INS during the 90 day period before their second-year anniversary of receiving that status. If the aliens cannot prove that their marriage was and is a valid one, their conditional status is revoked and they become deportable. The immigrant classes of admission subject to this law are the second (spouses and unmarried sons and daughters of permanent residents) and fourth (married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens) preferences; and fiance(e)s, spouses, and children of U.S. citizens.

During fiscal year 1991, the INS reviewed and made a decision on 112,103 conditional immigrant cases, granting 88 percent. Granting a case refers to the removal of the conditions on the alien's conditional immigrant status. Of the 13,826 cases which were not granted, 10,748 were terminated and the remaining 3,078 were administratively closed. Administratively closed cases include conditional immigrants who naturalized, died, withdrew their applications, or aliens who were erroneously classified as conditional immigrants. An alien's conditional entrant status can be terminated for cause, but most are terminated because the alien fails to apply for removal, or fails to show up for an interview. Of the 10,748 cases which were terminated in 1991, only 868 were for cause, 9,181 were

due to aliens' failure to file, and 699 were for failure to show for a scheduled interview. An alien whose conditional status is terminated for any reason is subject to deportation.

The countries with the most terminations in fiscal year 1991 were Mexico (1,435), Germany (797), the Philippines (666), Korea (572), and the United Kingdom (570). Of the countries with at least 150 terminations in 1991, the countries with the highest percentage of terminations were Germany (21.3 percent), France (13.6), Jamaica (13.0), Canada (12.5), and the United Kingdom (11.2). About 97 percent of the cases of conditional immigrants from Germany were terminated because of failure to file or appear at an interview—and only 3 percent for cause. By comparison, the percentage of cases terminated for cause was 34 percent for Nigerians, 15 percent for Jamaicans, and 13 percent for Dominicans.

Aliens were first admitted as conditional immigrants in fiscal year 1987 and, therefore, were eligible for review of their status in 1989. The total number of conditional immigrants admitted through fiscal year 1991 was 535,477. As of October 1991, 314,272 cases have been reviewed, with 280,745 cases granted, and 33,527 cases terminated or administratively closed.

Data on conditional immigrant cases processed by the INS are derived from the Marriage Fraud Amendments System. The cases processed were matched against immigrant admission data to provide complete data on individuals processed under the Marriage Fraud Amendments.

TABLE 1. IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES: FISCAL YEARS 1820 - 1991

Year	Number
1820 - 1991	**58,821,181**
1820	8,385
1821 - 30	**143,439**
1821	9,127
1822	6,911
1823	6,354
1824	7,912
1825	10,199
1826	10,837
1827	18,875
1828	27,382
1829	22,520
1830	23,322
1831 - 40	**599,125**
1831	22,633
1832	60,482
1833	58,640
1834	65,365
1835	45,374
1836	76,242
1837	79,340
1838	38,914
1839	68,069
1840	84,066
1841 - 50	**1,713,251**
1841	80,289
1842	104,565
1843	52,496
1844	78,615
1845	114,371
1846	154,416
1847	234,968
1848	226,527
1849	297,024
1850	369,980
1851 - 60	**2,598,214**
1851	379,466
1852	371,603
1853	368,645
1854	427,833
1855	200,877
1856	200,436
1857	251,306
1858	123,126
1859	121,282
1860	153,640
1861 - 70	**2,314,824**
1861	91,918
1862	91,985
1863	176,282
1864	193,418
1865	248,120
1866	318,568
1867	315,722
1868	138,840
1869	352,768
1870	387,203
1871 - 80	**2,812,191**
1871	321,350
1872	404,806
1873	459,803
1874	313,339
1875	227,498
1876	169,986
1877	141,857
1878	138,469
1879	177,826
1880	457,257
1881 - 90	**5,246,613**
1881	669,431
1882	788,992
1883	603,322
1884	518,592
1885	395,346
1886	334,203
1887	490,109
1888	546,889
1889	444,427
1890	455,302
1891 - 1900	**3,687,564**
1891	560,319
1892	579,663
1893	439,730
1894	285,631
1895	258,536
1896	343,267
1897	230,832
1898	229,299
1899	311,715
1900	448,572
1901 - 10	**8,795,386**
1901	487,918
1902	648,743
1903	857,046
1904	812,870
1905	1,026,499
1906	1,100,735
1907	1,285,349
1908	782,870
1909	751,786
1910	1,041,570
1911 - 20	**5,735,811**
1911	878,587
1912	838,172
1913	1,197,892
1914	1,218,480
1915	326,700
1916	298,826
1917	295,403
1918	110,618
1919	141,132
1920	430,001
1921 - 30	**4,107,209**
1921	805,228
1922	309,556
1923	522,919
1924	706,896
1925	294,314
1926	304,488
1927	335,175
1928	307,255
1929	279,678
1930	241,700
1931 - 40	**528,431**
1931	97,139
1932	35,576
1933	23,068
1934	29,470
1935	34,956
1936	36,329
1937	50,244
1938	67,895
1939	82,998
1940	70,756
1941 - 50	**1,035,039**
1941	51,776
1942	28,781
1943	23,725
1944	28,551
1945	38,119
1946	108,721
1947	147,292
1948	170,570
1949	188,317
1950	249,187
1951 - 60	**2,515,479**
1951	205,717
1952	265,520
1953	170,434
1954	208,177
1955	237,790
1956	321,625
1957	326,867
1958	253,265
1959	260,686
1960	265,398
1961 - 70	**3,321,677**
1961	271,344
1962	283,763
1963	306,260
1964	292,248
1965	296,697
1966	323,040
1967	361,972
1968	454,448
1969	358,579
1970	373,326
1971 - 80	**4,493,314**
1971	370,478
1972	384,685
1973	400,063
1974	394,861
1975	386,194
1976	398,613
1976, TQ	103,676
1977	462,315
1978	601,442
1979	460,348
1980	530,639
1981 - 90	**7,338,062**
1981	596,600
1982	594,131
1983	559,763
1984	543,903
1985	570,009
1986	601,708
1987	601,516
1988	643,025
1989	1,090,924
1990	1,536,483
1991	**1,827,167**

NOTE: The numbers shown are as follows: from 1820-67, figures represent alien passengers arrived at seaports; from 1868-91 and 1895-97, immigrant aliens arrived; from 1892-94 and 1898-1991, immigrant aliens admitted for permanent residence. From 1892-1903, aliens entering by cabin class were not counted as immigrants. Land arrivals were not completely enumerated until 1908. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

TABLE 2. IMMIGRATION BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEARS 1820 - 1991

Region and country of last residence[1]	1820	1821 - 30	1831 - 40	1841 - 50	1851 - 60	1861 - 70	1871 - 80	1881 - 90
All countries	**8,385**	**143,439**	**599,125**	**1,713,251**	**2,598,214**	**2,314,824**	**2,812,191**	**5,246,613**
Europe	**7,690**	**98,797**	**495,681**	**1,597,442**	**2,452,577**	**2,065,141**	**2,271,925**	**4,735,484**
Austria-Hungary	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	7,800	72,969	353,719
Austria	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	[3] 7,124	63,009	226,038
Hungary	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	[3] 484	9,960	127,681
Belgium	1	27	22	5,074	4,738	6,734	7,221	20,177
Czechoslovakia	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Denmark	20	169	1,063	539	3,749	17,094	31,771	88,132
France	371	8,497	45,575	77,262	76,358	35,986	72,206	50,464
Germany	968	6,761	152,454	434,626	951,667	787,468	718,182	1,452,970
Greece	–	20	49	16	31	72	210	2,308
Ireland[5]	3,614	50,724	207,381	780,719	914,119	435,778	436,871	655,482
Italy	30	409	2,253	1,870	9,231	11,725	55,759	307,309
Netherlands	49	1,078	1,412	8,251	10,789	9,102	16,541	53,701
Norway-Sweden	3	91	1,201	13,903	20,931	109,298	211,245	568,362
Norway	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	95,323	176,586
Sweden	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	115,922	391,776
Poland	5	16	369	105	1,164	2,027	12,970	51,806
Portugal	35	145	829	550	1,055	2,658	14,082	16,978
Romania	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	[7] 11	6,348
Soviet Union	14	75	277	551	457	2,512	39,284	213,282
Spain	139	2,477	2,125	2,209	9,298	6,697	5,266	4,419
Switzerland	31	3,226	4,821	4,644	25,011	23,286	28,293	81,988
United Kingdom[5 8]	2,410	25,079	75,810	267,044	423,974	606,896	548,043	807,357
Yugoslavia	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)
Other Europe	–	3	40	79	5	8	1,001	682
Asia	**6**	**30**	**55**	**141**	**41,538**	**64,759**	**124,160**	**69,942**
China[10]	1	2	8	35	41,397	64,301	123,201	61,711
Hong Kong	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
India	1	8	39	36	43	69	163	269
Iran	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)
Israel	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)
Japan	(14)	(14)	(14)	(14)	(14)	186	149	2,270
Korea	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)
Philippines	(16)	(16)	(16)	(16)	(16)	(16)	(16)	(16)
Turkey	1	20	7	59	83	131	404	3,782
Vietnam	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Other Asia	3	–	1	11	15	72	243	1,910
America	**387**	**11,564**	**33,424**	**62,469**	**74,720**	**166,607**	**404,044**	**426,967**
Canada & Newfoundland[17 18]	209	2,277	13,624	41,723	59,309	153,878	383,640	393,304
Mexico[18]	1	4,817	6,599	3,271	3,078	2,191	5,162	[19] 1,913
Caribbean	**164**	**3,834**	**12,301**	**13,528**	**10,660**	**9,046**	**13,957**	**29,042**
Cuba	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)
Dominican Republic	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)
Haiti	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)
Jamaica	(21)	(21)	(21)	(21)	(21)	(21)	(21)	(21)
Other Caribbean	164	3,834	12,301	13,528	10,660	9,046	13,957	29,042
Central America	**2**	**105**	**44**	**368**	**449**	**95**	**157**	**404**
El Salvador	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)
Other Central America	2	105	44	368	449	95	157	404
South America	**11**	**531**	**856**	**3,579**	**1,224**	**1,397**	**1,128**	**2,304**
Argentina	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)
Colombia	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)
Ecuador	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)
Other South America	11	531	856	3,579	1,224	1,397	1,128	2,304
Other America	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)
Africa	1	16	54	55	210	312	358	857
Oceania	1	2	9	29	158	214	10,914	12,574
Not specified[22]	300	33,030	69,902	53,115	29,011	17,791	790	789

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 2. IMMIGRATION BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEARS 1820 - 1991—Continued

Region and country of last residence[1]	1891 - 1900	1901 - 10	1911 - 20	1921 - 30	1931 - 40	1941 - 50	1951 - 60	1961 - 70
All countries	**3,687,564**	**8,795,386**	**5,735,811**	**4,107,209**	**528,431**	**1,035,039**	**2,515,479**	**3,321,677**
Europe	**3,555,352**	**8,056,040**	**4,321,887**	**2,463,194**	**347,566**	**621,147**	**1,325,727**	**1,123,492**
Austria-Hungary	[23] 592,707	[23] 2,145,266	[23] 896,342	63,548	11,424	28,329	103,743	26,022
Austria	[3] 234,081	[3] 668,209	453,649	32,868	[24] 3,563	[24] 24,860	67,106	20,621
Hungary	[3] 181,288	[3] 808,511	442,693	30,680	7,861	3,469	36,637	5,401
Belgium	18,167	41,635	33,746	15,846	4,817	12,189	18,575	9,192
Czechoslovakia	([4])	([4])	[4] 3,426	102,194	14,393	8,347	918	3,273
Denmark	50,231	65,285	41,983	32,430	2,559	5,393	10,984	9,201
France	30,770	73,379	61,897	49,610	12,623	38,809	51,121	45,237
Germany	[23] 505,152	[23] 341,498	[23] 143,945	412,202	[24] 114,058	[24] 226,578	477,765	190,796
Greece	15,979	167,519	184,201	51,084	9,119	8,973	47,608	85,969
Ireland[5]	388,416	339,065	146,181	211,234	10,973	19,789	48,362	32,966
Italy	651,893	2,045,877	1,109,524	455,315	68,028	57,661	185,491	214,111
Netherlands	26,758	48,262	43,718	26,948	7,150	14,860	52,277	30,606
Norway-Sweden	321,281	440,039	161,469	165,780	8,700	20,765	44,632	32,600
Norway	95,015	190,505	66,395	68,531	4,740	10,100	22,935	15,484
Sweden	226,266	249,534	95,074	97,249	3,960	10,665	21,697	17,116
Poland	[23] 96,720	([23])	[23] 4,813	227,734	17,026	7,571	9,985	53,539
Portugal	27,508	69,149	89,732	29,994	3,329	7,423	19,588	76,065
Romania	12,750	53,008	13,311	67,646	3,871	1,076	1,039	2,531
Soviet Union	[23] 505,290	[23] 1,597,306	[23] 921,201	61,742	1,370	571	671	2,465
Spain	8,731	27,935	68,611	28,958	3,258	2,898	7,894	44,659
Switzerland	31,179	34,922	23,091	29,676	5,512	10,547	17,675	18,453
United Kingdom[5] [8]	271,538	525,950	341,408	339,570	31,572	139,306	202,824	213,822
Yugoslavia	([9])	([9])	[9] 1,888	49,064	5,835	1,576	8,225	20,381
Other Europe	282	39,945	31,400	42,619	11,949	8,486	16,350	11,604
Asia	**74,862**	**323,543**	**247,236**	**112,059**	**16,595**	**37,028**	**153,249**	**427,642**
China[10]	14,799	20,605	21,278	29,907	4,928	16,709	9,657	34,764
Hong Kong	([11])	([11])	([11])	([11])	([11])	([11])	[11] 15,541	75,007
India	68	4,713	2,082	1,886	496	1,761	1,973	27,189
Iran	([12])	([12])	([12])	[12] 241	195	1,380	3,388	10,339
Israel	([13])	([13])	([13])	([13])	([13])	[13] 476	25,476	29,602
Japan	25,942	129,797	83,837	33,462	1,948	1,555	46,250	39,988
Korea	([15])	([15])	([15])	([15])	([15])	[15] 107	6,231	34,526
Philippines	([16])	([16])	([16])	([16])	[16] 528	4,691	19,307	98,376
Turkey	30,425	157,369	134,066	33,824	1,065	798	3,519	10,142
Vietnam	([11])	([11])	([11])	([11])	([11])	([11])	[11] 335	4,340
Other Asia	3,628	11,059	5,973	12,739	7,435	9,551	21,572	63,369
America	**38,972**	**361,888**	**1,143,671**	**1,516,716**	**160,037**	**354,804**	**996,944**	**1,716,374**
Canada & Newfoundland[17] [18]	3,311	179,226	742,185	924,515	108,527	171,718	377,952	413,310
Mexico[18]	[19] 971	49,642	219,004	459,287	22,319	60,589	299,811	453,937
Caribbean	**33,066**	**107,548**	**123,424**	**74,899**	**15,502**	**49,725**	**123,091**	**470,213**
Cuba	([12])	([12])	([12])	[12] 15,901	9,571	26,313	78,948	208,536
Dominican Republic	([20])	([20])	([20])	([20])	[20] 1,150	5,627	9,897	93,292
Haiti	([20])	([20])	([20])	([20])	[20] 191	911	4,442	34,499
Jamaica	([21])	([21])	([21])	([21])	([21])	([21])	[21] 8,869	74,906
Other Caribbean	33,066	107,548	123,424	58,998	4,590	16,874	[21] 20,935	58,980
Central America	**549**	**8,192**	**17,159**	**15,769**	**5,861**	**21,665**	**44,751**	**101,330**
El Salvador	([20])	([20])	([20])	([20])	[20] 673	5,132	5,895	14,992
Other Central America	549	8,192	17,159	15,769	5,188	16,533	38,856	86,338
South America	**1,075**	**17,280**	**41,899**	**42,215**	**7,803**	**21,831**	**91,628**	**257,954**
Argentina	([20])	([20])	([20])	([20])	[20] 1,349	3,338	19,486	49,721
Colombia	([20])	([20])	([20])	([20])	[20] 1,223	3,858	18,048	72,028
Ecuador	([20])	([20])	([20])	([20])	[20] 337	2,417	9,841	36,780
Other South America	1,075	17,280	41,899	42,215	4,894	12,218	44,253	99,425
Other America	([22])	([22])	([22])	[22] 31	25	29,276	59,711	19,630
Africa	350	7,368	8,443	6,286	1,750	7,367	14,092	28,954
Oceania	3,965	13,024	13,427	8,726	2,483	14,551	12,976	25,122
Not specified[22]	14,063	[25] 33,523	1,147	228	–	142	12,491	93

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 2. IMMIGRATION BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE FISCAL YEARS 1820 - 1991—Continued

Region and country of last residence[1]	1971 - 80	1981 - 90	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	Total 171 years 1820 - 1991
All countries	**4,493,314**	**7,338,062**	**601,708**	**601,516**	**643,025**	**1,090,924**	**1,536,483**	**1,827,167**	**58,821,181**
Europe	**800,368**	**761,550**	**69,224**	**67,967**	**71,854**	**94,338**	**124,026**	**146,671**	**37,247,731**
Austria-Hungary	16,028	24,885	2,604	2,401	3,200	3,586	4,733	4,455	4,347,237
Austria	9,478	18,340	2,039	1,769	2,493	2,845	3,774	3,511	[3] 1,832,457
Hungary	6,550	6,545	565	632	707	741	959	944	[3] 1,668,704
Belgium	5,329	7,066	843	859	706	705	827	701	211,257
Czechoslovakia	6,023	7,227	588	715	744	526	578	625	146,426
Denmark	4,439	5,370	544	515	561	617	674	629	371,041
France	25,069	32,353	3,876	3,809	3,637	4,101	4,265	3,978	791,565
Germany	74,414	91,961	9,853	9,923	9,748	10,419	12,152	10,887	7,094,352
Greece	92,369	38,377	3,497	4,087	4,690	4,588	3,887	2,929	706,833
Ireland[5]	11,490	31,969	1,757	3,032	5,121	6,983	9,740	4,608	4,729,741
Italy	129,368	67,254	5,711	4,666	5,332	11,089	16,246	30,316	5,403,424
Netherlands	10,492	12,238	1,263	1,303	1,152	1,253	1,515	1,303	375,535
Norway-Sweden	10,472	15,182	1,564	1,540	1,669	1,809	1,930	1,796	2,147,750
Norway	3,941	4,164	367	372	446	556	552	554	[6] 801,778
Sweden	6,531	11,018	1,197	1,168	1,223	1,253	1,378	1,242	[6] 1,285,717
Poland	37,234	83,252	6,540	5,818	7,298	13,279	18,364	17,106	623,442
Portugal	101,710	40,431	3,804	4,009	3,290	3,861	4,066	4,576	505,837
Romania	12,393	30,857	3,809	2,741	2,915	3,535	3,496	6,786	211,627
Soviet Union	38,961	57,677	1,001	1,139	1,408	4,570	14,779	31,557	3,475,263
Spain	39,141	20,433	2,232	2,056	1,972	2,179	2,744	2,663	287,811
Switzerland	8,235	8,849	923	964	920	1,072	1,288	1,003	360,442
United Kingdom[5 8]	137,374	159,173	16,129	15,889	14,667	16,961	19,054	16,768	5,135,918
Yugoslavia	30,540	18,762	1,915	1,793	2,039	2,464	2,778	2,802	139,073
Other Europe	9,287	8,234	771	708	785	741	910	1,183	183,157
Asia	**1,588,178**	**2,738,157**	**258,546**	**248,293**	**254,745**	**296,420**	**321,879**	**342,157**	**6,361,337**
China[10]	124,326	346,747	32,389	32,669	34,300	39,284	40,639	23,995	938,371
Hong Kong	113,467	98,215	9,930	8,785	11,817	15,257	14,367	15,895	[11] 318,125
India	164,134	250,786	24,808	26,394	25,312	28,599	28,809	42,707	498,423
Iran	45,136	116,172	12,031	10,323	9,846	13,027	14,905	9,927	[12] 186,778
Israel	37,713	44,273	5,124	4,753	4,444	5,494	5,906	5,116	[13] 142,656
Japan	49,775	47,085	4,444	4,711	5,085	5,454	6,431	5,600	[14] 467,844
Korea	267,638	333,746	35,164	35,397	34,151	33,016	30,964	25,430	[15] 667,678
Philippines	354,987	548,764	61,492	58,315	61,017	66,119	71,279	68,750	[16] 1,095,403
Turkey	13,399	23,233	1,975	2,080	2,200	2,538	3,205	3,466	415,793
Vietnam	172,820	280,782	15,010	13,073	12,856	13,174	14,755	14,847	[11] 473,124
Other Asia	244,783	648,354	56,179	51,793	53,717	74,458	90,619	126,424	1,157,142
America	**1,982,735**	**3,615,225**	**254,078**	**265,026**	**294,906**	**672,639**	**1,050,527**	**1,297,580**	**14,365,128**
Canada & Newfoundland[17 18]	169,939	156,938	16,060	16,741	15,821	18,294	24,642	19,931	4,315,516
Mexico[18]	640,294	1,655,843	66,753	72,511	95,170	405,660	680,186	947,923	4,836,652
Caribbean	**741,126**	**872,051**	**98,527**	**100,615**	**110,949**	**87,597**	**112,635**	**138,591**	**2,841,768**
Cuba	264,863	144,578	30,787	27,363	16,610	9,523	9,436	9,474	[12] 758,184
Dominican Republic	148,135	252,035	26,216	24,947	27,195	26,744	42,136	41,422	[20] 551,558
Haiti	56,335	138,379	12,356	14,643	34,858	13,341	19,869	47,046	[20] 281,803
Jamaica	137,577	208,148	18,916	22,430	20,474	23,572	23,667	22,977	[21] 452,477
Other Caribbean	134,216	128,911	10,252	11,232	11,812	14,417	17,527	17,672	797,746
Central America	**134,640**	**468,088**	**30,086**	**30,366**	**31,311**	**101,273**	**146,243**	**110,820**	**930,448**
El Salvador	34,436	213,539	10,881	10,627	12,043	57,628	79,601	46,923	[20] 321,590
Other Central America	100,204	254,549	19,205	19,739	19,268	43,645	66,642	63,897	608,858
South America	**295,741**	**461,847**	**42,650**	**44,782**	**41,646**	**59,812**	**86,821**	**80,308**	**1,330,611**
Argentina	29,897	27,327	2,318	2,192	2,556	3,766	5,953	4,231	[20] 135,349
Colombia	77,347	122,849	11,213	11,482	10,153	14,918	23,783	19,272	[20] 314,625
Ecuador	50,077	56,315	4,518	4,656	4,736	7,587	12,474	9,962	[20] 165,729
Other South America	138,420	255,356	24,601	26,452	24,201	33,541	44,611	46,843	714,908
Other America	995	458	2	11	9	3	-	7	110,133
Africa	80,779	176,893	15,500	15,730	17,124	22,485	32,797	33,542	367,687
Oceania	41,242	45,205	4,352	4,437	4,324	4,956	6,804	7,061	211,683
Not specified[22]	12	1,032	8	63	72	86	450	156	267,615

[1] Data for years prior to 1906 relate to country whence alien came; data from 1906-79 and 1984-91 are for country of last permanent residence; and data for 1980-83 refer to country of birth. Because of changes in boundaries, changes in lists of countries, and lack of data for specified countries for various periods, data for certain countries, especially for the total period 1820-1991, are not comparable throughout. Data for specified countries are included with countries to which they belonged prior to World War I.

[2] Data for Austria and Hungary not reported until 1861.

[3] Data for Austria and Hungary not reported separately for all years during the period.

[4] No data available for Czechoslovakia until 1920.

TABLE 2. IMMIGRATION BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE FISCAL YEARS 1820 - 1991—Continued

[5] Prior to 1926, data for Northern Ireland included in Ireland.
[6] Data for Norway and Sweden not reported separately until 1871.
[7] No data available for Romania until 1880.
[8] Since 1925, data for United Kingdom refer to England, Scotland, Wales, and Northern Ireland.
[9] In 1920, a separate enumeration was made for the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes. Since 1922, the Serb, Croat, and Slovene Kingdom recorded as Yugoslavia.
[10] Beginning in 1957, China includes Taiwan.
[11] Data not reported separately until 1952.
[12] Data not reported separately until 1925.
[13] Data not reported separately until 1949.
[14] No data available for Japan until 1861.
[15] Data not reported separately until 1948.
[16] Prior to 1934, Philippines recorded as insular travel.
[17] Prior to 1920, Canada and Newfoundland recorded as British North America. From 1820-98, figures include all British North America possessions.
[18] Land arrivals not completely enumerated until 1908.
[19] No data available for Mexico from 1886-93.
[20] Data not reported separately until 1932.
[21] Data for Jamaica not collected until 1953. In prior years, consolidated under British West Indies, which is included in "Other Caribbean."
[22] Included in countries "Not specified" until 1925.
[23] From 1899-1919, data for Poland included in Austria-Hungary, Germany, and the Soviet Union.
[24] From 1938-45, data for Austria included in Germany.
[25] Includes 32,897 persons returning in 1906 to their homes in the United States.
- Represents zero.

NOTE: From 1820-67, figures represent alien passengers arrived at seaports; from 1868-91 and 1895-97, immigrant aliens arrived; from 1892-94 and 1898-1991, immigrant aliens admitted for permanent residence. From 1892-1903, aliens entering by cabin class were not counted as immigrants. Land arrivals were not completely enumerated until 1908.

See Glossary for fiscal year definitions. For this table, fiscal year 1843 covers 9 months ending September 1843; fiscal years 1832 and 1850 cover 15 months ending December 31 of the respective years; and fiscal year 1868 covers 6 months ending June 30, 1868.

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TABLE 3. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEARS 1981-91

Region and country of birth	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
All countries	**596,600**	**594,131**	**559,763**	**543,903**	**570,009**	**601,708**	**601,516**	**643,025**	**1,090,924**	**1,536,483**	**1,827,167**
Europe	**66,695**	**69,174**	**58,867**	**64,076**	**63,043**	**62,512**	**61,174**	**64,797**	**82,891**	**112,401**	**135,234**
Austria	367	339	433	442	419	463	483	514	501	675	589
Belgium	467	559	538	537	538	620	636	581	548	682	525
Bulgaria	124	207	201	225	249	221	205	217	265	428	623
Czechoslovakia	793	960	946	1,218	1,222	1,118	1,357	1,482	992	1,412	1,156
Denmark	506	463	513	512	478	554	537	558	593	666	601
Finland	317	346	311	264	290	322	331	390	325	369	333
France	1,745	1,994	2,061	2,135	2,187	2,518	2,513	2,524	2,598	2,849	2,450
Germany	6,552	6,467	6,725	6,747	7,109	6,991	7,210	6,645	6,708	7,388	6,509
Greece	4,361	3,472	2,997	2,865	2,579	2,512	2,653	2,458	2,491	2,742	2,079
Hungary	581	642	632	825	1,009	1,006	994	1,227	1,193	1,655	1,534
Ireland	902	949	1,101	1,223	1,397	1,839	3,060	5,058	6,961	10,333	4,767
Italy	4,662	3,644	3,225	3,130	3,214	3,089	2,784	2,949	2,910	3,287	2,619
Netherlands	999	1,053	1,152	1,242	1,217	1,261	1,230	1,187	1,193	1,424	1,283
Norway	331	342	409	375	361	354	326	397	482	524	486
Poland	5,014	5,874	6,427	9,466	9,464	8,481	7,519	9,507	15,101	20,537	19,199
Portugal	7,049	3,510	3,231	3,779	3,781	3,766	3,912	3,199	3,758	4,035	4,524
Romania	1,974	3,124	2,543	4,004	5,188	5,198	3,837	3,875	4,573	4,647	8,096
Soviet Union	9,223	15,462	5,214	6,088	3,521	2,588	2,384	2,949	11,128	25,524	56,980
Spain	1,711	1,586	1,507	1,393	1,413	1,591	1,578	1,483	1,550	1,886	1,849
Sweden	832	874	870	974	1,076	1,098	1,057	1,156	1,078	1,196	1,080
Switzerland	601	626	680	620	729	677	759	751	788	845	696
United Kingdom	14,997	14,539	14,830	13,949	13,408	13,657	13,497	13,228	14,090	15,928	13,903
Yugoslavia	2,048	1,418	1,382	1,569	1,662	2,011	1,827	1,941	2,496	2,828	2,713
Other Europe	539	724	939	494	532	577	485	521	569	541	640
Asia	**264,332**	**313,272**	**277,697**	**256,272**	**264,691**	**268,248**	**257,684**	**264,465**	**312,149**	**338,581**	**358,533**
Afghanistan	1,881	1,569	2,566	3,222	2,794	2,831	2,424	2,873	3,232	3,187	2,879
Bangladesh	756	639	787	823	1,146	1,634	1,649	1,325	2,180	4,252	10,676
Burma	1,083	820	723	719	990	863	941	803	1,170	1,120	946
Cambodia	12,749	13,438	18,120	11,856	13,563	13,501	12,460	9,629	6,076	5,179	3,251
China	25,803	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
China, Mainland	(1)	27,100	25,777	23,363	24,787	25,106	25,841	28,717	32,272	31,815	33,025
Hong Kong	4,055	4,971	5,948	5,465	5,171	5,021	4,706	8,546	9,740	9,393	10,427
India	21,522	21,738	25,451	24,964	26,026	26,227	27,803	26,268	31,175	30,667	45,064
Indonesia	1,006	1,194	952	1,113	1,269	1,183	1,254	1,342	1,513	3,498	2,223
Iran	11,105	10,314	11,163	13,807	16,071	16,505	14,426	15,246	21,243	24,977	19,569
Iraq	2,535	3,105	2,343	2,930	1,951	1,323	1,072	1,022	1,516	1,756	1,494
Israel	3,542	3,356	3,239	3,066	3,113	3,790	3,699	3,640	4,244	4,664	4,181
Japan	3,896	3,903	4,092	4,043	4,086	3,959	4,174	4,512	4,849	5,734	5,049
Jordan	3,825	2,923	2,718	2,438	2,998	3,081	3,125	3,232	3,921	4,449	4,259
Korea	32,663	31,724	33,339	33,042	35,253	35,776	35,849	34,703	34,222	32,301	26,518
Kuwait	317	286	344	437	503	496	507	599	710	691	861
Laos	15,805	36,528	23,662	12,279	9,133	7,842	6,828	10,667	12,524	10,446	9,950
Lebanon	3,955	3,529	2,941	3,203	3,385	3,994	4,367	4,910	5,716	5,634	6,009
Malaysia	1,033	1,046	852	879	939	886	1,016	1,250	1,506	1,867	1,860
Pakistan	5,288	4,536	4,807	5,509	5,744	5,994	6,319	5,438	8,000	9,729	20,355
Philippines	43,772	45,102	41,546	42,768	47,978	52,558	50,060	50,697	57,034	63,756	63,596
Saudi Arabia	159	134	170	208	228	275	294	338	381	518	552
Singapore	408	390	362	377	460	480	469	492	566	620	535
Sri Lanka	448	505	472	554	553	596	630	634	757	976	1,377
Syria	2,127	2,354	1,683	1,724	1,581	1,604	1,669	2,183	2,675	2,972	2,837
Taiwan	(1)	9,884	16,698	12,478	14,895	13,424	11,931	9,670	13,974	15,151	13,274
Thailand	4,799	5,568	5,875	4,885	5,239	6,204	6,733	6,888	9,332	8,914	7,397
Turkey	2,766	2,864	2,263	1,793	1,691	1,753	1,596	1,642	2,007	2,468	2,528
Vietnam	55,631	72,553	37,560	37,236	31,895	29,993	24,231	25,789	37,739	48,792	55,307
Yemen	577	484	507	331	435	480	727	619	966	1,945	1,547
Other Asia	826	715	737	760	814	869	884	791	909	1,110	987
Africa	**15,029**	**14,314**	**15,084**	**15,540**	**17,117**	**17,463**	**17,724**	**18,882**	**25,166**	**35,893**	**36,179**
Algeria	184	190	201	197	202	183	172	199	230	302	269
Cameroon	69	95	92	145	123	130	132	157	187	380	452
Cape Verde	849	852	594	591	627	760	657	921	1,118	907	973
Egypt	3,366	2,800	2,600	2,642	2,802	2,989	3,377	3,016	3,717	4,117	5,602
Ethiopia	1,749	1,810	2,643	2,461	3,362	2,737	2,156	2,571	3,389	4,336	5,127
Ghana	951	824	976	1,050	1,041	1,164	1,120	1,239	2,045	4,466	3,330
Ivory Coast	28	29	54	55	57	55	63	78	98	184	347
Kenya	657	601	710	753	735	719	698	773	910	1,297	1,185

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 3. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEARS 1981-91—Continued

Region and country of birth	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Liberia	556	593	518	585	618	618	622	769	1,175	2,004	1,292
Libya	165	196	221	206	242	195	183	198	210	268	314
Morocco	512	445	479	506	570	646	635	715	984	1,200	1,601
Nigeria	1,918	2,257	2,354	2,337	2,846	2,976	3,278	3,343	5,213	8,843	7,912
Senegal	65	74	71	59	91	91	92	130	141	537	869
Sierra Leone	277	283	319	368	371	323	453	571	939	1,290	951
Somalia	61	89	83	90	139	139	197	183	228	277	458
South Africa	1,559	1,434	1,261	1,246	1,210	1,566	1,741	1,832	1,899	1,990	1,854
Sudan	65	78	128	199	271	230	198	217	272	306	679
Tanzania	423	304	364	418	395	370	385	388	507	635	500
Tunisia	98	99	91	97	93	121	120	98	125	226	275
Uganda	410	304	332	369	301	401	357	343	393	674	538
Other Africa	1,067	957	993	1,166	1,021	1,050	1,088	1,141	1,386	1,654	1,651
Oceania	**4,198**	**3,852**	**3,515**	**3,818**	**4,054**	**3,894**	**3,993**	**3,839**	**4,360**	**6,182**	**6,236**
Australia	1,281	1,367	1,273	1,308	1,362	1,354	1,253	1,356	1,546	1,754	1,678
Fiji	1,060	659	712	901	980	972	1,205	1,028	968	1,353	1,349
New Zealand	[2] 666	642	606	595	679	610	591	668	789	829	793
Tonga	588	561	481	555	669	510	545	434	646	1,375	1,685
Western Samoa	400	379	253	229	189	253	202	221	295	690	561
Other Oceania	203	244	190	230	175	195	197	132	116	181	170
North America	**210,427**	**158,057**	**168,487**	**166,706**	**182,045**	**207,714**	**216,550**	**250,009**	**607,398**	**957,558**	**1,210,981**
Canada	11,191	10,786	11,390	10,791	11,385	11,039	11,876	11,783	12,151	16,812	13,504
Mexico	101,268	56,106	59,079	57,557	61,077	66,533	72,351	95,039	405,172	679,068	946,167
Caribbean	**73,301**	**67,379**	**73,306**	**74,265**	**83,281**	**101,632**	**102,899**	**112,357**	**88,932**	**115,351**	**140,139**
Antigua-Barbuda	929	3,234	2,008	953	957	812	874	837	979	1,319	944
Bahamas, The	546	577	505	499	533	570	556	1,283	861	1,378	1,062
Barbados	2,394	1,961	1,849	1,577	1,625	1,595	1,665	1,455	1,616	1,745	1,460
Cuba	10,858	8,209	8,978	10,599	20,334	33,114	28,916	17,558	10,046	10,645	10,349
Dominica	721	569	546	442	540	564	740	611	748	963	982
Dominican Republic	18,220	17,451	22,058	23,147	23,787	26,175	24,858	27,189	26,723	42,195	41,405
Grenada	1,120	1,066	1,154	980	934	1,045	1,098	842	1,046	1,294	979
Haiti	6,683	8,779	8,424	9,839	10,165	12,666	14,819	34,806	13,658	20,324	47,527
Jamaica	23,569	18,711	19,535	19,822	18,923	19,595	23,148	20,966	24,523	25,013	23,828
St. Kitts & Nevis	867	1,039	2,773	1,648	769	573	589	660	795	896	830
St. Lucia	733	586	662	484	499	502	496	606	709	833	766
St. Vincent & Grenadines	799	719	767	695	693	635	746	634	892	973	808
Trinidad & Tobago	4,599	3,532	3,156	2,900	2,831	2,891	3,543	3,947	5,394	6,740	8,407
Other Caribbean	1,263	946	891	680	691	895	851	963	942	1,033	792
Central America	**24,509**	**23,626**	**24,601**	**24,088**	**26,302**	**28,380**	**29,296**	**30,715**	**101,034**	**146,202**	**111,093**
Belize	1,289	2,031	1,585	1,492	1,353	1,385	1,354	1,497	2,217	3,867	2,377
Costa Rica	1,359	1,272	1,182	1,473	1,281	1,356	1,391	1,351	1,985	2,840	2,341
El Salvador	8,210	7,107	8,596	8,787	10,156	10,929	10,693	12,045	57,878	80,173	47,351
Guatemala	3,928	3,633	4,090	3,937	4,389	5,158	5,729	5,723	19,049	32,303	25,527
Honduras	2,358	3,186	3,619	3,405	3,726	4,532	4,751	4,302	7,593	12,024	11,451
Nicaragua	2,752	3,077	2,983	2,718	2,786	2,826	3,294	3,311	8,830	11,562	17,842
Panama	4,613	3,320	2,546	2,276	2,611	2,194	2,084	2,486	3,482	3,433	4,204
Other North America	158	160	111	5	-	130	128	115	109	125	78
South America	**35,913**	**35,448**	**36,087**	**37,460**	**39,058**	**41,874**	**44,385**	**41,007**	**58,926**	**85,819**	**79,934**
Argentina	2,236	2,065	2,029	2,141	1,844	2,187	2,106	2,371	3,301	5,437	3,889
Bolivia	820	750	823	918	1,006	1,079	1,170	1,038	1,805	2,843	3,006
Brazil	1,616	1,475	1,503	1,847	2,272	2,332	2,505	2,699	3,332	4,191	8,133
Chile	2,048	1,911	1,970	1,912	1,992	2,243	2,140	2,137	3,037	4,049	2,842
Colombia	10,335	8,608	9,658	11,020	11,982	11,408	11,700	10,322	15,214	24,189	19,702
Ecuador	5,129	4,127	4,243	4,164	4,482	4,516	4,641	4,716	7,532	12,476	9,958
Guyana	6,743	10,059	8,980	8,412	8,531	10,367	11,384	8,747	10,789	11,362	11,666
Paraguay	153	161	187	167	170	190	291	483	529	704	538
Peru	4,664	4,151	4,384	4,368	4,181	4,895	5,901	5,936	10,175	15,726	16,237
Uruguay	972	707	681	712	790	699	709	612	948	1,457	1,161
Venezuela	1,104	1,336	1,508	1,721	1,714	1,854	1,694	1,791	2,099	3,142	2,622
Other South America	93	98	121	78	94	104	144	155	165	243	180
Born on board ship	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
Unknown or not reported	-	10	26	31	1	3	6	23	34	49	70

[1] Prior to fiscal year 1982, data for Mainland China and Taiwan are included in China.
[2] Includes Niue.
- Represents zero.

TABLE 4. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION FISCAL YEARS 1985-91

Class of admission	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total, all immigrants	**570,009**	**601,708**	**601,516**	**643,025**	**1,090,924**	**1,536,483**	**1,827,167**
Total, numerically limited	**264,208**	**266,968**	**271,135**	**264,148**	**280,275**	**298,306**	**293,846**
New arrivals	226,505	228,522	239,941	234,586	252,401	273,416	271,513
Adjustments	37,703	38,446	31,194	29,562	27,874	24,890	22,333
Total, exempt from numerical limitations	**305,801**	**334,740**	**330,381**	**378,877**	**810,649**	**1,238,177**	**1,533,321**
New arrivals	129,860	147,588	147,054	143,299	150,030	162,313	171,594
Adjustments	175,941	187,152	183,327	235,578	181,805	195,492	238,565
Adjustments, IRCA legalization	X	X	X	X	478,814	880,372	1,123,162
Total, numerically limited	**264,208**	**266,968**	**271,135**	**264,148**	**280,275**	**298,306**	**293,846**
Total, 1st preference	**9,319**	**10,910**	**11,382**	**12,107**	**13,259**	**15,861**	**15,385**
1st preference, unmarried sons/daughters of U.S. citizens	7,661	8,711	9,263	9,971	10,510	12,526	11,914
New arrivals (P11, A11)	6,656	7,829	8,516	9,280	9,726	11,679	11,110
Adjustments (P16, A16)	1,005	882	747	691	784	847	804
1st preference, children of P11, P16, A11, A16	1,658	2,199	2,119	2,136	2,749	3,335	3,471
New arrivals (P12, A12)	1,452	2,007	1,982	2,053	2,643	3,229	3,367
Adjustments (P17, A17)	206	192	137	83	106	106	104
Total, 2nd preference	**114,997**	**110,926**	**110,758**	**102,777**	**112,771**	**107,686**	**110,126**
2nd preference, spouses of alien residents	40,549	38,384	34,528	29,898	31,601	27,500	27,409
New arrivals (P21)	35,788	34,057	16,074	17,889	19,899	23,871	26,514
New arrivals, conditional (C21)	X	X	16,454	11,003	10,945	2,972	143
Adjustments (P26)	4,761	4,327	1,546	843	692	643	745
Adjustments, conditional (C26)	X	X	454	163	65	14	7
2nd preference, unmarried sons/daughters of alien residents	61,263	57,311	58,270	54,123	60,111	56,515	59,712
New arrivals (P22)	57,558	53,635	54,599	52,435	58,579	55,334	58,427
New arrivals, conditional (C22)	X	X	1,620	503	341	55	2
Adjustments (P27)	3,705	3,676	2,012	1,170	1,187	1,125	1,283
Adjustments, conditional (C27)	X	X	39	15	4	1	-
2nd preference, children of P22, P27, C22, C27	13,185	15,231	17,960	18,756	21,059	23,671	23,005
New arrivals (P23)	12,769	14,739	15,697	16,958	19,559	23,169	22,909
New arrivals, conditional (C23)	X	X	2,037	1,680	1,426	427	21
Adjustments (P28)	416	492	222	118	72	75	75
Adjustments, conditional (C28)	X	X	4	-	2	-	-
Total, 3rd preference	**24,905**	**26,823**	**26,921**	**26,680**	**26,798**	**26,546**	**27,748**
3rd preference, professional or highly skilled immigrants	10,947	11,763	12,048	11,758	12,195	11,879	12,614
New arrivals (P31)	2,981	3,342	4,004	3,693	3,718	3,723	4,691
Adjustments (P36)	7,966	8,421	8,044	8,065	8,477	8,156	7,923
3rd preference, spouses of P31 and P36	6,602	7,209	7,309	7,325	7,410	7,422	7,990
New arrivals (P32)	2,158	2,290	2,767	2,620	2,664	2,704	3,307
Adjustments (P37)	4,444	4,919	4,542	4,705	4,746	4,718	4,683
3rd preference, children of P31 and P36	7,356	7,851	7,564	7,597	7,193	7,245	7,144
New arrivals (P33)	2,973	3,233	3,522	3,383	3,360	3,507	4,012
Adjustments (P38)	4,383	4,618	4,042	4,214	3,833	3,738	3,132
Total, 4th preference	**18,460**	**20,702**	**20,703**	**21,940**	**26,975**	**26,751**	**27,115**
4th preference, married sons/daughters of U.S. citizens	5,376	5,947	5,839	6,227	7,574	7,495	7,297
New arrivals (P41, A41)	4,520	5,057	5,024	5,552	6,784	7,076	7,057
New arrivals, conditional (C41)	X	X	53	10	5	6	2
Adjustments (P46, A46)	856	890	741	662	784	413	238
Adjustments, conditional (C46)	X	X	21	3	1	-	-
4th preference, spouses of P41, P46, A41, A46, C41, C46	4,216	4,737	4,833	5,168	6,319	6,328	6,405
New arrivals (P42, A42)	3,806	4,298	4,372	4,850	5,924	6,093	6,255
New arrivals, conditional (C42)	X	X	77	21	13	9	4
Adjustments (P47, A47)	410	439	375	292	379	224	146
Adjustments, conditional (C47)	X	X	9	5	3	2	-
4th preference, children of P41, P46, A41, A46, C41, C46	8,868	10,018	10,031	10,545	13,082	12,928	13,413
New arrivals (P43, A43)	8,121	9,189	9,330	10,058	12,417	12,516	13,161
New arrivals, conditional (C43)	X	X	73	12	7	2	-
Adjustments (P48, A48)	747	829	613	473	657	410	252
Adjustments, conditional (C48)	X	X	15	2	1	-	-
Total, 5th preference	**70,481**	**70,401**	**68,966**	**63,948**	**64,087**	**64,252**	**63,462**
5th preference, brothers or sisters of U.S. citizens	25,536	24,837	23,517	21,489	20,648	20,784	20,706
New arrivals (P51)	24,407	23,914	22,980	21,146	20,419	20,543	20,474

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 4. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION FISCAL YEARS 1985-91—Continued

Class of admission	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Adjustments, (P56)	1,129	923	537	343	229	241	232
5th preference, spouses of P51 and P56	14,861	15,321	14,910	14,497	14,175	14,272	13,863
New arrivals (P52)	14,391	14,937	14,676	14,336	14,060	14,151	13,746
Adjustments, (P57)	470	384	234	161	115	121	117
5th preference, children of P51 and P56	30,084	30,243	30,539	27,962	29,264	29,196	28,893
New arrivals (P53)	29,247	29,592	30,162	27,717	29,090	28,976	28,679
Adjustments (P58)	837	651	377	245	174	220	214
Total, 6th preference	**25,990**	**26,802**	**26,952**	**26,927**	**25,957**	**27,183**	**27,201**
6th preference, needed skilled or unskilled workers	11,425	11,399	11,623	10,696	10,387	10,753	10,977
New arrivals (P61)	8,603	8,728	9,983	9,382	9,636	9,947	10,468
Adjustments (P66)	2,822	2,671	1,640	1,314	751	806	509
6th preference, spouses of P61 and P66	5,674	5,988	6,181	6,390	6,023	6,220	5,941
New arrivals (P62)	4,291	4,562	5,259	5,617	5,541	5,709	5,598
Adjustments (P67)	1,383	1,426	922	773	482	511	343
6th preference, children of P61 and P66	8,891	9,415	9,148	9,841	9,547	10,210	10,283
New arrivals (P63)	6,784	7,113	7,754	8,663	8,768	9,407	9,810
Adjustments (P68)	2,107	2,302	1,394	1,178	779	803	473
Total, nonpreference [1]	**7**	**-**	**3,040**	**6,029**	**7,068**	**20,371**	**12,268**
Nonpreference, NP1 and NP6	7	-	3	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (NP6)	7	-	3	-	-	-	-
Nonpreference, NP5 and NP0, Act of 11/6/86	X	X	3,037	6,029	7,068	20,371	12,268
New arrivals (NP5)	X	X	2,926	5,725	6,877	19,685	12,042
Adjustments (NP0)	X	X	111	304	191	686	226
Total, natives of underrepresented countries (P.L. 100-658)	**X**	**X**	**X**	**X**	**X**	**8,790**	**9,802**
New arrivals (OP1)	X	X	X	X	X	8,626	9,714
Adjustments (OP6)	X	X	X	X	X	164	88
Total, suspension of deportation, Section 244	**1**	**391**	**2,394**	**3,734**	**3,349**	**862**	**739**
Adjustments other than crewmen (Z11)	[2] -	[2] 389	2,394	3,731	3,349	862	739
Adjustments, crewmen (Z57)	1	2	-	3	-	-	-
Total, private law, adjustments (Z41)	**16**	**3**	**12**	**1**	**7**	**-**	**-**
Total, foreign gov't officials, Act of 9/11/57 Section 13 (Z91)	**32**	**10**	**7**	**5**	**4**	**4**	**-**
Total, exempt from numerical limitations	**305,801**	**334,740**	**330,381**	**378,877**	**810,649**	**1,238,177**	**1,533,321**
Total, immediate relatives of U.S. citizens	**204,368**	**223,468**	**218,575**	**219,340**	**217,514**	**231,680**	**237,103**
Total, spouses of U.S. citizens	**129,790**	**137,597**	**132,452**	**130,977**	**125,744**	**125,426**	**125,397**
New arrivals (IR1)	66,215	74,662	31,855	23,699	23,847	23,871	24,026
New arrivals, conditional (CR1)	X	X	41,186	44,267	40,519	37,567	38,718
Adjustments (IR6)	57,878	56,883	17,744	11,497	10,699	11,020	10,265
Adjustments, conditional (CR6)	X	X	36,762	46,572	45,632	47,352	46,206
Adjustments, Northern Mariana Is., P.L. 94-241 (MR6)	X	X	46	3	1	-	-
Adjustments, entered as a fiance(e) (IF1)	5,697	6,052	1,919	-	45	138	130
Adjustments, entered as a fiance(e), conditional (CF1)	X	X	2,940	4,939	5,001	5,478	6,052
Total, children of U.S. citizens	**35,592**	**40,639**	**40,940**	**40,863**	**41,276**	**46,065**	**48,130**
New arrivals (IR2, AR1)	21,298	25,332	20,748	20,874	22,790	27,461	27,639
New arrivals, conditional (CR2)	X	X	4,823	4,565	4,377	4,436	4,720
Adjustments (IR7, AR6)	4,480	4,767	3,078	3,754	3,657	4,265	3,881
Adjustments, conditional (CR7)	X	X	1,638	2,042	2,031	2,322	2,312
Adjustments, entered as child of a fiance(e) (IF2)	528	595	209	-	18	36	35
Adjustments, entered as child of a fiance(e), conditional (CF2)	X	X	315	505	455	457	535
Adjustments, Northern Mariana Is., P.L. 94-241 (MR7)	X	X	32	3	-	-	-
Total, orphans	9,286	9,945	10,097	9,120	7,948	7,088	9,008
Total, orphans adopted abroad	1,166	1,264	1,667	1,840	1,908	2,506	4,748
New arrivals (IR3)	1,092	1,190	1,610	1,792	1,854	2,461	4,707
Adjustments (IR8)	74	74	57	48	54	45	41
Total, orphans to be adopted	8,120	8,681	8,430	7,280	6,040	4,582	4,260
New arrivals (IR4)	8,114	8,676	8,420	7,257	6,026	4,562	4,248
Adjustments (IR9)	6	5	10	23	14	20	12
Total, parents of adult U.S. citizens	**38,986**	**45,232**	**45,183**	**47,500**	**50,494**	**60,189**	**63,576**
New arrivals (IR5)	27,657	31,699	32,416	33,571	35,400	43,145	45,829
Adjustments (IR0)	11,329	13,533	12,767	13,929	15,094	17,044	17,747
Total, special immigrants	**2,551**	**2,992**	**3,646**	**5,120**	**4,986**	**4,463**	**4,576**

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 4. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION FISCAL YEARS 1985-91—Continued

Class of admission	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total, persons who lost citizenship	**2**	**6**	**1**	**4**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Total, lost citizenship by marriage	1	4	1	1	-	-	-
Adjustments (SC6)	1	4	1	1	-	-	-
Total, lost citizenship by service in armed forces	1	2	-	3	-	-	-
New arrivals (SC2)	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (SC7)	1	1	-	3	-	-	-
Total, ministers, spouses and children	**1,853**	**2,060**	**2,041**	**2,207**	**2,595**	**2,786**	**2,903**
Total ministers	777	822	829	899	1,005	1,088	1,189
New arrivals (SD1)	443	480	458	447	531	459	465
Adjustments (SD6)	334	342	371	452	474	629	724
Total, spouses of ministers	383	428	423	453	558	567	634
New arrivals (SD2)	267	312	298	304	386	341	367
Adjustments (SD7)	116	116	125	149	172	226	267
Total, children of ministers	693	810	789	855	1,032	1,131	1,080
New arrivals (SD3)	522	622	564	621	753	769	675
Adjustments (SD8)	171	188	225	234	279	362	405
Total, employees of U.S. gov't abroad, spouses & children	**479**	**773**	**1,112**	**2,047**	**1,713**	**1,234**	**1,318**
Total, employees of U.S. government abroad	156	248	380	585	476	359	418
New arrivals (SE1)	152	244	377	583	473	350	409
Adjustments (SE6)	4	4	3	2	3	9	9
Total, spouses of employees of U.S. gov't abroad	101	168	254	454	383	297	317
New arrivals (SE2)	101	166	251	454	383	291	314
Adjustments (SE7)	-	2	3	-	-	6	3
Total, children of employees of U.S. gov't abroad	222	357	478	1,008	854	578	583
New arrivals (SE3)	219	354	477	1,008	854	565	582
Adjustments (SE8)	3	3	1	-	-	13	1
Total, Panama Canal Act of 9/29/79	**130**	**105**	**90**	**124**	**205**	**92**	**132**
Total, certain former emp. of the PC Co. and CZ gov't	7	5	2	6	6	9	13
New arrivals (SF1)	2	2	2	4	4	4	10
Adjustments (SF6)	5	3	-	2	2	5	3
Total, accompanying spouses or children of SF1 and SF6	10	6	4	16	13	18	21
New arrivals (SF2)	8	5	4	16	11	12	16
Adjustments (SF7)	2	1	-	-	2	6	5
Total, certain former emp. of U.S. gov't in Panama CZ	42	43	36	41	83	23	45
New arrivals (SG1)	41	42	34	39	79	18	38
Adjustments (SG6)	1	1	2	2	4	5	7
Total, accompanying spouses or children of SG1 and SG6	71	51	48	61	103	42	52
New arrivals (SG2)	71	51	48	61	101	31	52
Adjustments (SG7)	-	-	-	-	2	11	-
Total, foreign medical graduates, Act of 12/29/81	**87**	**48**	**28**	**7**	**11**	**2**	**3**
Total, foreign med. school grads., adjustments (SJ6)	44	23	11	4	6	1	2
Total, accompanying spouses or children of SJ6	43	25	17	3	5	1	1
New arrivals (SJ2)	1	-	3	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (SJ7)	42	25	14	3	5	1	1
Total, retired employees of intern'l org. and their families	**X**	**X**	**374**	**731**	**462**	**349**	**220**
Total, retired employees of international organizations	X	X	11	16	52	32	28
New arrivals (SK1)	X	X	6	7	4	5	1
Adjustments (SK6)	X	X	5	9	48	27	27
Total, accompanying spouses of SK1 or SK6	X	X	9	10	11	13	11
New arrivals (SK2)	X	X	2	4	1	2	-
Adjustments (SK7)	X	X	7	6	10	11	11
Total, unmarried children of SK1 or SK6	X	X	351	702	398	304	181
New arrivals (SK3)	X	X	35	131	49	25	12
Adjustments (SK8)	X	X	316	571	349	279	169
Total, surviving spouses of employees of intern'l org.	X	X	3	3	1	-	-
New arrivals (SK4)	X	X	1	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (SK9)	X	X	2	3	1	-	-
Total, special K classes	**-**	**21**	**6**	**X**	**X**	**X**	**X**
Total, Act of 10/24/62 (P.L. 87-555)	-	21	6	X	X	X	X
Total, beneficiaries of 4th preference petition	-	5	3	X	X	X	X
New arrivals (K25)	-	5	3	X	X	X	X
Total, spouses/children of bene. of 4th pref. petition	-	16	3	X	X	X	X
New arrivals (K26)	-	16	3	X	X	X	X
Total, refugee and asylee adjustments	**95,040**	**104,383**	**91,840**	**81,719**	**84,288**	**97,364**	**139,079**
Refugee escapees, Act of 7/14/60 (M83)	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Total, Cuban refugees, Act of 11/2/66	**14,288**	**30,152**	**26,869**	**10,993**	**5,206**	**5,730**	**5,486**
Cuban refugees (CU6)	14,057	29,715	26,618	10,468	4,894	5,240	5,101
Non-Cuban spouses or children of Cuban refugees (CU7)	231	437	251	525	312	490	385

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 4. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION FISCAL YEARS 1985-91—Continued

Class of admission	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total, Indochinese refugees, Act of 10/28/77	**166**	**136**	**83**	**42**	**40**	**33**	**22**
Indochinese refugees (IC6)	142	135	83	39	39	30	21
Spouse or child of Indochinese refugees (IC7)	24	1	-	3	1	3	1
Refugee parolees, Act of 10/5/78 (R86)	3,766	1,720	866	437	381	153	69
Total, refugees, Act of 3/17/80	**71,820**	**67,375**	**59,022**	**64,801**	**73,516**	**86,511**	**110,838**
Refugees (RE6)	43,511	39,957	34,599	37,125	39,655	46,476	58,332
Spouses of refugees (RE7)	7,797	7,382	6,236	7,259	9,676	12,759	18,357
Children of refugees (RE8)	20,512	20,036	18,187	20,417	24,185	27,276	34,149
Total, asylees, Act of 3/17/80	**5,000**	**5,000**	**5,000**	**5,445**	**5,145**	**4,937**	**22,664**
Asylees (AS6)	3,333	3,433	2,992	3,553	3,217	3,077	13,729
Spouses of asylees (AS7)	702	663	847	790	730	658	2,780
Children of asylees (AS8)	965	904	1,161	1,102	1,198	1,202	6,155
Total, Amerasians (P.L. 100-202)	**X**	**X**	**X**	**319**	**8,589**	**13,059**	**16,010**
Amerasians, born in Vietnam from 1/1/62-1/1/76	X	X	X	126	2,709	3,978	4,937
New arrivals (AM1)	X	X	X	126	2,709	3,978	4,936
Adjustments (AM6)	X	X	X	-	-	-	1
Spouses or children of AM1 or AM6	X	X	X	4	172	924	1,633
New arrivals (AM2)	X	X	X	4	172	924	1,632
Adjustments (AM7)	X	X	X	-	-	-	1
Mothers, guardians, or next-of-kin of AM1 or AM6	X	X	X	189	5,708	8,157	9,440
New arrivals (AM3)	X	X	X	189	5,708	8,157	9,440
Total, employees of certain U.S. businesses in Hong Kong	**X**	**X**	**X**	**X**	**X**	**X**	**37**
Employees of certain U.S. businesses in Hong Kong	X	X	X	X	X	X	12
New arrivals (HK1)	X	X	X	X	X	X	10
Adjustments, (HK6)	X	X	X	X	X	X	2
Spouses of HK1, HK6	X	X	X	X	X	X	10
New arrivals (HK2)	X	X	X	X	X	X	8
Adjustments (HK7)	X	X	X	X	X	X	2
Children of HK1, HK6	X	X	X	X	X	X	15
New arrivals (HK3)	X	X	X	X	X	X	12
Adjustments (HK8)	X	X	X	X	X	X	3
Total, IRCA legalization adjustments	**X**	**X**	**X**	**X**	**478,814**	**880,372**	**1,123,162**
Entered without inspection before 1/1/82 (W16)	X	X	X	X	383,799	682,791	179,414
Entered as nonimmigrant and overstayed before 1/1/82 (W26)	X	X	X	X	94,890	137,435	32,735
Blanket EVD group (W36)	X	X	X	X	125	3,478	1,854
Special agricultural workers (SAW), Group I, working in 1984-86 (S16)	X	X	X	X	X	56,668	1,293
Special agricultural workers (SAW), Group II, working in 1986 (S26)	X	X	X	X	X	X	907,866
Total, other adjustments	**185**	**147**	**12,884**	**69,103**	**13,459**	**8,360**	**10,626**
Presumed admitted for lawful permanent residence (XB3)	22	8	6	2	-	3	1
Suspension of deportation - other than crewman, Section 244 (Z13)	15	21	47	38	35	26	42
Suspension of deportation - crewman, Section 244 (Z56)	1	1	-	-	-	1	1
Section 249, entered before 7/1/24 (Z33)	36	27	22	25	22	16	6
Section 249, entered 7/1/24-6/28/40 (Z03)	21	21	71	5	8	2	1
Section 249, entered 6/29/40-1/1/72 [3] (Z66)	32	25	8,060	39,999	10,570	4,633	2,282
Private bill (Z43)	5	-	5	2	2	1	1
Section 13, Act of 9/11/57 (Z83)	-	1	-	12	-	2	1
Cuban/Haitian entrants, Act of 11/6/86 [4] (CH6)	X	X	4,634	29,002	2,816	710	213
Parolees, Soviet Union or Indochina, Act of 11/22/89 (LA6)	X	X	X	X	X	X	4,998
Total, investors, Act of 12/29/81	**52**	**40**	**35**	**12**	**2**	**2**	**4**
Investors (NP8)	32	24	15	5	1	1	2
Accompanying spouses or children of NP8 (NP9)	20	16	20	7	1	1	2
Individuals born under diplomatic status in U.S. (DS1)	1	3	4	6	4	10	7
Total, former H-1 nurses, Act of 12/18/89	**X**	**X**	**X**	**X**	**X**	**2,954**	**3,069**
Nurses (RN6)	X	X	X	X	X	2,286	2,242
Accompanying spouse or child of RN6 (RN7)	X	X	X	X	X	668	827
Total, other classes	**3,657**	**3,729**	**3,430**	**3,276**	**2,999**	**2,879**	**2,728**
Children born abroad to alien residents (NA3)	3,429	3,450	3,174	2,997	2,740	2,410	2,224
American Indians born in Canada (S13)	149	175	161	194	193	249	212
Children born subsequent to issuance of visa (XA3)	79	104	95	85	66	220	292

[1] Although nonpreference visas (NP1 and NP6) have been unavailable since 1978, there were 7 nonpreference immigrants admitted in fiscal year 1985 and 3 in fiscal year 1987. These cases were filed prior to 1978, were denied by the INS, but were appealed through the judicial system.

[2] The 389 suspension of deportation (Z11) immigrants reported in fiscal year 1986 include 192 immigrants who actually immigrated in fiscal year 1985.

[3] Prior to fiscal year 1987 aliens must have entered before 6/30/48 to be eligible for Section 249.

[4] Cuban/Haitian entrants (CH6) were incorrectly included in refugee and asylee adjustments in the *Statistical Yearbooks* of fiscal years 1987 and 1988.

- Represents zero. X Not applicable. NOTE: Symbol enclosed in parentheses is the visa or adjustment symbol.

TABLE 5. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED FOREIGN STATE OF CHARGEABILITY UNDER THE WORLDWIDE NUMERICAL LIMITATION FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and foreign state of chargeability	Total	Relative preferences					Occupational preferences					Other [1]
		Total	1st pref.	2nd pref.	4th pref.	5th pref.	Total	3rd pref. principals	3rd pref. beneficiaries	6th pref. principals	6th pref. beneficiaries	
All countries	**293,846**	**216,088**	**15,385**	**110,126**	**27,115**	**63,462**	**54,949**	**12,614**	**15,134**	**10,977**	**16,224**	**22,809**
Europe	**34,974**	**17,556**	**1,156**	**5,676**	**4,863**	**5,861**	**8,613**	**2,606**	**2,817**	**1,356**	**1,834**	**8,805**
Belgium	203	20	4	10	2	4	155	48	85	11	11	28
Czechoslovakia	162	68	15	17	30	6	27	12	7	4	4	67
France	829	285	20	129	69	67	418	126	179	51	62	126
Germany	934	319	32	171	66	50	485	173	188	57	67	130
Greece	461	333	21	162	27	123	124	54	26	21	23	4
Hungary	201	87	21	22	34	10	61	16	30	8	7	53
Ireland	3,235	243	59	114	39	31	374	131	136	63	44	2,618
Italy	809	327	10	151	60	106	243	58	59	60	66	239
Netherlands	423	105	7	59	20	19	202	74	84	19	25	116
Poland	9,429	4,761	467	1,200	2,579	515	495	116	150	100	129	4,173
Portugal	2,519	1,381	17	576	119	669	1,085	16	15	388	666	53
Portugal	2,255	1,156	14	524	96	522	1,064	11	15	382	656	35
Macau	264	225	3	52	23	147	21	5	–	6	10	18
Romania	370	276	29	133	93	21	89	33	27	14	15	5
Soviet Union	411	217	58	32	107	20	186	32	50	44	60	8
Spain	489	187	12	93	28	54	301	38	28	97	138	1
Sweden	384	62	15	32	8	7	191	67	102	13	9	131
Switzerland	228	69	7	31	14	17	115	35	44	20	16	44
United Kingdom	12,326	7,885	253	2,404	1,285	3,943	3,571	1,438	1,397	326	410	870
United Kingdom	5,296	1,909	165	703	468	573	2,521	883	1,115	242	281	866
Hong Kong	6,825	5,828	75	1,623	802	3,328	996	552	277	57	110	1
Other United Kingdom	205	148	13	78	15	42	54	3	5	27	19	3
Yugoslavia	824	602	37	238	159	168	206	54	78	29	45	16
Other Europe	737	329	72	102	124	31	285	85	132	31	37	123
Asia	**125,995**	**93,207**	**5,846**	**42,053**	**9,397**	**35,911**	**24,436**	**7,599**	**8,848**	**3,036**	**4,953**	**8,352**
Afghanistan	209	172	6	105	32	29	18	5	6	3	4	19
Bangladesh	5,683	1,172	10	623	30	509	221	78	89	18	36	4,290
Burma	688	551	15	265	61	210	48	11	13	9	15	89
Cambodia	210	181	22	78	37	44	4	3	–	–	1	25
China, Mainland	21,315	19,170	110	8,202	2,896	7,962	2,142	882	996	96	168	3
India	20,437	15,327	52	7,191	964	7,120	5,106	2,646	2,333	38	89	4
Indonesia	1,725	263	2	137	21	103	167	76	39	22	30	1,295
Iran	4,146	2,280	43	1,615	148	474	1,601	459	623	210	309	265
Iraq	435	332	9	47	77	199	86	37	25	12	12	17
Israel	1,582	575	50	238	177	110	966	173	374	124	295	41
Japan	1,892	391	15	263	55	58	1,066	261	376	246	183	435
Jordan	1,537	1,425	24	783	241	377	76	31	32	6	7	36
Korea	12,932	9,785	82	5,134	561	4,008	3,145	366	565	684	1,530	2
Kuwait	279	224	5	121	40	58	52	12	33	3	4	3
Lebanon	2,418	1,864	55	1,328	206	275	498	170	106	94	128	56
Malaysia	852	308	2	202	18	86	434	227	137	34	36	110
Pakistan	6,204	4,791	28	2,068	206	2,489	607	170	184	96	157	806
Philippines	20,162	16,103	4,007	5,104	2,089	4,903	4,033	572	1,476	878	1,107	26
Singapore	224	102	4	62	7	29	114	51	50	4	9	8
Sri Lanka	728	200	5	89	36	70	238	72	58	46	62	290
Syria	931	719	17	406	79	217	152	41	27	37	47	60
Taiwan	9,004	6,024	107	2,854	283	2,780	2,977	1,089	1,139	227	522	3
Thailand	1,461	1,107	79	756	48	224	225	52	31	70	72	129
Turkey	684	237	8	129	16	84	295	74	60	64	97	152
Vietnam	9,200	9,007	859	4,036	842	3,270	46	12	14	7	13	147
Yemen	448	435	199	38	162	36	9	4	1	2	2	4
Other Asia	609	462	31	179	65	187	110	25	61	6	18	37
Africa	**7,813**	**4,528**	**246**	**2,574**	**328**	**1,380**	**2,016**	**614**	**758**	**271**	**373**	**1,269**
Cape Verde	694	680	21	558	23	78	4	1	–	1	2	10
Egypt	1,864	1,155	19	561	102	473	325	94	107	55	69	384
Ethiopia	388	203	10	182	2	9	52	19	14	7	12	133
Ghana	633	432	100	270	37	25	119	28	40	16	35	82
Kenya	566	429	6	107	28	288	92	31	31	15	15	45
Morroco	273	115	3	69	4	39	56	11	10	18	17	102
Nigeria	757	340	19	305	6	10	309	119	172	11	7	108

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 5. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED FOREIGN STATE OF CHARGEABILITY UNDER THE WORLDWIDE NUMERICAL LIMITATION
FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and foreign state of chargeability	Total	Relative preferences					Occupational preferences					Other [1]
		Total	1st pref.	2nd pref.	4th pref.	5th pref.	Total	3rd pref. principals	3rd pref. beneficiaries	6th pref. principals	6th pref. beneficiaries	
Sierra Leone	234	140	10	115	2	13	90	16	26	21	27	4
South Africa	899	190	26	88	44	32	645	179	261	72	133	64
Tanzania	275	198	3	42	4	149	50	24	12	6	8	27
Tunisia	176	7	-	4	1	2	17	6	6	1	4	152
Uganda	222	182	-	49	6	127	26	11	10	2	3	14
Other Africa	832	457	29	224	69	135	231	75	69	46	41	144
Oceania	**1,411**	**893**	**37**	**347**	**118**	**391**	**320**	**116**	**135**	**39**	**30**	**198**
Australia	276	58	13	20	20	5	209	85	102	12	10	9
Fiji	812	627	4	234	61	328	10	2	-	4	4	175
Other Oceania	323	208	20	93	37	58	101	29	33	23	16	14
North America	**97,031**	**79,518**	**7,209**	**46,357**	**10,000**	**15,952**	**14,164**	**1,156**	**1,813**	**4,522**	**6,673**	**3,349**
Canada	5,919	1,577	246	418	583	330	2,021	616	1,077	102	226	2,321
Mexico	19,514	17,608	3,082	6,042	3,595	4,889	1,642	120	182	552	788	264
Caribbean	**49,375**	**46,310**	**3,003**	**29,688**	**4,712**	**8,907**	**2,768**	**339**	**431**	**815**	**1,183**	**297**
Antigua-Barbuda	447	413	25	275	28	85	33	1	3	16	13	1
Bahamas, The	201	167	10	129	26	2	33	5	14	7	7	1
Barbados	739	565	60	405	41	59	172	9	14	69	80	2
Cuba	1,662	1,621	184	515	664	258	9	1	1	2	5	32
Dominica	591	514	41	350	34	89	51	5	13	19	14	26
Dominican Republic	17,218	16,981	1,313	8,377	2,024	5,267	236	31	36	66	103	1
Grenada	546	431	36	329	23	43	107	9	6	48	44	8
Haiti	9,276	8,994	306	7,724	101	863	280	6	9	103	162	2
Jamaica	13,353	12,474	670	9,109	813	1,882	876	187	221	172	296	3
St. Kitts-Nevis	514	487	40	366	53	28	24	5	-	8	11	3
St. Lucia	337	273	31	203	7	32	63	2	6	26	29	1
St. Vincent & Grenadines	459	328	15	256	35	22	129	11	11	42	65	2
Trinidad & Tobago	4,032	3,062	272	1,650	863	277	755	67	97	237	354	215
Central America	**22,223**	**14,023**	**878**	**10,209**	**1,110**	**1,826**	**7,733**	**81**	**123**	**3,053**	**4,476**	**467**
Belize	764	684	50	488	61	85	73	4	2	23	44	7
Costa Rica	416	343	28	226	36	53	64	4	10	25	25	9
El Salvador	10,251	4,940	139	4,058	209	534	5,249	21	27	2,091	3,110	62
Guatemala	3,821	2,118	97	1,525	130	366	1,593	10	17	646	920	110
Honduras	3,148	2,755	263	1,977	219	296	373	8	8	141	216	20
Nicaragua	2,385	1,860	107	1,231	231	291	288	11	35	107	135	237
Panama	1,438	1,323	194	704	224	201	93	23	24	20	26	22
South America	**26,622**	**20,386**	**891**	**13,119**	**2,409**	**3,967**	**5,400**	**523**	**763**	**1,753**	**2,361**	**836**
Argentina	1,374	511	49	223	140	99	484	102	151	80	151	379
Bolivia	877	309	14	202	30	63	533	16	22	210	285	35
Brazil	1,081	443	46	262	77	58	543	86	148	146	163	95
Chile	708	485	30	282	47	126	212	33	55	71	53	11
Colombia	4,896	4,077	178	2,853	278	768	814	73	85	312	344	5
Ecuador	4,059	3,295	125	2,489	290	391	676	18	19	261	378	88
Guyana	8,290	7,541	228	4,526	960	1,827	749	60	95	225	369	-
Paraguay	150	49	-	42	1	6	88	5	4	33	46	13
Peru	4,171	3,054	180	1,898	418	558	946	61	98	348	439	171
Uruguay	276	130	7	62	30	31	130	6	14	45	65	16
Venezuela	677	450	33	252	129	36	205	62	72	15	56	22
Other South America	63	42	1	28	9	4	20	1	-	7	12	1

[1] Includes suspension of deportation adjustments, private law adjustments, and foreign government official adjustments which are subject to numerical limitations. Includes nonpreference and natives of underrepresented countries new arrivals and adjustments.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Class of admission categories (subject to numerical limitations):
1st pref. - Unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens and their children.
2nd pref. - Spouses, unmarried sons, and daughters of resident aliens and their children.
4th pref. - Married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens and their spouses and children.
5th pref. - Brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens and their spouses and children.
3rd pref. - Professionals or highly skilled workers (principals).
3rd pref. - Spouses and children of principals (beneficiaries).
6th pref. - Workers in short supply (principals).
6th pref. - Spouses and children of principals (beneficiaries).

TABLE 6. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY TYPE OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of birth	Immigrants admitted			New arrivals			Adjustments		
	Total	Subject to numerical limitations	Exempt from numerical limitations	Total	Subject to numerical limitations	Exempt from numerical limitations	Total	Subject to numerical limitations	Exempt from numerical limitations
All countries	**1,827,167**	**293,846**	**1,533,321**	**443,107**	**271,513**	**171,594**	**1,384,060**	**22,333**	**1,361,727**
Europe	**135,234**	**27,553**	**107,681**	**40,082**	**24,130**	**15,952**	**95,152**	**3,423**	**91,729**
Austria	589	116	473	189	87	102	400	29	371
Belgium	525	198	327	224	117	107	301	81	220
Bulgaria	623	111	512	176	90	86	447	21	426
Czechoslovakia	1,156	155	1,001	249	113	136	907	42	865
Denmark	601	128	473	286	98	188	315	30	285
France	2,450	806	1,644	1,038	626	412	1,412	180	1,232
Germany	6,509	933	5,576	3,526	674	2,852	2,983	259	2,724
Greece	2,079	465	1,614	895	412	483	1,184	53	1,131
Hungary	1,534	195	1,339	316	143	173	1,218	52	1,166
Ireland	4,767	3,214	1,553	3,339	3,017	322	1,428	197	1,231
Italy	2,619	803	1,816	1,079	714	365	1,540	89	1,451
Netherlands	1,283	397	886	586	308	278	697	89	608
Norway	486	111	375	226	88	138	260	23	237
Poland	19,199	9,381	9,818	10,356	9,098	1,258	8,843	283	8,560
Portugal	4,524	2,233	2,291	2,599	2,188	411	1,925	45	1,880
Romania	8,096	374	7,722	3,294	315	2,979	4,802	59	4,743
Soviet Union	56,980	456	56,524	1,332	329	1,003	55,648	127	55,521
Spain	1,849	492	1,357	866	431	435	983	61	922
Sweden	1,080	387	693	559	302	257	521	85	436
Switzerland	696	212	484	294	152	142	402	60	342
United Kingdom	13,903	5,286	8,617	6,744	3,897	2,847	7,159	1,389	5,770
Yugoslavia	2,713	831	1,882	1,459	720	739	1,254	111	1,143
Other Europe	973	269	704	450	211	239	523	58	465
Asia	**358,533**	**133,298**	**225,235**	**204,241**	**119,257**	**84,984**	**154,292**	**14,041**	**140,251**
Afghanistan	2,879	206	2,673	459	193	266	2,420	13	2,407
Bangladesh	10,676	5,657	5,019	6,025	5,510	515	4,651	147	4,504
Burma	946	642	304	732	594	138	214	48	166
Cambodia	3,251	213	3,038	504	200	304	2,747	13	2,734
China, Mainland	33,025	19,118	13,907	26,169	17,292	8,877	6,856	1,826	5,030
Hong Kong	10,427	8,668	1,759	8,575	7,907	668	1,852	761	1,091
India	45,064	20,894	24,170	23,935	17,056	6,879	21,129	3,838	17,291
Indonesia	2,223	1,657	566	1,672	1,529	143	551	128	423
Iran	19,569	4,182	15,387	5,634	3,528	2,106	13,935	654	13,281
Iraq	1,494	441	1,053	592	323	269	902	118	784
Israel	4,181	1,595	2,586	1,736	1,139	597	2,445	456	1,989
Japan	5,049	1,881	3,168	2,486	1,313	1,173	2,563	568	1,995
Jordan	4,259	1,484	2,775	2,491	1,392	1,099	1,768	92	1,676
Korea	26,518	12,880	13,638	18,351	11,894	6,457	8,167	986	7,181
Kuwait	861	306	555	330	230	100	531	76	455
Laos	9,950	179	9,771	291	156	135	9,659	23	9,636
Lebanon	6,009	2,419	3,590	3,155	2,081	1,074	2,854	338	2,516
Malaysia	1,860	853	1,007	780	618	162	1,080	235	845
Pakistan	20,355	5,830	14,525	7,301	5,551	1,750	13,054	279	12,775
Philippines	63,596	20,256	43,340	44,410	19,942	24,468	19,186	314	18,872
Saudi Arabia	552	269	283	325	249	76	227	20	207
Singapore	535	228	307	234	140	94	301	88	213
Sri Lanka	1,377	719	658	712	603	109	665	116	549
Syria	2,837	916	1,921	1,304	832	472	1,533	84	1,449
Taiwan	13,274	9,657	3,617	8,433	7,138	1,295	4,841	2,519	2,322
Thailand	7,397	1,478	5,919	2,302	1,418	884	5,095	60	5,035
Turkey	2,528	670	1,858	1,158	562	596	1,370	108	1,262
Vietnam	55,307	9,008	46,299	32,165	8,957	23,208	23,142	51	23,091
Yemen	1,547	439	1,108	1,325	414	911	222	25	197
Other Asia	987	553	434	655	496	159	332	57	275
Africa	**36,179**	**7,718**	**28,461**	**9,959**	**6,626**	**3,333**	**26,220**	**1,092**	**25,128**
Cameroon	452	18	434	34	13	21	418	5	413
Cape Verde	973	675	298	770	672	98	203	3	200
Egypt	5,602	1,841	3,761	2,506	1,699	807	3,096	142	2,954
Ethiopia	5,127	389	4,738	568	341	227	4,559	48	4,511
Ghana	3,330	621	2,709	1,014	590	424	2,316	31	2,285
Kenya	1,185	512	673	572	455	117	613	57	556
Liberia	1,292	105	1,187	159	69	90	1,133	36	1,097
Morocco	1,601	285	1,316	488	271	217	1,113	14	1,099

TABLE 6. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY TYPE OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of birth	Immigrants admitted			New arrivals			Adjustments		
	Total	Subject to numerical limitations	Exempt from numerical limitations	Total	Subject to numerical limitations	Exempt from numerical limitations	Total	Subject to numerical limitations	Exempt from numerical limitations
Nigeria	7,912	756	7,156	1,109	587	522	6,803	169	6,634
Senegal	869	65	804	80	63	17	789	2	787
Sierra Leone	951	223	728	298	204	94	653	19	634
Somalia	458	42	416	75	36	39	383	6	377
South Africa	1,854	943	911	811	569	242	1,043	374	669
Sudan	679	65	614	91	49	42	588	16	572
Tanzania	500	259	241	278	224	54	222	35	187
Uganda	538	174	364	178	152	26	360	22	338
Other Africa	2,856	745	2,111	928	632	296	1,928	113	1,815
Oceania	**6,236**	**1,485**	**4,751**	**2,453**	**1,250**	**1,203**	**3,783**	**235**	**3,548**
Australia	1,678	333	1,345	777	186	591	901	147	754
Fiji	1,349	805	544	1,030	792	238	319	13	306
New Zealand	793	137	656	321	81	240	472	56	416
Tonga	1,685	140	1,545	179	138	41	1,506	2	1,504
Western Somoa	561	43	518	92	35	57	469	8	461
Other Oceania	170	27	143	54	18	36	116	9	107
North America	**1,210,981**	**97,194**	**1,113,787**	**148,823**	**94,694**	**54,129**	**1,062,158**	**2,500**	**1,059,658**
Canada	13,504	5,761	7,743	7,899	4,878	3,021	5,605	883	4,722
Mexico	946,167	19,683	926,484	43,927	19,069	24,858	902,240	614	901,626
Caribbean	**140,139**	**49,599**	**90,540**	**65,595**	**49,018**	**16,577**	**74,544**	**581**	**73,963**
Antigua-Barbuda	944	449	495	506	434	72	438	15	423
Bahamas, The	1,062	204	858	313	196	117	749	8	741
Barbados	1,460	751	709	891	735	156	569	16	553
Cuba	10,349	1,652	8,697	2,018	1,621	397	8,331	31	8,300
Dominica	982	590	392	690	582	108	292	8	284
Dominican Republic	41,405	17,204	24,201	27,401	17,106	10,295	14,004	98	13,906
Grenada	979	552	427	630	542	88	349	10	339
Haiti	47,527	9,248	38,279	11,121	9,226	1,895	36,406	22	36,384
Jamaica	23,828	13,342	10,486	15,588	13,147	2,441	8,240	195	8,045
St. Kitts-Nevis	830	494	336	573	485	88	257	9	248
St. Lucia	766	339	427	444	334	110	322	5	317
St. Vincent & Gren.	808	466	342	541	461	80	267	5	262
Trinidad & Tobago	8,407	4,026	4,381	4,523	3,888	635	3,884	138	3,746
Other Caribbean	792	282	510	356	261	95	436	21	415
Central America	**111,093**	**22,129**	**88,964**	**31,367**	**21,713**	**9,654**	**79,726**	**416**	**79,310**
Belize	2,377	762	1,615	967	751	216	1,410	11	1,399
Costa Rica	2,341	432	1,909	907	422	485	1,434	10	1,424
El Salvador	47,351	10,174	37,177	13,091	10,071	3,020	34,260	103	34,157
Guatemala	25,527	3,802	21,725	5,321	3,753	1,568	20,206	49	20,157
Honduras	11,451	3,145	8,306	4,948	3,108	1,840	6,503	37	6,466
Nicaragua	17,842	2,377	15,465	3,540	2,223	1,317	14,302	154	14,148
Panama	4,204	1,437	2,767	2,593	1,385	1,208	1,611	52	1,559
Other North America	78	22	56	35	16	19	43	6	37
South America	**79,934**	**26,598**	**53,336**	**37,549**	**25,556**	**11,993**	**42,385**	**1,042**	**41,343**
Argentina	3,889	1,368	2,521	1,690	1,164	526	2,199	204	1,995
Bolivia	3,006	871	2,135	1,085	834	251	1,921	37	1,884
Brazil	8,133	1,093	7,040	1,684	911	773	6,449	182	6,267
Chile	2,842	702	2,140	1,266	621	645	1,576	81	1,495
Colombia	19,702	4,886	14,816	7,618	4,703	2,915	12,084	183	11,901
Ecuador	9,958	4,055	5,903	5,320	4,021	1,299	4,638	34	4,604
Guyana	11,666	8,246	3,420	9,730	8,176	1,554	1,936	70	1,866
Paraguay	538	153	385	383	144	239	155	9	146
Peru	16,237	4,161	12,076	7,241	4,046	3,195	8,996	115	8,881
Uruguay	1,161	278	883	406	266	140	755	12	743
Venezuela	2,622	696	1,926	1,021	583	438	1,601	113	1,488
Other South America	180	89	91	105	87	18	75	2	73
Unknown or not reported	70	-	70	-	-	-	70	-	70

- Represents zero.

TABLE 7. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of birth	Total	Subject to numerical limitations	Immigrants exempt from numerical limitations								
			Total	Immediate relatives[1]	Parents of adult U.S. citizens	Spouses of U.S. citizens[2]	Children of U.S. citizens[3]	Refugee and asylee adjustments	Special immigrants	IRCA legalization	Other[4]
All countries	**1,827,167**	**293,846**	**1,533,321**	**237,103**	**63,576**	**125,397**	**48,130**	**139,079**	**4,576**	**1,123,162**	**29,401**
Europe	**135,234**	**27,553**	**107,681**	**32,929**	**3,835**	**23,350**	**5,744**	**62,946**	**349**	**8,049**	**3,408**
Austria	589	116	473	291	18	249	24	131	1	45	5
Belgium	525	198	327	283	17	238	28	1	4	33	6
Bulgaria	623	111	512	179	51	90	38	311	6	6	10
Czechoslovakia	1,156	155	1,001	325	42	230	53	659	1	14	2
Denmark	601	128	473	427	23	389	15	3	7	32	4
France	2,450	806	1,644	1,387	53	1,259	75	34	11	173	39
Germany	6,509	933	5,576	5,060	204	4,305	551	214	15	237	50
Greece	2,079	465	1,614	1,031	179	776	76	127	8	319	129
Hungary	1,534	195	1,339	459	70	318	71	817	9	48	6
Ireland	4,767	3,214	1,553	1,086	37	965	84	1	25	372	69
Italy	2,619	803	1,816	1,294	177	1,059	58	206	10	283	23
Netherlands	1,283	397	886	732	40	658	34	5	12	131	6
Norway	486	111	375	361	11	319	31	1	1	7	5
Poland	19,199	9,381	9,818	2,957	688	1,644	625	4,205	41	2,588	27
Portugal	4,524	2,233	2,291	819	192	565	62	2	5	1,449	16
Romania	8,096	374	7,722	3,392	321	447	2,624	4,276	18	21	15
Soviet Union	56,980	456	56,524	2,054	898	975	181	51,551	8	141	2,770
Spain	1,849	492	1,357	821	81	656	84	96	25	402	13
Sweden	1,080	387	693	641	12	597	32	–	4	33	15
Switzerland	696	212	484	419	17	366	36	10	8	41	6
United Kingdom	13,903	5,286	8,617	7,223	394	6,035	794	34	95	1,096	169
Yugoslavia	2,713	831	1,882	1,225	254	865	106	66	29	549	13
Other Europe	973	269	704	463	56	345	62	196	6	29	10
Asia	**358,533**	**133,298**	**225,235**	**99,081**	**40,432**	**42,042**	**16,607**	**49,762**	**2,313**	**52,100**	**21,979**
Afghanistan	2,879	206	2,673	355	190	150	15	2,100	–	217	1
Bangladesh	10,676	5,657	5,019	648	295	267	86	15	24	4,320	12
Burma	946	642	304	245	123	112	10	16	15	28	–
Cambodia	3,251	213	3,038	317	134	93	90	2,550	4	10	157
China, Mainland	33,025	19,118	13,907	11,837	8,248	3,253	336	620	38	1,326	86
Hong Kong	10,427	8,668	1,759	1,344	286	859	199	75	42	228	70
India	45,064	20,894	24,170	9,837	5,721	3,357	759	47	206	13,899	181
Indonesia	2,223	1,657	566	428	88	309	31	12	1	118	7
Iran	19,569	4,182	15,387	4,794	3,264	1,422	108	8,515	9	1,550	519
Iraq	1,494	441	1,053	755	467	256	32	193	5	95	5
Israel	4,181	1,595	2,586	1,938	274	1,444	220	10	102	496	40
Japan	5,049	1,881	3,168	2,629	142	2,272	215	4	62	436	37
Jordan	4,259	1,484	2,775	2,297	792	1,347	158	15	9	418	36
Korea	26,518	12,880	13,638	8,154	2,491	3,301	2,362	1	443	4,890	150
Kuwait	861	306	555	450	5	420	25	11	5	74	15
Laos	9,950	179	9,771	562	290	216	56	9,127	6	63	13
Lebanon	6,009	2,419	3,590	2,436	977	1,323	136	318	26	710	100
Malaysia	1,860	853	1,007	676	78	566	32	93	15	216	7
Pakistan	20,355	5,830	14,525	2,395	942	1,207	246	166	32	11,846	86
Philippines	63,596	20,256	43,340	30,711	8,780	13,872	8,059	249	1,096	8,220	3,064
Saudi Arabia	552	269	283	187	1	142	44	33	1	41	21
Singapore	535	228	307	250	25	211	14	2	4	45	6
Sri Lanka	1,377	719	658	232	98	117	17	59	24	340	3
Syria	2,837	916	1,921	1,145	482	633	30	252	12	347	165
Taiwan	13,274	9,657	3,617	2,798	1,136	1,329	333	5	47	726	41
Thailand	7,397	1,478	5,919	1,557	214	938	405	3,603	56	686	17
Turkey	2,528	670	1,858	1,107	313	731	63	109	2	537	103
Vietnam	55,307	9,008	46,299	7,691	4,493	1,402	1,796	21,543	14	29	17,022
Yemen	1,547	439	1,108	995	24	277	694	5	–	108	–
Other Asia	987	553	434	311	59	216	36	14	13	81	15
Africa	**36,179**	**7,718**	**28,461**	**9,614**	**1,487**	**7,152**	**975**	**4,731**	**343**	**13,661**	**112**
Cameroon	452	18	434	143	7	127	9	3	1	283	4
Cape Verde	973	675	298	272	60	158	54	5	–	20	1
Egypt	5,602	1,841	3,761	1,569	518	973	78	52	46	2,064	30
Ethiopia	5,127	389	4,738	631	220	331	80	3,582	28	494	3
Ghana	3,330	621	2,709	748	73	460	215	64	25	1,870	2
Kenya	1,185	512	673	314	45	241	28	32	26	297	4
Liberia	1,292	105	1,187	496	67	324	105	42	12	631	6

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 7. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of birth	Total	Subject to numerical limitations	Immigrants exempt from numerical limitations								
			Total	Immediate relatives[1]	Parents of adult U.S. citizens	Spouses of U.S. citizens[2]	Children of U.S. citizens[3]	Refugee and asylee adjustments	Special immigrants	IRCA legalization	Other[4]
Morocco	1,601	285	1,316	947	90	840	17	4	13	351	1
Nigeria	7,912	756	7,156	1,915	125	1,623	167	20	70	5,118	33
Senegal	869	65	804	91	4	78	9	2	2	709	-
Sierra Leone	951	223	728	384	24	301	59	4	16	321	3
Somalia	458	42	416	85	24	49	12	282	1	48	-
South Africa	1,854	943	911	618	101	448	69	77	55	150	11
Sudan	679	65	614	152	20	126	6	184	14	263	1
Tanzania	500	259	241	101	40	60	1	3	3	133	1
Uganda	538	174	364	73	12	59	2	54	3	232	2
Other Africa	2,856	745	2,111	1,075	57	954	64	321	28	677	10
Oceania	**6,236**	**1,485**	**4,751**	**2,514**	**219**	**2,047**	**248**	**1**	**53**	**2,156**	**27**
Australia	1,678	333	1,345	1,212	14	1,078	120	1	27	91	14
Fiji	1,349	805	544	353	143	186	24	-	1	189	1
New Zealand	793	137	656	576	9	529	38	-	14	63	3
Tonga	1,685	140	1,545	107	27	68	12	-	-	1,433	5
Western Somoa	561	43	518	172	24	121	27	-	8	336	2
Other Oceania	170	27	143	94	2	65	27	-	3	44	2
North America	**1,210,981**	**97,194**	**1,113,787**	**73,425**	**12,805**	**40,919**	**19,701**	**21,317**	**1,083**	**1,014,346**	**3,616**
Canada	13,504	5,761	7,743	5,845	165	4,769	911	14	168	1,304	412
Mexico	946,167	19,683	926,484	30,455	4,570	17,794	8,091	74	161	893,301	2,493
Caribbean	**140,139**	**49,599**	**90,540**	**24,711**	**5,340**	**12,237**	**7,134**	**8,005**	**413**	**56,851**	**560**
Antigua-Barbuda	944	449	495	216	56	111	49	-	-	275	4
Bahamas, The	1,062	204	858	299	17	211	71	3	8	531	17
Barbados	1,460	751	709	409	63	260	86	-	11	276	13
Cuba	10,349	1,652	8,697	500	258	138	104	7,953	25	94	125
Dominica	982	590	392	164	57	70	37	1	1	224	2
Dominican Republic	41,405	17,204	24,201	12,673	2,386	6,169	4,118	14	126	11,228	160
Grenada	979	552	427	216	65	110	41	-	4	205	2
Haiti	47,527	9,248	38,279	2,868	974	949	945	31	54	35,191	135
Jamaica	23,828	13,342	10,486	4,514	952	2,446	1,116	2	108	5,803	59
St. Kitts-Nevis	830	494	336	197	54	95	48	-	1	135	3
St. Lucia	766	339	427	251	46	141	64	-	2	173	1
St. Vincent & Grenadines	808	466	342	183	35	106	42	-	11	147	1
Trinidad & Tobago	8,407	4,026	4,381	1,940	341	1,240	359	-	55	2,363	23
Other Caribbean	792	282	510	281	36	191	54	1	7	206	15
Central America	**111,093**	**22,129**	**88,964**	**12,385**	**2,725**	**6,097**	**3,563**	**13,221**	**340**	**62,873**	**145**
Belize	2,377	762	1,615	341	91	172	78	-	1	1,242	31
Costa Rica	2,341	432	1,909	756	73	470	213	64	29	1,050	10
El Salvador	47,351	10,174	37,177	3,377	1,142	1,402	833	1,249	36	32,479	36
Guatemala	25,527	3,802	21,725	1,985	350	927	708	296	43	19,374	27
Honduras	11,451	3,145	8,306	2,321	342	1,088	891	133	17	5,817	18
Nicaragua	17,842	2,377	15,465	1,734	441	941	352	11,233	28	2,460	10
Panama	4,204	1,437	2,767	1,871	286	1,097	488	246	186	451	13
Other North America	78	22	56	29	5	22	2	3	1	17	6
South America	**79,934**	**26,598**	**53,336**	**19,540**	**4,798**	**9,887**	**4,855**	**320**	**435**	**32,782**	**259**
Argentina	3,889	1,368	2,521	1,100	249	691	160	8	55	1,330	28
Bolivia	3,006	871	2,135	458	109	234	115	6	7	1,654	10
Brazil	8,133	1,093	7,040	2,128	119	1,565	444	10	98	4,785	19
Chile	2,842	702	2,140	981	157	463	361	38	54	1,050	17
Colombia	19,702	4,886	14,816	4,570	1,028	2,357	1,185	46	70	10,073	57
Ecuador	9,958	4,055	5,903	1,826	529	971	326	14	18	3,991	54
Guyana	11,666	8,246	3,420	2,182	1,063	711	408	1	25	1,199	13
Paraguay	538	153	385	288	15	89	184	-	5	92	-
Peru	16,237	4,161	12,076	4,565	1,367	1,829	1,369	73	34	7,364	40
Uruguay	1,161	278	883	224	58	145	21	2	7	645	5
Venezuela	2,622	696	1,926	1,165	95	792	278	120	55	570	16
Other South America	180	89	91	53	9	40	4	2	7	29	-
Unknown or not reported	70	-	70	-	-	-	-	2	-	68	-

[1] Includes parents, spouses, and children of U.S. citizens.
[2] Includes persons who entered as fiances(ees) and have married U.S. citizens.
[3] Includes children whose parents entered as fiances(ees) and have married U.S. citizens.
[4] Includes persons entering under the Amerasian, former H-1 registered nurse, Cuban/Haitian entrant, Soviet and Indochinese parolee, and 1972 Registry provisions.
- Represents zero.

TABLE 8. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST PERMANENT RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of last permanent residence	Total	Subject to numerical limitations	Immigrants exempt from numerical limitations								
			Total	Immediate relatives[1]	Parents of adult U.S. citizens	Spouses of U.S. citizens [2]	Children of U.S. citizens [3]	Refugee and asylee adjustments	Special immigrants	IRCA legalization	Other[4]
All countries	**1,827,167**	**293,846**	**1,533,321**	**237,103**	**63,576**	**125,397**	**48,130**	**139,079**	**4,576**	**1,123,162**	**29,401**
Europe	**146,671**	**30,191**	**116,480**	**34,440**	**4,364**	**24,192**	**5,884**	**68,399**	**331**	**9,093**	**4,217**
Austria	3,511	170	3,341	349	52	267	30	2,924	2	60	6
Belgium	701	247	454	339	20	282	37	36	5	68	6
Czechoslovakia	625	67	558	251	27	177	47	299	1	5	2
Denmark	629	124	505	456	28	413	15	3	6	35	5
France	3,978	1,464	2,514	1,820	204	1,512	104	290	11	363	30
Germany	10,887	1,568	9,319	6,094	418	4,981	695	2,538	18	618	51
Greece	2,929	616	2,313	1,150	226	832	92	783	5	359	16
Hungary	944	139	805	422	51	301	70	344	8	25	6
Ireland	4,608	3,160	1,448	1,012	34	901	77	5	18	345	68
Italy	30,316	786	29,530	1,347	177	1,101	69	27,834	11	295	43
Netherlands	1,303	390	913	708	53	615	40	46	7	143	9
Norway	554	136	418	386	19	337	30	2	1	24	5
Poland	17,106	9,074	8,032	2,800	642	1,538	620	2,609	35	2,561	27
Portugal	4,576	2,297	2,279	841	190	576	75	11	5	1,407	15
Romania	6,786	288	6,498	3,210	277	379	2,554	3,264	16	6	2
Soviet Union	31,557	191	31,366	1,770	738	857	175	25,878	2	14	3,702
Spain	2,663	568	2,095	915	99	731	85	750	23	395	12
Sweden	1,242	458	784	698	34	630	34	8	7	56	15
Switzerland	1,003	300	703	526	45	441	40	116	3	52	6
United Kingdom	16,768	7,026	9,742	7,643	698	6,148	797	89	105	1,735	170
Yugoslavia	2,802	796	2,006	1,139	239	789	111	321	32	502	12
Other Europe	1,183	326	857	564	93	384	87	249	10	25	9
Asia	**342,157**	**127,989**	**214,168**	**96,277**	**39,357**	**40,452**	**16,468**	**44,658**	**2,263**	**49,841**	**21,129**
Afghanistan	1,209	31	1,178	86	43	38	5	957	–	134	1
Bangladesh	10,357	5,572	4,785	628	289	252	87	13	23	4,110	11
Burma	622	425	197	163	85	70	8	15	12	7	–
Cambodia	831	18	813	56	10	29	17	687	1	1	68
China, Mainland	23,995	15,372	8,623	7,264	4,103	2,838	323	432	12	874	41
Cyprus	1,034	593	441	376	151	196	29	4	6	53	2
Hong Kong	15,895	11,602	4,293	3,385	1,948	1,216	221	441	63	331	73
India	42,707	19,900	22,807	9,163	5,191	3,209	763	474	184	12,810	176
Indonesia	2,178	1,522	656	382	58	291	33	150	2	116	6
Iran	9,927	2,071	7,856	3,158	2,138	946	74	3,252	5	1,396	45
Iraq	878	200	678	508	357	137	14	91	4	74	1
Israel	5,116	1,962	3,154	2,328	461	1,635	232	22	108	657	39
Japan	5,600	1,936	3,664	3,134	164	2,612	358	36	69	388	37
Jordan	4,178	1,587	2,591	2,162	638	1,355	169	9	12	373	35
Korea	25,430	12,226	13,204	8,006	2,475	3,196	2,335	14	412	4,622	150
Kuwait	863	180	683	526	99	410	17	16	8	108	25
Laos	4,656	57	4,599	420	228	145	47	4,158	4	5	12
Lebanon	4,608	1,476	3,132	2,124	954	1,073	97	252	24	711	21
Malaysia	2,664	795	1,869	625	69	523	33	1,020	13	205	6
Pakistan	21,508	5,547	15,961	2,783	1,324	1,210	249	1,272	28	11,790	88
Philippines	68,750	19,880	48,870	29,625	8,749	13,003	7,873	7,065	1,090	8,021	3,069
Saudi Arabia	1,492	676	816	554	83	404	67	78	5	150	29
Singapore	734	271	463	302	34	243	25	86	4	64	7
Sri Lanka	1,219	611	608	216	95	105	16	54	24	311	3
Syria	2,232	803	1,429	1,035	442	561	32	102	12	261	19
Taiwan	15,927	10,400	5,527	4,543	2,832	1,380	331	31	50	860	43
Thailand	45,950	8,978	36,972	8,732	4,911	1,754	2,067	12,364	73	691	15,112
Turkey	3,466	1,061	2,405	1,732	807	845	80	145	2	517	9
United Arab Emirates	795	491	304	231	93	125	13	14	3	46	10
Vietnam	14,847	722	14,125	758	410	206	142	11,368	1	11	1,987
Yemen	1,500	417	1,083	974	17	269	688	9	–	100	–
Other Asia	989	607	382	298	99	176	23	27	9	44	4
Africa	**33,542**	**6,844**	**26,698**	**8,904**	**1,449**	**6,500**	**955**	**4,457**	**336**	**12,899**	**102**
Cameroon	427	15	412	137	8	117	12	7	4	261	3
Cape Verde	928	642	286	260	54	155	51	5	–	20	1
Egypt	5,350	1,759	3,591	1,531	497	942	92	71	40	1,925	24
Ethiopia	3,267	221	3,046	474	201	209	64	2,137	25	407	3
Ghana	3,123	588	2,535	676	74	383	219	59	29	1,770	1
Kenya	1,280	353	927	279	34	216	29	340	26	278	4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 8. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST PERMANENT RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of last permanent residence	Total	Subject to numerical limitations	Immigrants exempt from numerical limitations								
			Total	Immediate relatives[1]	Parents of adult U.S. citizens	Spouses of U.S. citizens[2]	Children of U.S. citizens[3]	Refugee and asylee adjustments	Special immigrants	IRCA legalization	Other[4]
Liberia	1,203	63	1,140	444	72	309	63	41	8	640	7
Morocco	1,412	229	1,183	830	69	748	13	12	10	330	1
Nigeria	7,740	792	6,948	1,906	137	1,601	168	35	73	4,901	33
Senegal	866	69	797	89	4	72	13	3	2	703	-
Sierra Leone	984	232	752	418	32	308	78	1	16	313	4
Somolia	581	25	556	64	19	37	8	428	1	63	-
South Africa	1,843	998	845	614	120	431	63	58	57	105	11
Sudan	1,476	122	1,354	168	16	141	11	909	14	262	1
Other Africa	3,062	736	2,326	1,014	112	831	71	351	31	921	9
Oceania	**7,061**	**1,847**	**5,214**	**2,948**	**308**	**2,375**	**265**	**22**	**57**	**2,157**	**30**
Australia	2,473	715	1,758	1,599	103	1,367	129	21	30	92	16
Fiji	1,294	747	547	357	148	184	25	-	1	188	1
New Zealand	802	172	630	535	7	489	39	-	15	77	3
Tonga	1,615	135	1,480	95	21	61	13	-	-	1,380	5
Western Somoa	460	39	421	158	22	109	27	1	8	252	2
Other Oceania	417	39	378	204	7	165	32	-	3	168	3
North America	**1,217,272**	**99,905**	**1,117,367**	**74,990**	**13,151**	**42,124**	**19,715**	**20,987**	**1,153**	**1,016,578**	**3,659**
Canada	19,931	8,865	11,066	7,545	538	6,070	937	46	232	2,783	460
Mexico	947,923	19,683	928,240	30,496	4,596	17,814	8,086	147	159	894,942	2,496
Caribbean	**138,591**	**49,088**	**89,503**	**24,464**	**5,222**	**12,118**	**7,124**	**7,470**	**412**	**56,599**	**558**
Antigua-Barbuda	950	454	496	219	53	117	49	-	-	273	4
Bahamas, The	1,790	246	1,544	358	26	260	72	1	7	1,163	15
Barbados	1,490	766	724	422	64	269	89	-	11	277	14
Cuba	9,474	1,496	7,978	364	179	97	88	7,417	25	49	123
Dominica	927	544	383	161	49	72	40	-	5	215	2
Dominican Republic	41,422	17,265	24,157	12,647	2,404	6,121	4,122	16	119	11,214	161
Grenada	865	514	351	173	39	95	39	-	2	175	1
Haiti	47,046	9,194	37,852	2,840	970	926	944	31	53	34,793	135
Jamaica	22,977	12,988	9,989	4,410	911	2,385	1,114	2	106	5,410	61
St. Kitts-Nevis	795	482	313	187	47	93	47	-	1	122	3
St. Lucia	745	328	417	244	45	134	65	2	8	162	1
St. Vincent & Grenadines	727	429	298	163	23	94	46	-	9	125	1
Trinidad & Tobago	8,433	4,054	4,379	1,971	379	1,232	360	1	61	2,324	22
Other Caribbean	950	328	622	305	33	223	49	-	5	297	15
Central America	**110,820**	**22,269**	**88,551**	**12,479**	**2,795**	**6,119**	**3,565**	**13,324**	**350**	**62,253**	**145**
Belize	2,435	768	1,667	353	97	179	77	11	-	1,272	31
Costa Rica	2,740	562	2,178	812	90	506	216	229	33	1,094	10
El Salvador	46,923	10,171	36,752	3,360	1,144	1,380	836	1,226	36	32,094	36
Guatemala	25,484	3,827	21,657	1,979	354	918	707	355	44	19,252	27
Honduras	11,562	3,177	8,385	2,332	342	1,106	884	311	18	5,706	18
Nicaragua	17,107	2,224	14,883	1,667	424	900	343	10,821	24	2,361	10
Panama	4,569	1,540	3,029	1,976	344	1,130	502	371	195	474	13
Other North America	7	-	7	6	-	3	3	-	-	1	-
South America	**80,308**	**27,049**	**53,259**	**19,532**	**4,943**	**9,746**	**4,843**	**493**	**436**	**32,537**	**261**
Argentina	4,231	1,634	2,597	1,129	293	675	161	10	57	1,373	28
Bolivia	3,002	906	2,096	446	107	222	117	7	5	1,628	10
Brazil	8,342	1,252	7,090	2,152	161	1,548	443	11	109	4,798	20
Chile	2,686	696	1,990	931	140	432	359	28	55	958	18
Colombia	19,272	4,830	14,442	4,429	987	2,269	1,173	32	58	9,866	57
Ecuador	9,962	4,053	5,909	1,840	535	979	326	18	20	3,977	54
Guyana	11,022	7,888	3,134	2,061	1,014	636	411	1	19	1,040	13
Paraguay	730	314	416	297	19	92	186	1	2	116	-
Peru	15,998	4,113	11,885	4,520	1,368	1,789	1,363	75	33	7,217	40
Uruguay	1,120	271	849	213	59	130	24	1	7	623	5
Venezuela	3,710	986	2,724	1,462	248	935	279	307	64	875	16
Other South America	233	106	127	52	12	39	1	2	7	66	-
Unknown or not reported	156	21	135	12	4	8	-	63	-	57	3

[1] Includes parents, spouses, and children of U.S. citizens.
[2] Includes persons who entered as fiances(ees) and have married U.S. citizens.
[3] Includes children whose parents entered as fiances(ees) and have married U.S. citizens.
[4] Includes persons entering under the Amerasian, former H-1 registered nurse, Cuban/Haitian entrant, Soviet and Indochinese parolee, and 1972 Registry provisions.
- Represents zero.

TABLE 9. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED WHO WERE ADJUSTED TO PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY SELECTED STATUS AT ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of birth	Total	Visitors for business	Visitors for pleasure	Students[1]	Temporary workers[1]	Exchange visitors[1]	Fiances(ees)[2]	Intracompany transferees[1]	Refugees and parolees	Entered without inspection	Other and unknown
All countries	**1,384,060**	**6,873**	**94,076**	**20,871**	**14,927**	**2,637**	**6,862**	**2,851**	**121,684**	**1,057,989**	**55,290**
Europe	**95,152**	**588**	**15,823**	**1,393**	**2,241**	**711**	**1,372**	**962**	**62,316**	**4,521**	**5,225**
Austria	400	11	142	18	23	6	9	16	130	14	31
Belgium	301	5	127	19	39	15	11	37	3	9	36
Bulgaria	447	3	130	2	5	7	8	-	270	4	18
Czechoslovakia	907	5	241	10	17	9	16	3	577	4	25
Denmark	315	5	152	38	20	15	25	16	2	9	33
France	1,412	36	604	138	132	64	58	50	53	82	195
Germany	2,983	63	1,514	173	171	67	196	65	237	78	419
Greece	1,184	17	394	157	41	5	33	2	252	177	106
Hungary	1,218	8	343	14	24	12	17	-	745	14	41
Ireland	1,428	32	677	37	194	36	53	58	19	144	178
Italy	1,540	43	745	42	54	17	29	18	214	156	222
Netherlands	697	18	273	63	56	27	50	53	16	47	94
Norway	260	5	113	58	17	24	19	4	7	4	9
Poland	8,843	38	3,135	56	109	102	112	25	2,971	1,380	915
Portugal	1,925	27	497	23	14	10	41	10	5	1,222	76
Romania	4,802	16	1,012	12	37	13	55	-	3,371	12	274
Soviet Union	55,648	29	1,136	22	42	20	66	4	53,048	91	1,190
Spain	983	20	392	53	70	12	28	1	64	283	60
Sweden	521	4	205	68	62	36	42	32	10	15	47
Switzerland	402	7	173	37	46	19	20	14	9	5	72
United Kingdom	7,159	181	3,110	256	998	161	441	535	92	313	1,072
Yugoslavia	1,254	10	528	54	49	24	22	3	31	444	89
Other Europe	523	5	180	43	21	10	21	16	190	14	23
Asia	**154,292**	**2,818**	**28,318**	**12,820**	**8,224**	**1,340**	**3,455**	**924**	**48,314**	**42,083**	**5,996**
Afghanistan	2,420	18	204	15	1	6	3	-	1,732	211	230
Bangladesh	4,651	32	180	214	54	10	4	5	7	4,074	71
Burma	214	9	113	26	15	4	9	-	3	19	16
Cambodia	2,747	1	63	9	-	1	9	-	2,639	7	18
China, Mainland	6,856	162	2,230	1,568	555	492	313	66	261	957	252
Hong Kong	1,852	38	505	610	292	37	39	83	77	106	65
India	21,129	434	3,326	1,613	1,900	361	142	127	48	12,857	321
Indonesia	551	5	175	167	47	6	20	8	13	49	61
Iran	13,935	93	3,890	1,599	133	46	68	49	6,507	447	1,103
Iraq	902	2	524	100	24	11	10	8	139	38	46
Israel	2,445	62	1,337	213	276	59	34	26	28	307	103
Japan	2,563	53	657	529	200	38	219	93	47	171	556
Jordan	1,768	34	897	437	24	7	11	-	23	274	61
Korea	8,167	456	1,986	992	276	21	316	89	29	3,129	873
Kuwait	531	9	209	220	15	1	3	2	18	50	4
Laos	9,659	7	485	6	1	2	8	-	9,082	26	42
Lebanon	2,854	80	1,210	538	124	55	32	18	203	470	124
Malaysia	1,080	19	271	332	134	8	46	20	100	121	29
Pakistan	13,054	154	954	486	120	12	36	34	117	10,921	220
Philippines	19,186	839	5,371	340	3,052	74	1,795	90	497	6,094	1,034
Saudi Arabia	227	6	89	71	10	1	2	2	7	26	13
Singapore	301	7	79	87	57	3	24	3	2	27	12
Sri Lanka	665	19	116	107	46	9	8	7	17	281	55
Syria	1,533	23	594	275	22	5	20	5	323	219	47
Taiwan	4,841	150	1,396	1,732	709	45	48	169	8	331	253
Thailand	5,095	56	551	224	23	-	130	2	3,608	317	184
Turkey	1,370	28	398	145	60	16	24	6	203	400	90
Vietnam	23,142	9	341	37	19	6	69	3	22,558	15	85
Yemen	222	10	90	25	1	-	2	-	1	84	9
Other Asia	332	3	77	103	34	4	11	9	17	55	19
Africa	**26,220**	**520**	**5,912**	**3,736**	**641**	**279**	**240**	**145**	**3,162**	**9,029**	**2,556**
Cameroon	418	7	39	160	5	2	2	-	4	162	37
Cape Verde	203	-	171	1	-	1	11	-	1	15	3
Egypt	3,096	70	898	90	64	13	23	20	56	1,751	111
Ethiopia	4,559	27	791	463	7	49	14	1	2,492	212	503
Ghana	2,316	35	298	161	28	14	33	1	23	1,526	197
Kenya	613	9	107	165	38	14	8	11	32	114	115

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 9. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED WHO WERE ADJUSTED TO PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY SELECTED STATUS AT ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of birth	Total	Visitors for business	Visitors for pleasure	Students[1]	Temporary workers[1]	Exchange visitors[1]	Fiances(ees)[2]	Intracompany transferees[1]	Refugees and parolees	Entered without inspection	Other and unknown
Liberia	1,133	40	458	119	5	4	2	1	11	177	316
Morocco	1,113	22	474	245	16	37	12	1	11	268	27
Nigeria	6,803	142	1,178	1,450	110	52	45	1	17	3,140	668
Senegal	789	44	72	25	3	2	1	–	3	602	37
Sierra Leone	653	24	270	97	7	4	5	–	1	117	128
Somalia	383	3	68	104	1	2	1	–	111	20	73
South Africa	1,043	23	353	110	265	23	16	92	33	62	66
Sudan	588	2	77	68	8	2	1	1	181	230	18
Tanzania	222	1	52	41	12	5	1	–	1	89	20
Uganda	360	3	61	70	14	16	3	–	27	102	64
Other Africa	1,928	68	545	367	58	39	62	16	158	442	173
Oceania	**3,783**	**77**	**1,286**	**175**	**174**	**43**	**136**	**80**	**41**	**1,186**	**585**
Australia	901	33	457	39	114	28	76	63	14	17	60
Fiji	319	4	128	18	3	–	7	1	–	150	8
New Zealand	472	24	239	27	49	15	47	15	7	11	38
Tonga	1,506	11	269	36	3	–	4	1	4	896	282
Western Somoa	469	4	157	32	–	–	–	–	5	104	167
Other Oceania	116	1	36	23	5	–	2	–	11	8	30
North America	**1,062,158**	**2,071**	**33,640**	**1,606**	**3,084**	**152**	**1,268**	**553**	**7,680**	**973,863**	**38,241**
Canada	5,605	72	1,930	325	680	64	478	396	120	859	681
Mexico	902,240	536	10,095	267	1,519	30	462	79	124	858,967	30,161
Caribbean	**74,544**	**1,128**	**13,628**	**609**	**798**	**28**	**193**	**25**	**5,490**	**49,635**	**3,010**
Antigua-Barbuda	438	7	188	17	7	–	1	–	2	101	115
Bahamas, The	749	2	310	36	5	1	3	1	6	195	190
Barbados	569	14	279	25	23	1	9	1	4	89	124
Cuba	8,331	16	2,611	13	2	4	5	7	5,332	282	59
Dominica	292	6	72	4	6	–	2	–	3	163	36
Dominican Republic	14,004	252	2,399	51	120	3	71	2	13	10,791	302
Grenada	349	13	157	14	9	–	–	–	–	98	58
Haiti	36,406	504	3,330	56	40	1	10	2	89	31,633	741
Jamaica	8,240	206	2,261	148	479	10	65	5	20	4,227	819
St. Kitts-Nevis	257	4	126	11	6	–	–	–	6	59	45
St. Lucia	322	15	124	10	22	1	2	–	2	111	35
St. Vincent & Grenadines	267	9	110	18	11	–	3	–	1	60	55
Trinidad & Tobago	3,884	74	1,443	178	60	4	16	4	10	1,767	328
Other Caribbean	436	6	218	28	8	3	6	3	2	59	103
Central America	**79,726**	**335**	**7,977**	**404**	**86**	**28**	**135**	**52**	**1,940**	**64,388**	**4,381**
Belize	1,410	25	214	24	3	–	2	–	2	817	323
Costa Rica	1,434	24	400	23	4	3	15	2	21	730	212
El Salvador	34,260	41	721	57	19	2	29	13	153	32,379	846
Guatemala	20,206	69	690	30	14	8	22	7	38	18,717	611
Honduras	6,503	52	674	44	14	–	21	1	55	5,379	263
Nicaragua	14,302	100	4,436	147	14	14	15	7	1,510	6,161	1,898
Panama	1,611	24	842	79	18	1	31	22	161	205	228
Other North America	43	–	10	1	1	2	–	1	6	14	8
South America	**42,385**	**799**	**9,086**	**1,134**	**563**	**112**	**391**	**187**	**169**	**27,267**	**2,677**
Argentina	2,199	61	758	77	95	22	31	42	8	756	349
Bolivia	1,921	36	261	66	16	1	6	6	2	1,397	130
Brazil	6,449	146	1,620	193	109	23	136	46	23	4,003	150
Chile	1,576	53	475	63	44	20	27	17	16	642	219
Colombia	12,084	189	1,926	212	98	10	66	21	49	8,939	574
Ecuador	4,638	43	690	44	20	2	21	1	14	3,502	301
Guyana	1,936	58	736	57	27	7	25	10	6	831	179
Paraguay	155	2	48	6	6	1	7	–	–	76	9
Peru	8,996	155	1,694	149	83	12	47	16	23	6,307	510
Uruguay	755	10	136	7	4	3	4	1	5	500	85
Venezuela	1,601	44	711	253	61	10	19	26	22	298	157
Other South America	75	2	31	7	–	1	2	1	1	16	14
Unknown or not reported	70	–	11	7	–	–	–	–	2	40	10

[1] Includes spouses and children.
[2] Includes children.
– Represents zero.

TABLE 10. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED IN FISCAL YEAR 1991, BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ENTRY, TYPE OF ADMISSION, AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Region and country of birth	Total	New arrivals 1990-91	Adjustments											
			1990-91	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	Before 1981	Unknown
All countries	**1,827,167**	**443,107**	**87,217**	**88,724**	**217,577**	**119,280**	**85,627**	**393,696**	**111,662**	**41,516**	**22,921**	**85,259**	**125,752**	**4,829**
Europe	**135,234**	**40,082**	**33,515**	**42,263**	**5,260**	**2,269**	**1,651**	**2,840**	**1,674**	**657**	**389**	**1,216**	**2,516**	**902**
Austria	589	189	172	116	37	12	13	5	6	4	1	8	25	1
Belgium	525	224	163	43	18	13	19	9	5	4	2	11	13	1
Bulgaria	623	176	221	137	35	17	9	4	–	1	1	1	6	15
Czechoslovakia	1,156	249	310	355	96	38	21	19	9	4	5	8	21	21
Denmark	601	286	186	48	28	16	10	3	3	1	2	3	14	1
France	2,450	1,038	775	238	99	55	38	69	21	19	10	20	62	6
Germany	6,509	3,526	1,627	606	213	83	81	65	45	18	28	43	150	24
Greece	2,079	895	356	281	99	57	48	76	27	21	8	30	179	2
Hungary	1,534	316	211	680	129	61	29	18	11	10	7	20	36	6
Ireland	4,767	3,339	467	205	152	133	114	108	48	20	14	63	104	–
Italy	2,619	1,079	706	322	101	65	36	86	39	19	6	42	109	9
Netherlands	1,283	586	356	115	43	33	26	28	14	9	7	15	47	4
Norway	486	226	167	48	18	9	4	3	1	1	–	1	8	–
Poland	19,199	10,356	994	2,510	747	623	576	629	956	273	120	422	734	259
Portugal	4,524	2,599	218	104	137	63	95	936	150	34	20	92	73	3
Romania	8,096	3,294	1,510	1,900	559	332	124	47	12	17	14	13	18	256
Soviet Union	56,980	1,332	20,110	32,854	1,882	168	56	90	57	31	14	40	115	231
Spain	1,849	866	285	131	77	49	36	176	53	30	13	54	77	2
Sweden	1,080	559	333	79	37	21	12	10	6	3	3	5	11	1
Switzerland	696	294	214	77	29	19	8	6	4	7	6	8	20	4
United Kingdom	13,903	6,744	3,601	1,099	588	319	237	215	120	86	93	221	544	36
Yugoslavia	2,713	1,459	271	168	102	71	47	226	77	39	14	92	134	13
Other Europe	973	450	262	147	34	12	12	12	10	6	1	4	16	7
Asia	**358,533**	**204,241**	**32,034**	**30,888**	**14,061**	**7,783**	**6,483**	**36,228**	**10,484**	**4,377**	**3,205**	**2,202**	**5,340**	**1,207**
Afghanistan	2,879	459	598	786	256	105	32	67	65	122	80	28	65	216
Bangladesh	10,676	6,025	74	48	81	69	56	3,338	459	208	204	67	41	6
Burma	946	732	79	50	23	6	8	17	8	3	4	3	5	8
Cambodia	3,251	504	274	870	674	60	156	352	162	93	21	42	31	12
China, Mainland	33,025	26,169	1,837	803	665	542	639	1,039	448	238	203	149	205	88
Hong Kong	10,427	8,575	451	305	230	183	139	148	95	86	57	36	118	4
India	45,064	23,935	2,632	1,115	1,550	1,039	801	10,330	1,918	714	562	223	221	24
Indonesia	2,223	1,672	144	81	49	51	43	58	33	13	17	12	48	2
Iran	19,569	5,634	2,628	3,968	1,459	770	725	906	598	343	229	161	1,708	440
Iraq	1,494	592	467	111	29	24	21	30	16	24	65	33	70	12
Israel	4,181	1,736	901	494	259	164	106	233	117	36	15	45	69	6
Japan	5,049	2,486	1,259	382	225	99	93	132	81	47	23	43	171	8
Jordan	4,259	2,491	565	317	182	134	92	193	105	50	31	24	64	11
Korea	26,518	18,351	1,278	494	375	329	332	2,878	964	513	519	275	198	12
Kuwait	861	330	185	85	74	48	36	54	22	3	9	7	8	–
Laos	9,950	291	1,371	4,566	1,941	918	351	120	85	29	41	42	116	79
Lebanon	6,009	3,155	592	428	418	234	158	436	224	114	42	36	110	62
Malaysia	1,860	780	234	183	137	115	88	118	78	40	30	13	43	1
Pakistan	20,355	7,301	450	258	251	186	285	9,446	1,336	230	182	211	204	15
Philippines	63,596	44,410	3,941	1,641	1,415	1,034	1,074	4,403	2,644	910	509	452	1,128	35
Saudi Arabia	552	325	56	54	21	11	22	30	16	4	–	–	4	9
Singapore	535	234	108	54	36	21	15	22	14	9	3	6	12	1
Sri Lanka	1,377	712	85	57	55	28	32	233	73	40	12	11	12	27
Syria	2,837	1,304	308	334	271	117	76	198	91	37	20	25	39	17
Taiwan	13,274	8,433	1,064	504	603	519	516	580	410	255	190	96	101	3
Thailand	7,397	2,302	819	1,515	1,135	451	224	291	171	94	47	45	258	45
Turkey	2,528	1,158	293	262	147	92	69	260	93	33	19	29	69	4
Vietnam	55,307	32,165	9,209	11,012	1,445	401	270	205	126	82	64	71	199	58
Yemen	1,547	1,325	42	38	14	9	11	66	21	1	5	6	8	1
Other Asia	987	655	90	73	41	24	13	45	11	6	2	11	15	1
Africa	**36,179**	**9,959**	**3,648**	**2,798**	**1,802**	**1,481**	**1,181**	**5,787**	**2,342**	**1,312**	**947**	**1,722**	**2,668**	**532**
Cameroon	452	34	23	14	22	33	27	135	53	28	19	27	35	2
Cape Verde	973	770	23	59	57	21	11	16	8	2	–	1	5	–
Egypt	5,602	2,506	450	217	159	94	70	1,509	260	82	59	96	92	8
Ethiopia	5,127	568	1,291	1,199	231	310	211	159	131	169	116	129	256	357
Ghana	3,330	1,014	112	50	69	68	53	860	310	87	50	258	376	23
Kenya	1,185	572	111	60	58	30	35	77	33	21	26	26	134	2

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 10. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED IN FISCAL YEAR 1991, BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ENTRY, TYPE OF ADMISSION, AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH—Continued

Region and country of birth	Total	New arrivals 1990-91	Adjustments											
			1990-91	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	Before 1981	Unknown
Liberia	1,292	159	126	45	49	58	60	148	81	48	46	115	349	8
Morocco	1,601	488	169	194	276	132	51	190	43	14	6	15	21	2
Nigeria	7,912	1,109	261	267	350	348	366	1,587	1,024	652	484	628	827	9
Senegal	869	80	22	14	23	24	28	295	75	21	7	240	39	1
Sierra Leone	951	298	72	87	52	23	43	101	38	13	15	45	159	5
Somalia	458	75	81	54	21	21	24	24	41	20	8	10	18	61
South Africa	1,854	811	333	181	134	104	57	69	34	20	20	20	62	9
Sudan	679	91	123	112	30	37	14	206	34	11	11	6	3	1
Tanzania	500	278	24	15	18	13	8	49	21	21	10	16	27	–
Uganda	538	178	47	10	33	18	10	30	32	35	30	19	92	4
Other Africa	2,856	928	380	220	220	147	113	332	124	68	40	71	173	40
Oceania	**6,236**	**2,453**	**908**	**293**	**177**	**109**	**106**	**467**	**283**	**209**	**356**	**206**	**665**	**4**
Australia	1,678	777	517	148	59	39	31	13	11	11	9	9	53	1
Fiji	1,349	1,030	47	33	37	17	11	97	28	17	5	12	15	–
New Zealand	793	321	242	71	47	21	23	3	5	7	7	6	40	–
Tonga	1,685	179	19	13	14	10	29	307	218	152	287	130	326	1
Western Somoa	561	92	50	18	13	19	9	40	16	20	46	45	193	–
Other Oceania	170	54	33	10	7	3	3	7	5	2	2	4	38	2
North America	**1,210,981**	**148,823**	**13,460**	**10,466**	**193,370**	**105,797**	**74,361**	**333,221**	**93,253**	**33,789**	**17,365**	**75,014**	**109,956**	**2,106**
Canada	13,504	7,899	2,858	632	310	234	203	134	89	49	40	224	741	91
Mexico	946,167	43,927	4,431	1,799	184,608	100,769	68,551	280,492	73,887	26,839	13,038	56,561	90,961	304
Caribbean	**140,139**	**65,595**	**4,363**	**5,583**	**3,563**	**1,759**	**1,650**	**31,531**	**10,583**	**2,897**	**2,129**	**4,483**	**5,904**	**99**
Antigua-Barbuda	944	506	55	16	24	26	25	44	10	9	13	50	166	–
Bahamas, The	1,062	313	106	29	19	22	17	77	41	34	30	85	288	1
Barbados	1,460	891	89	52	40	37	24	61	27	21	10	33	175	–
Cuba	10,349	2,018	945	3,691	1,858	491	224	147	73	87	120	35	608	52
Dominica	982	690	21	13	12	14	6	58	37	6	7	44	74	–
Dominican Republic	41,405	27,401	1,354	666	428	140	324	6,248	1,307	194	71	1,922	1,340	10
Grenada	979	630	35	27	36	21	22	60	22	4	6	35	81	–
Haiti	47,527	11,121	348	152	173	346	543	20,922	7,865	2,165	1,647	1,188	1,045	12
Jamaica	23,828	15,588	779	517	473	340	309	2,332	876	279	159	782	1,376	18
St. Kitts-Nevis	830	573	55	11	12	16	15	16	6	2	3	22	99	–
St. Lucia	766	444	37	37	28	16	10	66	18	13	8	28	60	1
St. Vincent & Gren.	808	541	26	24	18	20	11	39	22	8	7	26	66	–
Trinidad & Tobago	8,407	4,523	409	318	405	254	104	1,415	253	65	37	203	419	2
Other Caribbean	792	356	104	30	37	16	16	46	26	10	11	30	107	3
Central America	**111,093**	**31,367**	**1,797**	**2,450**	**4,883**	**3,035**	**3,956**	**21,060**	**8,691**	**4,002**	**2,158**	**13,742**	**12,344**	**1,608**
Belize	2,377	967	39	17	35	17	27	65	30	20	10	214	935	1
Costa Rica	2,341	907	164	74	87	50	65	291	104	61	38	206	286	8
El Salvador	47,351	13,091	248	158	1,221	693	1,076	9,384	4,337	2,053	962	8,103	5,826	199
Guatemala	25,527	5,321	233	123	1,229	774	896	7,342	2,336	757	433	3,300	2,721	62
Honduras	11,451	4,948	257	125	386	159	243	2,244	806	295	103	1,113	755	17
Nicaragua	17,842	3,540	454	1,639	1,712	1,282	1,589	1,632	1,035	777	593	745	1,569	1,275
Panama	4,204	2,593	402	314	213	60	60	102	43	39	19	61	252	46
Other North America	78	35	11	2	6	–	1	4	3	2	–	4	6	4
South America	**79,934**	**37,549**	**3,651**	**2,015**	**2,904**	**1,840**	**1,842**	**15,126**	**3,618**	**1,168**	**656**	**4,896**	**4,593**	**76**
Argentina	3,889	1,690	384	188	201	110	97	356	104	57	36	254	412	–
Bolivia	3,006	1,085	76	66	93	73	67	953	148	63	28	153	199	2
Brazil	8,133	1,684	725	378	724	503	343	2,924	446	121	33	132	114	6
Chile	2,842	1,266	189	104	105	67	71	312	133	45	36	152	353	9
Colombia	19,702	7,618	782	395	585	446	557	4,458	1,094	289	149	1,876	1,432	21
Ecuador	9,958	5,320	221	109	224	99	144	1,762	438	119	56	800	664	2
Guyana	11,666	9,730	174	97	110	143	114	422	245	102	58	183	286	2
Paraguay	538	383	29	10	21	11	9	43	11	1	–	10	10	–
Peru	16,237	7,241	543	383	627	279	329	3,514	868	299	208	1,090	832	24
Uruguay	1,161	406	45	22	49	22	44	189	58	21	11	148	145	1
Venezuela	2,622	1,021	466	251	160	84	62	180	69	49	40	94	139	7
Other South America	180	105	17	12	5	3	5	13	4	2	1	4	7	2
Unknown or not reported	70	–	1	1	3	1	3	27	8	4	3	3	14	2

– Represents zero.

NOTE: The year of entry for new arrivals is the year entering as an immigrant. The year of entry for adjustments is the latest year of entry as a nonimmigrant or the latest year of entry in another temporary status.

TABLE 11. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY AGE AND SEX
FISCAL YEARS 1981-91

Age and sex	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total	**596,600**	**594,131**	**559,763**	**543,903**	**570,009**	**601,708**	**601,516**	**643,025**	**1,090,924**	**1,536,483**	**1,827,167**
Under 5 years	35,791	35,326	33,855	32,396	32,867	33,767	32,733	31,063	31,577	33,520	36,669
5- 9 years	46,842	47,461	40,632	37,540	37,717	39,720	37,501	38,186	46,775	51,922	49,609
10-14 years	54,969	52,776	46,794	44,957	44,890	47,152	43,939	44,531	85,332	95,453	66,237
15-19 years	63,071	61,391	55,405	53,655	53,769	56,283	57,439	57,859	98,911	125,516	109,261
20-24 years	79,015	84,430	81,434	76,546	80,677	79,640	77,620	77,938	112,002	181,258	354,747
25-29 years	89,215	91,590	91,438	87,463	94,284	95,318	94,481	96,188	167,117	274,035	380,682
30-34 years	68,395	65,641	64,361	63,224	67,177	72,449	72,734	79,439	169,195	251,589	276,464
35-39 years	42,478	40,275	40,145	40,501	43,339	47,574	49,541	58,525	122,958	173,723	182,200
40-44 years	29,345	27,789	26,355	25,990	27,397	30,039	33,175	41,720	79,955	112,988	120,980
45-49 years	20,711	20,390	19,167	19,893	20,647	22,469	24,383	29,708	51,918	71,425	78,393
50-54 years	17,385	16,937	15,844	16,364	17,116	19,161	20,195	23,888	38,937	51,949	57,023
55-59 years	15,490	15,296	14,383	14,787	15,826	18,028	18,515	20,887	30,042	39,776	41,330
60-64 years	12,764	12,719	12,070	12,456	13,801	15,905	15,931	17,549	22,700	30,329	30,856
65-69 years	10,248	10,388	8,404	8,624	9,503	11,226	11,348	12,359	16,786	21,338	21,616
70-74 years	6,094	6,459	5,249	5,406	6,069	7,012	6,542	6,827	8,824	11,021	11,109
75-79 years	3,086	3,226	2,595	2,650	3,083	3,689	3,363	3,836	4,904	6,369	5,938
80 years and over	1,701	2,037	1,632	1,451	1,847	2,276	2,006	2,497	2,841	4,082	3,680
Unknown	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	25	150	190	373
Male	**NA**	**287,874**	**271,966**	**274,896**	**286,141**	**300,777**	**300,238**	**324,521**	**550,176**	**818,443**	**1,213,767**
Under 5 years	NA	17,034	15,874	15,752	16,005	16,629	16,058	15,334	16,027	17,082	18,580
5- 9 years	NA	24,133	20,482	19,336	19,387	20,460	19,184	19,553	23,968	26,651	25,228
10-14 years	NA	27,206	23,761	23,423	23,445	24,248	22,727	22,993	43,667	48,697	34,112
15-19 years	NA	30,905	27,530	27,582	27,286	28,782	29,219	29,760	50,379	63,426	64,888
20-24 years	NA	40,450	39,433	39,018	39,843	38,563	36,963	37,514	53,691	95,684	263,149
25-29 years	NA	45,958	46,772	46,918	49,941	49,998	49,125	49,749	86,229	155,719	268,701
30-34 years	NA	32,827	32,470	33,600	35,779	38,411	38,344	42,000	87,875	139,578	188,466
35-39 years	NA	19,637	19,845	20,695	22,320	24,810	25,699	31,070	63,936	95,153	122,263
40-44 years	NA	13,497	12,652	12,920	13,973	15,369	16,969	22,049	41,265	61,368	80,507
45-49 years	NA	9,425	8,816	9,571	9,957	10,851	12,045	15,194	26,432	38,598	52,509
50-54 years	NA	7,192	6,604	7,181	7,323	8,399	9,091	11,310	18,746	26,394	35,955
55-59 years	NA	5,906	5,494	5,903	6,442	7,329	7,738	9,245	13,583	18,904	23,893
60-64 years	NA	4,974	4,835	5,257	5,696	6,627	6,691	7,482	9,917	13,275	15,741
65-69 years	NA	4,187	3,523	3,692	4,159	4,800	5,148	5,665	7,445	9,180	10,331
70-74 years	NA	2,610	2,214	2,316	2,607	3,003	2,888	2,956	3,826	4,639	5,047
75-79 years	NA	1,209	1,038	1,126	1,290	1,549	1,434	1,608	2,019	2,518	2,611
80 years and over	NA	724	623	606	688	949	873	1,027	1,095	1,467	1,507
Unknown	NA	-	-	-	-	-	42	12	76	110	279
Female	**NA**	**284,576**	**264,975**	**269,007**	**283,868**	**300,931**	**301,278**	**318,504**	**540,661**	**717,764**	**613,166**
Under 5 years	NA	17,156	16,807	16,644	16,862	17,138	16,675	15,729	15,542	16,423	18,086
5- 9 years	NA	22,208	18,911	18,204	18,330	19,260	18,317	18,633	22,803	25,260	24,370
10-14 years	NA	24,173	21,697	21,534	21,445	22,904	21,212	21,538	41,657	46,736	32,112
15-19 years	NA	28,762	25,939	26,073	26,483	27,501	28,220	28,099	48,523	62,077	44,357
20-24 years	NA	40,732	38,046	37,528	40,834	41,077	40,657	40,424	58,307	85,552	91,576
25-29 years	NA	41,683	40,264	40,545	44,343	45,320	45,356	46,439	80,880	118,271	111,944
30-34 years	NA	29,966	28,938	29,624	31,398	34,038	34,390	37,439	81,305	111,959	87,968
35-39 years	NA	18,934	18,655	19,806	21,019	22,764	23,842	27,455	59,012	78,546	59,910
40-44 years	NA	13,157	12,628	13,070	13,424	14,670	16,206	19,671	38,684	51,606	40,452
45-49 years	NA	10,194	9,593	10,322	10,690	11,618	12,338	14,514	25,481	32,816	25,870
50-54 years	NA	9,128	8,626	9,183	9,793	10,762	11,104	12,578	20,189	25,545	21,058
55-59 years	NA	8,792	8,299	8,884	9,384	10,699	10,777	11,642	16,455	20,867	17,432
60-64 years	NA	7,290	6,745	7,199	8,105	9,278	9,240	10,067	12,783	17,042	15,109
65-69 years	NA	5,794	4,599	4,932	5,344	6,426	6,200	6,694	9,340	12,149	11,278
70-74 years	NA	3,603	2,825	3,090	3,462	4,009	3,654	3,871	4,997	6,375	6,053
75-79 years	NA	1,866	1,457	1,524	1,793	2,140	1,929	2,228	2,883	3,846	3,325
80 years and over	NA	1,138	946	845	1,159	1,327	1,133	1,470	1,746	2,614	2,172
Unknown	NA	-	-	-	-	-	28	13	74	80	94
Unknown sex	596,600	21,681	22,822	-	-	-	-	-	87	276	234
Percent distribution	**NA**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Male	NA	48.5	48.6	50.5	50.2	50.0	49.9	50.5	50.4	53.3	66.4
Female	NA	47.9	47.3	49.5	49.8	50.0	50.1	49.5	49.6	46.7	33.6
Unknown	NA	3.6	4.1	-	-	-	-	-	Z	Z	Z
Median age	**26.0**	**25.8**	**26.1**	**26.5**	**26.8**	**27.3**	**27.7**	**28.7**	**30.1**	**30.1**	**28.8**
Male	NA	25.4	25.9	26.3	26.7	27.2	27.6	28.7	30.1	30.1	28.6
Female	NA	26.0	26.3	26.7	26.9	27.4	27.7	28.7	30.2	30.2	29.3

- Represents zero. NA Not available. Z rounds to less than 0.05.

TABLE 12. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1991

Age and sex	All countries	Bangla-desh	Canada	China, Mainland	Colombia	Cuba	Dominican Republic	Ecuador	El Sal-vador	Guatemala
Total	**1,827,167**	**10,676**	**13,504**	**33,025**	**19,702**	**10,349**	**41,405**	**9,958**	**47,351**	**25,527**
Under 5 years	36,669	402	731	526	739	175	1,817	314	360	451
5- 9 years	49,609	347	1,018	802	580	247	3,365	499	1,041	529
10-14 years	66,237	317	993	1,483	822	491	4,135	569	2,489	966
15-19 years	109,261	692	882	2,110	780	810	4,700	738	2,917	1,273
20-24 years	354,747	1,808	1,289	2,478	1,951	692	4,616	1,407	8,197	4,436
25-29 years	380,682	2,455	2,128	4,074	4,466	963	6,145	2,089	11,620	6,453
30-34 years	276,464	2,256	1,979	2,944	3,848	764	5,216	1,548	8,428	4,650
35-39 years	182,200	1,242	1,444	2,652	2,420	845	3,684	994	5,295	2,956
40-44 years	120,980	466	1,134	2,692	1,388	905	2,414	582	2,875	1,764
45-49 years	78,393	248	749	2,057	828	794	1,409	368	1,475	900
50-54 years	57,023	153	433	1,866	620	671	1,168	255	955	512
55-59 years	41,330	120	323	2,226	452	495	980	190	534	253
60-64 years	30,856	78	195	2,499	364	665	802	150	458	203
65-69 years	21,616	60	107	2,311	217	707	458	124	321	91
70-74 years	11,109	19	57	1,342	130	525	267	60	213	52
75-79 years	5,938	10	20	676	52	335	150	45	95	23
80 years and over	3,680	2	21	286	40	264	77	25	66	8
Unknown age	373	1	1	1	5	1	2	1	12	7
Male	**1,213,767**	**8,271**	**6,817**	**15,246**	**10,197**	**5,152**	**22,184**	**5,812**	**28,886**	**16,880**
Under 5 years	18,580	200	403	256	372	100	913	151	188	231
5- 9 years	25,228	185	498	419	299	117	1,710	253	551	264
10-14 years	34,112	183	492	779	420	261	2,033	284	1,270	492
15-19 years	64,888	461	447	1,104	371	373	2,355	394	1,625	772
20-24 years	263,149	1,331	524	739	1,009	333	2,554	892	5,767	3,287
25-29 years	268,701	2,027	1,023	1,638	2,563	513	3,662	1,360	7,582	4,617
30-34 years	188,466	1,935	1,020	1,485	2,118	426	3,128	961	5,084	3,118
35-39 years	122,263	1,101	747	1,297	1,254	491	2,124	593	3,100	1,859
40-44 years	80,507	399	620	1,301	704	505	1,291	337	1,673	1,108
45-49 years	52,509	193	407	993	374	458	691	205	838	562
50-54 years	35,955	94	227	846	252	370	520	126	482	267
55-59 years	23,893	65	178	962	178	248	419	88	264	141
60-64 years	15,741	45	125	1,080	120	250	337	55	178	83
65-69 years	10,331	33	62	1,123	79	294	203	60	123	38
70-74 years	5,047	11	29	728	38	209	133	20	80	22
75-79 years	2,611	5	8	363	25	119	74	19	40	8
80 years and over	1,507	2	7	132	19	84	35	13	33	4
Unknown age	279	1	-	1	2	1	2	1	8	7
Female	**613,166**	**2,404**	**6,686**	**17,765**	**9,504**	**5,197**	**19,219**	**4,146**	**18,464**	**8,645**
Under 5 years	18,086	202	328	270	367	75	904	163	172	220
5- 9 years	24,370	162	520	383	281	130	1,655	246	490	265
10-14 years	32,112	134	501	704	402	230	2,102	285	1,219	474
15-19 years	44,357	231	435	1,005	409	437	2,345	344	1,292	501
20-24 years	91,576	476	765	1,739	942	359	2,062	515	2,430	1,148
25-29 years	111,944	428	1,105	2,436	1,903	450	2,483	729	4,038	1,835
30-34 years	87,968	321	959	1,458	1,730	338	2,088	587	3,344	1,532
35-39 years	59,910	141	697	1,350	1,165	354	1,560	401	2,195	1,097
40-44 years	40,452	67	513	1,391	684	400	1,122	245	1,202	656
45-49 years	25,870	55	342	1,064	454	336	718	163	636	338
50-54 years	21,058	59	206	1,018	368	301	648	129	473	245
55-59 years	17,432	55	145	1,264	274	247	561	102	270	112
60-64 years	15,109	33	70	1,419	244	415	464	95	280	120
65-69 years	11,278	27	45	1,188	138	413	255	64	198	53
70-74 years	6,053	8	28	609	92	316	134	40	133	30
75-79 years	3,325	5	12	313	27	216	76	26	55	15
80 years and over	2,172	-	14	154	21	180	42	12	33	4
Unknown age	94	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	4	-
Unknown sex	234	1	1	14	1	-	2	-	1	2
Percent distribution	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Male	66.4	77.5	50.5	46.2	51.8	49.8	53.6	58.4	61.0	66.1
Female	33.6	22.5	49.5	53.8	48.2	50.2	46.4	41.6	39.0	33.9
Median age	**28.8**	**28.4**	**29.3**	**38.9**	**30.6**	**41.0**	**26.7**	**28.4**	**28.7**	**28.9**
Male	28.6	29.3	30.1	39.6	30.1	39.6	27.1	28.3	28.2	28.6
Female	29.3	25.0	28.6	38.3	31.2	42.8	26.1	28.5	29.5	29.7

TABLE 12. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Age and sex	Guyana	Haiti	Hong Kong	India	Iran	Honduras	Jamaica	Korea	Mexico	Nicaragua
Total	**11,666**	**47,527**	**10,427**	**45,064**	**19,569**	**11,451**	**23,828**	**26,518**	**946,167**	**17,842**
Under 5 years	535	462	543	1,462	247	455	964	2,520	3,109	141
5- 9 years	755	698	883	1,244	1,067	597	1,906	916	4,773	1,236
10-14 years	1,136	2,258	1,219	1,426	1,043	753	2,302	1,502	10,810	1,975
15-19 years	1,305	2,395	1,270	1,898	984	749	2,402	1,889	42,964	2,027
20-24 years	1,095	4,279	688	4,670	1,494	1,457	2,179	2,141	258,981	2,052
25-29 years	1,359	8,201	1,399	8,745	2,415	2,369	3,221	3,514	237,025	2,128
30-34 years	1,321	9,714	1,515	7,430	2,430	2,020	3,295	3,274	146,662	2,307
35-39 years	1,123	7,555	1,100	5,192	1,958	1,292	2,467	2,509	89,820	1,868
40-44 years	848	4,356	858	3,321	1,461	720	1,697	2,198	57,836	1,360
45-49 years	595	2,825	252	2,193	1,080	377	1,166	1,836	39,235	937
50-54 years	458	1,781	274	1,985	1,032	201	745	1,322	25,923	641
55-59 years	409	1,259	182	1,819	1,124	152	567	944	15,486	452
60-64 years	327	842	121	1,562	1,155	133	397	770	7,680	292
65-69 years	213	521	65	1,130	1,076	95	236	543	3,512	200
70-74 years	108	209	32	584	560	38	131	371	1,154	117
75-79 years	62	93	18	286	275	27	87	185	541	53
80 years and over	17	62	8	114	166	15	65	82	412	54
Unknown age	–	17	–	3	2	1	1	2	244	2
Male	**5,615**	**25,079**	**5,211**	**27,349**	**10,072**	**5,912**	**11,823**	**13,144**	**747,661**	**8,962**
Under 5 years	245	223	285	696	130	209	507	1,242	1,531	71
5- 9 years	376	348	471	626	561	260	915	467	2,402	646
10-14 years	554	1,131	624	745	578	348	1,110	801	5,529	996
15-19 years	609	1,147	659	932	541	364	1,192	1,017	30,620	1,104
20-24 years	469	2,141	340	1,943	756	813	1,038	719	214,229	1,109
25-29 years	697	4,607	642	5,583	1,324	1,362	1,624	1,412	188,160	1,058
30-34 years	674	5,446	745	5,602	1,320	1,088	1,689	1,791	113,643	1,161
35-39 years	581	3,981	541	3,806	1,016	678	1,322	1,393	70,322	903
40-44 years	419	2,334	429	2,298	814	359	888	1,237	46,084	644
45-49 years	290	1,529	125	1,353	544	190	603	1,126	31,788	447
50-54 years	212	891	146	1,019	388	84	337	774	21,055	320
55-59 years	165	590	84	860	479	67	266	417	12,497	233
60-64 years	149	356	60	744	538	44	158	295	5,935	112
65-69 years	91	211	31	589	541	24	92	214	2,503	84
70-74 years	49	73	17	302	306	12	39	146	684	44
75-79 years	25	35	9	174	145	7	28	63	296	12
80 years and over	10	25	3	74	90	3	14	29	184	17
Unknown age	–	11	–	3	1	–	1	1	199	1
Female	**6,048**	**22,431**	**5,215**	**17,706**	**9,487**	**5,538**	**12,005**	**13,363**	**198,461**	**8,876**
Under 5 years	290	239	258	766	117	246	457	1,278	1,578	70
5- 9 years	379	350	412	618	505	337	991	449	2,371	590
10-14 years	582	1,127	595	681	465	405	1,192	701	5,280	979
15-19 years	696	1,248	611	966	440	385	1,210	872	12,341	922
20-24 years	626	2,138	348	2,726	738	644	1,141	1,421	44,747	941
25-29 years	662	3,591	756	3,162	1,091	1,007	1,597	2,100	48,852	1,070
30-34 years	647	4,265	770	1,827	1,110	932	1,606	1,478	33,011	1,146
35-39 years	541	3,567	559	1,385	942	614	1,145	1,116	19,492	965
40-44 years	429	2,022	429	1,023	647	361	809	961	11,748	715
45-49 years	304	1,294	127	840	534	186	563	710	7,443	490
50-54 years	246	889	128	965	644	117	408	547	4,867	321
55-59 years	244	669	98	958	644	85	301	527	2,989	219
60-64 years	177	486	61	817	617	89	239	473	1,745	180
65-69 years	122	309	34	540	534	71	144	329	1,009	116
70-74 years	59	136	15	282	252	26	92	225	470	73
75-79 years	37	58	9	110	130	20	59	122	245	41
80 years and over	7	37	5	40	76	12	51	53	228	37
Unknown age	–	6	–	–	1	1	–	1	45	1
Unknown sex	3	17	1	9	10	1	–	11	45	4
Percent distribution	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Male	48.1	52.8	50.0	60.7	51.5	51.6	49.6	49.6	79.0	50.2
Female	51.8	47.2	50.0	39.3	48.5	48.4	50.4	50.4	21.0	49.7
Median age	**28.6**	**32.8**	**27.4**	**31.9**	**35.3**	**28.6**	**28.4**	**31.2**	**27.9**	**28.5**
Male	28.9	32.7	27.1	32.7	34.4	28.5	28.5	32.6	27.9	27.6
Female	28.3	33.0	27.7	29.9	36.4	28.8	28.2	29.6	28.2	29.4

TABLE 12. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Age and sex	Pakistan	Peru	Philippines	Poland	Soviet Union	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	**20,355**	**16,237**	**63,596**	**19,199**	**56,980**	**13,274**	**13,903**	**55,307**	**196,760**
Under 5 years	711	968	2,545	545	3,050	361	511	1,761	10,264
5- 9 years	533	466	3,297	1,254	6,165	667	752	3,421	10,551
10-14 years	494	723	4,321	1,427	5,125	1,188	753	5,088	10,429
15-19 years	682	853	5,394	1,542	4,276	833	848	9,801	12,247
20-24 years	2,260	1,603	5,231	1,398	3,033	819	1,814	9,065	23,614
25-29 years	4,383	2,811	7,855	2,151	4,477	1,835	2,995	5,045	38,361
30-34 years	4,360	2,709	8,939	2,635	6,413	2,611	2,051	3,647	31,498
35-39 years	2,764	2,031	6,151	2,580	5,974	1,793	1,298	3,690	19,503
40-44 years	1,564	1,284	4,520	1,989	5,218	1,016	1,030	3,222	12,262
45-49 years	845	710	2,938	1,141	1,861	476	737	2,534	7,827
50-54 years	655	444	2,880	928	2,349	387	433	2,187	5,765
55-59 years	414	433	2,817	693	1,809	412	253	1,880	4,652
60-64 years	308	413	2,699	501	2,249	373	150	1,629	3,841
65-69 years	203	337	2,026	247	2,408	292	104	1,103	2,909
70-74 years	103	224	1,200	71	1,174	114	66	694	1,494
75-79 years	53	138	569	60	812	68	56	359	790
80 years and over	20	89	212	35	577	29	52	177	705
Unknown age	3	1	2	2	10	–	–	4	48
Male	**15,463**	**8,747**	**26,764**	**9,687**	**27,481**	**6,024**	**7,393**	**26,581**	**105,354**
Under 5 years	347	452	1,376	290	1,552	194	287	899	5,230
5- 9 years	262	235	1,676	630	3,152	326	418	1,788	5,373
10-14 years	268	363	2,229	761	2,648	662	403	2,724	5,424
15-19 years	373	452	2,667	815	2,225	293	453	5,375	6,148
20-24 years	1,599	896	1,669	646	1,344	375	778	4,694	11,155
25-29 years	3,562	1,574	2,734	1,042	2,020	716	1,521	2,544	21,534
30-34 years	3,687	1,564	3,418	1,380	3,121	1,269	1,149	1,615	18,829
35-39 years	2,353	1,208	2,604	1,366	3,013	839	717	1,464	11,590
40-44 years	1,306	727	2,024	1,053	2,742	461	599	1,184	6,967
45-49 years	655	395	1,277	569	993	247	454	1,036	4,167
50-54 years	434	219	1,205	474	1,146	163	260	847	2,797
55-59 years	231	174	1,101	285	782	127	146	757	2,089
60-64 years	172	162	1,100	209	886	143	81	704	1,620
65-69 years	109	137	832	93	913	125	59	450	1,218
70-74 years	64	84	496	34	453	51	33	281	609
75-79 years	28	67	252	27	295	23	17	151	296
80 years and over	11	38	103	13	191	10	18	67	278
Unknown age	2	–	1	–	5	–	–	1	30
Female	**4,886**	**7,490**	**36,825**	**9,512**	**29,496**	**7,239**	**6,510**	**28,700**	**91,348**
Under 5 years	364	516	1,168	255	1,498	167	224	861	5,033
5- 9 years	271	231	1,620	624	3,013	340	334	1,630	5,173
10-14 years	226	360	2,092	666	2,477	525	350	2,357	5,001
15-19 years	309	401	2,727	727	2,051	539	395	4,422	6,096
20-24 years	661	707	3,562	752	1,688	444	1,036	4,371	12,449
25-29 years	820	1,237	5,119	1,109	2,456	1,117	1,474	2,498	16,819
30-34 years	672	1,145	5,519	1,255	3,292	1,341	902	2,030	12,663
35-39 years	410	823	3,547	1,214	2,961	952	581	2,225	7,911
40-44 years	257	557	2,495	936	2,476	554	431	2,034	5,288
45-49 years	189	315	1,661	572	867	229	283	1,498	3,659
50-54 years	220	225	1,675	454	1,203	224	173	1,340	2,965
55-59 years	183	259	1,716	408	1,027	285	107	1,122	2,561
60-64 years	136	251	1,599	292	1,363	229	69	925	2,221
65-69 years	94	200	1,194	154	1,495	166	45	653	1,688
70-74 years	39	140	704	37	721	63	33	413	883
75-79 years	25	71	317	33	517	45	39	208	494
80 years and over	9	51	109	22	386	19	34	110	426
Unknown age	1	1	1	2	5	–	–	3	18
Unknown sex	6	–	7	–	3	11	–	26	58
Percent distribution	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Male	76.0	53.9	42.1	50.5	48.2	45.4	53.2	48.1	53.5
Female	24.0	46.1	57.9	49.5	51.8	54.5	46.8	51.9	46.4
Median age	**31.2**	**31.2**	**31.7**	**32.5**	**32.0**	**31.7**	**28.8**	**23.9**	**29.1**
Male	31.8	31.2	31.5	32.4	31.5	31.9	29.5	22.2	29.5
Female	28.7	31.2	31.8	32.7	32.4	31.6	28.1	26.2	28.5

– Represents zero.

TABLE 13. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY MARITAL STATUS, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1991

Age and sex	Total	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Unknown
Total	**1,827,167**	**926,590**	**803,951**	**28,618**	**27,522**	**26,208**	**14,278**
Under 5 years	36,669	36,669	-	-	-	-	-
5- 9 years	49,609	49,609	-	-	-	-	-
10-14 years	66,237	66,167	36	-	3	-	31
15-19 years	109,261	103,144	5,308	11	40	86	672
20-24 years	354,747	274,517	74,890	252	454	1,485	3,149
25-29 years	380,682	205,582	163,270	721	2,810	4,982	3,317
30-34 years	276,464	99,574	161,698	1,152	5,410	6,179	2,451
35-39 years	182,200	44,007	124,573	1,389	5,700	4,980	1,551
40-44 years	120,980	20,824	89,450	1,568	4,673	3,393	1,072
45-49 years	78,393	10,673	60,152	1,735	3,006	2,157	670
50-54 years	57,023	6,233	44,391	2,355	2,161	1,428	455
55-59 years	41,330	3,793	31,923	3,108	1,379	814	313
60-64 years	30,856	2,483	22,645	4,216	889	426	197
65-69 years	21,616	1,583	14,608	4,513	582	168	162
70-74 years	11,109	781	6,557	3,374	235	65	97
75-79 years	5,938	412	2,931	2,399	115	21	60
80 years and over	3,680	335	1,384	1,820	57	17	67
Unknown age	373	204	135	5	8	7	14
Male	**1,213,767**	**646,586**	**523,203**	**5,810**	**13,316**	**14,107**	**10,745**
Under 5 years	18,580	18,580	-	-	-	-	-
5- 9 years	25,228	25,228	-	-	-	-	-
10-14 years	34,112	34,077	16	-	2	-	17
15-19 years	64,888	62,942	1,412	8	16	52	458
20-24 years	263,149	222,233	37,094	125	202	871	2,624
25-29 years	268,701	159,560	102,018	268	1,435	2,816	2,604
30-34 years	188,466	70,832	109,259	352	2,823	3,325	1,875
35-39 years	122,263	28,266	86,800	388	2,973	2,678	1,158
40-44 years	80,507	12,166	63,141	419	2,292	1,724	765
45-49 years	52,509	5,908	43,043	439	1,453	1,154	512
50-54 years	35,955	3,182	30,309	526	910	708	320
55-59 years	23,893	1,731	20,384	589	561	422	206
60-64 years	15,741	898	13,552	640	320	235	96
65-69 years	10,331	456	8,888	674	188	71	54
70-74 years	5,047	183	4,188	539	85	31	21
75-79 years	2,611	99	2,014	438	38	9	13
80 years and over	1,507	93	981	402	13	6	12
Unknown age	279	152	104	3	5	5	10
Female	**613,166**	**279,923**	**280,629**	**22,802**	**14,203**	**12,100**	**3,509**
Under 5 years	18,086	18,086	-	-	-	-	-
5- 9 years	24,370	24,370	-	-	-	-	-
10-14 years	32,112	32,077	20	-	1	-	14
15-19 years	44,357	40,189	3,895	3	24	34	212
20-24 years	91,576	52,276	37,783	127	252	614	524
25-29 years	111,944	46,010	61,233	453	1,375	2,166	707
30-34 years	87,968	28,734	52,421	800	2,587	2,854	572
35-39 years	59,910	15,734	37,759	1,001	2,727	2,301	388
40-44 years	40,452	8,656	26,293	1,148	2,380	1,669	306
45-49 years	25,870	4,763	17,099	1,296	1,552	1,003	157
50-54 years	21,058	3,051	14,073	1,829	1,250	720	135
55-59 years	17,432	2,062	11,534	2,519	818	392	107
60-64 years	15,109	1,585	9,089	3,575	569	191	100
65-69 years	11,278	1,125	5,717	3,838	394	97	107
70-74 years	6,053	598	2,364	2,833	150	34	74
75-79 years	3,325	313	915	1,961	77	12	47
80 years and over	2,172	242	403	1,417	44	11	55
Unknown age	94	52	31	2	3	2	4
Unknown sex	234	81	119	6	3	1	24
Percent distribution	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Male	66.4	69.8	65.1	20.3	48.4	53.8	75.3
Female	33.6	30.2	34.9	79.7	51.6	46.2	24.6
Unknown	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	.2
Median age	**28.8**	**23.8**	**35.0**	**62.4**	**39.4**	**35.4**	**29.9**
Male	28.6	24.1	35.6	58.2	38.6	35.0	29.3
Female	29.3	22.4	33.5	63.2	40.3	35.7	32.5

- Represents zero. Z rounds to less than 0.05.

TABLE 14. IMMIGRANT-ORPHANS ADOPTED BY U.S. CITIZENS BY SEX, AGE, AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of birth	Total *	Sex		Age			
		Male	Female	Under 1 year	1-4 years	5-9 years	Over 9 years
All countries	**9,008**	**4,228**	**4,780**	**5,409**	**2,528**	**691**	**380**
Europe	**2,761**	**1,266**	**1,495**	**1,495**	**1,076**	**162**	**28**
Albania	19	8	11	12	7	-	-
Hungary	25	6	19	2	16	6	1
Poland	95	43	52	33	35	18	9
Portugal	10	4	6	3	2	5	-
Romania	2,552	1,169	1,383	1,427	986	122	17
Soviet Union	12	6	6	3	6	3	-
United Kingdom	12	10	2	-	6	5	1
Yugoslavia	12	7	5	4	8	-	-
Other Europe	24	13	11	11	10	3	-
Asia	**3,194**	**1,519**	**1,675**	**1,942**	**803**	**235**	**214**
Cambodia	59	33	26	17	18	18	6
China, Mainland	62	13	49	41	15	3	3
Hong Kong	40	24	16	3	30	2	5
India	448	154	294	134	240	50	24
Japan	83	52	31	49	31	2	1
Korea	1,817	888	929	1,573	175	54	15
Lebanon	17	11	6	12	1	-	4
Philippines	417	213	204	57	183	49	128
Taiwan	55	25	30	33	16	4	2
Thailand	127	75	52	3	71	41	12
Vietnam	17	9	8	3	5	5	4
Other Asia	52	22	30	17	18	7	10
Africa	**41**	**20**	**21**	**6**	**10**	**12**	**13**
Ethiopia	18	8	10	3	3	4	8
Other Africa	23	12	11	3	7	8	5
Oceania	**16**	**5**	**11**	**13**	**2**	**-**	**1**
North America	**1,047**	**474**	**573**	**522**	**319**	**125**	**81**
Canada	12	7	5	6	2	1	3
Mexico	106	44	62	35	47	16	8
Caribbean	**159**	**66**	**93**	**46**	**48**	**31**	**34**
Dominican Republic	50	21	29	34	11	3	2
Haiti	52	24	28	7	24	14	7
Jamaica	39	15	24	4	12	10	13
Trinidad	12	2	10	1	-	1	10
Other Caribbean	6	4	2	-	1	3	2
Central America	**770**	**357**	**413**	**435**	**222**	**77**	**36**
Belize	4	2	2	2	-	-	2
Costa Rica	55	29	26	17	12	20	6
El Salvador	122	59	63	36	67	9	10
Guatemala	324	157	167	225	62	25	12
Honduras	244	101	143	149	72	18	5
Nicaragua	11	4	7	2	5	3	1
Panama	10	5	5	4	4	2	-
South America	**1,949**	**944**	**1,005**	**1,431**	**318**	**157**	**43**
Argentina	11	3	8	4	1	4	2
Bolivia	51	23	28	32	16	3	-
Brazil	178	105	73	72	39	53	14
Chile	263	136	127	208	38	13	4
Colombia	527	257	270	369	87	56	15
Ecuador	11	4	7	-	4	4	3
Paraguay	177	83	94	147	29	1	-
Peru	722	331	391	596	101	22	3
Other South America	9	2	7	3	3	1	2

- Represents zero.

TABLE 15. IMMIGRANT NEW ARRIVALS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of birth	All ports	Chicago, IL	El Paso, TX	Los Angeles, CA	Miami, FL	New York, NY	San Francisco, CA	San Diego, CA	Seattle, WA	Other
All countries	**443,107**	**16,810**	**25,055**	**61,484**	**42,909**	**134,672**	**44,857**	**12,477**	**18,246**	**86,597**
Europe	**40,082**	**6,274**	**72**	**1,904**	**951**	**17,415**	**682**	**19**	**377**	**12,388**
Austria	189	14	1	23	6	66	14	1	2	62
Belgium	224	39	1	21	7	77	2	-	2	75
Bulgaria	176	24	3	13	6	102	1	-	-	27
Czechoslovakia	249	12	2	21	5	113	2	-	4	90
Denmark	286	22	-	32	8	87	16	-	16	105
France	1,038	79	1	128	52	290	66	-	6	416
Germany	3,526	238	8	176	102	783	71	2	27	2,119
Greece	895	77	6	27	4	579	12	-	5	185
Hungary	316	18	-	32	5	165	7	-	3	86
Ireland	3,339	115	-	92	24	1,954	65	4	9	1,076
Italy	1,079	67	2	40	51	696	7	1	1	214
Netherlands	586	37	1	34	33	162	21	1	26	271
Norway	226	8	-	14	13	61	11	-	29	90
Poland	10,356	3,951	27	151	52	4,941	26	3	23	1,182
Portugal	2,599	1	-	9	18	995	5	1	1	1,569
Romania	3,294	711	-	96	33	1,671	58	-	70	655
Soviet Union	1,332	45	4	100	16	999	9	-	11	148
Spain	866	13	9	30	88	548	4	1	2	171
Sweden	559	83	1	57	39	181	10	-	18	170
Switzerland	294	36	1	30	11	122	10	-	4	80
United Kingdom	6,744	341	2	703	351	1,696	249	5	105	3,292
Yugoslavia	1,459	325	2	53	10	885	8	-	9	167
Other Europe	450	18	1	22	17	242	8	-	4	138
Asia	**204,241**	**9,332**	**247**	**45,639**	**1,137**	**53,119**	**42,930**	**86**	**17,557**	**34,194**
Afghanistan	459	16	6	48	4	261	30	-	5	89
Bangladesh	6,025	27	-	475	39	4,546	42	-	412	484
Burma	732	14	-	187	-	136	274	-	73	48
Cambodia	504	15	-	108	1	95	118	-	98	69
China, Mainland	26,169	1,165	18	4,208	107	7,842	9,639	15	1,309	1,866
Hong Kong	8,575	316	2	1,427	26	2,057	3,357	1	582	807
India	23,935	2,337	4	2,119	229	12,262	2,455	2	385	4,142
Indonesia	1,672	13	-	962	6	127	342	1	37	184
Iran	5,634	328	77	1,478	163	1,753	271	9	203	1,352
Iraq	592	97	1	55	3	281	15	6	10	124
Israel	1,736	62	7	212	53	1,174	13	4	4	207
Japan	2,486	113	5	938	8	331	351	8	107	625
Jordan	2,491	403	8	241	25	1,485	54	-	4	271
Korea	18,351	568	3	6,082	161	4,013	1,530	-	1,282	4,712
Kuwait	330	30	14	12	2	175	3	1	4	89
Laos	291	18	1	51	-	30	85	-	68	38
Lebanon	3,155	229	74	488	80	1,334	40	7	70	833
Malaysia	780	9	-	408	2	103	136	-	39	83
Pakistan	7,301	480	-	462	104	4,735	404	1	54	1,061
Philippines	44,410	2,232	6	11,777	21	2,818	12,109	24	2,488	12,935
Saudi Arabia	325	25	-	23	6	206	8	-	2	55
Singapore	234	6	-	81	5	31	51	-	15	45
Sri Lanka	712	5	1	231	7	273	28	-	15	152
Syria	1,304	173	8	227	24	670	14	1	6	181
Taiwan	8,433	232	4	3,557	39	1,513	1,724	2	210	1,152
Thailand	2,302	150	1	720	1	230	424	1	353	422
Turkey	1,158	52	2	128	10	745	17	-	3	201
Vietnam	32,165	165	3	8,806	3	2,514	9,214	3	9,671	1,786
Yemen	1,325	29	-	33	3	1,167	32	-	-	61
Other Asia	655	23	2	95	5	212	150	-	48	120
Africa	**9,959**	**608**	**19**	**958**	**147**	**4,886**	**205**	**7**	**53**	**3,076**
Cameroon	34	4	-	-	1	14	1	-	-	14
Cape Verde	770	1	-	2	1	31	1	-	-	734
Egypt	2,506	188	1	366	29	1,613	18	-	9	282
Ethiopia	568	24	9	76	3	190	29	4	8	225
Ghana	1,014	77	-	68	4	582	7	-	-	276
Kenya	572	57	-	55	9	221	21	-	8	201
Liberia	159	7	3	2	4	98	5	-	3	37
Morocco	488	9	-	33	12	368	1	-	1	64
Nigeria	1,109	66	1	57	23	652	26	-	-	284

TABLE 15. IMMIGRANT NEW ARRIVALS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of birth	All ports	Chicago, IL	El Paso, TX	Los Angeles, CA	Miami, FL	New York, NY	San Francisco, CA	San Diego, CA	Seattle, WA	Other
Senegal	80	1	-	5	-	60	1	-	-	13
Sierra Leone	298	7	-	10	-	147	4	-	-	130
Somalia	75	1	-	2	-	50	1	-	1	20
South Africa	811	55	2	151	27	240	28	3	4	301
Sudan	91	7	-	13	1	27	14	-	4	25
Tanzania	278	34	-	25	2	125	3	-	3	86
Uganda	178	21	-	18	4	63	4	-	3	65
Other Africa	928	49	3	75	27	405	41	-	9	319
Oceania	**2,453**	**11**	**-**	**1,210**	**4**	**39**	**242**	**2**	**20**	**925**
Australia	777	6	-	410	4	25	16	-	8	308
Fiji	1,030	1	-	620	-	3	210	1	8	187
New Zealand	321	4	-	109	-	10	4	1	4	189
Tonga	179	-	-	35	-	-	8	-	-	136
Western Somoa	92	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	76
Other Oceania	54	-	-	20	-	1	4	-	-	29
North America	**148,823**	**482**	**24,681**	**9,907**	**24,203**	**41,328**	**755**	**12,331**	**236**	**34,900**
Canada	7,899	97	4	172	97	696	67	7	216	6,543
Mexico	43,927	257	24,480	156	57	165	76	12,074	1	6,661
Caribbean	**65,595**	**24**	**69**	**82**	**14,981**	**36,718**	**14**	**25**	**6**	**13,676**
Antigua-Barbuda	506	1	-	1	32	192	-	-	-	280
Bahamas, The	313	-	-	1	284	13	-	-	-	15
Barbados	891	-	-	2	69	647	2	-	-	171
Cuba	2,018	-	36	6	1,874	36	1	20	-	45
Dominica	690	2	1	-	78	150	-	-	-	459
Dominican Republic	27,401	2	22	6	2,299	17,128	2	1	1	7,940
Grenada	630	-	1	-	39	386	-	-	-	204
Haiti	11,121	1	1	1	5,316	5,633	-	1	1	167
Jamaica	15,588	12	6	63	3,936	9,175	8	2	3	2,383
St. Kitts-Nevis	573	3	-	-	31	107	-	-	1	431
St. Lucia	444	-	-	-	40	106	-	-	-	298
St. Vincent & Grenadines	541	-	-	-	38	406	-	-	-	97
Trinidad & Tobago	4,523	-	2	2	900	2,623	1	1	-	994
Other Caribbean	356	3	-	-	45	116	-	-	-	192
Central America	**31,367**	**103**	**124**	**9,495**	**9,066**	**3,741**	**598**	**224**	**13**	**8,003**
Belize	967	1	1	231	463	10	2	13	-	246
Costa Rica	907	2	-	132	494	116	5	1	-	157
El Salvador	13,091	5	65	5,823	1,631	1,184	493	78	9	3,803
Guatemala	5,321	66	28	2,179	1,216	521	36	72	-	1,203
Honduras	4,948	2	8	509	1,939	1,329	17	16	-	1,128
Nicaragua	3,540	2	20	531	2,045	53	43	33	3	810
Panama	2,593	25	2	90	1,278	528	2	11	1	656
Other North America	35	1	4	2	2	8	-	1	-	17
South America	**37,549**	**103**	**36**	**1,866**	**16,467**	**17,885**	**43**	**32**	**3**	**1,114**
Argentina	1,690	1	3	342	885	388	2	6	-	63
Bolivia	1,085	-	-	11	1,044	9	1	1	-	19
Brazil	1,684	47	-	124	657	758	16	-	1	81
Chile	1,266	1	-	127	964	135	-	1	-	38
Colombia	7,618	6	8	313	3,574	3,541	4	13	-	159
Ecuador	5,320	30	3	262	1,559	3,348	-	1	-	117
Guyana	9,730	-	2	5	501	8,889	-	1	-	332
Paraguay	383	1	-	12	265	97	-	-	-	8
Peru	7,241	15	16	623	6,253	211	16	9	1	97
Uruguay	406	1	-	41	176	177	-	-	-	11
Venezuela	1,021	1	4	6	541	282	4	-	1	182
Other South America	105	-	-	-	48	50	-	-	-	7

- Represents zero.

TABLE 16. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND STATE OF INTENDED RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991

State of intended residence	All countries	Bangla-desh	Canada	China, Mainland	Colombia	Cuba	Dominican Republic	Ecuador	El Sal-vador	Guatemala
Total	**1,827,167**	**10,676**	**13,504**	**33,025**	**19,702**	**10,349**	**41,405**	**9,958**	**47,351**	**25,527**
Alabama	2,706	17	42	56	22	3	5	1	9	22
Alaska	1,525	-	65	21	14	1	29	2	18	9
Arizona	40,642	12	311	210	60	4	7	15	282	597
Arkansas	2,559	9	21	16	5	1	-	1	69	7
California	732,735	1,064	2,287	12,265	1,692	398	109	964	22,951	13,634
Colorado	13,782	5	156	182	43	5	6	5	81	140
Connecticut	12,365	118	218	201	502	26	204	180	77	168
Delaware	1,937	5	24	54	10	1	11	6	11	24
District of Columbia	5,510	39	37	125	42	7	128	9	1,157	90
Florida	141,068	371	2,060	495	4,948	8,517	2,190	666	2,064	2,477
Georgia	23,556	122	247	238	366	16	41	36	509	218
Hawaii	8,659	6	218	594	7	-	2	7	15	1
Idaho	7,088	-	69	22	6	1	1	3	35	43
Illinois	73,388	118	338	1,164	475	39	78	663	366	1,062
Indiana	4,512	7	122	135	21	3	10	11	25	27
Iowa	3,331	2	58	35	8	2	-	15	24	14
Kansas	5,620	18	37	63	23	4	4	8	87	23
Kentucky	1,753	7	44	55	14	1	2	3	9	3
Louisiana	4,917	31	53	108	32	35	29	8	60	89
Maine	1,155	2	200	43	10	-	7	-	2	4
Maryland	17,470	125	141	499	154	17	180	55	1,514	380
Massachusetts	27,020	126	359	1,150	522	21	1,673	76	530	394
Michigan	16,090	136	757	326	37	17	44	12	37	80
Minnesota	7,461	6	183	188	74	2	14	12	40	36
Mississippi	1,254	6	24	23	4	1	4	-	-	11
Missouri	4,470	19	63	139	21	13	7	5	25	25
Montana	826	-	118	11	4	-	-	2	-	1
Nebraska	3,020	-	21	12	6	6	-	2	25	18
Nevada	10,470	16	133	140	30	148	13	13	280	148
New Hampshire	1,421	4	109	59	26	1	38	20	7	6
New Jersey	56,164	560	372	1,020	3,259	552	3,861	1,843	1,149	649
Mew Mexico	13,519	3	44	37	15	20	2	2	45	71
New York	188,104	6,854	1,290	9,667	5,184	168	22,190	4,865	3,282	1,552
North Carolina	16,772	3	172	114	72	4	26	40	392	218
North Dakota	565	-	59	6	4	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	8,632	40	243	279	45	6	25	12	33	34
Oklahoma	6,403	36	51	80	24	14	2	6	33	63
Oregon	24,575	10	186	317	22	4	-	1	140	327
Pennsylvania	20,033	78	266	542	190	19	206	55	74	102
Rhode Island	3,644	2	51	64	251	-	491	14	33	202
South Carolina	3,836	14	112	63	38	5	14	6	22	52
South Dakota	519	3	14	6	-	-	-	-	1	3
Tennessee	3,828	23	76	80	18	3	12	4	31	16
Texas	212,600	340	562	792	853	97	122	165	8,495	1,737
Utah	5,737	3	195	110	46	2	4	11	61	65
Vermont	709	1	119	15	1	-	3	-	1	2
Virginia	24,942	259	221	382	235	12	107	89	2,851	404
Washington	33,826	27	795	555	39	4	13	15	338	220
West Virginia	763	3	19	24	3	3	1	4	5	4
Wisconsin	5,888	13	92	116	36	14	9	3	30	30
Wyoming	566	2	10	9	-	-	-	2	-	1
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	2,113	-	1	31	1	-	-	-	-	-
Northern Mariana Is.	114	5	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	10,353	1	17	81	184	131	9,014	18	20	7
Virgin Islands	2,083	-	18	1	4	1	458	-	2	-
Other or unknown	2,569	5	4	-	-	-	9	3	4	17

TABLE 16. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND STATE OF INTENDED RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

State of intended residence	Guyana	Haiti	Hong Kong	India	Iran	Honduras	Jamaica	Korea	Mexico	Nicaragua
Total	**11,666**	**47,527**	**10,427**	**45,064**	**19,569**	**11,451**	**23,828**	**26,518**	**946,167**	**17,842**
Alabama	6	1	12	183	73	12	22	106	810	15
Alaska	1	3	9	17	4	3	4	150	328	3
Arizona	7	6	76	210	135	59	25	168	35,279	84
Arkansas	3	3	4	48	20	16	6	27	1,724	4
California	171	129	4,468	10,291	11,659	2,401	394	7,301	504,631	6,104
Colorado	5	4	35	142	149	23	13	240	9,130	19
Connecticut	146	687	60	703	111	69	1,225	145	414	44
Delaware	10	86	10	96	21	4	66	217	703	1
District of Columbia	77	79	14	69	48	59	214	72	134	81
Florida	676	30,375	217	1,224	459	2,599	5,981	424	42,928	7,570
Georgia	84	56	63	1,175	275	149	205	550	11,668	103
Hawaii	–	1	265	28	22	4	4	514	192	1
Idaho	–	–	6	18	12	6	4	28	6,364	1
Illinois	25	211	293	3,827	356	216	288	1,162	39,938	92
Indiana	3	5	35	253	75	19	27	141	1,692	8
Iowa	5	2	17	89	28	18	4	125	1,437	4
Kansas	1	1	23	131	61	18	8	83	3,483	14
Kentucky	–	7	14	113	36	2	3	86	278	1
Louisiana	24	10	39	251	80	369	14	88	946	624
Maine	–	4	18	25	8	13	7	31	98	1
Maryland	316	369	124	984	674	136	701	1,048	1,331	300
Massachusetts	80	3,293	451	1,061	276	221	505	232	444	39
Michigan	23	16	96	1,064	137	46	117	482	3,547	15
Minnesota	131	15	50	226	109	40	23	260	780	7
Mississippi	2	3	20	88	16	11	2	15	483	4
Missouri	12	15	28	218	101	23	28	168	757	19
Montana	–	–	1	10	2	–	2	43	264	–
Nebraska	1	–	6	25	29	12	3	84	1,812	10
Nevada	2	22	33	85	83	50	9	118	7,000	123
New Hampshire	–	32	14	86	13	4	23	90	155	8
New Jersey	992	2,683	291	4,939	328	631	1,643	1,434	2,981	287
Mew Mexico	1	7	12	76	29	18	1	46	12,222	22
New York	8,557	8,906	2,311	9,133	1,057	2,169	10,970	5,209	4,963	552
North Carolina	22	10	51	421	98	127	56	258	11,436	42
North Dakota	–	1	3	17	1	–	–	6	155	1
Ohio	27	8	111	843	189	46	122	335	1,046	20
Oklahoma	1	6	11	211	127	40	8	116	3,961	11
Oregon	3	2	90	124	119	45	6	257	18,082	23
Pennsylvania	54	164	163	1,361	233	84	549	983	4,477	54
Rhode Island	9	101	28	73	26	6	22	25	117	6
South Carolina	2	5	48	175	37	17	32	90	1,911	26
South Dakota	–	–	8	9	19	3	2	27	48	1
Tennessee	6	15	11	266	101	15	13	107	1,034	23
Texas	97	65	307	2,601	1,000	1,290	223	1,104	171,574	1,023
Utah	1	1	27	58	119	21	1	86	2,876	31
Vermont	–	3	7	25	15	2	8	9	17	1
Virginia	52	52	79	1,194	687	242	139	1,093	3,711	259
Washington	7	1	291	386	244	46	13	811	22,102	54
West Virginia	1	7	2	71	21	6	32	31	201	4
Wisconsin	6	3	36	282	44	17	47	129	1,580	76
Wyoming	–	–	6	16	3	2	–	11	368	–
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	–	–	15	5	–	–	–	141	8	–
Northern Mariana Is.	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	4	–	–
Puerto Rico	11	14	14	13	–	16	1	6	103	26
Virgin Islands	5	24	4	15	–	1	9	–	1	–
Other or unknown	1	14	–	9	–	5	4	2	2,443	1

TABLE 16. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND STATE OF INTENDED RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

State of intended residence	Pakistan	Peru	Philippines	Poland	Soviet Union	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	**20,355**	**16,237**	**63,596**	**19,199**	**56,980**	**13,274**	**13,903**	**55,307**	**196,760**
Alabama	34	9	90	14	40	39	66	310	687
Alaska	5	18	382	47	15	12	25	43	297
Arizona	56	64	355	65	111	71	211	806	1,356
Arkansas	5	5	84	7	2	9	46	132	285
California	3,084	3,651	32,698	909	14,409	5,840	3,043	21,542	44,646
Colorado	35	65	211	86	582	67	174	723	1,456
Connecticut	277	360	370	1,151	733	72	307	534	3,263
Delaware	25	10	60	23	67	28	54	13	297
District of Columbia	42	76	109	12	25	17	69	779	1,900
Florida	855	2,661	1,501	364	759	191	1,494	1,623	15,379
Georgia	426	257	274	63	607	235	276	1,396	3,901
Hawaii	15	27	4,367	2	8	100	82	498	1,679
Idaho	3	32	52	13	60	8	22	60	219
Illinois	1,464	334	2,924	6,666	2,757	368	546	967	6,651
Indiana	85	26	232	82	220	62	86	162	938
Iowa	13	11	89	18	81	41	58	531	602
Kansas	33	16	127	8	185	53	49	451	608
Kentucky	23	16	100	11	18	24	51	347	485
Louisiana	44	33	202	24	16	68	88	708	844
Maine	2	9	45	29	123	1	52	112	309
Maryland	377	358	791	144	880	272	259	697	4,644
Massachusetts	249	199	411	482	3,089	264	474	1,961	8,438
Michigan	304	52	659	598	1,019	229	354	685	5,201
Minnesota	41	87	217	67	713	61	106	732	3,241
Mississippi	5	4	83	4	-	22	48	146	225
Missouri	86	56	263	58	400	94	98	709	1,020
Montana	-	7	46	1	93	2	26	3	190
Nebraska	7	14	81	6	75	21	43	441	260
Nevada	41	37	692	28	30	74	101	207	814
New Hampshire	15	9	40	10	45	34	62	92	419
New Jersey	1,296	2,928	2,885	2,342	1,724	863	677	886	13,089
Mew Mexico	6	14	88	8	6	28	64	240	392
New York	7,504	2,828	4,045	4,430	19,618	1,581	1,727	2,235	35,257
North Carolina	122	64	239	65	54	82	196	626	1,762
North Dakota	4	1	27	5	13	-	22	160	80
Ohio	126	58	512	113	880	206	261	343	2,669
Oklahoma	51	29	132	10	26	51	85	443	775
Oregon	30	75	305	25	1,712	65	113	908	1,584
Pennsylvania	251	138	555	434	2,516	264	451	1,619	4,151
Rhode Island	17	34	86	81	287	21	44	54	1,499
South Carolina	19	12	202	14	30	47	130	100	613
South Dakota	1	3	30	21	39	3	13	70	195
Tennessee	41	22	141	47	180	61	114	456	912
Texas	1,806	486	1,775	213	859	875	655	5,257	8,227
Utah	51	95	106	34	246	52	85	369	981
Vermont	3	15	11	4	55	11	34	147	200
Virginia	1,197	728	1,352	65	379	293	427	1,896	6,537
Washington	94	75	1,563	195	729	266	255	1,889	2,799
West Virginia	15	5	51	3	8	13	15	51	160
Wisconsin	43	56	145	92	452	52	94	104	2,287
Wyoming	2	3	19	5	4	1	23	8	71
U.S. territories and possessions									
Guam	7	3	1,666	-	-	57	10	35	133
Northern Mariana Is.	-	-	83	-	-	-	-	-	16
Puerto Rico	3	48	9	-	1	1	12	1	601
Virgin Islands	7	4	6	1	-	1	26	-	1,495
Other or unknown	8	10	8	-	-	1	-	-	21

- Represents zero.

TABLE 17. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY STATE OF INTENDED RESIDENCE FISCAL YEARS 1983-91

State of intended residence	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total	**559,763**	**543,903**	**570,009**	**601,708**	**601,516**	**643,025**	**1,090,924**	**1,536,483**	**1,827,167**
Alabama	1,980	1,696	1,516	1,697	1,597	1,402	1,792	1,775	2,706
Alaska	858	970	990	1,115	992	989	1,013	1,207	1,525
Arizona	5,444	5,289	6,131	7,133	7,189	6,697	11,238	23,737	40,642
Arkansas	1,261	1,104	1,041	929	861	808	1,074	1,245	2,559
California	134,791	140,289	155,403	168,790	161,164	188,696	457,417	682,979	732,735
Colorado	5,551	4,656	5,471	4,739	4,562	4,541	7,101	9,125	13,782
Connecticut	6,577	7,069	6,948	7,001	8,058	7,161	8,430	10,678	12,365
Delaware	565	592	544	585	621	685	708	868	1,937
Dist. of Columbia	2,789	2,391	2,708	2,444	2,572	2,517	4,759	5,467	5,510
Florida	27,625	32,364	36,833	48,600	54,654	65,418	48,474	71,603	141,068
Georgia	6,719	4,690	5,452	5,671	6,118	5,677	8,093	10,431	23,556
Hawaii	7,118	8,981	7,868	7,814	6,796	6,637	7,292	8,441	8,659
Idaho	591	741	658	768	682	790	1,875	1,815	7,088
Illinois	26,286	26,617	26,624	26,093	25,995	27,726	69,263	83,858	73,388
Indiana	2,857	2,398	2,388	2,496	2,279	2,322	2,580	3,392	4,512
Iowa	2,158	1,564	1,645	1,309	1,579	1,697	1,760	2,252	3,331
Kansas	2,270	2,609	2,363	2,043	1,804	2,130	3,842	3,925	5,620
Kentucky	1,612	1,073	1,488	1,049	1,381	1,218	1,396	1,365	1,753
Louisiana	4,198	5,403	3,822	4,373	3,824	3,444	3,925	4,024	4,917
Maine	859	798	918	941	855	701	795	883	1,155
Maryland	9,768	9,749	10,118	10,768	11,846	11,502	14,258	17,106	17,470
Massachusetts	12,872	13,418	14,401	15,120	16,630	18,594	20,990	25,338	27,020
Michigan	8,441	8,065	8,276	8,560	8,929	9,073	9,552	10,990	16,090
Minnesota	6,103	5,243	4,995	5,189	5,621	4,665	5,704	6,627	7,461
Mississippi	616	786	684	785	862	760	845	931	1,254
Missouri	3,266	3,186	2,904	2,912	2,715	3,082	3,320	3,820	4,470
Montana	327	333	385	369	341	415	376	484	826
Nebraska	970	984	983	787	760	837	1,120	1,573	3,020
Nevada	2,389	2,130	2,778	3,021	2,562	2,726	5,242	8,270	10,470
New Hampshire	605	772	827	834	1,070	1,004	1,140	1,191	1,421
New Jersey	26,372	27,148	31,074	34,638	30,849	32,724	42,187	52,670	56,164
New Mexico	2,303	2,258	2,197	2,234	2,302	2,661	7,210	8,840	13,519
New York	93,159	107,056	104,734	110,216	114,194	109,259	134,766	189,589	188,104
North Carolina	3,494	3,207	3,151	3,317	3,181	3,777	4,634	5,387	16,772
North Dakota	483	385	404	400	305	324	323	448	565
Ohio	6,853	6,254	6,527	7,215	5,930	6,305	7,185	7,419	8,632
Oklahoma	3,268	4,915	2,964	2,516	2,131	2,050	4,366	5,274	6,403
Oregon	4,807	4,342	4,270	3,820	3,687	3,722	4,773	7,880	24,575
Pennsylvania	11,567	9,801	10,294	10,597	10,599	11,837	12,895	14,757	20,033
Rhode Island	3,384	2,666	2,439	2,684	2,425	2,390	3,134	3,683	3,644
South Carolina	1,504	1,677	1,591	1,344	1,480	1,360	1,787	2,130	3,836
South Dakota	259	293	307	233	304	254	265	287	519
Tennessee	2,146	2,065	2,130	2,071	2,276	2,439	2,763	2,893	3,828
Texas	46,480	42,180	43,915	42,316	42,349	43,271	112,927	174,132	212,600
Utah	2,391	2,746	2,335	2,106	1,995	2,113	2,926	3,335	5,737
Vermont	345	406	428	351	517	400	436	614	709
Virginia	10,372	9,528	11,224	10,557	11,235	11,908	15,690	19,005	24,942
Washington	11,840	9,234	9,675	9,470	9,684	9,890	13,630	15,129	33,826
West Virginia	623	628	561	583	530	482	500	552	763
Wisconsin	3,100	2,469	3,956	3,364	2,912	3,288	4,210	5,293	5,888
Wyoming	259	271	308	266	261	230	461	542	566
U.S. territories and possessions									
Guam	2,025	2,062	1,931	1,950	1,805	1,909	1,775	1,851	2,113
Northern Mariana Is.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	105	114
Puerto Rico	3,339	3,856	4,682	4,013	4,177	4,866	4,691	7,138	10,353
Virgin Islands	4,621	2,489	1,750	1,512	1,466	1,652	1,767	1,733	2,083
Other or unknown	27,303	7	-	-	3	-	109	397	2,569

- Represents zero.
NOTE: X Not applicable.

TABLE 18. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF INTENDED RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991

Metropolitan statistical area[1]	All countries	Bangla-desh	Canada	China, Main-land	Colom-bia	Cuba	Domin-ican Republic	El Sal-vador	Ecuador	Guate-mala
Total	**1,827,167**	**10,676**	**13,504**	**33,025**	**19,702**	**10,349**	**41,405**	**47,351**	**9,958**	**25,527**
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	257,160	775	762	3,626	916	283	45	16,111	729	9,596
New York, NY	163,006	6,550	559	8,964	4,431	155	21,309	1,545	4,562	1,142
Chicago, IL	60,590	93	232	1,023	387	36	63	280	649	1,005
San Diego, CA	59,329	17	250	309	67	5	9	185	19	668
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	59,015	107	251	502	270	29	3	861	80	737
Miami-Hialeah, FL	58,918	54	206	152	3,423	7,719	1,724	1,070	426	760
Houston, TX	53,690	142	145	362	570	38	79	5,294	103	848
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	50,608	51	176	157	107	20	15	804	63	701
Dallas, TX	39,352	116	147	210	142	29	14	2,145	37	422
Washington, DC-MD-VA	36,370	363	222	742	375	32	371	5,320	142	775
Fresno, CA	33,033	–	31	53	11	2	–	731	2	157
San Francisco, CA	29,989	21	176	4,068	79	7	9	1,726	24	514
San Jose, CA	28,942	34	129	962	52	15	3	332	7	153
Oakland, CA	24,416	23	123	1,667	63	10	9	493	10	134
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	21,922	114	254	1,083	455	20	1,582	493	60	358
Phoenix, AZ	21,027	11	239	160	49	3	3	191	9	476
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	17,874	1	10	17	1	1	–	110	–	61
Oxnard-Ventura, CA	17,144	8	42	60	32	2	2	159	5	152
Bakersfield, CA	17,008	3	23	11	3	3	1	451	2	135
Newark, NJ	16,909	59	112	259	1,136	121	529	395	697	240
El Paso, TX	16,425	2	11	12	10	3	4	16	2	18
Atlanta, GA	15,619	111	189	175	263	15	35	384	26	144
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	15,009	110	155	464	132	14	165	53	31	52
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA	14,581	–	14	33	9	1	1	185	2	41
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	14,520	109	589	96	669	170	163	94	91	70
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	14,496	–	12	2	3	1	5	46	1	45
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	14,269	3	34	32	14	–	–	87	1	139
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	13,903	147	180	59	240	179	37	168	46	340
Stockton, CA	13,458	–	34	81	4	1	–	52	1	86
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	13,300	222	104	370	564	3	652	1,650	236	316
Sacramento, CA	13,156	3	79	390	16	9	3	89	4	69
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	12,816	272	71	168	998	20	1,406	192	235	97
Portland, OR	12,194	7	87	213	10	2	–	55	1	252
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	11,893	43	58	56	38	2	2	189	5	65
Santa Cruz, CA	10,674	–	15	37	4	1	–	78	1	17
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	10,629	6	348	41	210	270	73	117	20	121
Jersey City, NJ	9,922	51	18	108	689	362	1,241	390	697	100
Detroit, MI	8,968	114	466	173	19	5	21	10	8	17
Seattle, WA	8,884	15	301	452	24	3	4	82	4	64
San Antonio, TX	8,883	–	29	24	29	9	6	97	1	79
Yakima, WA	8,690	–	21	16	–	–	–	42	1	11
Modesto, CA	8,682	–	17	32	15	1	–	92	2	36
Merced, CA	8,605	6	1	2	–	–	1	61	–	23
San Juan, PR	8,165	1	10	60	133	108	7,181	14	8	5
Yuma, AZ	7,760	–	13	–	–	–	2	17	1	8
Denver, CO	7,234	4	92	125	27	5	4	47	1	37
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX	7,085	–	7	2	1	4	1	41	1	20
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	6,935	61	34	203	227	24	477	71	90	58
Las Vegas, NV	6,686	4	97	90	20	147	13	164	13	68
Honolulu, HI	6,579	6	139	568	6	–	–	13	4	1
Other MSA	243,233	687	4,195	3,721	2,314	348	2,293	2,392	650	2,927
Non-MSA	186,213	150	1,993	833	445	112	1,844	1,667	148	1,167
Unknown	1,399	–	2	–	–	–	1	–	–	–

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 18. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF INTENDED RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Metropolitan statistical area[1]	Guyana	Haiti	Hondu-ras	Hong Kong	India	Iran	Jamaica	Korea	Laos	Mexico
Total	**11,666**	**47,527**	**11,451**	**10,427**	**45,064**	**19,569**	**23,828**	**26,518**	**9,950**	**946,167**
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	78	55	1,627	1,302	2,565	7,884	239	4,419	100	153,918
New York, NY	8,171	8,141	1,883	2,131	7,368	687	9,783	4,579	3	3,824
Chicago, IL	22	203	168	235	3,409	301	253	960	25	30,960
San Diego, CA	4	3	109	132	193	539	14	214	344	47,035
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	5	1	123	183	783	949	7	946	84	40,778
Miami-Hialeah, FL	282	15,996	1,854	79	243	130	2,616	97	–	5,192
Houston, TX	48	31	675	170	1,281	339	116	269	50	34,388
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	31	6	106	70	416	208	16	292	96	42,150
Dallas, TX	22	14	258	67	699	353	40	431	87	28,783
Washington, DC-MD-VA	373	339	385	144	1,653	1,165	759	1,441	58	2,807
Fresno, CA	1	3	62	19	449	54	3	33	1,621	28,198
San Francisco, CA	8	42	57	1,352	431	346	20	204	24	7,254
San Jose, CA	15	3	55	390	1,774	710	11	386	52	12,233
Oakland, CA	14	5	50	710	1,391	441	37	271	269	9,093
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	54	3,240	207	418	839	232	410	149	73	341
Phoenix, AZ	6	2	39	61	144	101	21	117	22	17,184
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	1	–	16	2	71	5	–	4	224	16,874
Oxnard-Ventura, CA	–	–	26	9	123	60	–	75	6	14,961
Bakersfield, CA	2	–	28	8	201	15	3	46	4	15,169
Newark, NJ	537	2,035	148	60	872	69	661	213	2	226
El Paso, TX	–	3	6	4	26	9	1	45	–	15,977
Atlanta, GA	58	46	108	54	889	243	178	384	78	5,954
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	58	174	31	142	1,169	165	536	822	95	2,604
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA	1	1	23	10	30	4	2	80	–	13,306
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	138	4,919	121	44	209	38	1,861	42	–	987
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	1	3	26	–	10	1	–	11	–	14,217
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	3	–	14	2	29	14	12	24	94	13,086
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	29	6,180	182	21	125	26	478	12	3	3,328
Stockton, CA	–	–	10	62	263	14	–	16	378	10,404
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	289	688	136	106	956	289	671	256	3	422
Sacramento, CA	5	2	16	146	474	164	14	128	486	6,526
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	118	73	78	46	893	121	529	653	–	561
Portland, OR	3	1	24	82	101	100	6	190	128	7,238
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	5	1	56	24	185	92	28	52	20	8,744
Santa Cruz, CA	–	–	10	5	31	26	1	11	–	10,134
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	58	262	133	14	150	72	171	92	80	5,850
Jersey City, NJ	160	97	273	43	922	17	47	152	1	180
Detroit, MI	12	13	11	66	675	64	85	216	110	803
Seattle, WA	2	–	17	253	281	209	9	452	170	1,418
San Antonio, TX	6	3	41	4	52	60	5	74	5	7,535
Yakima, WA	–	–	4	2	1	2	–	4	1	8,523
Modesto, CA	–	–	7	6	190	127	–	14	19	7,450
Merced, CA	–	–	2	–	165	2	–	5	501	7,475
San Juan, PR	11	9	6	8	8	–	–	4	–	74
Yuma, AZ	–	–	3	–	7	–	–	5	–	7,647
Denver, CO	5	3	8	22	91	123	11	134	94	4,004
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX	–	2	30	–	3	5	–	5	–	6,855
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	104	22	73	63	1,430	47	86	130	3	400
Las Vegas, NV	2	22	31	25	61	63	8	95	7	4,266
Honolulu, HI	–	1	4	258	24	6	4	487	54	64
Other MSA	791	4,116	1,551	1,139	8,770	2,542	3,504	4,864	3,887	108,365
Non-MSA	133	766	540	234	1,939	336	572	1,913	589	149,014
Unknown	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1,388

See footnotes at end of table.

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TABLE 18. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF INTENDED RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Metropolitan statistical area[1]	Nicaragua	Pakistan	Peru	Philippines	Poland	Soviet Union	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	**17,842**	**20,355**	**16,237**	**63,596**	**19,199**	**56,980**	**13,274**	**13,884**	**55,307**	**186,829**
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	2,388	1,203	1,785	12,147	250	8,770	2,748	962	5,156	16,721
New York, NY	511	6,676	2,309	3,421	3,514	17,708	1,200	1,240	786	29,854
Chicago, IL	76	1,348	295	2,546	6,471	2,641	276	356	767	5,510
San Diego, CA	109	55	149	3,548	131	381	181	362	1,683	2,614
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	161	277	398	1,526	119	147	745	289	5,366	3,288
Miami-Hialeah, FL	7,075	432	1,861	267	50	370	43	218	73	6,506
Houston, TX	412	1,089	208	673	57	290	295	196	2,518	3,004
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	255	152	172	1,324	36	186	228	150	550	2,070
Dallas, TX	173	379	165	275	87	380	276	159	1,177	2,265
Washington, DC-MD-VA	614	1,432	1,057	1,186	108	423	416	457	2,611	10,600
Fresno, CA	17	44	15	157	4	207	19	32	102	1,006
San Francisco, CA	1,841	157	421	3,702	110	2,111	351	325	1,096	3,513
San Jose, CA	462	226	167	2,463	75	471	848	172	4,640	2,102
Oakland, CA	530	317	276	2,941	90	368	432	215	1,309	3,125
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	27	208	169	306	222	2,067	210	379	1,458	6,494
Phoenix, AZ	46	35	47	193	52	80	48	126	623	939
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	2	22	3	217	4	1	2	9	4	212
Oxnard-Ventura, CA	48	15	50	575	7	27	52	65	148	435
Bakersfield, CA	8	35	19	516	2	10	12	35	33	230
Newark, NJ	50	292	840	636	578	689	227	180	253	4,793
El Paso, TX	13	2	5	36	3	15	10	12	8	172
Atlanta, GA	59	377	203	126	62	589	189	182	1,275	3,223
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	84	224	105	528	317	2,001	166	283	1,367	2,962
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA	12	8	26	341	5	53	11	18	95	269
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	116	171	427	130	63	46	38	290	88	2,741
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	22	1	5	30	1	–	3	1	–	49
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	10	4	20	222	6	26	35	44	39	275
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	118	47	91	84	48	128	15	101	44	1,447
Stockton, CA	25	195	18	625	2	3	16	20	507	641
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	26	514	381	325	558	80	227	197	95	2,964
Sacramento, CA	61	155	45	628	45	1,525	74	81	583	1,336
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	51	144	1,225	518	908	360	153	139	29	2,758
Portland, OR	10	19	40	197	18	1,476	43	53	818	1,020
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	22	139	19	103	10	79	96	59	831	870
Santa Cruz, CA	8	3	4	104	3	2	3	30	13	133
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	56	15	112	200	87	52	31	237	597	1,154
Jersey City, NJ	92	342	501	787	262	78	42	44	92	2,134
Detroit, MI	10	228	36	431	460	900	120	203	98	3,594
Seattle, WA	39	79	51	978	157	561	196	134	1,255	1,674
San Antonio, TX	68	38	18	105	17	50	31	48	113	336
Yakima, WA	–	–	1	25	–	2	1	2	–	31
Modesto, CA	51	64	11	75	3	58	6	25	19	362
Merced, CA	15	20	4	53	1	–	–	31	2	235
San Juan, PR	15	3	32	1	–	1	1	8	1	463
Yuma, AZ	4	2	–	35	–	–	–	4	–	12
Denver, CO	2	34	53	128	64	527	42	67	638	842
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX	31	–	3	37	2	–	4	6	–	25
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	17	264	215	374	306	268	255	104	56	1,473
Las Vegas, NV	91	23	26	416	21	28	58	71	162	594
Honolulu, HI	1	15	16	3,022	2	6	93	55	484	1,246
Other MSA	1,568	2,365	1,717	8,405	3,457	9,841	2,215	4,083	14,327	36,199
Non-MSA	340	466	421	5,904	344	898	491	1,325	1,318	10,311
Unknown	–	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	3

[1] Ranked by the number of immigrants. See Glossary for definition of metropolitan statistical area.

– Represents zero.

TABLE 19. IMMIGRANT BENEFICIARIES OF OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCES ADMITTED BY TYPE OF ADMISSION AND OCCUPATION FISCAL YEAR 1991

Occupation	Total	Beneficiaries of occupational preferences					All other immigrants
		Total	3rd pref. new arrivals	3rd pref. adjustments	6th pref. new arrivals	6th pref. adjustments	
All occupations	**1,827,167**	**23,591**	**4,691**	**7,923**	**10,468**	**509**	**1,803,576**
Professional specialty and technical occupations	**58,921**	**10,054**	**3,376**	**5,471**	**1,109**	**98**	**48,867**
Architects	774	184	103	65	15	1	590
Engineers, surveyors, and mapping scientists	10,676	3,225	974	2,158	71	22	7,451
Mathematical and computer scientists	1,739	787	130	635	20	2	952
Natural scientists	1,327	452	133	314	3	2	875
Health diagnosticians	**4,369**	**364**	**212**	**139**	**12**	**1**	**4,005**
Doctors	3,528	278	172	100	6	-	3,250
Others	841	86	40	39	6	1	755
Health assessment and treating personnel	**10,659**	**2,087**	**1,152**	**362**	**559**	**14**	**8,572**
Nurses	7,627	1,528	815	207	495	11	6,099
Others	3,032	559	337	155	64	3	2,473
Teachers (postsecondary)	3,861	941	153	759	27	2	2,920
Teachers (except postsecondary)	7,590	579	151	355	65	8	7,011
Counselors (educational and vocational)	276	21	5	12	4	-	255
Librarians, archivists, and curators	247	24	4	18	1	1	223
Social scientists and urban planners	600	81	32	45	4	-	519
Social, recreation, and religious workers	2,479	197	77	30	71	19	2,282
Lawyers and judges	748	47	20	27	-	-	701
Writers, artists, entertainers, and athletes	5,820	401	107	146	131	17	5,419
Technologists and technicians (health)	1,039	79	33	31	13	2	960
Technologists and technicians (except health)	6,717	585	90	375	113	7	6,132
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	27,945	3,122	970	1,386	552	214	24,823
Sales occupations	19,726	170	33	24	99	14	19,556
Administrative support occupations (including clerical)	31,435	625	117	174	308	26	30,810
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	52,891	1,284	42	32	1,202	8	51,607
Operator, fabricator, and laborer occupations	100,304	1,583	17	41	1,518	7	98,721
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	932,606	98	10	8	78	2	932,508
Service occupations	96,095	5,709	77	123	5,464	45	90,386
No occupation	**450,685**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**450,685**
Homemaker	96,689	-	-	-	-	-	96,689
Unemployed or retired	101,194	-	-	-	-	-	101,194
Students and/or children under age 16	252,802	-	-	-	-	-	252,802
Unknown or not reported	56,559	946	49	664	138	95	55,613

- Represents zero.

TABLE 20. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of birth	Total	Occupation									No occupation or not reported [1]
		Total	Professional specialty and technical	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Sales	Administrative support	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operator, fabricator, and laborer	Farming, forestry, and fishing	Service	
All countries	**1,827,167**	**1,319,923**	**58,921**	**27,945**	**19,726**	**31,435**	**52,891**	**100,304**	**932,606**	**96,095**	**507,244**
Europe	**135,234**	**54,206**	**13,832**	**4,049**	**1,913**	**4,704**	**7,273**	**7,801**	**4,323**	**10,311**	**81,028**
Austria	589	231	69	37	15	28	17	11	14	40	358
Belgium	525	221	76	55	5	24	9	10	7	35	304
Bulgaria	623	301	85	15	11	20	37	48	3	82	322
Czechoslovakia	1,156	579	134	42	18	47	77	107	5	149	577
Denmark	601	310	95	44	27	45	15	11	16	57	291
France	2,450	1,128	328	221	64	121	42	37	93	222	1,322
Germany	6,509	2,799	717	269	165	697	172	160	69	550	3,710
Greece	2,079	896	181	86	33	34	111	127	151	173	1,183
Hungary	1,534	776	156	39	24	43	100	193	11	210	758
Ireland	4,767	3,438	817	329	169	439	655	268	202	559	1,329
Italy	2,619	1,123	216	135	48	68	138	123	147	248	1,496
Netherlands	1,283	662	208	107	31	75	44	22	82	93	621
Norway	486	213	95	45	6	19	10	4	3	31	273
Poland	19,199	11,014	2,539	316	208	551	2,344	1,970	995	2,091	8,185
Portugal	4,524	2,761	82	42	36	76	393	326	1,428	378	1,763
Romania	8,096	2,392	505	79	64	146	331	705	11	551	5,704
Soviet Union	56,980	14,867	4,491	594	464	1,120	1,944	2,933	107	3,214	42,113
Spain	1,849	901	199	71	20	48	68	82	286	127	948
Sweden	1,080	522	227	92	22	53	22	20	15	71	558
Switzerland	696	333	97	72	14	46	22	8	11	63	363
United Kingdom	13,903	6,881	2,104	1,248	420	895	512	440	266	996	7,022
Yugoslavia	2,713	1,434	298	63	28	74	174	127	387	283	1,279
Other Europe	973	424	113	48	21	35	36	69	14	88	549
Asia	**358,533**	**156,509**	**28,317**	**12,988**	**7,304**	**10,474**	**9,693**	**13,344**	**58,338**	**16,051**	**202,024**
Afghanistan	2,879	749	105	53	86	52	65	97	18	273	2,130
Bangladesh	10,676	6,932	430	138	916	209	36	333	4,590	280	3,744
Burma	946	427	106	37	34	50	67	30	26	77	519
Cambodia	3,251	805	44	13	39	22	101	324	96	166	2,446
China, Mainland	33,025	17,037	3,309	1,506	602	1,493	927	2,830	5,232	1,138	15,988
Hong Kong	10,427	4,469	1,133	1,005	223	956	418	164	128	442	5,958
India	45,064	24,431	5,188	1,758	313	992	281	210	14,678	1,011	20,633
Indonesia	2,223	1,041	293	275	74	139	39	25	77	119	1,182
Iran	19,569	7,109	1,783	1,176	623	666	794	531	463	1,073	12,460
Iraq	1,494	478	142	53	31	30	45	53	43	81	1,016
Israel	4,181	1,683	472	188	115	128	143	71	407	159	2,498
Japan	5,049	1,732	398	376	76	182	66	28	231	375	3,317
Jordan	4,259	1,461	235	131	110	89	102	188	412	194	2,798
Korea	26,518	9,444	1,414	617	288	1,008	213	651	4,661	592	17,074
Kuwait	861	255	73	26	19	24	4	10	65	34	606
Laos	9,950	1,434	57	3	8	25	150	784	111	296	8,516
Lebanon	6,009	2,579	582	323	156	177	248	150	626	317	3,430
Malaysia	1,860	961	282	167	23	108	21	28	180	152	899
Pakistan	20,355	14,454	776	640	181	254	119	149	11,669	666	5,901
Philippines	63,596	27,622	7,578	2,636	755	2,113	1,357	1,191	8,521	3,471	35,974
Saudi Arabia	552	83	18	10	7	5	3	1	31	8	469
Singapore	535	256	82	42	18	35	8	7	27	37	279
Sri Lanka	1,377	833	186	65	32	71	20	21	326	112	544
Syria	2,837	1,110	248	81	65	44	136	76	316	144	1,727
Taiwan	13,274	5,628	2,011	1,233	270	984	62	83	678	307	7,646
Thailand	7,397	1,855	286	154	261	209	89	80	469	307	5,542
Turkey	2,528	1,246	220	86	32	62	114	60	476	196	1,282
Vietnam	55,307	19,385	764	131	1,928	294	4,034	4,679	3,596	3,959	35,922
Yemen	1,547	635	12	7	6	7	3	476	111	13	912
Other Asia	987	375	90	58	13	46	28	14	74	52	612
Africa	**36,179**	**22,500**	**2,816**	**1,489**	**1,171**	**1,405**	**698**	**1,684**	**9,568**	**3,669**	**13,679**
Cameroon	452	333	25	7	3	15	5	5	228	45	119
Cape Verde	973	261	19	7	7	18	37	113	19	41	712
Egypt	5,602	3,460	600	289	137	130	75	84	1,907	238	2,142
Ethiopia	5,127	2,501	190	137	300	221	107	542	45	959	2,626
Ghana	3,330	2,395	174	71	60	149	118	130	1,308	385	935
Kenya	1,185	669	138	116	35	90	17	50	148	75	516

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 20. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of birth	Total	Occupation									No occupation or not reported [1]
		Total	Professional specialty and technical	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Sales	Administrative support	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operator, fabricator, and laborer	Farming, forestry, and fishing	Service	
Liberia	1,292	749	78	45	41	112	39	76	191	167	543
Morocco	1,601	898	79	65	57	22	51	44	335	245	703
Nigeria	7,912	6,251	622	212	190	218	83	301	3,800	825	1,661
Senegal	869	760	24	19	127	13	24	76	438	39	109
Sierra Leone	951	544	76	29	27	51	15	49	119	178	407
Somalia	458	200	17	20	33	12	3	32	29	54	258
South Africa	1,854	891	330	176	40	117	38	26	78	86	963
Sudan	679	361	30	19	4	8	4	18	256	22	318
Tanzania	500	303	57	56	16	36	9	9	99	21	197
Uganda	538	362	74	70	30	47	12	20	50	59	176
Other Africa	2,856	1,562	283	151	64	146	61	109	518	230	1,294
Oceania	**6,236**	**3,834**	**562**	**256**	**132**	**316**	**250**	**255**	**1,459**	**604**	**2,402**
Australia	1,678	873	335	127	50	117	47	38	23	136	805
Fiji	1,349	775	51	56	34	76	78	47	205	228	574
New Zealand	793	427	125	46	25	45	46	36	24	80	366
Tonga	1,685	1,382	27	19	9	27	44	79	1,076	101	303
Western Somoa	561	313	18	6	10	40	26	52	123	38	248
Other Oceania	170	64	6	2	4	11	9	3	8	21	106
North America	**1,210,981**	**1,035,460**	**10,201**	**7,478**	**7,785**	**12,242**	**31,991**	**70,161**	**835,484**	**60,118**	**175,521**
Canada	13,504	6,655	2,080	1,327	510	790	539	507	202	700	6,849
Mexico	946,167	869,097	2,283	2,896	3,933	4,552	21,749	50,628	749,027	34,029	77,070
Caribbean	**140,139**	**82,196**	**3,996**	**1,684**	**1,546**	**3,883**	**4,720**	**6,757**	**49,147**	**10,463**	**57,943**
Antigua-Barbuda	944	542	37	23	24	74	81	40	64	199	402
Bahamas, The	1,062	502	48	27	34	59	22	39	170	103	560
Barbados	1,460	812	83	37	41	87	87	58	107	312	648
Cuba	10,349	4,269	371	178	183	738	326	1,633	51	789	6,080
Dominica	982	577	48	11	18	43	74	51	146	186	405
Dominican Republic	41,405	18,685	1,266	732	716	697	1,850	3,186	8,734	1,504	22,720
Grenada	979	540	50	10	13	54	83	34	94	202	439
Haiti	47,527	37,145	481	149	117	281	934	659	33,572	952	10,382
Jamaica	23,828	13,143	1,045	281	230	1,250	652	656	4,155	4,874	10,685
St. Kitts-Nevis	830	404	42	12	15	44	66	40	20	165	426
St. Lucia	766	417	25	12	14	37	50	41	113	125	349
St. Vincent & Grenadines	808	424	59	13	14	54	52	30	64	138	384
Trinidad & Tobago	8,407	4,337	400	169	95	417	412	261	1,800	783	4,070
Other Caribbean	792	399	41	30	32	48	31	29	57	131	393
Central America	**111,093**	**77,462**	**1,830**	**1,564**	**1,795**	**3,012**	**4,979**	**12,268**	**37,097**	**14,917**	**33,631**
Belize	2,377	1,450	186	79	72	236	163	175	113	426	927
Costa Rica	2,341	1,375	108	60	27	83	124	189	539	245	966
El Salvador	47,351	36,414	281	416	677	746	2,192	5,572	18,598	7,932	10,937
Guatemala	25,527	20,383	288	255	210	327	1,075	2,675	13,136	2,417	5,144
Honduras	11,451	7,403	181	130	124	203	492	1,324	3,941	1,008	4,048
Nicaragua	17,842	8,996	538	493	589	1,095	812	2,192	618	2,659	8,846
Panama	4,204	1,441	248	131	96	322	121	141	152	230	2,763
Other North America	78	50	12	7	1	5	4	1	11	9	28
South America	**79,934**	**47,351**	**3,193**	**1,682**	**1,420**	**2,292**	**2,986**	**7,056**	**23,383**	**5,339**	**32,583**
Argentina	3,889	2,155	400	199	120	227	203	151	647	208	1,734
Bolivia	3,006	2,105	104	51	29	77	93	119	1,287	345	901
Brazil	8,133	5,854	332	133	66	117	105	166	4,519	416	2,279
Chile	2,842	1,523	183	87	66	116	132	135	549	255	1,319
Colombia	19,702	12,857	416	262	323	335	587	3,087	6,670	1,177	6,845
Ecuador	9,958	5,825	284	124	279	232	448	1,252	2,507	699	4,133
Guyana	11,666	4,757	544	300	139	554	672	556	1,017	975	6,909
Paraguay	538	208	24	5	4	8	23	11	76	57	330
Peru	16,237	10,062	561	331	298	478	562	1,404	5,438	990	6,175
Uruguay	1,161	813	44	37	18	42	112	99	354	107	348
Venezuela	2,622	1,125	290	146	76	96	46	73	300	98	1,497
Other South America	180	67	11	7	2	10	3	3	19	12	113
Unknown or not reported	70	63	–	3	1	2	–	3	51	3	7

[1] Includes homemakers, students, unemployed or retired persons, and others not reporting or with an unknown occupation.

– Represents zero.

TABLE 21. IMMIGRANT CONDITIONAL STATUS REMOVALS AND TERMINATIONS UNDER THE MARRIAGE FRAUD AMENDMENTS OF 1986 BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEAR 1991

Country of Birth	Total cases processed	Conditional status removals[1]	Status terminated[2]				Administratively closed[3]
			Total	For cause[4]	Failure to show[5]	Failure to file[6]	
All countries	**112,103**	**98,277**	**10,748**	**868**	**699**	**9,181**	**3,078**
Europe	**20,058**	**16,939**	**2,707**	**97**	**111**	**2,499**	**412**
Austria	258	222	33	2	2	29	3
Belgium	219	199	17	-	-	17	3
Czechoslovakia	132	111	17	3	2	12	4
Denmark	325	261	61	1	3	57	3
Finland	173	148	21	-	3	18	4
France	1,169	985	159	5	10	144	25
Germany	3,736	2,851	797	23	26	748	88
Greece	852	711	126	1	3	122	15
Hungary	180	151	27	2	3	22	2
Ireland	1,097	993	90	-	2	88	14
Italy	1,065	907	142	6	5	131	16
Netherlands	525	447	64	-	4	60	14
Norway	262	224	35	2	1	32	3
Poland	1,100	974	95	13	5	77	31
Portugal	799	703	73	2	3	68	23
Romania	254	237	13	-	3	10	4
Soviet Union	386	340	38	4	1	33	8
Spain	540	450	72	-	3	69	18
Sweden	595	481	99	5	2	92	15
Switzerland	361	299	56	1	1	54	6
United Kingdom	5,105	4,436	570	16	25	529	99
Yugoslavia	784	687	85	11	4	70	12
Other Europe	141	122	17	-	-	17	2
Asia	**41,079**	**37,227**	**2,673**	**187**	**139**	**2,347**	**1,179**
Afghanistan	96	83	10	-	-	10	3
Bangladesh	278	259	10	2	2	6	9
Burma	101	92	5	-	1	4	4
China, Mainland	4,406	4,220	113	4	10	99	73
Cyprus	123	110	11	-	1	10	2
Hong Kong	969	905	38	1	1	36	26
India	4,776	4,498	148	19	6	123	130
Indonesia	267	246	18	-	1	17	3
Iran	1,451	1,327	102	15	10	77	22
Iraq	285	269	14	-	1	13	2
Israel	1,105	967	127	10	9	108	11
Japan	1,750	1,559	157	4	5	148	34
Jordan	1,194	1,057	113	12	7	94	24
Korea	6,038	5,180	572	13	14	545	286
Kuwait	297	267	22	2	1	19	8
Lebanon	1,383	1,280	78	13	5	60	25
Malaysia	480	457	18	1	1	16	5
Pakistan	1,188	1,016	87	9	6	72	85
Philippines	9,965	8,996	666	60	37	569	303
Saudi Arabia	109	92	16	2	1	13	1
Singapore	222	197	24	-	-	24	1
Sri Lanka	118	109	7	-	1	6	2
Syria	610	550	49	6	4	39	11
Taiwan	1,575	1,474	56	1	2	53	45
Thailand	976	849	90	6	5	79	37
Turkey	568	489	63	3	4	56	16
Vietnam	456	414	35	-	2	33	7
Other Asia	293	265	24	4	2	18	4
Africa	**6,500**	**5,785**	**582**	**126**	**57**	**399**	**133**
Algeria	111	100	11	-	-	11	-
Cameroon	109	99	8	2	-	6	2
Cape Verde	143	128	14	6	1	7	1
Egypt	893	816	64	9	4	51	13
Ethiopia	214	201	12	1	2	9	1
Ghana	344	308	24	3	3	18	12
Kenya	225	201	20	6	-	14	4
Liberia	316	259	50	12	2	36	7
Morocco	588	536	45	3	6	36	7
Nigeria	1,984	1,754	180	62	22	96	50

TABLE 21. IMMIGRANT CONDITIONAL STATUS REMOVALS AND TERMINATIONS UNDER THE MARRIAGE FRAUD AMENDMENTS OF 1986 BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Country of Birth	Total cases processed	Conditional status removals[1]	Status terminated[2]				Administratively closed[3]
			Total	For cause[4]	Failure to show[5]	Failure to file[6]	
Sierra Leone	272	232	36	9	7	20	4
Somalia	73	67	6	2	-	4	-
South Africa	429	378	37	2	-	35	14
Sudan	81	76	5	2	-	3	-
Other Africa	718	630	70	7	10	53	18
Oceania	**1,546**	**1,274**	**240**	**12**	**12**	**216**	**32**
Australia	765	614	133	4	7	122	18
Fiji	235	209	23	6	1	16	3
New Zealand	385	321	60	-	2	58	4
Other Oceania	161	130	24	2	2	20	7
North America	**33,282**	**28,774**	**3,523**	**346**	**297**	**2,880**	**985**
Canada	3,629	3,101	455	18	16	421	73
Mexico	15,603	13,865	1,435	147	118	1,170	303
Caribbean	**9,220**	**7,783**	**1,071**	**136**	**129**	**806**	**366**
Antigua-Barbuda	105	88	15	2	1	12	2
Bahamas, The	152	125	23	-	1	22	4
Barbados	264	225	33	1	3	29	6
Dominica	88	79	6	1	-	5	3
Dominican Republic	3,516	3,019	387	49	38	300	110
Grenada	110	97	11	1	1	9	2
Haiti	835	663	99	21	19	59	73
Jamaica	2,702	2,244	350	52	54	244	108
St. Kitts & Nevis	102	93	8	-	1	7	1
St. Lucia	119	105	10	-	1	9	4
St. Vincent & Grenadines	114	103	7	1	1	5	4
Trinidad & Tobago	835	716	90	6	4	80	29
Other Caribbean	278	226	32	2	5	25	20
Central America	**4,816**	**4,012**	**561**	**45**	**34**	**482**	**243**
Belize	143	123	17	1	-	16	3
Costa Rica	415	326	78	8	4	66	11
El Salvador	1,498	1,291	143	16	8	119	64
Guatemala	822	697	85	4	10	71	40
Honduras	916	763	101	12	7	82	52
Nicaragua	333	271	35	1	2	32	27
Panama	689	541	102	3	3	96	46
Other North America	14	13	1	-	-	1	-
South America	**9,502**	**8,264**	**934**	**100**	**82**	**752**	**304**
Argentina	544	485	49	5	4	40	10
Bolivia	239	195	39	2	2	35	5
Brazil	1,205	1,090	96	9	7	80	19
Chile	495	425	57	3	-	54	13
Colombia	2,507	2,152	259	27	37	195	96
Ecuador	789	681	79	8	2	69	29
Guyana	1,235	1,015	139	10	9	120	81
Paraguay	73	65	5	-	1	4	3
Peru	1,571	1,401	136	25	14	97	34
Uruguay	128	118	9	2	-	7	1
Venezuela	678	605	63	9	6	48	10
Other South America	38	32	3	-	-	3	3
Unknown	136	14	89	-	1	88	33

[1] Refers to removals of conditions on permanent resident status, established by the Marriage Fraud Amendments of 1986.

[2] Refers to termination of conditional status, rendering the alien deportable.

[3] Includes aliens who naturalized, died, emigrated, or were misclassified as conditional immigrants.

[4] Refers to applications denied after an INS interview or because the alien was ineligible for removal of conditional status.

[5] Refers to aliens who applied for removal of conditional status but failed to appear for the interview.

[6] Refers to aliens who failed to apply for removal of conditional status.

- Represents zero.

II. ALIENS LEGALIZED UNDER IRCA

The Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 enabled two groups of illegal aliens to become temporary and then permanent residents of the United States: 1) aliens who have been in the United States unlawfully since January 1, 1982 (legalization applicants), and 2) aliens who were employed in seasonal agricultural work for a minimum of 90 days in the year preceding May 1986 (Special Agricultural Worker (SAW) applicants). [5] As of February 13, 1992, the INS has processed 1,759,705 legalization applications and 1,272,143 SAW applications. [6] The application period for legalization has ended; however, the number of applicants may change due to the elimination of duplicate records or as the result of pending court decisions. As of the end of fiscal year 1991 a total of 2,482,348 aliens have gained permanent resident status under the IRCA provisions. These aliens who gained permanent resident status are included in the application totals in this section as well as in the Legal Immigration section.

Nearly 2.3 million legalization and SAW applications have been filed by Mexican aliens.

Data Overview

Legalization Applicants

Most of the applications filed under the legalization program were submitted by Mexican aliens. Aliens from Mexico submitted 1,228,084 applications followed by El Salvador (142,995), Guatemala (52,542), Colombia (26,350), the Philippines (19,066), the Dominican Republic (18,271), Poland (17,068), and Nicaragua (16,001). Applicants from North America account for about 87 percent of the total: Mexico (69.8 percent), Central America (13.4), and the Caribbean (3.4). The leading continents after North America are Asia (4.6 percent), South America (4.2), Europe (2.0), Africa (1.8), and Oceania (.2). Overall, 82.3 percent of the aliens reported that they entered without inspection and 17.7 percent entered as nonimmigrants who subsequently overstayed their visas. The principal manner of entry for aliens from Mexico and Central America was without inspection (91.1 percent) while aliens from other countries entered primarily as nonimmigrants (62.3).

The legalization applicants are highly concentrated in a few states and metropolitan areas of residence. The 5 leading states, which account for about 7 out of 8 applications, are California (54.3 percent), Texas (17.5), Illinois (6.9), New York (6.7), and Florida (2.9). About 1 in 3 applicants reside in Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA, which has twice as many applicants as Texas, the second highest state. Half of the top 10 metropolitan areas of residence are in California: Los Angeles-Long Beach (34.7 percent), Anaheim-Santa Ana (5.1), Riverside-San Bernardino (3.1), San Diego (2.4), and San Jose (1.4). The only other state with more than 1 of the 10 leading metropolitan areas is Texas, with Houston (6.0 percent) and Dallas (3.0). The remaining areas in the top 10 are Chicago, IL (6.1 percent), New York, NY (6.0), and Miami-Hialeah, FL (1.6).

Legalization applicants were primarily in the age group 15 to 44 (80.5 percent) as of February 1992 and had a median age of 33 years. This implies a median age of about 23 at entry (prior to January 1, 1982). Males accounted for 57.2 percent of the applicants. Approximately 48.9 percent of the applicants had never been married, 41.2 percent were married, and the remaining 9.9 percent were separated, divorced, widowed, or had an unknown marital status.

The application form required all legalization applicants to enter their occupation (present or most recent job). The most frequent occupations reported were operators, fabricators, or laborers (24.3 percent) and service occupations (21.4 percent). Only 3.9 percent of the legalization applicants reported working in farming, forestry, or fishing occupations. Approximately one in five of the applicants were homemakers, children, unemployed, or retired.

SAW Applicants

Mexico is the predominant country of citizenship for SAW applicants, accounting for 81.6 percent of the total (1,038,493). The country with the second highest number of applicants is Haiti with 43,875, while all other countries account for only 15 percent of the total. Three of the top 10 countries are located in Asia: India (17,946), Pakistan (16,544), and the Philippines (10,312). The remaining countries in the top 10 are located in the Western Hemisphere: El Salvador (24,957), Guatemala (18,411),

[5] The legalization figures in this *Yearbook* include 7,128 aliens granted temporary resident status from countries granted blanket Extended Voluntary Departure (EVD). These persons are citizens of Afghanistan, Ethiopia, Poland, or Uganda and have been resident in the United States since July 1, 1984.

[6] The 1990 *Statistical Yearbook* reported the number of legalization applicants as 1,760,943 and SAW applicants as 1,274,228. The number of applicants has decreased due to the elimination of duplicate filings.

the Dominican Republic (9,875), Colombia (8,377), and Peru (7,060).

Many of the SAW applicants migrate from state to state according to the growing season; therefore, the population of SAW workers in a state will vary over time. The leading states of residence for SAW applicants are California (52.4 percent), Texas (10.8), Florida (8.0), Arizona (4.2), and New York (4.2). The leading metropolitan areas of residence are Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA (14.8 percent), San Diego, CA (4.6), Riverside-San Bernardino, CA (4.5), Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA (4.2), and New York, NY (3.7).

The SAW applicants reported working on the following types of crops: fruits and tree nuts (35.8 percent), vegetables and melons (30.9), field crops (6.9), cash grains (5.8), and horticultural specialties (3.2). Applicants failed to report a specific crop type on 16.4 percent of the applications.

SAW applicants were concentrated in the ages between 20 and 39 (79.9 percent) as of February 1992 and had a median age of 30 years. This implies a median age of about 24 years at entry (prior to May 1, 1986). Approximately 82.3 percent are male; 53.7 percent have never married, 41.7 percent were married, and 4.6 percent were separated, divorced, widowed, or have an unknown marital status.

Data Collection

The data on legalization and SAW applicants were reported on INS' application forms and are maintained in the Legalization Applicant Processing System (LAPS) data base. Aliens who have been in the United States since 1982 applied with Form I-687, Application for Status as a Temporary Resident. Aliens applying under the SAW program used Form I-700, Application for Temporary Resident Status as a Special Agricultural Worker (SAW). The LAPS data base contains selected items from each alien's application form.

Limitations of Data

All applicants are included in this section regardless of the dispositions of their cases. As of February 13, 1992, 5,826 legalization applicants had not received a final decision. Of the remaining 1,753,879 legalization applicants, 94.4 percent (1,655,676) had been approved for temporary resident status. As of the same date, 92.9 percent of the 1,272,143 SAW applicants had received a final decision, and 87.8 percent of these (or 1,037,349) had been approved for temporary resident status.

Chart F
Status of Legalization and SAW Applications as of February 13, 1992

TABLE 22. LEGALIZATION APPLICANTS BY TYPE OF APPLICATION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP

Region and country of citizenship	Total	Legalization applicants				SAW applicants			
		Total	Entered illegally prior to 1/1/82	Overstayed nonimmigrant visa prior to 1/1/82	Blanket EVD or unknown	Total	Group I seasonal agricultural worker in 1983-86	Group II seasonal agricultural worker in 1985-86	Unknown
All countries	**3,031,848**	**1,759,705**	**1,441,935**	**310,320**	**7,450**	**1,272,143**	**66,810**	**1,204,859**	**474**
Europe	**40,536**	**35,316**	**4,480**	**25,860**	**4,976**	**5,220**	**252**	**4,968**	**-**
Poland	17,611	17,068	480	11,617	4,971	543	18	525	-
Portugal	2,850	1,183	605	578	-	1,667	46	1,621	-
United Kingdom	7,735	7,053	876	6,176	1	682	33	649	-
Other Europe	12,340	10,012	2,519	7,489	4	2,328	155	2,173	-
Asia	**148,086**	**80,342**	**14,971**	**64,789**	**582**	**67,744**	**1,667**	**66,046**	**31**
Bangladesh	7,567	1,326	517	809	-	6,241	146	6,091	4
China, Mainland	11,241	8,682	3,426	5,254	2	2,559	52	2,507	-
India	21,794	3,848	1,252	2,594	2	17,946	414	17,519	13
Iran	15,266	14,622	1,027	13,594	1	644	19	625	-
Israel	2,572	1,593	168	1,422	3	979	55	924	-
Korea	11,408	5,779	1,239	4,539	1	5,629	121	5,508	-
Lebanon	3,070	1,609	241	1,368	-	1,461	39	1,422	-
Pakistan	21,800	5,256	1,689	3,564	3	16,544	424	16,107	13
Philippines	29,378	19,066	3,184	15,880	2	10,312	229	10,083	-
Taiwan	4,435	3,692	474	3,216	2	743	26	716	1
Thailand	4,958	4,266	260	4,005	1	692	38	654	-
Other Asia	14,597	10,603	1,494	8,544	565	3,994	104	3,890	-
Africa	**44,360**	**31,123**	**6,984**	**22,568**	**1,571**	**13,237**	**529**	**12,705**	**3**
Egypt	4,816	1,639	395	1,244	-	3,177	100	3,077	-
Ethiopia	3,466	3,425	127	2,124	1,174	41	-	41	-
Ghana	7,070	5,328	2,820	2,507	1	1,742	58	1,683	1
Liberia	2,905	2,665	198	2,465	2	240	6	234	-
Nigeria	16,170	11,364	2,116	9,246	2	4,806	240	4,566	-
Other Africa	9,933	6,702	1,328	4,982	392	3,231	125	3,104	2
Oceania	**7,413**	**4,163**	**383**	**3,779**	**1**	**3,250**	**151**	**3,099**	**-**
Tonga	4,598	2,004	159	1,844	1	2,594	132	2,462	-
Other Oceania	2,815	2,159	224	1,935	-	656	19	637	-
North America	**2,687,568**	**1,534,729**	**1,370,807**	**163,636**	**286**	**1,152,839**	**63,339**	**1,089,065**	**435**
Canada	11,686	10,966	5,402	5,557	7	720	35	684	1
Mexico	2,266,577	1,228,084	1,131,518	96,367	199	1,038,493	58,376	980,088	29
Caribbean	**123,224**	**59,795**	**32,159**	**27,586**	**50**	**63,429**	**2,510**	**60,517**	**402**
Dominican Republic	28,146	18,271	15,796	2,473	2	9,875	324	9,545	6
Haiti	59,800	15,925	7,627	8,279	19	43,875	1,754	41,739	382
Jamaica	19,134	12,953	5,411	7,528	14	6,181	341	5,826	14
Trinidad & Tobago	5,409	3,081	728	2,348	5	2,328	34	2,294	-
Other Caribbean	10,735	9,565	2,597	6,958	10	1,170	57	1,113	-
Central America	**286,021**	**235,829**	**201,682**	**34,117**	**30**	**50,192**	**2,418**	**47,771**	**3**
Belize	6,250	6,119	3,489	2,630	-	131	8	123	-
Costa Rica	3,780	3,115	1,160	1,954	1	665	20	645	-
El Salvador	167,952	142,995	134,334	8,647	14	24,957	1,433	23,522	2
Guatemala	70,953	52,542	45,422	7,113	7	18,411	729	17,682	-
Honduras	18,108	13,048	10,467	2,581	-	5,060	192	4,867	1
Nicaragua	16,755	16,001	6,306	9,689	6	754	33	721	-
Panama	2,223	2,009	504	1,503	2	214	3	211	-
Other North America	60	55	46	9	-	5	-	5	-
South America	**103,604**	**73,812**	**44,235**	**29,544**	**33**	**29,792**	**869**	**28,918**	**5**
Argentina	5,990	5,112	1,447	3,663	2	878	21	857	-
Bolivia	4,649	3,113	1,223	1,889	1	1,536	33	1,503	-
Brazil	7,737	1,758	618	1,140	-	5,979	146	5,833	-
Chile	4,878	4,146	1,381	2,758	7	732	29	703	-
Colombia	34,727	26,350	19,593	6,742	15	8,377	270	8,105	2
Ecuador	16,292	13,202	9,248	3,951	3	3,090	95	2,995	-
Guyana	4,203	3,109	1,577	1,531	1	1,094	32	1,062	-
Peru	19,727	12,667	7,610	5,055	2	7,060	195	6,864	1
Venezuela	2,637	2,172	479	1,692	1	465	16	449	-
Other South America	2,764	2,183	1,059	1,123	1	581	32	547	2
Stateless or unknown	281	220	75	144	1	61	3	58	-

- Represents zero. NOTE: Figures based on applications processed as of February 13, 1992.

TABLE 23. LEGALIZATION APPLICANTS BY TYPE OF APPLICATION AND SELECTED STATE AND METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF RESIDENCE

State and metropolitan area[1] of residence	Total	Legalization applicants				SAW applicants			
		Total	Entered illegally prior to 1/1/82	Overstayed nonimmigrant visa prior to 1/1/82	Blanket EVD or unknown	Total	Group I seasonal agricultural worker in 1983-86	Group II seasonal agricultural worker in 1985-86	Unknown
U.S. total	**3,031,848**	**1,759,705**	**1,441,935**	**310,320**	**7,450**	**1,272,143**	**66,810**	**1,204,859**	**474**
States:									
Arizona	82,649	29,261	23,493	5,741	27	53,388	1,631	51,757	-
California	1,622,517	955,875	840,617	114,658	600	666,642	34,970	631,670	2
Colorado	22,513	10,387	9,202	1,150	35	12,126	991	11,133	2
Florida	152,348	50,114	22,304	27,688	122	102,234	4,228	97,729	277
Georgia	24,118	7,247	4,183	2,985	79	16,871	818	16,053	-
Illinois	159,760	120,983	97,803	20,920	2,260	38,777	1,901	36,874	2
Massachusetts	18,128	9,859	4,640	5,042	177	8,269	202	8,029	38
Nevada	20,244	11,160	9,723	1,424	13	9,084	449	8,635	-
New Jersey	45,439	29,146	16,969	11,629	548	16,293	622	15,649	22
New Mexico	28,085	16,287	15,354	912	21	11,798	1,295	10,497	6
New York	171,083	118,210	68,428	47,775	2,007	52,873	1,848	50,928	97
Oregon	27,520	4,240	3,560	661	19	23,280	1,384	21,896	-
Texas	445,850	308,478	271,335	36,807	336	137,372	9,898	127,469	5
Virginia	19,416	10,190	5,376	4,536	278	9,226	340	8,884	2
Washington	37,539	9,850	8,161	1,639	50	27,689	1,542	26,147	-
Other states	154,639	68,418	40,787	26,753	878	86,221	4,691	81,509	21
Metropolitan statistical areas:									
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	142,556	89,355	79,486	9,800	69	53,201	2,338	50,863	-
Bakersfield, CA	30,649	8,586	7,896	689	1	22,063	1,659	20,404	-
Chicago, IL	136,357	106,783	85,214	19,351	2,218	29,574	1,230	28,342	2
Dallas, TX	74,545	53,368	48,278	4,977	113	21,177	1,550	19,626	1
El Paso, TX	32,035	20,575	19,173	1,381	21	11,460	1,251	10,208	1
Ft. Worth-Arlington, TX	23,570	17,340	15,928	1,380	32	6,230	467	5,763	-
Fresno, CA	51,990	13,563	12,486	1,066	11	38,427	1,684	36,743	-
Houston, TX	134,563	106,608	94,477	12,034	97	27,955	1,727	26,228	-
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	799,455	610,726	544,173	66,268	285	188,729	7,387	181,341	1
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	27,075	16,243	10,588	5,651	4	10,832	646	10,186	-
Miami-Hialeah, FL	62,359	27,774	10,582	17,149	43	34,585	1,261	33,178	146
New York, NY	153,032	105,905	60,809	43,344	1,752	47,127	1,530	45,507	90
Oakland, CA	29,587	16,372	12,087	4,206	79	13,215	548	12,667	-
Oxnard-Ventura, CA	30,842	11,100	9,833	1,251	16	19,742	1,677	18,065	-
Phoenix, AZ	45,916	18,094	15,903	2,171	20	27,822	1,066	26,756	-
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	110,912	54,085	47,881	6,179	25	56,827	2,540	54,287	-
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA	25,701	6,359	5,896	461	2	19,342	2,441	16,901	-
San Antonio, TX	20,529	16,224	13,087	3,130	7	4,305	205	4,100	-
San Diego, CA	100,132	41,769	33,807	7,949	13	58,363	3,050	55,313	-
San Francisco, CA	35,791	23,630	16,938	6,673	19	12,161	679	11,481	1
San Jose, CA	41,687	24,378	20,191	4,148	39	17,309	927	16,382	-
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	23,234	6,170	5,622	536	12	17,064	1,150	15,914	-
Stockton, CA	19,166	4,058	3,592	464	2	15,108	717	14,391	-
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	29,035	7,306	6,791	515	-	21,729	1,110	20,619	-
Washington, DC-MD-VA	32,127	21,170	10,546	10,119	505	10,957	371	10,580	6
Other MSAs	547,491	247,314	177,294	68,067	1,953	300,177	16,613	283,354	210
Non-MSAs	268,916	84,726	73,273	11,342	111	184,190	10,639	173,535	16
Unknown MSA	2,596	124	104	19	1	2,472	347	2,125	-

[1] See Glossary for definition of metropolitan statistical areas.

- Represents zero. NOTE: Figures based on applications processed as of February 13, 1992.

III. REFUGEES

The Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by the Refugee Act of 1980, governs the admission of refugees into the United States. A refugee, as defined by the Act, is any person who is outside his or her country of nationality and is unable or unwilling to return to that country because of persecution or a well-founded fear of persecution. Claims of persecution may be based on race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion. Persons within their country of nationality may be treated as refugees, provided that the President, after consultation with Congress, has defined these countries as having special refugee circumstances. The definition of refugee set forth in the Refugee Act of 1980 conforms to the 1967 United Nations Protocol on Refugees.

U.S. Refugee Policy

At the beginning of each fiscal year, the President, in consultation with Congress, reviews the worldwide refugee situation, determining the number of refugees in need of resettlement, those who are of special humanitarian concern to the United States, and the authorized number of admissions for the ensuing fiscal year. During the year, changes in the need for resettlement may require revisions in the overall limit on refugee admissions or reallocation among areas of the world. The admission ceiling of 131,000 for 1991 was established and later reallocated among the geographic regions as follows:

Geographic region	Initial ceilings	Final ceilings
Africa	4,900	4,900
East Asia	52,000	53,500
Eastern Europe / Soviet Union	55,000	53,500
Latin America / Caribbean	3,100	3,100
Near East / South Asia	6,000	6,000
Unfunded	10,000	10,000

The authorized admission levels are the maximum number of refugees allowed to enter the United States in a fiscal year for each of the geographic areas of chargeability. The unfunded reserve was established in 1987 so that additional refugees could be admitted with private sector funding. The authorized ceiling was increased from 125,000 in 1990 to 131,000 in 1991. The ceiling for East Asia includes Vietnamese Amerasians, who enter the country on immigrant visas under the Mrazek Act. These aliens are immigrants rather than refugees; however, they have been included in the ceiling since they are eligible for refugee benefits in the United States. A total of 16,010 Amerasians and their family members entered the United States in 1991. They are not included in the refugee tables in the *Statistical Yearbook*, but can be found in the immigrant tables.

During 1991 refugees were processed and approved for admission to the United States by officers in thirteen of the Service's eighteen overseas offices. To qualify for admission to the United States as a refugee, each applicant must meet all of the following criteria: be a refugee as set forth in the Refugee Act of 1980; be among the types of refugees determined to be of special humanitarian concern to the United States; be admissible under the Immigration and Nationality Act; and not be firmly resettled in any foreign country.

Under the Refugee Act of 1980, refugees are eligible to adjust to lawful permanent resident status after one year of residence in the United States and are exempt from the worldwide annual limitation of 270,000 immigrants. Upon adjustment, the date of admission is recorded as the date of entry as a refugee, so that the length of time spent in refugee status is counted toward the residency requirement for naturalization purposes.

Beginning in 1990, the administrative processing of refugee applicants residing in the Soviet Union was shifted to the United States, and the application procedure was changed. This created a discontinuity with prior data on refugee applications. Soviet residents are now required to submit an initial questionnaire to the State Department's Washington Processing Center (WPC) in Rosslyn, VA. The WPC establishes interview priority for applications based on information supplied on the initial questionnaires and schedules interviews in Moscow. On the day of their interview, the applicants submit completed applications to Service officers in Moscow. Beginning in 1990, applications were counted as filed on the interview date. In addition, 45,825 applications pending in Moscow at the end of fiscal year 1989 were administratively closed and forwarded to the WPC to receive a priority and interview date; therefore, the count of pending applications declined by this number between 1989 and 1990. The 45,825 applications were added to the pool of initial questionnaires submitted to the WPC beginning in 1990.

The number of initial questionnaires received at the WPC provides only an approximation of the number of potential applications because a questionnaire may include more than one person and some people submit duplicate questionnaires. The majority of the questionnaires may never result in formal applications for refugee status because they have vastly exceeded the yearly admissions allocated for the Soviet Union. At the end of fiscal year 1990 the total number of questionnaires received was

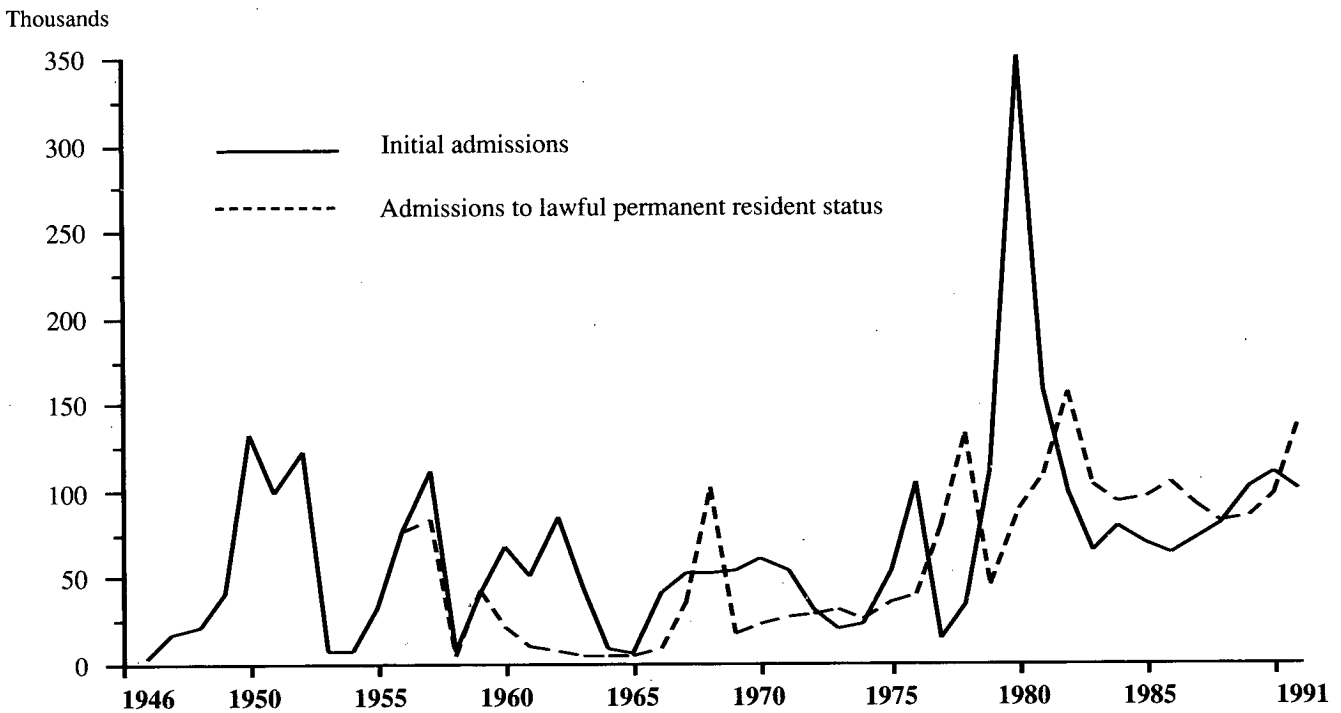
estimated to be 422,000, representing approximately 630,000 persons. During fiscal year 1991, about 100,000 new questionnaires were received. Soviet applicants who were outside the Soviet Union at the start of fiscal year 1990 are still allowed to submit applications for refugee status directly to refugee processing posts overseas, but less than 1 percent of all Soviet applications were filed this way in 1991.

More than 100,000 refugees arrived in the United States during 1991.

Data Overview

The United States first recognized refugees for entry into the country in fiscal year 1946. After that time many different refugee programs were enacted on an ad hoc basis, including the Displaced Persons Act and the Cuban and Indochinese Refugee Adjustment Acts. During the first decade of refugee programs, virtually all refugees entered the United States as immigrants. Since 1957, most refugees either have been paroled into the United States under special authority granted to the Attorney General by the Immigration and Nationality Act, or have entered in refugee status, to be adjusted to immigrant status at a later date. Chart G depicts initial refugee admissions and admissions to lawful permanent resident status for the period 1946-91. This graph demonstrates the time lag between initial admission and adjustment to immigrant status. At the onset of parole programs there generally were no mechanisms for adjustment to permanent status, thus creating a recurring need for special legislation. The Refugee Act of 1980 corrected this situation by providing for routine adjustment of status by refugees one year after arrival.

Chart G
Refugee and Asylee Initial Admissions and Admissions to Lawful Permanent Resident Status: Fiscal Years 1946-91



Major refugee programs

1949-53	Displaced Persons Act	1978-84	Indochinese Refugee Adjustment Act	3/75-3/80	Indochinese refugees paroled
1954-57	Refugee Relief Act			1980	Refugee-Parolee adjustments began
11/56-7/58	Hungarians paroled	2/70-3/80	Refugee-Parolees admitted	4/80	Refugee Act admissions began
1959	Hungarian adjustments began	1/59-3/80	Cubans paroled	1981	Refugee Act adjustments began
1966-80	Refugee conditional entrants	1967	Cuban adjustments began	4/80-10/80	Mariel boatlift
				1985-87	Mariel adjustments

NOTE: For the period 1946-56, admissions to lawful permanent resident status and initial admissions were the same. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

The number of applications for refugee status filed with INS decreased by 9 percent from 1990 (135,251) to 1991 (123,492). The leading countries of chargeability of the applicants were the Soviet Union with 51 percent of the applications, followed by Vietnam (21 percent), Laos (7 percent), and Ethiopia (4 percent) (Table F).

The number of refugees approved for admission to the United States increased from 99,697 in 1990 to 107,962 in 1991. The leading countries of chargeability were the Soviet Union with 57,445 approvals, Vietnam with 25,015, and Laos with 8,425 (Table F). These three countries accounted for approximately 5 out of every 6 approvals in 1991. The numbers approved from the Soviet Union and Vietnam increased in 1991 over the previous year, while the number from Laos fell. Significant trends in approvals for many countries reflected world events. For example, the number of refugee approvals for persons from Czechoslovakia, Hungary, and Poland have declined sharply in response to the establishment of democratic governments in those countries. At the same time, the number of refugees approved in 1991 from Albania and Iraq increased more than tenfold over 1990 levels.

Refugee arrivals into the United States fell to 100,229 in 1991, 9 percent below the 1990 level of 110,197. The three leading nationalities were the Soviet Union (39,116), Vietnam (27,441), and Laos (9,212), comprising 76 percent of total refugee arrivals for 1991 (Table F). Many refugees who were approved in Moscow encountered delays in arranging to leave the Soviet Union, creating a travel backlog of more than 18,000 by the end of 1991. They were expected to arrive in early 1992. The six leading states of intended residence for refugees arriving in the United States in 1991 were California, New York, Texas, Florida, Washington, and Illinois. These states were the intended residence of 63 percent of the arriving refugees.

The number of refugees adjusting to lawful permanent resident status increased by 26 percent from 1990 (92,427) to 1991 (116,415). The leading countries of birth for refugee adjustments were the Soviet Union (51,367), Vietnam (21,505), Laos (9,091), Cuba (7,699), and Iran (5,661). Nearly 82 percent of all refugee adjustments were from these 5 countries. The greatest increase was for the Soviet Union, which increased by 122 percent above the 23,141 refugees who adjusted in 1990. Soviet refugee adjustments will remain at a high level for several years because of the high number of recent Soviet refugee arrivals.

In order to adjust to lawful permanent resident status, a refugee must reside in the United States for one year in refugee status. For all refugees who adjusted status in 1991, the median length of residence in the United States was 1.4 years. This and other analyses indicate that refugees tend to adjust soon after they become eligible. Approximately 84 percent of the 1991 refugee adjustment cohort entered the United States in 1989-90. An analysis based on arrival-year cohorts indicates that one-fourth of recent refugee arrivals adjust their status almost immediately after completing their first year in the country. By the end of their second year, 80 percent have completed the process, and 90 percent have done so by the end of their third year.

Table F
Refugee Status Applications Filed and Approved and Refugees Admitted by Selected Nationality: Fiscal Year 1991

Nationality	Refugee applications filed	Refugee applications approved	Refugee arrivals
Total	123,492	107,962	100,229
Soviet Union	63,185	57,445	39,116
Vietnam	25,412	25,015	27,441
Laos	8,726	8,425	9,212
Ethiopia	4,916	3,978	3,889
Albania	4,065	1,319	1,354
Iran	3,902	2,577	2,833
Afghanistan	3,174	1,477	1,690
Romania	3,116	2,779	4,803
Iraq	2,701	728	812
Cuba	1,687	2,168	3,910
Other	2,608	2,051	5,169

Source: Tables 25 and 27.

The leading states of residence for refugees (and asylees) adjusting status in 1991 were California (45,594), New York (22,105), Florida (15,064), Illinois (5,679), and Massachusetts (5,289). These five states comprised 67 percent of all refugee and asylee adjustments. California alone was the state of residence of 33 percent of all refugees and asylees who adjusted status. The leading metropolitan areas of residence were New York (19,334), Los Angeles-Long Beach (17,963), Miami-Hialeah (12,289), Chicago (5,298), and San Francisco (4,425).

Data Collection

The Immigration and Naturalization Service collects data on refugees at three points during processing: when they apply for refugee status abroad, when they are admitted to the United States, and when they adjust to lawful permanent resident status. The INS overseas offices collect data on applicants for refugee status. Each office submits INS Form G-319, Report of Applicants for Refugee Status under Section 207, which reports refugee casework by the country to which each applicant is chargeable. See the preceding discussion in the section on U.S. refugee policy regarding changes in processing refugee applications in Moscow.

Since 1987, data on refugee admissions have been collected through the Nonimmigrant Information System (NIIS). The system compiles refugee admissions by country of citizenship on a monthly basis from INS Form I-94, Arrival/Departure Record (see Nonimmigrants section). Since NIIS records each entry of a person with nonimmigrant status, a refugee traveling abroad and returning to the United States may be counted more than once during the fiscal year. As a result, the data on refugee admissions may overstate the number of initial admissions of refugees for a fiscal year. The admission data also include spouses and children coming to join family members who were granted asylum status. A comparison of NIIS data to data collected by other agencies shows that for 1991, approximately three percent of the total refugee arrivals are not initial admissions, but are refugees returning to the United States.

Both the Bureau for Refugee Programs (Department of State) and the Office of Refugee Resettlement (Department of Health and Human Services) collect data on refugees admitted to the United States. The Bureau for Refugee Programs collects data through the Intergovernmental Committee for Migration, which is the agency responsible for arranging the transportation of refugees to the United States. The Office of Refugee Resettlement, which is responsible for the disbursement of funds for refugee benefits, collects detailed data on the characteristics of refugees initially admitted to the United States.

The Immigration and Naturalization Service collects data on refugees adjusting to lawful permanent resident status as part of its immigrant data series gathered by the Immigrant Data Capture System (IMDAC). The data collected include demographic variables as well as immigration-oriented variables (see Immigrants section). This is the only stage in the refugee process where the INS collects detailed information about the characteristics of refugees in the United States.

IV. ASYLEES

The Refugee Act of 1980 regulates U.S. asylum policy in addition to governing refugee procedures. The Act, for the first time, established a statutory basis for granting asylum in the United States consistent with the 1967 United Nations Protocol on Refugees. The definition of an asylee conforms to the same criteria and categories of persecution as a refugee. The only difference is the location of the alien upon application; the potential asylee is in the United States or at a port of entry, and the potential refugee is outside the United States.

U.S. Asylum Policy

Any alien physically present in the United States or at a port of entry may request asylum in the United States. According to the Refugee Act, current immigration status, whether legal or illegal, is not relevant to an individual's asylum claim. An alien requesting asylum may apply in one of two ways: with an INS asylum officer, or, if apprehended, with an immigration judge in a deportation or exclusion hearing.

Asylum procedures require that an INS officer interview each applicant and consult with the Bureau of Human Rights and Humanitarian Affairs (Department of State) for an advisory opinion on every asylum case. There are no limits set by law on the number of individuals who may be granted asylum in the United States in a fiscal year. An alien denied asylum by the INS may renew the asylum request with an immigration judge during a deportation or exclusion hearing.

According to immigration law, an approved asylee must have resided in the United States for one year following that approval to be eligible to apply for adjustment to lawful permanent resident status. One year of the asylee's residence prior to adjustment is counted toward the naturalization residency requirement. Although asylee

adjustments are exempt from the worldwide annual limitation of 270,000 immigrants, the law places a ceiling on the number of asylees who may adjust each year. The Immigration Act of 1990 increased the ceiling from 5,000 to 10,000 per year. It also waived the annual ceiling during fiscal year 1991 to accommodate the backlog of asylees who had met the required one-year waiting period and filed for adjustment of status on or before June 1, 1990.

During fiscal year 1991, the Immigration and Naturalization Service implemented new asylum regulations that were published in the Federal Register in July 1990. The regulations established a corps of asylum officers within the INS, shifted decision authority from district directors to the Asylum Officer Corps (AOC), and established a resource documentation center to provide information on human rights conditions in countries throughout the world. The AOC is administered from seven sites located in: Los Angeles, San Francisco, Chicago, Newark, Arlington (Virginia), Miami, and Houston. Applicants who do not live near these locations may be interviewed at INS offices by asylum officers who are visiting during circuit rides.

Approximately 62,000 asylum applications were filed in the United States during 1991.

Data Overview

At the midpoint of fiscal year 1991, the existing caseload of pending asylum claims was transferred from the INS district directors to the AOC. Because of difficulties in moving this caseload to the new automated system (see Data Collection below), final data are not yet available on asylum applications filed and resolved during the entire 1991 fiscal year.

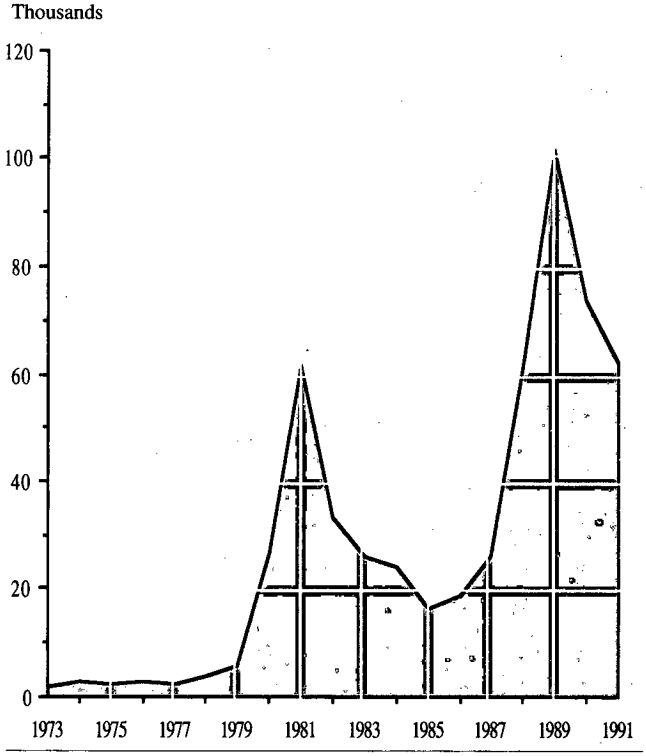
As shown in Chart H, since the effective date of the Refugee Act of 1980, the number of asylum applications filed with the INS has fluctuated greatly. In 1991, the number of asylum applications filed was approximately 62,000, a decline from the 73,637 filed in 1990. The backlog of unresolved claims was 97,288 at the beginning of 1991. It had grown to 114,046 by March 31, 1991, and to approximately 141,000 by the end of the fiscal year. Central Americans continued to dominate the caseload. The top three nationalities for cases pending as of March 1991 were Salvadorans (34,970), Nicaraguans (23,867), and Guatemalans (15,146). Approximately 2,400 asylum claims were granted in fiscal year 1991.

In 1991, 22,664 asylees adjusted to lawful permanent resident status. This record number was made possible by a provision of the Immigration Act of 1990 that waived the 1991 ceiling for asylees whose applications had been filed earlier, as discussed under "U.S. Asylum Policy." By the end of fiscal year 1991, the waiting period for registered asylees to adjust status had been reduced to two months. The leading countries of birth for asylees adjusting status were:

Country	Asylees adjusting status in 1991
Nicaragua	10,837
Iran	2,854
Poland	1,399
El Salvador	1,221
Ethiopia	1,203
Romania	1,009

Since the Refugee Act has been in effect, approximately 67,400 individuals have been granted asylum by the INS. During the same period, 66,300 asylees have adjusted to permanent resident status.

Chart H
Asylum Applications Filed with the INS: Fiscal Years 1973-91



NOTE: See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

Data Collection

Prior to April 1, 1991, the data on asylum applicants reflect cases filed with INS district directors; and subsequently, cases filed with INS asylum officers on Form I-589 (Request for Asylum in the United States). A centralized, automated data system—Refugees, Asylum and Parole System (RAPS)—has been developed to support the processing of the existing caseload and new asylum applications. The system is designed to support case tracking, schedule and control interviews, and generate management and statistical reports. The system will be capable of reporting asylum casework according to the nationality and other characteristics of asylum applicants. In addition to cases granted, the number of individuals covered by those cases will be tallied, since one case may cover more than one person. Data on asylum applicants have been collected by the INS for selected nationalities since July 1980, and since June 1983 for all nationalities. However, delays in entering information on the cases filed prior to April 1, 1991 into the RAPS system prevented the compilation of final figures on the 1991 caseload.

As with refugees, the Immigration and Naturalization Service collects data on asylees adjusting to lawful permanent resident status in the Immigrant Data Capture System (IMDAC) (see Immigrants section). Adjustment to immigrant status has been the only point at which detailed characteristics of asylees were collected in past years. When the RAPS system is fully operational, it will provide these data at an earlier time.

Limitations of Data

Data on applicants for asylum collected by the Immigration and Naturalization Service in past years covered only cases filed with the INS. The data did not cover those cases filed by apprehended aliens or cases denied by the INS which were renewed with immigration judges, who are part of the Executive Office of Immigration Review in the Department of Justice. When the RAPS data system is fully implemented, it may include the caseload handled by the immigration judges. The data collected by the INS at the time asylees adjust to permanent resident status include aliens previously granted asylum by either district directors, asylum officers, or immigration judges.

TABLE 24. REFUGEE-STATUS APPLICATIONS FISCAL YEARS 1980-91

Year	Applications pending beginning of year	Applications filed during year	Applications approved during year	Applications denied during year	Applications otherwise closed during year	Applications pending end of year
1980 (April-September)	16,642	95,241	89,580	6,149	1,197	14,957
1981	14,957	178,273	155,291	15,322	3,998	18,619
1982	18,619	76,150	61,527	14,943	6,631	11,668
1983	11,668	92,522	73,645	20,255	2,489	7,801
1984	7,801	99,636	77,932	16,220	604	12,681
1985	12,681	80,734	59,436	18,430	1,842	13,707
1986	13,707	67,310	52,081	9,679	3,362	15,895
1987	15,895	85,823	61,529	13,911	6,126	20,152
1988	20,152	105,024	80,282	11,821	5,632	27,441
1989	27,441	190,597	95,505	33,179	4,005	85,349
1990	39,524	135,251	99,697	29,805	24,904	20,369
1991	20,369	123,492	107,962	12,644	5,700	17,555

NOTE: The Refugee Act of 1980 went into effect on April 1, 1980. The pending beginning of fiscal year 1990 does not match the pending end of fiscal year 1989 due to changes in the processing of Soviet refugees residing inside the Soviet Union. The pending figure for 1990 excludes the initial questionnaires submitted by Soviet refugee applicants residing in the Soviet Union. The number of initial questionnaires is unknown, but estimated to exceed 600,000. See the Refugee section of the text for further explanation.

TABLE 25. REFUGEE-STATUS APPLICATIONS BY GEOGRAPHIC AREA AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CHARGEABILITY FISCAL YEAR 1991

Geographic area and country of chargeability	Applications pending beginning of year	Applications filed during year	Applications approved during year	Applications denied during year	Applications otherwise closed during year	Applications pending end of year
All countries	**20,369**	**123,492**	**107,962**	**12,644**	**5,700**	**17,555**
Africa	**3,936**	**6,053**	**4,430**	**1,057**	**688**	**3,814**
Angola	13	37	23	1	9	17
Ethiopia	3,429	4,916	3,978	932	574	2,861
Mozambique	31	15	12	1	13	20
Somalia	127	446	163	50	9	351
South Africa	17	26	19	1	4	19
Sudan	57	286	24	37	14	268
Uganda	206	109	125	15	31	144
Zaire	23	184	75	15	8	109
Other Africa	33	34	11	5	26	25
East Asia	**194**	**34,607**	**33,560**	**1,091**	**44**	**106**
Cambodia	4	449	102	347	3	1
Laos	11	8,726	8,425	303	8	1
Vietnam	179	25,412	25,015	439	33	104
Other Asia	-	20	18	2	-	-
Eastern Europe and Soviet Union	**11,109**	**71,014**	**62,582**	**7,791**	**3,712**	**8,038**
Albania	567	4,065	1,319	597	459	2,257
Bulgaria	1,463	332	562	226	218	789
Czechoslovakia	907	107	158	294	393	169
Hungary	67	6	7	1	46	19
Poland	1,667	203	312	27	804	727
Romania	6,200	3,116	2,779	1,296	1,491	3,750
Soviet Union	238	63,185	57,445	5,350	301	327
Latin America	**1,442**	**1,694**	**2,263**	**246**	**374**	**253**
Cuba	1,296	1,687	2,168	246	365	204
El Salvador	-	6	6	-	-	-
Nicaragua	146	1	89	-	9	49
Other Latin America	-	-	-	-	-	-
Near East	**3,688**	**10,124**	**5,127**	**2,459**	**882**	**5,344**
Afghanistan	1,546	3,174	1,477	1,569	211	1,463
Iran	1,424	3,902	2,577	510	441	1,798
Iraq	712	2,701	728	380	222	2,083
Libya	-	346	344	-	2	-
Other Near East	6	1	1	-	6	-

- Represents zero.

TABLE 26. REFUGEE APPROVALS AND ADMISSIONS BY GEOGRAPHIC AREA OF CHARGEABILITY FISCAL YEARS 1984-91

Geographic area of chargeability	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989[1]	1990[1]	1991[1]
Authorized admissions	**72,000**	**70,000**	**67,000**	**70,000**	**87,500**	**104,500**	**110,000**	**116,000**
Africa	2,750	3,000	3,000	2,000	3,000	2,000	3,500	4,900
East Asia	52,000	50,000	45,500	40,500	38,000	38,000	36,800	38,500
Eastern Europe & Soviet Union	11,000	10,000	9,500	12,300	30,000	50,000	58,300	53,500
Latin America & Caribbean	1,000	1,000	3,000	1,000	3,500	3,500	2,400	3,100
Near East	5,250	6,000	6,000	10,200	9,000	7,000	6,000	6,000
Unallocated Reserve	X	X	X	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	10,000
Approvals	**77,932**	**59,436**	**52,081**	**61,529**	**80,282**	**95,505**	**99,697**	**107,962**
Africa	2,743	1,943	1,329	1,974	1,304	1,825	3,318	4,430
East Asia	58,697	39,628	35,193	37,082	41,450	35,196	30,613	33,560
Eastern Europe & Soviet Union	10,917	9,999	9,515	12,290	26,645	48,620	58,951	62,582
Latin America & Caribbean	156	1,868	47	99	2,452	2,848	1,863	2,263
Near East	5,419	5,998	5,997	10,084	8,431	7,016	4,952	5,127
Admissions[2]	**67,750**	**62,477**	**58,329**	**66,803**	**80,382**	**101,072**	**110,197**	**100,229**
Africa	2,704	1,952	1,279	2,068	1,708	1,998	3,585	4,564
East Asia	49,154	44,972	41,673	40,046	35,160	36,989	37,192	37,063
Eastern Europe & Soviet Union	10,497	9,720	9,270	12,450	28,906	48,416	57,081	46,726
Latin America & Caribbean	152	159	48	902	4,319	5,033	5,786	5,107
Near East	5,242	5,674	6,059	10,619	9,486	7,699	5,636	5,895
Unknown	1	-	-	718	803	937	917	874

[1] The authorized admission levels for 1989, 1990, and 1991 were 116,500, 125,000, and 131,000, respectively, including 12,000 Amerasians in 1989 and 15,000 in both 1990 and 1991. Since Amerasians enter the United States on immigrant visas, they are not included as refugee arrivals in the INS' data. As a result, the authorized admission levels for 1989, 1990, and 1991 for East Asia have been reduced accordingly.

[2] Admissions may be higher than approvals because of the arrival of persons approved in previous years.

- Represents zero. X Not applicable.

NOTE: Beginning in 1987, refugee admission data were compiled through the Nonimmigrant Information System. Since the system collects all entries of persons with nonimmigrant status, initial arrivals of refugees may be overstated.

TABLE 27. REFUGEE ARRIVALS INTO THE UNITED STATES BY SELECTED NATIONALITY FISCAL YEARS 1985-91

Nationality	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
All nationalities	62,477	58,329	66,803	80,382	101,072	110,197	100,229
Afghanistan	2,094	2,478	3,241	2,380	1,991	1,835	1,690
Albania	43	78	49	74	44	103	1,354
Bulgaria	122	148	110	147	110	352	621
Cambodia	16,647	9,133	1,772	2,802	2,110	2,347	183
China [1]	82	39	416	162	210	133	192
Cuba	158	43	314	3,006	3,742	3,980	3,910
Czechoslovakia	959	1,447	373	247	257	246	175
El Salvador	-	-	74	60	74	136	110
Ethiopia	1,773	1,248	1,858	1,539	1,750	3,255	3,889
Hungary	545	635	690	810	1,071	295	25
Iran	3,292	3,246	7,075	6,920	5,466	3,603	2,833
Iraq	244	311	186	37	115	73	812
Laos	4,724	11,130	15,508	14,561	12,779	8,667	9,212
Nicaragua	-	-	486	1,155	1,053	1,239	883
Poland	2,806	3,617	3,734	3,670	3,792	1,883	573
Romania	4,488	2,573	3,203	2,953	3,369	4,625	4,803
South Africa	22	8	69	35	22	39	17
Soviet Union	643	744	3,652	20,533	39,076	49,385	39,116
Vietnam	22,831	20,821	22,320	17,626	21,865	26,023	27,441
Yugoslavia	25	2	578	400	619	130	35
Other	979	628	1,095	1,265	1,557	1,848	2,355

[1] Data for Mainland China and Taiwan are included in China.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Beginning in 1987, refugee admission data were compiled through the Nonimmigrant Information System. Since the system collects all entries of persons with nonimmigrant status, initial arrivals of refugees may be overstated.

TABLE 28. REFUGEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS IN FISCAL YEAR 1991 BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Region and country of birth	Total	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	Before 1984	Unknown or not reported
All countries	**116,415**	**36,035**	**61,963**	**10,831**	**2,719**	**1,246**	**955**	**521**	**1,647**	**498**
Europe	**59,945**	**21,143**	**35,417**	**2,431**	**288**	**129**	**57**	**49**	**196**	**235**
Bulgaria	251	153	78	13	3	2	1	–	1	–
Czechoslovakia	556	159	296	54	8	8	12	3	12	4
Germany	170	30	115	16	5	–	1	2	–	1
Hungary	742	32	585	74	20	9	6	6	6	4
Italy	196	60	128	7	1	–	–	–	–	–
Poland	2,806	357	1,990	236	74	37	20	26	51	15
Romania	3,267	1,180	1,741	189	52	52	10	2	22	19
Soviet Union	51,367	19,014	30,164	1,757	116	18	4	9	96	189
Other Europe	590	158	320	85	9	3	3	1	8	3
Asia	**45,109**	**12,353**	**21,348**	**6,370**	**1,928**	**928**	**760**	**402**	**827**	**193**
Afghanistan	1,527	547	717	177	48	19	6	–	11	2
Cambodia	2,540	220	781	643	56	145	349	159	178	9
China, Mainland	185	48	106	17	4	2	3	2	3	–
Iran	5,661	1,243	3,075	1,056	191	57	22	5	9	3
Laos	9,091	1,143	4,410	1,887	891	324	82	69	209	76
Lebanon	72	9	39	23	1	–	–	–	–	–
Philippines	233	34	117	33	11	11	10	4	10	3
Syria	149	21	70	52	5	–	–	–	1	–
Thailand	3,600	505	1,382	1,008	344	119	110	48	42	42
Vietnam	21,505	8,451	10,361	1,401	368	243	171	109	349	52
Other Asia	546	132	290	73	9	8	7	6	15	6
Africa	**2,871**	**1,389**	**1,250**	**121**	**40**	**12**	**9**	**16**	**14**	**20**
Ethiopia	2,379	1,119	1,067	95	39	12	5	13	10	19
Somalia	94	62	31	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Other Africa	398	208	152	26	–	–	4	3	4	1
North America	**8,288**	**1,116**	**3,853**	**1,867**	**453**	**175**	**126**	**54**	**608**	**36**
Caribbean	**7,720**	**863**	**3,627**	**1,804**	**444**	**170**	**125**	**53**	**604**	**30**
Cuba	7,699	858	3,623	1,798	443	170	125	53	603	26
Other Caribbean	21	5	4	6	1	–	–	–	1	4
Central America	**534**	**248**	**212**	**51**	**7**	**4**	**1**	**1**	**4**	**6**
El Salvador	28	19	6	1	1	–	–	–	1	–
Guatemala	10	1	7	1	1	–	–	–	–	–
Nicaragua	396	207	161	21	3	–	1	–	2	1
Panama	28	6	8	13	–	–	–	–	–	1
Other Central America	72	15	30	15	2	4	–	1	1	4
Other North America	34	5	14	12	2	1	–	–	–	–
South America	**200**	**33**	**94**	**42**	**10**	**2**	**3**	**–**	**2**	**14**
Unknown or not reported	2	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

– Represents zero.

TABLE 29. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY ENACTMENT FISCAL YEARS 1946-91

Enactment	Total	1946-50	1951-60	1961-70	1971-80	1981-90	1991
Total	**2,610,707**	**213,347**	**492,371**	**212,843**	**539,447**	**1,013,620**	**139,079**
Presidential Directive of 12/22/45	40,324	40,324	X	X	X	X	X
Displaced Persons Act of 6/25/48	409,696	173,023	236,669	4	X	X	X
Orphan Act of 7/29/53	466	X	466	X	X	X	X
Refugee Relief Act of 8/7/53	189,025	X	188,993	28	2	2	X
Refugee-Escapee Act of 9/11/57	29,462	X	24,263	5,199	X	X	X
Hungarian Refugee Act of 7/25/58	30,752	X	30,491	258	2	1	X
Azores & Netherlands Refugee Act of 9/2/58	22,213	X	10,057	12,156	X	X	X
Refugee Relatives Act of 9/22/59	1,820	X	1,432	388	X	X	X
Fair Share Refugee Act of 7/14/60	19,799	X	X	19,714	82	3	X
Refugee Conditional Entrants Act of 10/3/65	142,103	X	X	39,149	102,625	329	X
Cuban Refugee Act of 11/2/66	499,450	X	X	135,947	252,119	105,898	5,486
Indochinese Refugee Act of 10/28/77	175,083	X	X	X	137,309	37,752	22
Refugee Parolee Act of 10/5/78	139,098	X	X	X	46,058	92,971	69
Refugee Act of 1980, 3/17/80	**911,416**	**X**	**X**	**X**	**1,250**	**776,664**	**133,502**
Refugees	845,097	X	X	X	X	734,259	110,838
Asylees	66,319	X	X	X	1,250	42,405	22,664

NOTE: X Not applicable. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions. Data for fiscal years 1987-88 have been adjusted. The data no longer include aliens granted permanent resident status under the Cuban/Haitian entrant provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986.

TABLE 30. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEARS 1946-91

Region and country of birth	Total	1946-50	1951-60	1961-70	1971-80	1981-90	1991
All countries	**2,610,707**	**213,347**	**492,371**	**212,843**	**539,447**	**1,013,620**	**139,079**
Europe	**1,013,680**	**211,983**	**456,146**	**55,235**	**71,858**	**155,512**	**62,946**
Albania	4,213	29	1,409	1,952	395	353	75
Austria	17,261	4,801	11,487	233	185	424	131
Bulgaria	5,822	139	1,138	1,799	1,238	1,197	311
Czechoslovakia	37,386	8,449	10,719	5,709	3,646	8,204	659
Estonia	11,298	7,143	4,103	16	2	25	9
Germany[1]	101,366	36,633	62,860	665	143	851	214
Greece	31,291	124	28,568	586	478	1,408	127
Hungary	75,987	6,086	55,740	4,044	4,358	4,942	817
Italy	63,443	642	60,657	1,198	346	394	206
Latvia	38,352	21,422	16,783	49	16	48	34
Lithuania	27,470	18,694	8,569	72	23	37	75
Netherlands	17,626	129	14,336	3,134	8	14	5
Poland	207,025	78,529	81,323	3,197	5,882	33,889	4,205
Portugal	5,067	12	3,650	1,361	21	21	2
Romania	64,281	4,180	12,057	7,158	6,812	29,798	4,276
Soviet Union	200,168	14,072	30,059	871	31,309	72,306	51,551
Spain	10,510	1	246	4,114	5,317	736	96
Yugoslavia	84,557	9,816	44,755	18,299	11,297	324	66
Other Europe	10,557	1,082	7,687	778	382	541	87
Asia	**1,026,960**	**1,106**	**33,422**	**19,895**	**210,683**	**712,092**	**49,762**
Afghanistan	25,589	-	1	-	542	22,946	2,100
Cambodia	124,353	-	-	-	7,739	114,064	2,550
China[2]	39,948	319	12,008	5,308	13,760	7,928	625
Hong Kong	8,663	-	1,076	2,128	3,468	1,916	75
Indonesia	17,530	-	8,253	7,658	222	1,385	12
Iran	56,020	118	192	58	364	46,773	8,515
Iraq	14,833	-	130	119	6,851	7,540	193
Japan	4,530	3	3,803	554	56	110	4
Korea	4,618	-	3,116	1,316	65	120	1
Laos	173,781	-	-	-	21,690	142,964	9,127
Syria	4,239	4	119	383	1,336	2,145	252
Thailand	35,131	-	15	13	1,241	30,259	3,603
Turkey	6,717	603	1,427	1,489	1,193	1,896	109
Vietnam	496,271	-	2	7	150,266	324,453	21,543
Other Asia	14,737	59	3,280	862	1,890	7,593	1,053
Africa	**37,145**	**20**	**1,768**	**5,486**	**2,991**	**22,149**	**4,731**
Egypt	8,709	8	1,354	5,396	1,473	426	52
Ethiopia	23,494	-	61	2	1,307	18,542	3,582
Other Africa	4,942	12	353	88	211	3,181	1,097
Oceania	**163**	**7**	**75**	**21**	**37**	**22**	**1**
North America	**528,852**	**163**	**831**	**132,068**	**252,633**	**121,840**	**21,317**
Cuba	504,400	3	6	131,557	251,514	113,367	7,953
El Salvador	2,678	-	-	1	45	1,383	1,249
Nicaragua	16,864	1	1	3	36	5,590	11,233
Other North America	4,910	159	824	507	1,038	1,500	882
South America	**3,769**	**32**	**74**	**123**	**1,244**	**1,976**	**320**
Chile	998	-	5	4	420	531	38
Other South America	2,771	32	69	119	824	1,445	282
Unknown or not reported	138	36	55	15	1	29	2

[1] Includes East and West Germany.
[2] Includes Mainland China and Taiwan.
- Represents zero.
NOTE: See Glossary for fiscal year definitions. Data for fiscal years 1987-88 have been adjusted. The data no longer include aliens granted permanent resident status under the Cuban/Haitian entrant provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986.

TABLE 31. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY AGE AND SEX FISCAL YEARS 1984-91

Age and sex	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total	**92,127**	**95,040**	**104,383**	**91,840**	**81,719**	**84,288**	**97,364**	**139,079**
Under 5 years	5,239	4,818	4,677	4,037	3,914	4,712	5,315	6,721
5- 9 years	9,162	8,974	9,311	7,226	7,913	8,933	9,662	13,578
10-14 years	9,561	10,067	10,486	7,202	7,686	8,425	8,839	12,494
15-19 years	10,772	11,227	11,485	11,161	9,841	9,426	10,237	13,270
20-24 years	13,309	11,919	11,808	10,418	9,673	9,279	10,067	12,859
25-29 years	12,264	11,393	11,439	9,981	9,228	9,333	10,831	14,522
30-34 years	9,534	9,860	10,985	10,032	8,796	8,675	10,250	15,044
35-39 years	6,232	7,225	8,750	8,522	6,979	7,381	8,764	13,275
40-44 years	4,101	5,138	6,584	6,594	5,004	5,155	6,527	10,790
45-49 years	3,179	3,776	4,934	4,823	3,587	3,397	4,032	5,871
50-54 years	2,443	2,820	3,492	3,455	2,644	2,719	3,360	5,148
55-59 years	1,788	2,188	2,827	2,638	2,001	1,955	2,611	3,689
60-64 years	1,565	1,795	2,330	1,984	1,509	1,705	2,309	3,780
65-69 years	1,276	1,446	2,014	1,627	1,252	1,485	2,090	3,782
70-74 years	856	1,050	1,525	1,096	788	755	1,144	2,023
75-79 years	543	750	997	671	501	529	734	1,266
80 years and over	303	594	739	371	391	395	569	938
Unknown	-	-	-	2	12	29	23	29
Male	**52,162**	**53,429**	**58,497**	**50,736**	**45,148**	**45,348**	**51,843**	**72,189**
Under 5 years	2,756	2,430	2,403	2,042	2,038	2,424	2,794	3,549
5- 9 years	4,821	4,726	4,921	3,766	4,170	4,700	5,057	6,972
10-14 years	5,280	5,536	5,697	3,969	4,162	4,496	4,718	6,595
15-19 years	6,642	6,776	6,764	6,323	5,748	5,432	5,835	7,417
20-24 years	8,272	7,208	6,974	5,827	5,619	5,168	5,748	6,841
25-29 years	7,289	6,632	6,535	5,513	5,114	5,108	5,884	7,690
30-34 years	5,549	5,764	6,440	5,730	4,941	4,575	5,281	7,870
35-39 years	3,552	4,129	5,205	4,888	3,940	3,981	4,629	6,971
40-44 years	2,271	3,025	3,870	3,834	2,798	2,820	3,507	5,714
45-49 years	1,713	2,087	2,838	2,780	2,035	1,957	2,213	3,249
50-54 years	1,312	1,530	1,968	1,938	1,476	1,462	1,787	2,711
55-59 years	845	1,130	1,539	1,409	1,083	1,035	1,382	1,814
60-64 years	674	864	1,126	992	764	795	1,043	1,594
65-69 years	490	650	901	772	578	658	929	1,545
70-74 years	345	419	636	496	325	344	492	828
75-79 years	226	287	392	283	201	211	304	478
80 years and over	125	236	288	173	150	164	232	338
Unknown	-	-	-	1	6	18	8	13
Female	**39,965**	**41,611**	**45,886**	**41,104**	**36,571**	**38,922**	**45,475**	**66,825**
Under 5 years	2,483	2,388	2,274	1,995	1,876	2,284	2,514	3,169
5- 9 years	4,341	4,248	4,390	3,460	3,743	4,232	4,599	6,597
10-14 years	4,281	4,531	4,789	3,233	3,524	3,928	4,118	5,891
15-19 years	4,130	4,451	4,721	4,838	4,093	3,991	4,398	5,843
20-24 years	5,037	4,711	4,834	4,591	4,054	4,109	4,313	6,011
25-29 years	4,975	4,761	4,904	4,468	4,114	4,225	4,945	6,827
30-34 years	3,985	4,096	4,545	4,302	3,855	4,099	4,962	7,170
35-39 years	2,680	3,096	3,545	3,634	3,039	3,398	4,132	6,303
40-44 years	1,830	2,113	2,714	2,760	2,206	2,334	3,019	5,066
45-49 years	1,466	1,689	2,096	2,043	1,552	1,440	1,816	2,619
50-54 years	1,131	1,290	1,524	1,517	1,168	1,257	1,571	2,437
55-59 years	943	1,058	1,288	1,229	918	919	1,228	1,874
60-64 years	891	931	1,204	992	745	910	1,265	2,186
65-69 years	786	796	1,113	855	674	827	1,161	2,235
70-74 years	511	631	889	600	463	411	652	1,193
75-79 years	317	463	605	388	300	316	430	788
80 years and over	178	358	451	198	241	231	337	600
Unknown	-	-	-	1	6	11	15	16
Unknown sex	-	-	-	-	-	18	46	65
Percent distribution	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Male	56.6	56.2	56.0	55.2	55.2	53.8	53.2	51.9
Female	43.4	43.8	44.0	44.8	44.8	46.2	46.7	48.0
Unknown	-	-	-	-	-	.0	Z	Z
Median age	**24.3**	**25.2**	**27.0**	**28.0**	**26.0**	**25.7**	**27.1**	**28.7**
Male	23.9	25.1	27.0	28.2	25.8	25.4	26.5	28.1
Female	24.8	25.5	26.9	27.7	26.2	26.1	27.8	29.4

- Represents zero. Z rounds to less than 0.05

NOTE: Data on refugees and asylees granted lawful permanent resident status for fiscal year 1987-88 have been adjusted. The data no longer include Cuban/Haitian entrants granted immigrant status.

TABLE 32. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEARS 1982-91

Region and country of birth	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
All countries	**156,601**	**102,685**	**92,127**	**95,040**	**104,383**	**91,840**	**81,719**	**84,288**	**97,364**	**139,079**
Europe	**19,475**	**10,226**	**16,068**	**14,008**	**11,868**	**9,684**	**11,418**	**18,348**	**33,111**	**62,946**
Austria	11	33	76	57	53	40	39	26	84	131
Bulgaria	106	82	140	141	134	117	129	126	178	311
Czechoslovakia	592	687	936	958	841	1,075	1,164	640	883	659
Germany	34	34	84	92	100	76	94	100	150	214
Greece	434	90	57	32	27	27	54	185	315	127
Hungary	212	238	455	588	543	589	738	588	868	817
Italy	47	19	60	32	24	37	26	44	86	206
Poland [1]	830	2,673	5,601	4,813	3,949	3,357	4,242	3,842	3,903	4,205
Romania	2,348	1,757	3,226	4,426	4,308	2,959	3,028	3,338	3,186	4,276
Soviet Union	14,647	4,404	5,206	2,638	1,654	1,242	1,642	9,264	23,186	51,551
Other Europe	214	209	227	231	235	165	262	195	272	449
Asia	**131,089**	**85,298**	**68,399**	**62,035**	**58,685**	**52,600**	**56,006**	**56,751**	**51,867**	**49,762**
Afghanistan	1,340	2,321	3,032	2,555	2,600	2,141	2,597	2,606	2,144	2,100
Cambodia	13,309	17,957	11,663	13,365	13,300	12,206	9,255	5,648	4,719	2,550
China, Mainland	1,867	547	643	728	618	540	588	500	330	620
Iran	701	1,450	3,544	5,420	6,022	5,559	6,895	8,167	8,649	8,515
Iraq	1,648	1,092	1,862	951	367	310	268	191	141	193
Laos	36,398	23,503	12,094	8,921	7,556	6,560	10,348	12,033	9,824	9,127
Lebanon	524	105	43	34	41	24	29	116	118	318
Pakistan	17	20	30	59	68	65	101	142	157	166
Philippines	261	326	338	323	459	386	429	361	290	249
Syria	728	127	89	59	23	34	67	273	393	252
Thailand	2,661	2,798	2,216	2,349	3,240	3,751	3,587	4,347	4,077	3,603
Turkey	752	154	65	59	42	13	33	175	276	109
Vietnam	69,523	34,285	32,033	26,775	23,930	20,617	21,407	21,883	20,537	21,543
Other Asia	1,360	613	747	437	419	394	402	309	212	417
Africa	**1,659**	**2,456**	**2,322**	**3,201**	**2,547**	**1,719**	**2,121**	**2,269**	**2,212**	**4,731**
Ethiopia	1,381	2,209	2,018	2,762	2,102	1,425	1,723	1,784	1,682	3,582
Libya	19	27	17	31	27	37	54	71	84	175
Somalia	4	8	16	23	14	15	20	33	38	282
Sudan	4	37	66	180	121	83	80	97	60	184
Other Africa	251	175	205	205	283	159	244	284	348	508
Oceania	**2**	**2**	**5**	**5**	**1**	**3**	**1**	**1**	**-**	**1**
North America	**4,125**	**4,547**	**5,146**	**15,667**	**31,086**	**27,677**	**11,912**	**6,740**	**9,910**	**21,317**
Caribbean	**3,917**	**4,142**	**4,599**	**15,090**	**30,356**	**26,850**	**10,907**	**5,272**	**7,700**	**8,005**
Cuba	3,885	4,118	4,560	15,080	30,333	26,817	10,846	5,245	7,668	7,953
Other Caribbean	32	24	39	10	23	33	61	27	32	52
Central America	**192**	**386**	**512**	**556**	**682**	**785**	**964**	**1,416**	**2,143**	**13,221**
El Salvador	-	22	112	166	289	172	170	198	245	1,249
Guatemala	4	12	32	7	18	13	37	33	58	296
Honduras	3	21	30	14	37	36	71	58	66	133
Nicaragua	178	317	319	347	324	555	645	1,075	1,694	11,233
Panama	3	2	4	6	3	1	17	22	43	246
Other Central America	4	12	15	16	11	8	24	30	37	64
Other North America	16	19	35	21	48	42	41	52	67	91
South America	**242**	**156**	**178**	**124**	**195**	**155**	**260**	**175**	**264**	**320**
Venezuela	3	31	41	36	56	25	58	62	87	120
Other South America	239	125	137	88	139	130	202	113	177	200
Born on board ship	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unknown or not reported	5	-	9	-	1	2	1	4	-	2

[1] Beginning fiscal year 1980, data for Danzig are included in Poland.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Data on refugees and asylees granted lawful permanent resident status for fiscal year 1987-88 have been adjusted. The data no longer include Cuban/Haitian entrants granted immigrant status.

TABLE 33. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY STATE OF RESIDENCE FISCAL YEARS 1982-91

State of residence	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total	**156,601**	**102,685**	**92,127**	**95,040**	**104,383**	**91,840**	**81,719**	**84,288**	**97,364**	**139,079**
Alabama	18	779	474	244	308	236	230	182	127	136
Alaska	2	60	70	26	53	44	33	41	27	72
Arizona	712	706	681	725	764	633	593	655	682	890
Arkansas	1,065	350	250	230	268	150	194	190	76	122
California	59,018	24,629	27,499	30,142	32,680	23,907	27,423	36,136	38,507	45,594
Colorado	1,827	1,696	878	1,722	861	831	591	705	578	1,342
Connecticut	2,165	1,095	1,252	1,269	974	1,011	933	788	1,162	1,767
Delaware	16	92	20	25	9	22	39	28	48	107
District of Columbia	441	314	172	271	178	139	169	225	295	508
Florida	3,842	5,263	5,871	10,758	21,886	25,003	11,257	5,750	9,145	15,064
Georgia	138	3,339	1,035	1,257	1,413	1,475	1,047	787	989	1,777
Hawaii	885	180	1,279	401	377	166	449	320	255	261
Idaho	205	82	150	83	188	131	159	125	114	139
Illinois	12,116	6,087	4,149	3,264	2,769	2,829	2,366	3,231	3,419	5,679
Indiana	1,073	821	382	303	272	209	229	113	130	433
Iowa	2,591	1,018	435	503	148	495	534	331	467	544
Kansas	1,616	519	1,366	854	514	221	530	991	291	508
Kentucky	63	427	64	509	100	263	210	129	66	84
Louisiana	1,845	1,221	2,548	803	1,008	837	928	706	470	898
Maine	335	322	224	369	335	242	119	137	165	281
Maryland	2,097	1,979	1,149	1,218	1,123	1,044	1,062	1,062	1,242	2,148
Massachusetts	844	3,185	2,636	3,007	3,016	3,415	4,169	3,758	4,724	5,289
Michigan	3,190	2,246	1,613	1,339	1,165	1,124	1,071	1,164	1,221	2,384
Minnesota	6,554	3,462	2,417	2,001	2,119	2,598	1,594	2,251	2,656	3,027
Mississippi	166	66	242	48	177	174	191	121	124	80
Missouri	728	927	1,012	713	647	571	684	510	534	908
Montana	351	49	36	58	24	20	43	23	9	131
Nebraska	594	263	288	257	151	115	137	104	175	221
Nevada	412	460	218	468	461	251	243	248	358	464
New Hampshire	30	54	109	130	84	153	113	120	139	189
New Jersey	2,512	2,186	1,136	4,038	5,489	1,076	1,632	2,335	1,339	3,141
New Mexico	657	476	303	198	112	102	151	133	26	142
New York	1,975	1,954	9,333	6,232	6,185	6,402	6,259	6,289	12,871	22,105
North Carolina	793	939	624	489	446	386	666	470	337	649
North Dakota	126	222	138	95	111	51	40	26	70	42
Ohio	2,303	1,725	813	1,335	1,439	665	776	1,164	770	1,375
Oklahoma	648	1,185	2,830	687	552	366	307	247	214	204
Oregon	5,615	2,431	1,787	1,573	1,143	887	881	912	1,315	2,624
Pennsylvania	5,050	3,381	1,628	1,926	2,055	1,857	2,466	2,343	2,983	3,953
Rhode Island	736	1,964	1,027	656	702	576	476	469	395	635
South Carolina	233	244	399	141	95	80	124	62	67	130
South Dakota	230	85	140	95	41	100	59	67	52	196
Tennessee	1,992	587	471	454	537	621	591	512	448	525
Texas	12,856	10,667	6,216	5,599	5,241	4,433	3,495	2,703	2,866	4,911
Utah	1,147	982	1,161	669	485	410	492	306	364	513
Vermont	87	42	60	94	41	76	81	29	85	139
Virginia	5,001	3,730	1,964	2,620	1,772	1,813	2,052	1,808	1,692	2,403
Washington	7,060	6,071	3,030	2,568	2,731	2,841	2,722	2,161	1,605	2,194
West Virginia	105	33	57	29	39	14	9	8	5	31
Wisconsin	2,182	1,130	354	1,617	938	675	989	1,251	1,578	2,011
Wyoming	33	3	29	54	7	8	2	-	6	4
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	76	17	4	6	16	14	14	-	4	6
Puerto Rico	157	79	103	867	134	76	95	62	77	97
Virgin Islands	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	2
Other or unknown	87	861	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Data on refugees and asylees granted lawful permanent resident status for fiscal years 1987-88 have been adjusted. The data no longer include Cuban/Haitian entrants granted immigrant status.

TABLE 34. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991

Metropolitan statistical area[1]	All countries	Afghanistan	Cambodia	China, Mainland	Cuba	Czechoslovakia	El Salvador	Ethiopia	Hungary
Total	**139,079**	**2,100**	**2,550**	**620**	**7,953**	**659**	**1,249**	**3,582**	**817**
New York, NY	19,334	389	31	87	45	23	17	71	36
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	17,963	206	501	107	191	46	256	269	64
Miami-Hialeah, FL	12,289	-	-	1	6,220	4	43	2	8
Chicago, IL	5,298	27	83	43	27	43	12	92	21
San Francisco, CA	4,425	8	31	33	3	12	267	48	36
San Jose, CA	4,067	40	75	12	9	13	33	155	18
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	3,771	8	253	11	16	79	14	79	12
Washington, DC-MD-VA	3,645	294	49	10	14	6	127	759	30
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	3,312	26	65	10	10	9	7	79	7
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	3,226	49	115	13	21	40	18	22	10
Sacramento, CA	2,858	9	26	3	7	25	4	10	4
Oakland, CA	2,813	508	64	15	6	14	90	94	8
San Diego, CA	2,670	101	27	10	3	47	22	255	16
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	2,602	14	45	1	1	-	4	123	3
Fresno, CA	2,507	-	88	-	2	-	9	21	-
Portland, OR	2,308	3	32	2	1	6	-	24	2
Houston, TX	2,000	13	19	7	24	8	38	82	1
Seattle, WA	1,709	19	104	9	2	10	2	63	43
Atlanta, GA	1,635	33	30	4	8	9	8	219	29
Detroit, MI	1,626	6	1	-	4	8	-	7	-
Dallas, TX	1,556	3	21	6	17	-	17	234	11
Stockton, CA	1,286	14	162	1	1	-	2	-	-
Denver, CO	1,171	21	16	4	4	9	4	54	2
Springfield, MA	1,072	4	22	-	-	-	-	5	-
Newark, NJ	1,013	11	-	-	71	3	4	13	5
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	942	21	67	7	11	8	4	25	10
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	865	-	8	-	6	5	-	12	48
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	831	-	13	-	216	10	-	32	20
Milwaukee, WI	816	-	1	1	5	-	-	4	-
St. Louis, MO-IL	793	-	5	8	5	8	-	43	-
Baltimore, MD	739	2	-	2	1	1	3	8	2
New Orleans, LA	732	-	1	3	20	-	1	3	-
Phoenix, AZ	643	4	14	3	3	1	27	38	17
Providence-Pawtucket-Woonsocket, RI	631	-	46	-	-	1	-	-	32
Merced, CA	623	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk-Danbury, CT	539	-	23	-	6	-	3	2	26
Cleveland, OH	533	-	-	5	-	-	-	2	8
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	527	15	-	1	8	7	4	2	13
Rochester, NY	527	-	12	4	2	-	-	17	-
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	495	1	3	2	2	-	2	19	2
Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	482	1	6	4	-	5	-	3	3
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	474	8	-	-	133	3	-	-	12
Buffalo, NY	458	-	1	4	1	-	-	9	2
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	438	4	-	11	16	2	1	3	26
Jersey City, NJ	434	3	-	1	202	-	7	5	-
Las Vegas, NV	422	18	7	-	123	8	38	34	7
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	404	-	-	2	129	-	5	4	7
Pittsburgh, PA	379	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	6
Orlando, FL	361	-	1	-	41	5	6	18	4
Worcester-Fitchburg-Leominster, MA	331	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	2
Other MSAs	15,636	175	411	152	237	151	138	462	177
Non-MSA	2,868	39	69	21	79	30	10	56	27

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 34. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Metropolitan statistical area[1]	Iran	Laos	Nicaragua	Poland	Romania	Soviet Union	Thailand	Vietnam	Other
Total	**8,515**	**9,127**	**11,233**	**4,205**	**4,276**	**51,551**	**3,603**	**21,543**	**5,496**
New York, NY	369	2	99	362	465	16,730	4	254	350
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	4,948	74	1,205	69	351	6,150	88	2,588	850
Miami-Hialeah, FL	29	–	5,017	5	3	337	–	20	600
Chicago, IL	118	19	44	1,204	558	2,468	37	285	217
San Francisco, CA	98	17	1,203	66	16	2,027	6	445	109
San Jose, CA	322	40	376	25	30	436	39	2,355	89
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	55	67	8	106	34	1,963	97	826	143
Washington, DC-MD-VA	356	28	283	38	35	353	9	917	337
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	49	82	31	81	104	1,870	82	704	96
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	168	55	72	43	261	94	42	2,121	82
Sacramento, CA	50	478	41	30	83	1,515	216	282	75
Oakland, CA	105	258	323	53	66	341	150	570	148
San Diego, CA	219	284	78	89	26	346	95	818	234
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	36	1,039	1	22	18	646	355	236	58
Fresno, CA	10	1,569	5	–	–	202	527	44	30
Portland, OR	20	103	1	8	214	1,465	31	333	63
Houston, TX	49	40	277	15	46	274	12	1,026	69
Seattle, WA	55	153	15	125	73	531	62	370	73
Atlanta, GA	65	66	44	32	84	565	25	319	95
Detroit, MI	14	105	6	195	289	850	43	42	56
Dallas, TX	108	67	134	48	82	356	13	372	67
Stockton, CA	4	375	24	–	1	–	262	379	61
Denver, CO	39	82	–	34	11	501	25	314	51
Springfield, MA	–	9	–	24	1	853	4	133	17
Newark, NJ	13	2	17	108	34	648	1	56	27
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	26	79	114	12	113	170	18	226	31
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	20	66	9	184	84	266	12	106	39
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	17	74	31	37	19	45	27	269	21
Milwaukee, WI	6	273	48	5	2	371	78	14	8
St. Louis, MO-IL	17	8	5	33	97	380	5	130	49
Baltimore, MD	62	3	15	42	11	534	–	27	26
New Orleans, LA	11	13	503	11	2	13	2	112	37
Phoenix, AZ	48	19	25	17	139	69	1	111	107
Providence-Pawtucket-Woonsocket, RI	7	163	5	24	3	273	31	29	17
Merced, CA	–	479	5	1	–	–	135	2	–
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk-Danbury, CT	14	26	9	23	27	285	6	66	23
Cleveland, OH	10	2	–	6	42	417	–	31	10
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	33	–	13	68	23	313	–	5	22
Rochester, NY	1	11	1	8	–	422	3	34	12
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	22	7	16	1	3	75	–	320	20
Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	39	15	14	16	7	234	1	98	36
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	3	1	75	24	38	126	–	20	31
Buffalo, NY	14	7	–	6	7	344	2	50	11
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	9	2	2	50	35	235	–	26	16
Jersey City, NJ	3	–	27	25	6	62	–	67	26
Las Vegas, NV	29	6	74	7	4	18	1	12	36
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	9	–	60	12	78	33	–	42	23
Pittsburgh, PA	16	1	–	5	1	314	–	17	16
Orlando, FL	24	10	34	8	4	5	–	164	37
Worcester-Fitchburg-Leominster, MA	9	32	6	15	2	104	23	126	8
Other MSAs	691	2,283	660	679	543	4,125	864	3,178	710
Non-MSA	76	533	178	104	101	797	169	452	127

[1] Ranked by the number of refugees and asylees. See Glossary for definition of metropolitan statistical area.
– Represents zero.

V. NONIMMIGRANTS

A nonimmigrant is an alien admitted to the United States for a specified temporary period but not for permanent residence. Although the typical nonimmigrant is a tourist who visits for a few days to several months, there are numerous classes of nonimmigrant admission, ranging from students to ambassadors. A total of 19.0 million nonimmigrant admissions were counted during fiscal year 1991—the largest number of nonimmigrants admitted to the United States in any year. This represents an increase over 1990 of 1.4 million (7.9 percent).

Nonimmigrant Admission

Nonimmigrants were first defined in the Immigration Act of 1819, but it was the Act of 1855 which first required that official reports show "temporary arrivals" separately. The Act of 1924 defined several classes of admission which have been expanded in subsequent immigration legislation. Though "tourists" (temporary visitors for pleasure) have consistently been by far the most numerous nonimmigrant class of admission to the United States, a wide variety of temporary visitors now fall within the nonimmigrant classification. Second in volume to tourists are business people coming to the United States to engage in commercial transactions (though not for employment in this country).

Other categories of admission make up a much smaller share of nonimmigrants, such as foreign students and temporary workers. Nonimmigrants in the latter category are admitted to the United States to perform services of an exceptional nature requiring distinguished merit and ability (such as athletes or entertainers) or to perform temporary services or labor when unemployed persons capable of performing such services or labor cannot be found in this country (such as agricultural laborers). Others who are granted authorization to work in the United States include exchange visitors who enter temporarily to study, teach, or conduct research; intracompany transferees, to render temporary managerial or executive services in the United States to international firms or corporations; and industrial trainees. Though not strictly considered as employed in the United States, treaty traders and treaty investors enter temporarily to conduct trade or to invest substantially in enterprises under the provisions of treaties of commerce and navigation between the United States and foreign states.

Nonimmigrants also include several types of temporary visitors who are connected in some way with a foreign government or who represent an international organization. Ambassadors, public ministers, diplomats, and consular officers serve temporarily in this country, bringing with them members of their immediate families as well as employees, attendants, and servants. Officers and employees of international organizations such as the United Nations add to the list of nonimmigrant visitors entering the United States each year. The Glossary contains a detailed definition of nonimmigrants, a listing of each of the nonimmigrant classes of admission, and a detailed definition of each class.

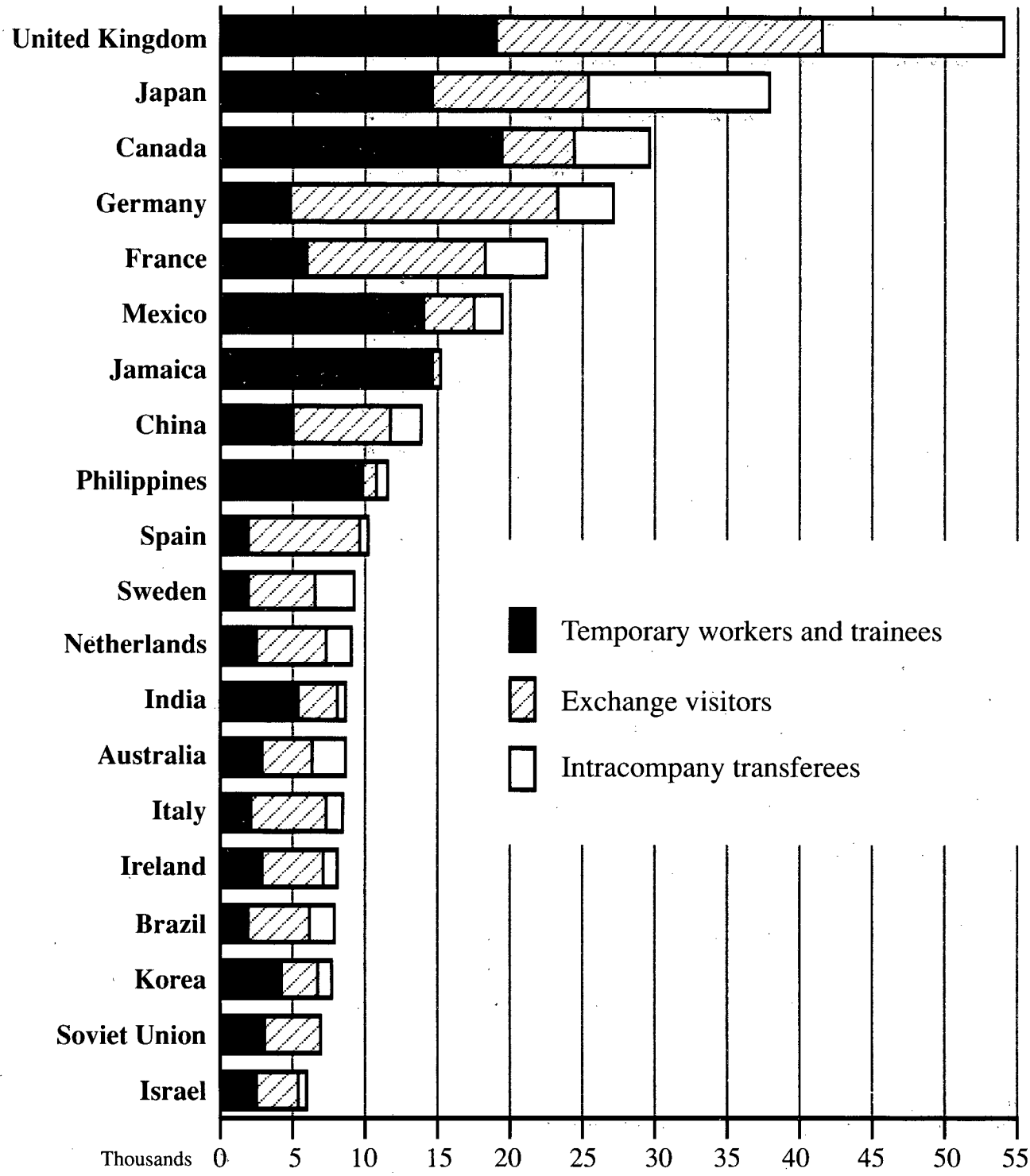
For most nonimmigrant classes of admission there has been an "open door" policy by the U.S. government. There are no restrictions on the total number of admissions in any given year; indeed, tourists (the majority of nonimmigrants) are encouraged to visit as a boon to the U.S. economy. [7] Regulations govern such areas as the grounds for nonimmigrant admission, length and extension of stay, employment in the United States, accompaniment by family members, travel restrictions within the United States, and change of admission status. For example, ambassadors are allowed to remain in the United States for the duration of their service, students to complete their studies, visitors for business for a maximum of six months (plus six-month extensions), and aliens in transit through the United States not more than twenty-nine days (with no extensions).

Most nonimmigrants are not allowed gainful employment while in the United States, though exceptions may be granted, for example to students and to family members of international representatives. On the other hand, temporary workers come to the United States expressly for purposes of employment. Most nonimmigrant aliens may bring immediate family members with them; the exception is transit aliens other than foreign government officials. Transit aliens and fiance(e)s coming to the United States to marry U.S. citizens are the only nonimmigrants who are prohibited from changing to another nonimmigrant category while in this country.

The Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986 revised the existing nonimmigrant class of admission for temporary workers. Those allowed to enter the United States to perform labor or services (if unemployed persons capable of performing such labor or services cannot be found in this country) were divided into two categories: those to perform temporary agricultural labor or services (as defined by the Secretary of Labor) and those to perform other temporary labor or services. Data for these

[7] The Immigration Act of 1990 restricts the number of nonimmigrant admissions for certain categories of workers beginning with entries in fiscal year 1992.

Chart I. Nonimmigrants Admitted as Temporary Workers, Intracompany Transferees, and Exchange Visitors from Top Twenty Countries of Citizenship: Fiscal Year 1991



NOTE: China includes Mainland China and Taiwan. Canada includes entries under the U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement. Germany includes East and West Germany. See Glossary for definitions of nonimmigrant classes of admission. Source: Table 38.

revised classes of admission are available for fiscal year 1991 in Table 37.

IRCA also authorized the establishment of a pilot program which permitted certain nonimmigrants from specified countries to enter the United States on a temporary basis without the need for nonimmigrant visas. The Visa Waiver Pilot Program was originally extended only to approved countries which offered a reciprocal waiver of visas to U.S. citizens, entry in the visitor for pleasure and for business classes of admission, and admission for a period of time not to exceed ninety days. Subsequently, the Immigration Act of 1990 revised and extended the Visa Waiver Pilot Program through fiscal year 1994. To date, citizens of 21 countries qualify for this program; however, prior to fiscal year 1992 entries were limited to the original 8 countries. The additional countries in the program are:

Andorra	Iceland	Norway
Austria	Liechtenstein	San Marino
Belgium	Luxembourg	Spain
Denmark	Monaco	New Zealand
Finland		

Nonimmigrant admissions during 1990 and 1991 under the Visa Waiver Pilot Program are shown in Table G for the original 8 countries—which have been in the program throughout all of fiscal years 1990 and 1991.

In January 1988 the President and the Prime Minister of Canada signed an agreement, enacted as the United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement Implementation Act of 1988, which established a special, reciprocal trading relationship between the United States and Canada. In regard to migration, this agreement created a new nonimmigrant class of admission exclusively for business people of Canadian citizenship entering the United States to engage in activities at a professional level. Additionally, the agreement facilitates entry for Canadian citizens seeking temporary entry as visitors for business, treaty traders and investors, and intracompany transferees. Entries under these classifications began in January 1989. Data for fiscal year 1991 are shown in Tables 37 and 38.

A record 19.0 million nonimmigrants were admitted to the United States during 1991.

Data Overview

Nearly 19 million nonimmigrants arrived in the United States in fiscal year 1991 (Table 36). Of this total, a large majority (78 percent) entered as visitors for pleasure (tourists), with the next highest class of admission, temporary visitors for business, accounting for 14.0 percent. More than 282,000 foreign students entered the United States to pursue a full course of study (predominantly in academic institutions) accompanied by more than 32,000 spouses and children. In addition, nearly 183,000 entered as exchange visitors to study, teach, or conduct research in the United States, bringing with them 41,000 spouses and children.

Nearly 171,000 representatives of foreign governments (less than 1 percent of total entries) entered the United States as nonimmigrants in 1991. This figure consists of nearly 98,000 foreign government officials, families, and

Table G
Nonimmigrants Admitted Under the Visa Waiver Pilot Program by Country of Citizenship: Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991

Country of citizenship	Visitors for pleasure				Visitors for business			
	1991	1990	Change		1991	1990	Change	
			Number	Percent			Number	Percent
All countries	5,599,266	4,528,112	1,071,154	23.7	370,138	294,065	76,073	25.9
Japan	2,502,914	2,241,193	261,721	11.7	147,590	118,727	28,863	24.3
United Kingdom	1,242,607	958,454	284,153	29.6	78,582	65,697	12,885	19.6
West Germany	686,935	425,851	261,084	61.3	37,787	26,115	11,672	44.7
France	431,091	340,607	90,484	26.6	44,542	33,773	10,769	31.9
Italy	288,789	204,549	84,240	41.2	20,046	16,189	3,857	23.8
Netherlands	159,322	115,352	43,970	38.1	20,965	15,334	5,631	36.7
Sweden	127,954	126,594	1,360	1.1	11,287	11,213	74	.7
Switzerland	115,534	96,260	19,274	20.0	7,485	5,987	1,498	25.0
Unknown	44,120	19,252	24,868	129.2	1,854	1,030	824	80.0

attendants (including ambassadors, public ministers, career diplomats, and consular officers), more than 64,000 foreign representatives, families, and attendants to international organizations, and nearly 9,000 officials and family members serving the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO).

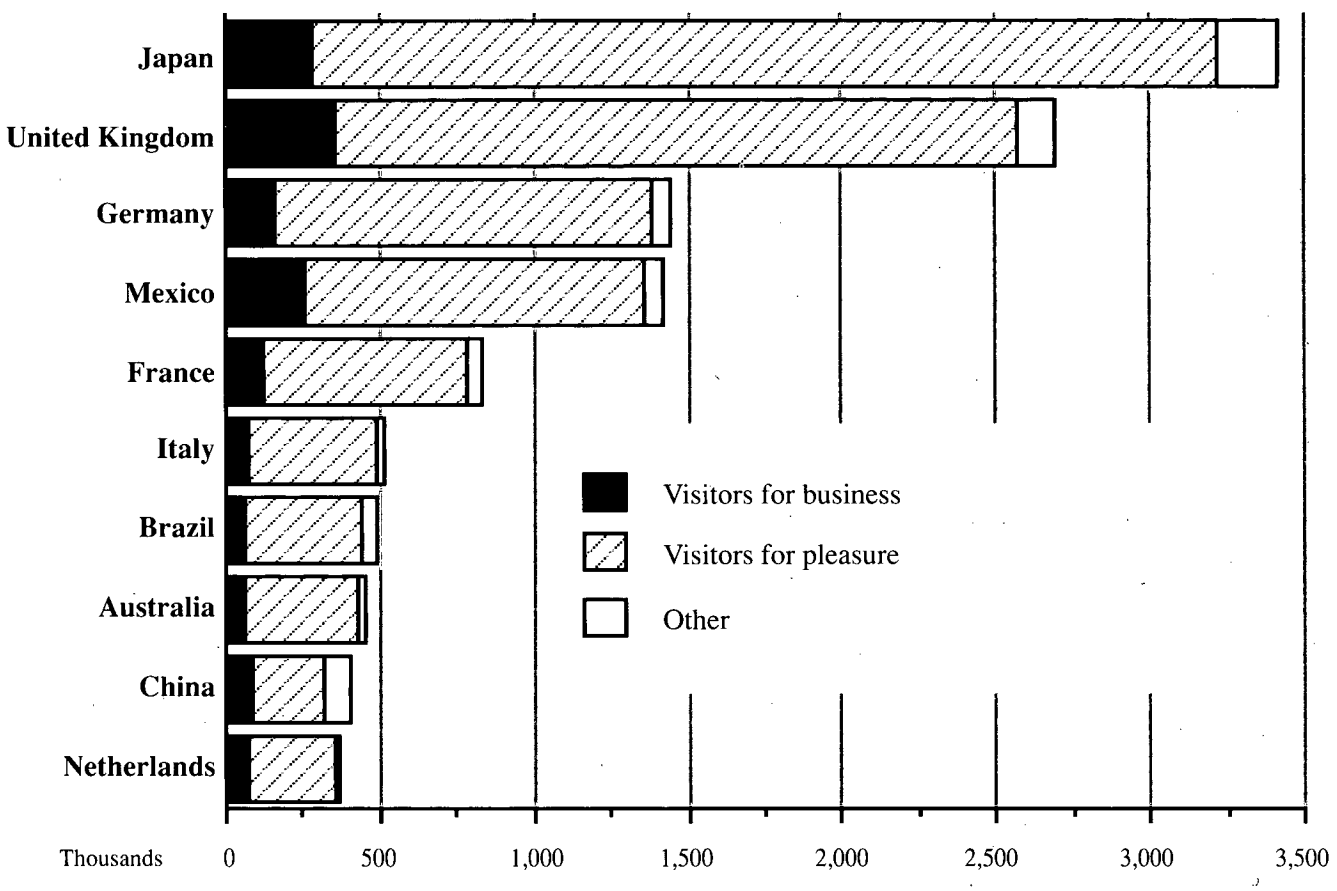
Nearly half (47 percent) of all nonimmigrants arriving in 1991 were citizens of only four countries: Japan (18.0 percent), the United Kingdom (14.2), Germany (7.6), and Mexico (7.5). Tourists far outnumbered other classes of entry for almost every country of citizenship (Chart J). Nearly 86 percent of Japanese nonimmigrants were tourists (visitors for pleasure), compared to just over 78 percent of citizens of France, and only about 57 percent of Chinese (Mainland China and Taiwan) (Table 36).

Just as four countries dominated nonimmigrant admissions to the United States in 1991, so did four ports of entry. New York (17.8 percent), Miami (17.7), Los Angeles (11.4), and Honolulu (10.3) together accounted for more than 57 percent of all entrants (Table 39). The New York and Honolulu ports decreased from their share in 1990, when they had 20.2 percent and 10.9 percent of the total, respectively. Miami and Los Angeles increased compared to 1990, when they had 16.6 percent and 11.2 percent, respectively.

As noted, the 1991 total of nearly 19 million nonimmigrant arrivals represents an increase of almost 1.4 million (7.9 percent) from the previous fiscal year. Total admissions numbered about 6.3 million during 1975 and steadily increased to about 11.8 million in both 1981 and 1982. Total arrivals stabilized at about 9.5 million from 1983 to 1985 (reaching a low in 1984) then began a steady increase from 1985 to 1991 (Chart K).

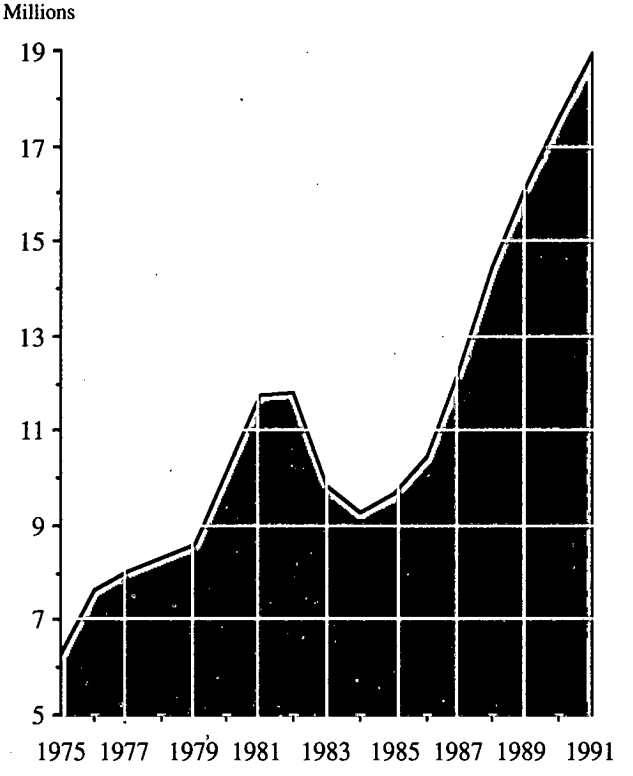
The overall volume of nonimmigrant arrivals has more than tripled since 1975. Temporary visitors (mostly tourists) from Japan and the United Kingdom show the largest

Chart J
Nonimmigrants Admitted by Selected Class of Admission from Top Ten Countries of Citizenship: Fiscal Year 1991



Source: Table 36. NOTE: China includes Mainland China and Taiwan. Germany includes East and West Germany.

Chart K
Nonimmigrants Admitted: Fiscal Years 1975-91



NOTE: Data estimated for last quarter of 1979 and no data available for 1980. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.
Source: Table 37 and previous *Yearbooks*.

absolute increases between 1975 and 1991 (Table H). The Bahamas ranks very high, mainly due to numerous repeat visits throughout the period. Canada does not appear on this list and Mexico ranks low because most of the millions of visitors from these contiguous countries enter under expedited procedures and do not require visas or INS Form I-94s (Arrival/Departure Record) when entering the United States (see section on Data Collection).

Admissions have shown a high degree of seasonality, with most nonimmigrants arriving in the United States in the summer months (peaking in July) and with a lesser but noticeable secondary peak in December. The trends for 1988 through 1991 are illustrated in Chart L.

Data Collection

The Nonimmigrant Information System (NIIS) is designed to provide for each nonimmigrant a record of legal admission and departure. The system also produces statistics for such variables as age, country of citizenship, class of admission, visa-issuing post, port of entry, and destination in the United States. Many nonimmigrants enter and leave the United States more than once each year and the NIIS system records each entry separately. This data system is the largest in the INS.

A description of the principal steps in the process of nonimmigrant admission to the United States is useful for understanding the data produced by the NIIS system. First, a nonimmigrant visa is secured at a U.S. Consulate abroad (except for those entering under the visa waiver program—see Nonimmigrant Admission section). Prior to departing for the United States, nonimmigrants are screened initially by the transportation company to assure admissibility. During the trip INS Form I-94 is distributed to non-U.S. citizens. At the port of entry, each arriving nonimmigrant presents a visa and a completed Form I-94 to an immigration inspector. Among other actions, the inspector checks the form for

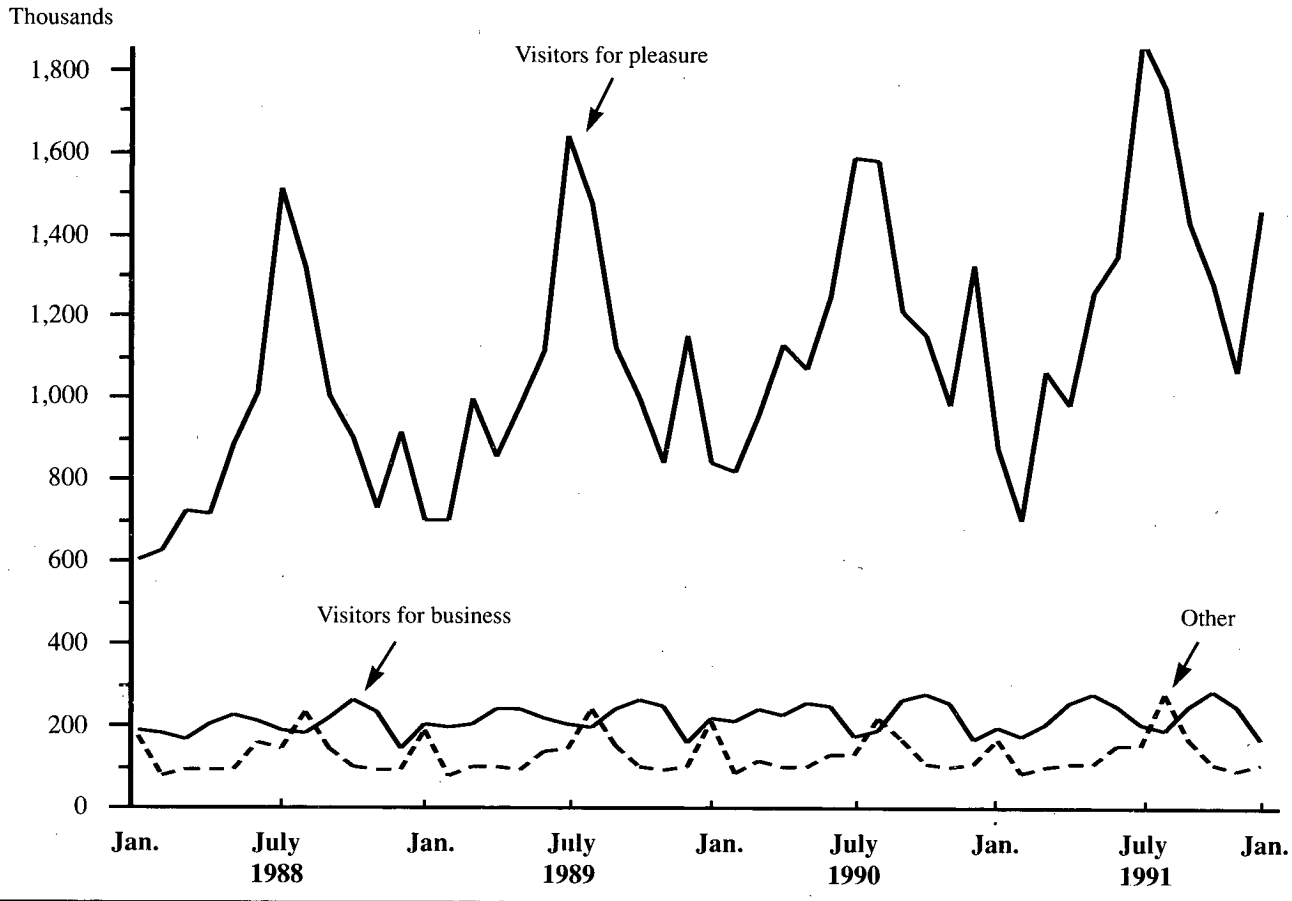
Table H
Nonimmigrants Admitted from Top Fifteen Countries of Last Residence in Fiscal Year 1991, Ranked by Amount of Change Since Fiscal Year 1975

(Numbers in thousands)

Country of last residence	1991	1975	Change
1) Japan	3,347	792	2,555
2) United Kingdom	2,533	483	2,050
3) Germany	1,422	320	1,102
4) France	797	174	623
5) Brazil	509	99	410
6) Australia	489	121	368
7) Italy	477	113	364
8) China	370	20	350
9) Korea	310	20	290
10) Spain	295	47	248
11) Netherlands	323	79	244
12) Switzerland	309	71	238
13) The Bahamas	319	85	234
14) Venezuela	310	98	212
15) Mexico	1,472	1,977	-505
Other	5,681	1,785	3,896
All countries	18,963	6,284	12,679

NOTE: China includes Mainland China and Taiwan. Germany includes East and West Germany. Other includes unknown and not reported countries.
Source: Table 35 and previous *Yearbooks*.

Chart L
Nonimmigrants Admitted by Month and Selected Class of Admission: Calendar Years 1988-91



completeness, determines the length of admission, and stamps the class of admission and port of entry on the form. The arrival portion is torn off, retained by the inspector, and sent to a central data processing facility. The matching departure section of the form, usually stapled into the passport, is the nonimmigrant's proof of legal admission to the United States. This section of Form I-94, collected at departure, is also sent to the data processing facility where it is processed and matched to the arrival section of the form.

The Nonimmigrant Information System also includes information on parolees (entering for humanitarian, medical, or legal reasons), withdrawals, stowaways, deferred inspections (admitted to appear at an INS office where formal inspection can be completed), and refugees. Data for these classes of admission are not shown in the nonimmigrant tables but are included in summary form in footnotes to the appropriate tables.

The Nonimmigrant Information System does not include data for permanent resident aliens returning after short visits abroad, who are technically defined as nonimmigrants, or for most of the millions of citizens of Canada and Mexico who cross the border for brief periods of time. Most aliens entering the United States from Canada or Mexico do not require documentation in the NIIS system. Canadians may travel for business or pleasure without travel restrictions for a period of six months without requiring nonimmigrant visas. Mexicans crossing the border frequently may apply for border crossing cards which can be used for admission to the United States for business or pleasure within twenty-five miles of the Southwestern border for a period not to exceed seventy-two hours. The procedures used to count border crossers and to determine the citizen/alien breakdown vary significantly among ports (see Entries section).

Limitations of Data

Development of the current NIIS data base system improved the collection and dissemination of data on nonimmigrant arrivals and departures, but collection and update procedures create inherent problems and limitations in the data. As mentioned, the data system records arrivals

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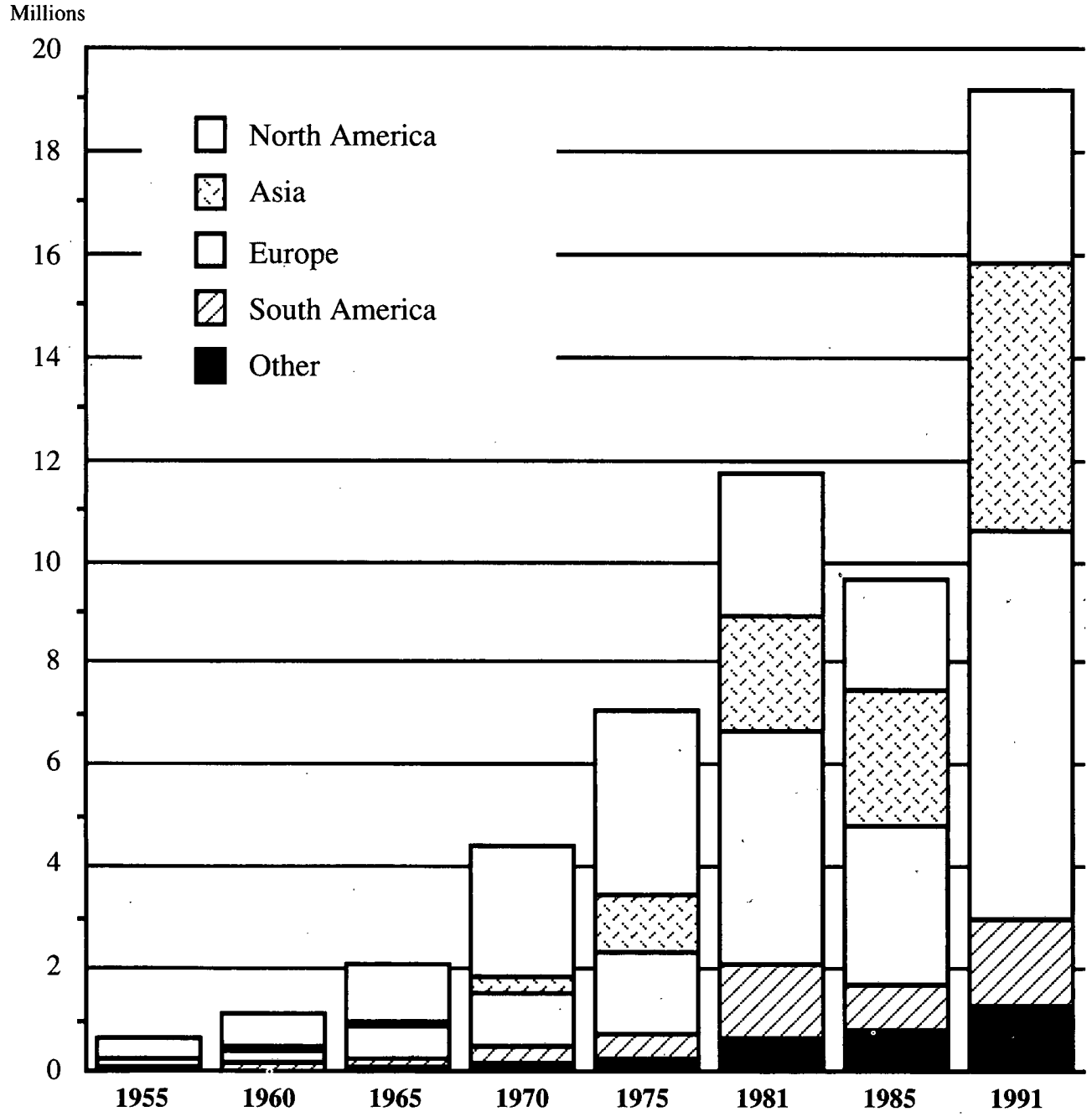
via collection of INS Form I-94; thus, data represent each arrival event during the year rather than the actual number of individuals admitted. Nonimmigrants in several classes of admission, especially students, intracompany transferees, and visitors for business, often enter (and leave) many times in any given year.

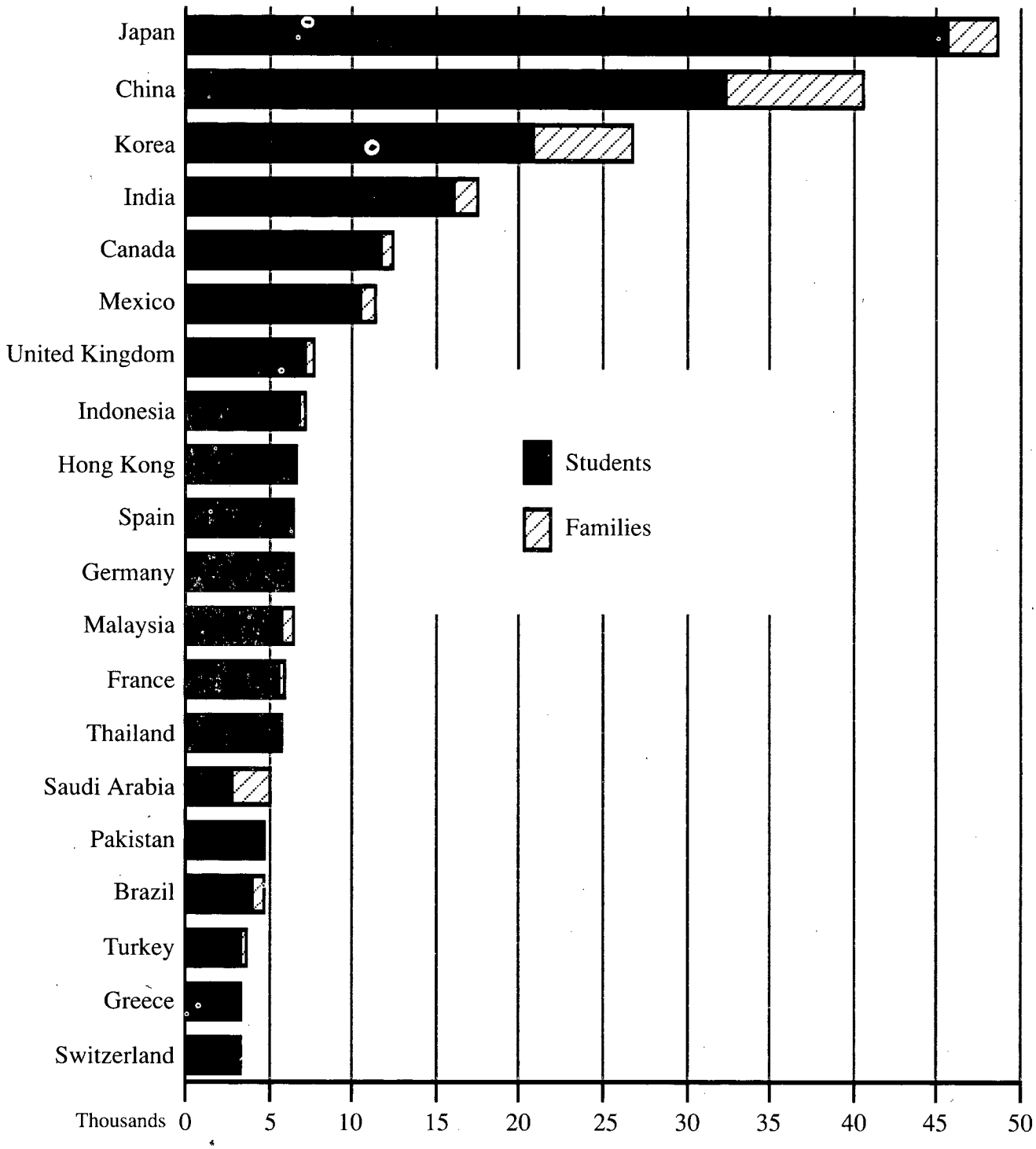
Also, there are gaps in the historical nonimmigrant data series due to the unavailability of arrival and departure records for July to September 1979, all of 1980, and for most characteristics for 1981 and 1982. Data for country of last residence and class of admission are the only variables available for 1981 and 1982.

Chart M
Nonimmigrants Admitted by Region of Last Residence: Selected Fiscal Years 1955-91



Source: 1981, 1985, and 1991, Table 35; 1955-75, previous *Yearbooks*. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

Chart N. Nonimmigrants Admitted as Students and Their Families for Top Twenty Countries of Citizenship: Fiscal Year 1991



NOTE: China includes Mainland China and Taiwan. Germany includes East and West Germany.
Source: Table 36.

TABLE 35. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE SELECTED FISCAL YEARS 1981-91

Region and country of last residence	All classes[1] (in thousands)					Visitors for pleasure (in thousands)				
	1981	1985	1989[2]	1990[2]	1991[2]	1981	1985	1989[2]	1990[2]	1991[2]
All countries	**11,757**	**9,540**	**16,145**	**17,574**	**18,963**	**9,515**	**6,609**	**12,115**	**13,418**	**14,734**
Europe	**4,537**	**3,129**	**6,452**	**6,875**	**7,561**	**3,601**	**2,048**	**4,967**	**5,383**	**6,119**
Austria	58	48	103	108	122	49	34	82	87	101
Belgium	118	67	120	137	156	91	39	80	95	115
Bulgaria	1	2	3	7	7	1	1	2	5	4
Czechoslovakia	5	6	10	16	20	3	4	7	12	14
Denmark	62	59	115	105	106	45	36	86	75	77
Finland	42	37	90	107	107	31	24	67	83	84
France	441	358	680	742	797	341	226	497	566	632
Germany[3]	754	(3)	(3)	(3)	1,422	618	(3)	(3)	(3)	1,214
Germany, East	(3)	5	4	7	(3)	(3)	3	3	5	(3)
Germany, West	(3)	537	1,123	1,186	(3)	(3)	373	897	969	(3)
Greece	66	51	61	61	57	37	34	43	43	40
Hungary	13	13	21	23	23	10	10	15	15	15
Iceland	11	8	15	14	15	9	5	11	10	11
Ireland	102	73	118	108	115	88	55	91	81	91
Italy	264	240	379	402	477	189	155	276	308	389
Luxembourg	5	5	9	10	12	4	3	7	8	10
Netherlands	217	139	269	291	323	165	82	190	214	248
Norway	84	71	114	114	104	50	41	81	80	71
Poland	41	46	66	72	63	34	40	52	55	44
Portugal	33	26	40	40	41	23	18	29	30	30
Romania	6	5	7	15	18	3	3	5	10	11
Soviet Union	10	6	58	86	110	4	2	38	53	57
Spain	144	103	218	245	295	109	64	160	183	234
Sweden	174	121	277	299	280	135	71	207	230	219
Switzerland	183	155	284	296	309	150	110	221	236	254
United Kingdom	1,669	923	2,225	2,338	2,533	1,388	598	1,790	1,899	2,122
Yugoslavia	29	22	32	36	37	21	15	22	23	24
Other Europe	6	6	12	10	10	4	1	9	3	8
Asia	**2,290**	**2,627**	**4,408**	**4,937**	**5,129**	**1,704**	**1,866**	**3,317**	**3,830**	**4,017**
Bangladesh	4	4	8	6	7	2	2	5	4	4
China[4]	111	183	279	329	370	53	83	136	187	209
Cyprus	3	5	7	7	7	2	2	4	4	4
Hong Kong	75	101	154	176	192	54	64	97	111	127
India	88	85	123	125	124	57	52	73	75	71
Indonesia	21	32	41	47	50	11	19	23	28	28
Iran	17	40	16	18	15	12	33	14	16	12
Iraq	6	2	3	6	Z	4	1	1	4	Z
Israel	131	115	167	175	187	102	80	121	128	141
Japan	1,372	1,555	2,937	3,298	3,347	1,155	1,277	2,483	2,846	2,932
Jordan	17	14	19	19	15	8	7	13	13	11
Korea	77	91	179	235	310	29	26	75	120	184
Kuwait	15	22	21	18	10	8	10	13	12	7
Lebanon	26	19	18	13	11	16	12	13	10	7
Malaysia	33	40	45	44	45	21	19	27	27	26
Pakistan	28	28	39	41	38	18	17	24	27	25
Philippines	100	107	132	143	156	60	59	69	76	83
Saudi Arabia	57	60	54	53	53	27	31	33	33	33
Singapore	27	37	52	54	58	19	23	30	32	34
Thailand	21	28	39	45	50	12	15	21	25	28
Turkey	18	16	26	34	37	11	9	15	20	21
United Arab Emirates	6	11	12	12	13	3	6	7	7	7
Other Asia	43	31	38	39	35	23	19	24	21	23
Africa	**225**	**177**	**187**	**186**	**184**	**130**	**101**	**108**	**105**	**106**
Egypt	34	27	27	27	27	21	16	16	16	16
Kenya	6	6	8	8	8	4	3	4	4	4
Liberia	6	6	6	5	3	4	4	4	4	2
Morocco	8	7	11	11	11	5	4	7	7	7
Nigeria	54	44	26	22	24	25	25	15	11	13
Senegal	3	3	5	5	5	1	1	2	2	2
South Africa	61	40	40	40	42	45	26	26	26	28
Other Africa	52	45	64	67	64	23	22	35	34	34

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 35. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE SELECTED FISCAL YEARS 1981-91—Continued

Region and country of last residence	All classes[1] (in thousands)					Visitors for pleasure (in thousands)				
	1981	1985	1989[2]	1990[2]	1991[2]	1981	1985	1989[2]	1990[2]	1991[2]
Oceania	**379**	**365**	**615**	**679**	**689**	**315**	**282**	**497**	**562**	**572**
Australia	230	255	411	466	489	188	195	324	380	404
Fiji	5	6	6	6	5	4	4	4	4	4
New Zealand [5]	109	90	167	177	159	95	74	144	153	135
Other Oceania	34	14	31	31	36	27	9	25	25	29
North America	**2,817**	**2,189**	**3,045**	**3,245**	**3,381**	**2,480**	**1,664**	**2,293**	**2,463**	**2,570**
Canada	135	154	197	216	250	75	79	101	119	146
Mexico	1,768	945	1,264	1,348	1,472	1,634	773	999	1,061	1,154
Caribbean	**614**	**774**	**1,166**	**1,231**	**1,181**	**526**	**584**	**899**	**963**	**931**
Antigua-Barbuda	9	12	22	25	26	7	9	14	16	17
Aruba	Z	Z	12	14	15	Z	Z	8	10	12
Bahamas, The	172	231	331	345	319	163	211	316	332	306
Barbados	19	24	43	47	50	15	17	32	34	37
Bermuda	4	8	8	8	9	3	5	5	6	6
British Virgin Is	4	5	16	16	17	3	4	11	8	9
Cayman Islands	5	24	35	38	41	4	18	28	31	33
Cuba	7	10	18	34	50	5	8	17	33	49
Dominica	19	6	15	16	14	16	4	9	11	9
Dominican Republic	78	87	163	189	174	65	57	114	137	129
Grenada	3	3	6	6	7	2	1	4	4	5
Guadeloupe	9	5	7	8	7	8	4	5	6	6
Haiti	43	79	82	72	64	30	56	63	57	51
Jamaica	112	126	218	213	196	93	74	134	132	120
Martinique	5	5	7	9	6	4	4	5	7	5
Netherlands Antilles	27	38	43	48	51	23	27	26	31	35
St. Lucia	4	4	10	11	12	3	2	6	7	7
Trinidad & Tobago	81	90	101	99	90	70	71	82	81	72
Turks & Caicos Is	4	6	8	9	10	3	4	8	7	9
Other Caribbean	11	11	21	24	23	8	8	12	13	14
Central America	**300**	**316**	**417**	**449**	**477**	**245**	**228**	**294**	**320**	**339**
Belize	11	11	18	18	18	8	8	11	12	11
Costa Rica	43	58	71	86	89	36	41	50	62	63
El Salvador	39	50	65	66	67	33	38	46	46	46
Guatemala	83	71	118	124	122	74	53	86	91	89
Honduras	47	55	76	80	75	32	37	50	52	48
Nicaragua	25	17	13	16	40	20	14	11	13	32
Panama	52	54	56	59	66	42	38	41	43	49
Other North America	1	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
South America	**1,449**	**832**	**1,179**	**1,343**	**1,664**	**1,256**	**606**	**896**	**1,016**	**1,272**
Argentina	227	89	138	175	280	206	66	106	136	231
Bolivia	23	17	21	21	22	18	10	13	14	15
Brazil	201	200	347	393	509	164	148	272	300	390
Chile	62	40	77	75	89	48	28	57	54	65
Colombia	206	164	163	164	169	173	123	122	122	124
Ecuador	82	53	67	75	84	71	42	52	57	64
Guyana	11	11	12	10	10	8	7	7	6	6
Paraguay	8	6	8	9	12	6	3	6	6	8
Peru	72	59	95	124	137	60	44	74	97	96
Suriname	6	8	13	12	15	5	6	10	10	12
Uruguay	21	10	19	21	27	17	7	14	16	21
Venezuela	530	173	219	264	310	481	122	162	199	238
Other South America	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
Unknown or not reported	60	221	257	308	354	30	40	36	60	77

[1] Excludes classes of admission processed as nonimmigrants in the following years: for all countries -- 1985 - 64,487 parolees, 3,239 withdrawals and stowaways, and 68,044 refugees; 1989 - 106,857 parolees, 20,605 withdrawals and stowaways, and 101,072 refugees; 1990 - 90,265 parolees, 19,984 withdrawals and stowaways, and 110,197 refugees; 1991 - 127,146 parolees, 26,059 withdrawals and stowaways, and 100,229 refugees.

[2] Includes arrivals under the Visa Waiver Pilot program. See Nonimmigrant section of text.

[3] Prior to fiscal year 1982 and after fiscal year 1990, data for East and West Germany are included in Germany.

[4] Includes Mainland China and Taiwan.

[5] Prior to fiscal year 1985, data for Niue are included in New Zealand.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Z Less than 500 arrivals.

TABLE 36. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of citizenship	All classes[1] [2]	Foreign government officials[3]	Temp. visitors for business[2]	Temp. visitors for pleasure[2]	Transit aliens[4]	Treaty traders and investors[3]	Students	Spouses and children of students	Temp. workers and trainees	Spouses and children of temp. workers and trainees
All countries	**18,962,520**	**97,811**	**2,652,202**	**14,733,788**	**364,187**	**155,014**	**282,077**	**32,315**	**161,291**	**34,418**
Europe	**7,968,540**	**30,389**	**1,121,948**	**6,360,836**	**69,086**	**52,863**	**51,005**	**2,432**	**52,925**	**11,794**
Austria	133,337	404	18,237	107,490	1,569	944	596	12	851	112
Belgium	149,423	668	30,353	108,079	1,457	1,380	781	64	1,058	352
Bulgaria	6,830	74	1,230	3,845	142	4	345	37	289	90
Czechoslovakia	21,970	144	3,162	15,450	677	6	296	26	257	121
Denmark	114,368	333	22,767	80,436	2,021	1,417	825	33	655	177
Finland	114,269	540	17,619	88,341	535	758	915	87	677	282
France	837,367	3,950	127,947	657,626	2,474	6,522	5,651	216	5,930	1,375
Germany	1,441,746	3,828	159,966	1,217,180	2,574	12,298	6,255	172	4,799	968
Greece	61,982	554	6,907	42,713	5,551	50	3,273	74	706	55
Hungary	24,671	277	4,585	15,549	435	9	475	31	352	218
Iceland	16,366	109	2,373	11,896	42	1	719	296	102	20
Ireland	145,726	298	20,241	112,806	1,416	294	909	19	2,822	408
Italy	518,323	1,991	70,930	420,455	5,773	3,753	2,847	102	2,200	273
Luxembourg	9,299	72	1,183	7,693	26	29	53	2	30	6
Netherlands	372,786	807	70,936	281,959	1,838	2,103	1,935	62	2,482	415
Norway	108,108	704	21,884	72,259	3,290	1,467	2,364	93	666	121
Poland	67,591	510	8,749	47,547	5,096	12	757	73	984	564
Portugal	55,334	398	7,074	39,800	5,602	11	543	32	199	27
Romania	19,654	157	1,727	12,047	4,675	8	210	64	130	59
Soviet Union	111,646	2,130	39,866	57,115	656	63	998	120	3,079	495
Spain	312,872	2,036	37,750	243,616	7,404	2,078	6,310	160	1,941	269
Sweden	287,698	798	50,888	219,291	1,204	48	2,448	70	1,840	429
Switzerland	291,726	978	35,135	242,357	313	2,381	3,223	124	1,288	358
United Kingdom	2,695,472	8,395	353,851	2,220,884	11,649	16,266	7,246	380	18,982	4,433
Yugoslavia	43,811	162	5,795	29,576	2,561	958	939	79	559	166
Other Europe	6,165	72	793	4,826	106	3	92	4	47	1
Asia	**5,329,317**	**26,907**	**626,688**	**4,095,557**	**116,823**	**95,784**	**169,051**	**24,420**	**46,638**	**14,041**
Bangladesh	8,369	174	1,059	4,653	150	7	1,393	158	78	35
China[5]	409,740	1,061	89,321	234,674	17,291	4,886	32,422	8,200	4,920	1,525
Hong Kong	134,657	39	26,543	88,678	10,274	83	6,550	102	706	122
India	154,883	862	28,381	87,446	6,383	76	16,128	1,284	5,366	1,472
Indonesia	53,654	996	8,447	30,108	4,398	19	6,867	388	359	95
Iran	27,387	4	2,001	22,802	149	182	709	202	132	70
Israel	195,796	2,941	31,440	144,171	814	4,231	1,543	290	2,492	1,488
Japan	3,420,150	7,847	277,798	2,935,405	6,394	77,117	45,671	2,870	14,566	6,784
Jordan	21,380	386	2,255	14,950	158	2	2,506	173	153	67
Korea	355,641	2,766	72,825	212,524	21,203	6,383	20,858	5,803	4,210	635
Kuwait	8,884	540	1,031	5,527	31	2	1,099	346	33	17
Lebanon	24,766	152	3,656	17,350	594	5	1,175	36	400	62
Malaysia	52,210	418	10,867	30,318	1,125	31	5,825	573	1,030	142
Pakistan	46,351	641	5,694	30,404	699	680	4,512	234	489	153
Philippines	184,434	1,890	23,212	100,529	38,381	1,476	1,472	117	9,876	963
Saudi Arabia	38,041	2,507	5,203	23,364	534	15	2,731	2,258	61	25
Singapore	50,900	849	13,390	30,712	1,013	44	2,888	146	472	103
Sri Lanka	8,957	158	1,654	4,605	455	3	943	78	130	54
Syria	8,724	38	836	5,838	849	2	560	60	74	26
Thailand	49,502	942	10,223	28,294	1,923	331	5,690	155	406	32
Turkey	42,238	427	7,215	24,351	3,180	204	3,357	325	509	115
Other Asia	32,653	1,269	3,637	18,854	825	5	4,152	622	176	56
Africa	**196,000**	**7,634**	**43,764**	**109,600**	**4,443**	**74**	**8,023**	**844**	**2,490**	**801**
Egypt	30,533	2,501	5,521	17,883	653	7	709	168	240	116
Ethiopia	7,903	44	776	5,722	58	11	603	27	61	7
Ghana	7,804	88	2,054	4,079	172	–	361	44	92	26
Kenya	6,971	197	1,353	3,386	93	3	956	64	105	17
Morocco	12,948	858	1,487	8,007	992	3	642	9	66	21
Nigeria	25,459	591	8,479	13,242	372	4	624	91	375	142
South Africa	39,152	347	9,332	25,210	212	27	699	74	912	346
Other Africa	65,230	3,008	14,762	32,071	1,891	19	3,429	367	639	126

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 36. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of citizenship	All classes[1] [2]	Foreign government officials[3]	Temp. visitors for business[2]	Temp. visitors for pleasure[2]	Transit aliens[4]	Treaty traders and investors[3]	Students	Spouses and children of students	Temp. workers and trainees	Spouses and children of temp. workers and trainees
Oceania	**639,684**	**6,050**	**85,153**	**520,199**	**7,512**	**121**	**2,387**	**200**	**3,776**	**1,105**
Australia	449,037	5,353	62,844	362,360	3,464	90	1,354	121	2,856	920
New Zealand	158,013	422	19,917	130,561	2,232	23	471	66	907	178
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	19,527	17	873	18,138	161	2	308	2	8	–
Other Oceania	13,107	258	1,519	9,140	1,655	6	254	11	5	7
North America	**3,046,598**	**12,992**	**513,675**	**2,300,339**	**79,836**	**3,214**	**35,089**	**2,158**	**45,582**	**3,770**
Canada	88,488	768	15,777	17,212	695	2,449	11,708	737	11,059	1,882
Mexico	1,421,677	2,809	252,006	1,110,938	19,102	208	10,451	843	13,950	1,142
Caribbean	**1,069,782**	**5,514**	**159,544**	**844,028**	**26,812**	**170**	**8,850**	**352**	**18,534**	**500**
Antigua	23,223	187	7,376	15,038	274	1	207	6	44	3
Aruba	7,397	27	1,552	5,617	6	25	121	4	16	4
Bahamas, The	289,402	1,303	6,400	278,892	254	16	2,119	81	115	27
Barbados	46,427	528	9,451	34,988	707	7	379	15	83	3
Cayman Islands	24,375	1	4,085	19,994	67	2	207	3	–	–
Cuba	50,795	209	764	49,421	136	8	4	1	2	–
Dominica	107,535	491	20,846	80,093	2,765	15	515	28	1,898	129
Dominican Republic	75,958	312	12,273	52,872	8,861	7	247	13	774	57
Grenada	7,026	137	1,541	4,702	414	1	92	4	21	5
Haiti	73,994	127	11,257	58,921	2,610	7	467	12	117	12
Jamaica	198,156	1,566	49,493	121,240	7,880	18	1,728	51	14,643	118
Netherlands Antilles	21,244	7	5,368	15,100	202	44	475	14	13	3
St. Kitts & Nevis	12,439	116	4,276	7,713	133	–	111	2	42	1
St. Lucia	11,551	94	3,612	7,330	266	–	92	7	21	7
St. Vincent & Grenadines	6,570	70	1,704	4,103	533	–	69	2	21	1
Trinidad & Tobago	93,293	320	15,036	73,486	1,354	15	1,319	79	629	115
Turks & Caicos Is.	7,334	9	820	6,380	68	1	46	–	2	–
Other Caribbean	13,063	10	3,690	8,138	282	3	652	30	93	15
Central America	**466,597**	**3,901**	**86,339**	**328,127**	**33,226**	**387**	**4,080**	**226**	**2,039**	**246**
Belize	16,117	126	4,316	9,933	1,271	3	177	4	25	–
Costa Rica	82,520	440	15,356	58,674	4,671	204	549	78	287	55
El Salvador	73,516	1,005	12,144	48,869	9,156	8	544	10	430	34
Guatemala	117,568	755	24,965	85,733	3,992	31	546	50	336	27
Honduras	72,995	916	13,208	46,502	10,147	81	652	42	436	20
Nicaragua	42,243	238	6,186	32,646	2,282	9	197	14	92	4
Panama	61,638	421	10,164	45,770	1,707	51	1,415	28	433	106
Other North America	54	–	9	34	1	–	–	–	–	–
South America	**1,655,709**	**13,066**	**244,466**	**1,246,981**	**82,292**	**2,590**	**15,099**	**2,010**	**9,405**	**2,788**
Argentina	280,831	2,048	34,047	228,565	5,537	890	1,535	224	1,702	550
Bolivia	24,215	217	4,608	15,297	1,924	155	653	34	129	26
Brazil	495,043	2,582	60,991	375,956	36,921	166	4,048	686	1,988	686
Chile	93,758	1,045	17,877	66,866	3,000	27	480	151	557	206
Colombia	175,825	2,026	32,022	127,037	5,913	951	2,367	159	1,388	238
Ecuador	81,246	1,207	12,189	61,673	3,286	4	1,084	69	194	86
Guyana	14,035	194	3,721	8,538	825	–	185	20	83	54
Paraguay	10,369	256	1,360	7,224	854	145	191	20	12	9
Peru	144,964	902	20,753	99,356	17,236	16	1,520	133	974	258
Suriname	13,721	56	1,821	10,928	511	123	150	7	23	6
Uruguay	29,809	394	4,641	22,214	935	10	102	14	118	30
Venezuela	291,861	2,138	50,432	223,302	5,349	103	2,784	493	2,237	639
Other South America	32	1	4	25	1	–	–	–	–	–
Stateless	17,012	1	2,660	13,401	645	8	78	5	94	2
Unknown	109,660	772	13,848	86,875	3,550	360	1,345	246	381	117

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 36. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of citizenship	International representatives[3]	Representatives of foreign information media[3]	Exchange visitors	Spouses and children of exchange visitors	Fiances(ees) of U.S. citizens[6]	Intracompany transferees	Spouses and children of intracompany transferees	NATO officials[3]	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers[3]	Unknown
All countries	**64,470**	**21,101**	**182,940**	**41,217**	**8,224**	**70,357**	**42,541**	**8,695**	**9,148**	**724**
Europe	**22,977**	**10,491**	**107,914**	**12,869**	**1,677**	**33,163**	**18,417**	**7,689**	**-**	**51**
Austria	435	192	1,427	183	16	634	229	5	-	-
Belgium	976	272	1,876	289	14	929	600	275	-	-
Bulgaria	93	25	432	191	10	15	8	-	-	-
Czechoslovakia	91	45	1,280	302	28	45	38	1	-	-
Denmark	591	183	3,590	228	22	584	269	235	-	2
Finland	459	191	2,161	395	14	801	489	4	-	-
France	3,761	1,009	12,388	1,277	60	4,254	2,871	49	-	7
Germany	2,380	1,710	18,473	1,622	190	3,806	1,958	3,561	-	5
Greece	277	71	933	132	41	164	33	448	-	-
Hungary	214	111	1,639	622	22	70	61	1	-	-
Iceland	80	5	433	181	-	64	39	4	-	-
Ireland	441	176	4,224	157	57	951	501	5	-	1
Italy	1,529	815	5,115	646	44	1,126	542	181	-	1
Luxembourg	23	19	72	5	-	47	28	11	-	-
Netherlands	1,302	303	4,827	382	44	1,822	1,121	447	-	1
Norway	530	207	3,191	415	25	395	247	248	-	1
Poland	284	96	1,848	711	178	110	69	3	-	-
Portugal	312	54	524	107	46	206	96	302	-	1
Romania	164	14	250	67	61	11	9	-	-	1
Soviet Union	1,533	276	3,791	1,200	82	134	106	2	-	-
Spain	1,009	764	7,649	794	27	532	275	258	-	-
Sweden	876	417	4,662	432	45	2,760	1,471	10	-	9
Switzerland	424	256	2,581	596	18	1,148	531	6	-	9
United Kingdom	4,704	3,128	22,516	1,524	581	12,483	6,802	1,628	-	13
Yugoslavia	386	150	1,967	402	50	43	17	1	-	-
Other Europe	103	2	65	9	2	29	7	4	-	-
Asia	**13,037**	**7,391**	**36,663**	**19,950**	**4,001**	**19,283**	**12,652**	**346**	**-**	**58**
Bangladesh	307	-	217	107	8	13	8	1	-	-
China[5]	932	228	6,801	4,064	448	2,043	903	12	-	5
Hong Kong	78	38	421	43	64	557	348	4	-	6
India	2,321	60	2,677	1,043	174	704	491	6	-	3
Indonesia	320	49	984	405	22	87	106	4	-	-
Iran	491	5	194	226	82	69	66	3	-	-
Israel	484	110	2,988	2,103	39	387	258	8	-	8
Japan	1,434	5,781	10,725	6,461	240	12,522	8,498	23	-	11
Jordan	171	6	277	136	30	56	53	1	-	-
Korea	305	720	2,498	2,733	307	1,013	842	14	-	1
Kuwait	132	24	65	20	1	13	3	-	-	-
Lebanon	346	29	525	101	49	191	94	-	-	1
Malaysia	397	39	739	291	37	218	157	1	-	-
Pakistan	830	18	1,364	359	53	113	94	1	-	8
Philippines	2,228	102	943	124	2,086	695	331	7	-	2
Saudi Arabia	137	5	463	584	7	82	62	3	-	-
Singapore	88	31	384	177	21	342	236	2	-	2
Sri Lanka	437	2	288	96	5	35	14	-	-	-
Syria	111	3	183	94	20	15	14	1	-	-
Thailand	264	46	835	119	173	33	21	5	-	10
Turkey	398	71	1,362	368	29	58	18	248	-	-
Other Asia	826	24	1,730	296	106	37	35	2	-	1
Africa	**8,037**	**153**	**7,197**	**1,670**	**272**	**563**	**426**	**9**	**-**	**-**
Egypt	661	23	1,399	471	24	84	71	2	-	-
Ethiopia	416	5	86	46	12	17	12	-	-	-
Ghana	545	3	230	65	38	3	2	2	-	-
Kenya	356	3	350	32	9	29	17	1	-	-
Morocco	317	10	455	54	15	6	6	-	-	-
Nigeria	691	26	500	177	68	34	42	1	-	-
South Africa	129	32	1,069	242	18	286	215	2	-	-
Other Africa	4,922	51	3,108	583	88	104	61	1	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 36. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of citizenship	International representatives[3]	Representatives of foreign information media[3]	Exchange visitors	Spouses and children of exchange visitors	Fiances(ees) of U.S. citizens[6]	Intracompany transferees	Spouses and children of intracompany transferees	NATO officials[3]	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers[3]	Unknown
Oceania	**1,408**	**684**	**5,035**	**999**	**147**	**3,014**	**1,863**	**23**	**-**	**8**
Australia	951	552	3,462	820	96	2,266	1,507	17	-	4
New Zealand	380	122	1,453	168	45	718	341	6	-	3
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	2	-	2	-	2	11	-	-	-	1
Other Oceania	75	10	118	11	4	19	15	-	-	-
North America	**6,357**	**1,056**	**14,446**	**2,459**	**1,526**	**8,521**	**5,440**	**471**	**9,148**	**566**
Canada	1,370	104	5,107	945	542	5,128	3,482	337	9,148	90
Mexico	1,156	635	3,642	889	528	1,826	1,201	68	-	281
Caribbean	**2,053**	**180**	**1,722**	**202**	**255**	**525**	**300**	**48**	**-**	**191**
Antigua	43	2	36	3	-	1	-	2	-	-
Aruba	3	15	5	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Bahamas, The	82	5	44	17	5	21	6	12	-	2
Barbados	142	1	69	11	8	27	8	-	-	-
Cayman Islands	1	2	10	-	-	-	-	2	-	1
Cuba	227	1	1	3	1	13	2	2	-	-
Dominica	129	23	300	29	39	123	107	5	-	-
Dominican Republic	187	20	129	26	55	75	45	4	-	1
Grenada	51	-	54	1	1	2	-	-	-	-
Haiti	221	4	185	7	22	19	1	4	-	1
Jamaica	478	26	516	28	79	76	23	6	-	186
Netherlands Antilles	2	3	8	1	-	3	-	1	-	-
St. Kitts & Nevis	12	1	28	-	2	-	-	2	-	-
St. Lucia	48	-	64	4	5	-	-	1	-	-
St. Vincent & Grenadines	12	3	37	7	4	3	1	-	-	-
Trinidad & Tobago	410	8	183	56	26	150	101	6	-	-
Turks & Caicos Is.	1	-	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Caribbean	4	66	47	8	8	10	6	1	-	-
Central America	**1,778**	**137**	**3,965**	**423**	**201**	**1,042**	**457**	**18**	**-**	**4**
Belize	24	1	201	23	1	5	6	1	-	-
Costa Rica	339	41	1,263	154	25	265	117	2	-	-
El Salvador	460	32	590	26	32	141	33	1	-	-
Guatemala	271	19	563	95	22	88	70	4	-	1
Honduras	217	4	625	49	44	37	10	3	-	2
Nicaragua	250	6	237	25	26	15	14	2	-	-
Panama	217	34	486	51	51	491	207	5	-	1
Other North America	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South America	**11,931**	**1,226**	**10,887**	**3,045**	**515**	**5,658**	**3,638**	**73**	**-**	**39**
Argentina	2,000	273	1,463	481	39	938	522	15	-	2
Bolivia	611	20	429	44	3	37	26	2	-	-
Brazil	1,911	345	4,177	1,212	168	1,792	1,393	18	-	3
Chile	1,697	133	779	208	29	389	307	5	-	2
Colombia	1,318	139	1,096	197	123	540	299	11	-	1
Ecuador	463	31	589	75	33	166	95	2	-	-
Guyana	267	10	60	12	20	28	16	2	-	-
Paraguay	121	18	113	21	5	13	7	-	-	-
Peru	1,771	95	598	160	70	699	395	4	-	24
Suriname	40	1	27	6	-	16	5	1	-	-
Uruguay	806	30	281	77	11	98	41	2	-	5
Venezuela	925	131	1,275	552	14	942	532	11	-	2
Other South America	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stateless	16	1	39	6	8	36	9	1	-	1
Unknown	707	99	759	219	78	119	96	83	-	1

[1] Excludes the following classes of admission processed in the Nonimmigrant Information System: for all countries -- 127,146 parolees, 26,059 withdrawals and stowaways, and 100,229 refugees.

[2] Includes arrivals under the Visa Waiver Pilot program. See Nonimmigrant section of text.

[3] Includes spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

[4] Includes foreign government officials and their spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children in transit.

[5] Includes Mainland China and Taiwan. A total of 300,377 nonimmigrant visas were issued to these two countries in fiscal year 1991: 206,665 to Taiwan and 93,712 to Mainland China. (SOURCE: Report of the Visa Office, U.S. Department of State, 1991)

[6] Includes minor children of fiances(ees).

- Represents zero. NOTE: See Glossary for detailed descriptions of classes of admission.

TABLE 37. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY CLASS OF ADMISSION SELECTED FISCAL YEARS 1981-91

Class of admission[1]	1981	1985	1988	1989	1990	1991
All classes[2]	**11,756,903**	**9,539,880**	**14,591,735**	**16,144,576**	**17,574,055**	**18,962,520**
Foreign government officials and families	**84,710**	**90,190**	**98,927**	**101,557**	**96,689**	**97,811**
Ambassador, public minister, career diplomatic or consular officer (A1)	NA	21,168	22,182	22,165	22,018	22,750
Other foreign government official or employee (A2)	NA	67,084	74,723	77,491	72,511	72,926
Attendant, servant, or personal employee of A1 and A2 classes (A3)	NA	1,938	2,022	1,901	2,160	2,135
Temporary visitors	**10,650,592**	**8,405,409**	**13,196,729**	**14,667,303**	**16,079,666**	**17,385,990**
For business (B1)	1,135,422	1,796,819	2,375,565	2,552,719	2,661,338	2,652,202
Visa Waiver, business	X	X	3,854	99,665	294,065	370,138
For pleasure (B2)	9,515,170	6,608,590	10,821,164	12,114,584	13,418,328	14,733,788
Visa Waiver, pleasure	X	X	55,904	2,348,959	4,528,112	5,599,266
Transit aliens	**214,218**	**236,537**	**299,138**	**293,364**	**306,156**	**364,187**
Alien in transit (C1)	NA	138,957	153,811	152,623	153,801	174,426
Alien in transit to the U.N. (C2)	NA	1,804	1,381	874	1,296	992
Foreign government official and family in transit (C3)	NA	7,010	6,612	6,047	6,190	6,604
Transit without visa (C4)	NA	88,766	137,334	133,820	144,869	182,165
Treaty traders and investors and families	**80,802**	**96,489**	**125,555**	**139,949**	**147,536**	**155,014**
Treaty trader (E1)	NA	65,406	75,785	78,524	78,658	76,948
Treaty investor (E2)	NA	31,083	49,770	61,425	68,878	78,066
Students	**240,805**	**257,069**	**312,363**	**334,402**	**326,264**	**282,077**
Academic student (F1)	NA	251,234	305,868	327,581	319,467	276,553
Vocational student (M1)	NA	5,835	6,495	6,821	6,797	5,524
Spouses and children of students	**31,056**	**28,427**	**25,540**	**26,369**	**28,943**	**32,315**
Academic student (F2)	NA	27,747	25,062	25,952	28,490	31,622
Vocational student (M2)	NA	680	478	417	453	693
Representatives (and families) to international organizations	**54,223**	**57,203**	**58,947**	**61,406**	**61,449**	**64,470**
Principal of recognized foreign government (G1)	NA	8,316	8,401	8,664	8,256	8,194
Other rep. of recognized foreign government (G2)	NA	6,989	8,101	8,260	8,110	7,277
Rep. of nonrecognized foreign government (G3)	NA	271	360	444	376	466
International organization officer or employee (G4)	NA	40,397	40,593	42,538	43,104	46,896
Attendant servant or personal employee of rep.(G5)	NA	1,230	1,492	1,500	1,603	1,637
Temporary workers and trainees[3]	**44,770**	**74,869**	**113,424**	**138,703**	**139,587**	**161,291**
Distinguished merit or ability (H1)	NA	47,322	77,931	89,856	100,446	118,038
Performing services unavailable in the U.S. (H2)	NA	24,544	32,966	46,570	35,973	39,972
Agricultural workers (H2A)	X	X	10,851	30,189	18,219	18,487
Nonagricultural workers (H2B)	X	X	22,115	16,381	17,754	21,485
Industrial trainee (H3)	NA	3,003	2,527	2,277	3,168	3,281
Spouses and children of temporary workers and trainees (H4)	10,110	12,632	19,673	23,807	28,687	34,418
Representatives (and families) of foreign information media (I1)	16,708	16,753	21,461	21,349	20,252	21,101
Exchange visitors (J1)	80,230	110,942	166,659	178,199	174,247	182,940
Spouses and children of exchange visitors (J2)	27,793	30,271	36,267	39,259	40,397	41,217
Fiances(ees) of U.S. citizens (K1)	5,456	6,975	5,927	5,856	6,545	7,470
Children of fiances(ees) of U.S. citizens (K2)	742	832	688	625	673	754
Intracompany transferees (L1)	38,595	65,349	63,849	62,390	63,180	70,357
Spouses and children of intracompany transferees (L2)	26,449	41,533	37,846	38,335	39,375	42,541
NATO officials and families (N1-7)	7,124	8,323	8,545	8,783	8,333	8,695
U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement (TC)[4]	X	X	X	2,677	5,293	8,344
Spouses and children of U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement (TB)[4]	X	X	X	140	594	804
Unknown	142,520	77	197	103	189	724

[1] See Glossary for detailed descriptions of classes of admission.

[2] Excludes classes of admission processed as nonimmigrants in the following years: for all countries -- 1985 - 64,487 parolees (R1-3), 3,239 withdrawals (R4) and stowaways (R5), and 68,044 refugees (RF); 1988 - 94,918 parolees (R1-3), 17,060 withdrawals (R4) and stowaways (R5), and 80,382 refugees (RF); 1989 - 106,857 parolees (R1-3), 20,605 withdrawals (R4) and stowaways (R5), and 101,072 refugees (RF); 1990 - 90,265 parolees (R1-3), 19,984 withdrawals (R4) and stowaways (R5), and 110,197 refugees (RF); 1991 - 127,146 parolees (R1-3), 26,059 withdrawals (R-4) and stowaways (R5), and 100,229 refugees (RF).

[3] Excludes entries under the U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement.

[4] Entries under the U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement began in January 1989.

NOTE: "Family," "immediate family," and "spouse and children" are defined as spouse and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

NA Not available. X Not applicable.

TABLE 38. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED AS TEMPORARY WORKERS, EXCHANGE VISITORS, AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSFEREES BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of citizenship	Total	Workers of distinguished merit and ability (H1)	Other temporary workers (H2)		Industrial trainees (H3)	Exchange visitors (J1)	Intracompany transferees (L1)	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers (TC)
			Agricultural (H2A)	Non-agricultural (H2B)				
All countries	**422,932**	**118,038**	**18,487**	**21,485**	**3,281**	**182,940**	**70,357**	**8,344**
Europe	**194,005**	**49,461**	**60**	**1,790**	**1,614**	**107,914**	**33,163**	**-**
Austria	2,912	774	-	60	17	1,427	634	-
Belgium	3,863	919	-	98	41	1,876	929	-
Bulgaria	736	289	-	-	-	432	15	-
Czechoslovakia	1,582	229	-	17	11	1,280	45	-
Denmark	4,829	567	1	52	35	3,590	584	-
Finland	3,640	585	-	85	7	2,161	801	-
France	22,572	5,387	-	59	484	12,388	4,254	-
Germany	27,079	4,484	1	132	182	18,473	3,806	-
Greece	1,803	605	-	90	11	933	164	-
Hungary	2,061	335	1	3	13	1,639	70	-
Iceland	599	96	-	2	4	433	64	-
Ireland	7,997	2,644	1	102	75	4,224	951	-
Italy	8,441	2,051	-	96	53	5,115	1,126	-
Liechtenstein	19	6	-	2	-	7	4	-
Luxembourg	149	30	-	-	-	72	47	-
Malta	66	8	-	-	-	38	20	-
Netherlands	9,131	2,273	4	105	100	4,827	1,822	-
Norway	4,252	586	-	67	13	3,191	395	-
Poland	2,942	811	13	100	60	1,848	110	-
Portugal	929	170	14	15	-	524	206	-
Romania	391	119	-	4	7	250	11	-
Soviet Union	7,004	3,027	-	16	36	3,791	134	-
Spain	10,122	1,886	4	16	35	7,649	532	-
Sweden	9,262	1,699	1	115	25	4,662	2,760	-
Switzerland	5,017	1,063	2	97	126	2,581	1,148	-
United Kingdom	53,982	18,289	17	401	275	22,516	12,483	-
Yugoslavia	2,569	498	1	56	4	1,967	43	-
Other Europe	56	31	-	-	-	20	5	-
Asia	**102,595**	**35,993**	**16**	**9,393**	**1,236**	**36,663**	**19,283**	**-**
Afghanistan	54	2	-	-	-	47	5	-
Bahrain	31	-	-	-	-	30	1	-
Bangladesh	309	77	-	-	1	217	13	-
Burma	33	6	-	17	1	9	-	-
China[1]	13,764	2,863	-	1,922	135	6,801	2,043	-
Cyprus	594	102	-	1	-	482	9	-
Hong Kong	1,685	696	1	1	8	421	557	-
India	8,749	5,216	-	111	39	2,677	704	-
Indonesia	1,430	335	-	7	17	984	87	-
Iran	395	125	-	1	6	194	69	-
Iraq	12	4	-	2	-	4	2	-
Israel	5,867	2,418	1	28	45	2,988	387	-
Japan	37,815	12,503	-	1,273	790	10,725	12,522	-
Jordan	486	150	-	1	2	277	56	-
Korea	7,721	1,390	1	2,785	34	2,498	1,013	-
Kuwait	111	33	-	-	-	65	13	-
Lebanon	1,116	393	-	2	5	525	191	-
Malaysia	1,989	686	-	319	25	739	218	-
Nepal	209	21	-	2	2	176	8	-
Oman	490	4	-	-	-	484	2	-
Pakistan	1,968	464	-	23	2	1,364	113	-
Philippines	11,514	7,209	13	2,626	28	943	695	-
Qatar	113	-	-	-	-	112	1	-
Saudi Arabia	606	56	-	4	1	463	82	-
Singapore	1,198	410	-	37	25	384	342	-
Sri Lanka	453	126	-	3	1	288	35	-
Syria	272	73	-	1	-	183	15	-
Thailand	1,274	170	-	224	12	835	33	-
Turkey	1,930	455	-	3	51	1,362	58	-
United Arab Emirates	227	1	-	-	6	218	2	-
Vietnam	32	3	-	-	-	29	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 38. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED AS TEMPORARY WORKERS, EXCHANGE VISITORS, AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSFEREES BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of citizenship	Total	Workers of distinguished merit and ability (H1)	Other temporary workers (H2)		Industrial trainees (H3)	Exchange visitors (J1)	Intracompany transferees (L1)	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers (TC)
			Agricultural (H2A)	Non-agricultural (H2B)				
Yemen	97	–	–	–	–	92	5	–
Other Asia	51	2	–	–	–	47	2	–
Africa	**10,250**	**2,399**	**2**	**57**	**32**	**7,197**	**563**	**–**
Algeria	185	26	–	–	1	151	7	–
Benin	28	2	–	–	–	26	–	–
Botswana	144	11	–	–	–	133	–	–
Burundi	61	–	–	–	–	60	1	–
Cameroon	212	72	–	–	–	131	9	–
Cape Verde	25	1	–	–	–	21	3	–
Central African Rep	15	–	–	–	–	14	1	–
Congo	63	8	–	1	–	51	3	–
Egypt	1,723	235	–	3	2	1,399	84	–
Ethiopia	164	42	–	19	–	86	17	–
Gambia, The	67	5	–	–	–	62	–	–
Ghana	325	82	–	8	2	230	3	–
Guinea	125	42	–	–	–	82	1	–
Ivory Coast	160	15	–	–	1	142	2	–
Kenya	484	101	2	1	1	350	29	–
Lesotho	37	2	–	–	–	34	1	–
Liberia	48	24	–	–	5	19	–	–
Madagascar	66	1	–	–	–	64	1	–
Malawi	95	6	–	–	–	86	3	–
Mali	94	7	–	–	–	87	–	–
Mauritania	19	–	–	–	–	19	–	–
Mauritius	48	7	–	–	–	40	1	–
Morocco	527	59	–	–	7	455	6	–
Mozambique	59	–	–	–	–	59	–	–
Namibia	63	3	–	–	–	60	–	–
Niger	35	–	–	–	–	33	2	–
Nigeria	909	372	–	1	2	500	34	–
Rwanda	71	–	–	–	–	71	–	–
Senegal	240	61	–	6	–	163	10	–
Sierra Leone	77	31	–	–	2	44	–	–
Somalia	31	12	–	–	–	17	2	–
South Africa	2,267	901	–	6	5	1,069	286	–
Sudan	98	14	–	–	–	81	3	–
Swaziland	43	–	–	1	–	41	1	–
Tanzania	226	10	–	4	1	206	5	–
Togo	88	1	–	2	–	84	1	–
Tunisia	408	40	–	5	–	356	7	–
Uganda	184	37	–	–	–	143	4	–
Zaire	229	47	–	–	1	181	–	–
Zambia	130	25	–	–	–	93	12	–
Zimbabwe	261	78	–	–	1	158	24	–
Other Africa	116	19	–	–	1	96	–	–
Oceania	**11,825**	**3,441**	**68**	**216**	**51**	**5,035**	**3,014**	**–**
Australia	8,584	2,679	15	119	43	3,462	2,266	–
Fiji	68	1	–	–	2	47	18	–
New Zealand	3,078	752	53	97	5	1,453	718	–
Papua New Guinea	28	–	–	–	–	28	–	–
Tonga	14	–	–	–	–	14	–	–
Western Samoa	14	–	–	–	–	14	–	–
Other Oceania	39	9	–	–	1	17	12	–
North America	**76,875**	**17,651**	**18,241**	**9,479**	**211**	**14,446**	**8,521**	**8,344**
Canada	29,619	5,742	257	4,973	87	5,107	5,128	8,344
Mexico	19,418	5,676	5,651	2,568	55	3,642	1,826	–
Caribbean	**20,782**	**4,424**	**12,321**	**1,742**	**47**	**1,722**	**525**	**–**
Antigua	81	42	–	2	–	36	1	–
Bahamas, The	181	114	–	–	1	44	21	–
Barbados	179	73	–	10	–	69	27	–
Bermuda	84	45	–	18	–	11	10	–

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 38. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED AS TEMPORARY WORKERS, EXCHANGE VISITORS, AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSFEREES BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of citizenship	Total	Workers of distinguished merit and ability (H1)	Other temporary workers (H2)		Industrial trainees (H3)	Exchange visitors (J1)	Intracompany transferees (L1)	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers (TC)
			Agricultural (H2A)	Non-agricultural (H2B)				
Dominica	2,321	1,491	14	369	24	300	123	-
Dominican Republic	978	585	6	174	9	129	75	-
Grenada	77	21	-	-	-	54	2	-
Haiti	321	110	-	4	3	185	19	-
Jamaica	15,235	1,234	12,301	1,104	4	516	76	-
Netherland Antilles	24	11	-	1	1	8	3	-
St. Kitts & Nevis	70	20	-	22	-	28	-	-
St. Lucia	85	19	-	2	-	64	-	-
St. Vincent & Grenadines	61	14	-	7	-	37	3	-
Trinidad & Tobago	962	596	-	28	5	183	150	-
Other Caribbean	123	49	-	1	-	58	15	-
Central America	**7,046**	**1,809**	**12**	**196**	**22**	**3,965**	**1,042**	**-**
Belize	231	24	-	-	1	201	5	-
Costa Rica	1,815	255	2	21	9	1,263	265	-
El Salvador	1,161	404	2	22	2	590	141	-
Guatemala	987	256	2	72	6	563	88	-
Honduras	1,098	423	2	11	-	625	37	-
Nicaragua	344	79	4	5	4	237	15	-
Panama	1,410	368	-	65	-	486	491	-
Other N. America	10	-	-	-	-	10	-	-
South America	**25,950**	**8,717**	**98**	**467**	**123**	**10,887**	**5,658**	**-**
Argentina	4,103	1,658	-	28	16	1,463	938	-
Bolivia	595	128	-	-	1	429	37	-
Brazil	7,957	1,916	-	27	45	4,177	1,792	-
Chile	1,725	507	16	32	2	779	389	-
Colombia	3,024	1,352	-	16	20	1,096	540	-
Ecuador	949	175	-	14	5	589	166	-
Guyana	171	65	-	18	-	60	28	-
Paraguay	138	12	-	-	-	113	13	-
Peru	2,271	713	82	168	11	598	699	-
Suriname	66	22	-	-	1	27	16	-
Uruguay	497	114	-	-	4	281	98	-
Venezuela	4,454	2,055	-	164	18	1,275	942	-
Stateless	169	92	-	1	1	39	36	-
Unknown	1,263	284	2	82	13	759	119	-

[1] Includes Mainland China and Taiwan. The number of nonimmigrant visas issued in fiscal year 1991 for Mainland China were: 1,145 H1s, no H2As, 2,115 H2Bs, 110 H3s, 4,407 J1s, and 1,365 L1s. The number of nonimmigrant visas issued to Taiwan were: 462 H1s, no H2As, 1 H2B, 16 H3s, 1,062 J1s, and 218 L1s. (SOURCE: Report of the Visa Office, U.S. Department of State, 1991)

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Glossary for detailed descriptions of classes of admission.

TABLE 39. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of citizenship	All ports	Agana	Atlanta	Boston	Chicago	Dallas	Honolulu	Houston
All countries	**18,962,520**	**672,261**	**396,960**	**391,733**	**718,395**	**378,888**	**1,946,226**	**415,282**
Europe	**7,968,540**	**5,041**	**328,518**	**342,819**	**447,557**	**160,483**	**120,750**	**133,726**
Austria	133,337	136	6,551	3,826	7,105	2,065	1,559	1,453
Belgium	149,423	29	5,398	12,687	18,897	1,745	436	3,788
Bulgaria	6,830	-	205	253	1,072	46	9	44
Czechoslovakia	21,970	-	402	461	1,304	238	91	136
Denmark	114,368	108	3,559	3,602	8,089	706	1,535	1,655
Finland	114,269	25	1,864	1,080	3,531	615	1,048	794
France	837,367	431	25,137	26,219	50,708	30,486	11,520	14,490
Germany	1,441,746	819	117,790	45,414	101,175	49,192	15,513	14,398
Greece	61,982	15	1,852	4,118	4,429	362	109	1,307
Hungary	24,671	3	743	1,134	1,462	121	96	212
Iceland	16,366	1	42	140	138	81	35	48
Ireland	145,726	52	11,699	15,513	3,984	1,135	3,261	1,522
Italy	518,323	284	7,446	17,099	26,125	4,283	1,829	6,124
Luxembourg	9,299	1	333	327	488	152	25	91
Netherlands	372,786	171	23,444	24,081	18,268	2,292	3,052	10,260
Norway	108,108	42	1,132	2,064	5,572	683	873	2,499
Poland	67,591	9	460	576	15,679	188	111	343
Portugal	55,334	75	298	7,337	560	419	1,873	318
Romania	19,654	1	71	72	2,079	45	25	40
Soviet Union	111,646	2	465	669	1,063	209	101	400
Spain	312,872	48	1,578	2,770	5,530	14,401	710	3,577
Sweden	287,698	180	4,038	4,187	31,701	1,563	2,961	2,131
Switzerland	291,726	297	22,938	13,949	24,739	2,374	4,165	3,075
United Kingdom	2,695,472	2,238	89,808	154,424	108,115	46,737	69,361	64,595
Yugoslavia	43,811	67	1,114	621	5,413	280	228	320
Other Europe	6,165	7	151	196	331	65	224	106
Asia	**5,329,317**	**641,111**	**23,676**	**27,247**	**166,826**	**41,487**	**1,556,345**	**17,926**
Bangladesh	8,369	8	69	259	193	80	112	78
China[1]	409,740	11,766	581	928	10,641	1,831	80,179	904
Hong Kong	134,657	897	232	539	5,763	386	17,974	145
India	154,883	345	3,234	4,465	7,408	2,024	1,574	2,895
Indonesia	53,654	438	757	378	1,167	209	8,705	171
Iran	27,387	10	636	930	1,847	567	125	548
Israel	195,796	46	1,343	5,930	4,468	903	773	968
Japan	3,420,150	587,419	11,301	3,862	107,248	31,135	1,347,547	4,012
Jordan	21,380	5	403	510	1,742	222	36	472
Korea	355,641	25,608	321	565	6,539	616	57,873	447
Kuwait	8,884	11	240	364	354	110	16	201
Lebanon	24,766	3	385	1,338	1,258	206	67	641
Malaysia	52,210	636	132	447	923	170	6,677	151
Pakistan	46,351	30	680	1,044	2,067	527	304	1,564
Philippines	184,434	12,399	322	638	5,437	545	15,474	738
Saudi Arabia	38,041	4	593	1,014	866	269	173	1,433
Singapore	50,900	525	141	378	1,391	179	10,623	97
Sri Lanka	8,957	84	97	281	278	87	550	116
Syria	8,724	-	115	225	781	81	16	183
Thailand	49,502	784	116	363	2,375	407	6,680	79
Turkey	42,238	9	1,138	1,637	2,167	262	118	1,005
Other Asia	32,653	84	840	1,152	1,913	671	749	1,078
Africa	**196,000**	**87**	**5,064**	**7,839**	**8,526**	**2,966**	**1,014**	**3,273**
Egypt	30,533	2	817	808	1,245	113	86	561
Ethiopia	7,903	-	292	343	402	252	9	103
Ghana	7,804	25	254	205	313	134	26	93
Kenya	6,971	2	245	437	440	118	35	102
Morocco	12,948	4	88	239	232	96	41	84
Nigeria	25,459	1	827	637	874	474	40	1,017
South Africa	39,152	13	1,174	2,667	2,523	1,015	613	590
Other Africa	65,230	40	1,367	2,503	2,497	764	164	723
Oceania	**639,684**	**22,810**	**1,413**	**3,541**	**7,077**	**3,829**	**256,416**	**12,147**
Australia	449,037	7,150	1,088	2,765	4,863	2,054	167,151	7,826
New Zealand	158,013	1,158	317	742	2,173	1,730	76,419	4,270
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	19,527	13,172	-	2	-	2	6,215	5

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 39. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of citizenship	All ports	Agana	Atlanta	Boston	Chicago	Dallas	Honolulu	Houston
Other Oceania	13,107	1,330	8	32	41	43	6,631	46
North America	**3,046,598**	**326**	**30,898**	**5,391**	**67,396**	**159,784**	**3,953**	**233,974**
Canada	88,488	111	483	2,661	3,695	2,247	1,042	634
Mexico	1,421,677	120	20,608	1,105	61,664	147,733	1,805	185,185
Caribbean	**1,069,782**	**39**	**9,327**	**1,101**	**798**	**951**	**348**	**1,117**
Antigua	23,223	-	20	6	21	13	5	2
Aruba	7,397	-	135	16	7	10	3	96
Bahamas, The	289,402	3	5,371	108	91	126	23	86
Barbados	46,427	1	24	64	52	38	14	18
Cayman Islands	24,375	-	320	3	16	11	18	387
Cuba	50,795	-	10	4	26	30	3	210
Dominica	107,535	1	21	58	27	205	4	65
Dominican Republic	75,958	1	38	61	79	133	46	46
Grenada	7,026	4	5	24	4	7	5	3
Haiti	73,994	-	32	117	64	65	14	23
Jamaica	198,156	4	2,231	120	183	153	93	55
Netherlands Antilles	21,244	-	723	14	19	11	6	17
St. Kitts & Nevis	12,439	-	11	11	9	2	1	1
St. Lucia	11,551	-	6	18	12	9	4	-
St. Vincent & Grenadines	6,570	-	3	17	9	4	1	8
Trinidad & Tobago	93,293	11	77	114	127	98	80	82
Turks & Caicos Is.	7,334	14	13	6	3	4	2	1
Other Caribbean	13,063	-	287	340	49	32	26	17
Central America	**466,597**	**56**	**480**	**518**	**1,232**	**8,853**	**751**	**47,038**
Belize	16,117	17	23	17	24	35	21	3,751
Costa Rica	82,520	2	91	66	152	2,906	215	4,214
El Salvador	73,516	9	56	207	253	335	141	7,460
Guatemala	117,568	5	113	101	586	4,779	150	12,615
Honduras	72,995	9	116	39	71	195	58	9,780
Nicaragua	42,243	-	40	38	42	175	27	3,300
Panama	61,638	14	41	50	104	428	139	5,918
Other North America	54	-	-	6	7	-	7	-
South America	**1,655,709**	**226**	**4,494**	**2,219**	**14,338**	**8,456**	**3,859**	**11,088**
Argentina	280,831	12	265	359	941	1,161	608	949
Bolivia	24,215	-	44	44	159	269	33	226
Brazil	495,043	110	464	626	10,913	3,532	1,466	809
Chile	93,758	16	272	246	561	638	387	417
Colombia	175,825	11	206	295	402	736	496	1,361
Ecuador	81,246	7	101	97	259	387	173	1,207
Guyana	14,035	-	49	31	29	11	18	19
Paraguay	10,369	4	7	10	77	71	48	23
Peru	144,964	59	160	161	427	908	265	589
Suriname	13,721	-	16	10	4	3	5	4
Uruguay	29,809	2	37	30	220	159	75	175
Venezuela	291,861	5	2,873	308	346	581	278	5,307
Other South America	32	-	-	2	-	-	7	2
Stateless	17,012	3	83	180	882	106	112	20
Unknown	109,660	2,657	2,814	2,497	5,793	1,777	3,777	3,128

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 39. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of citizenship	Los Angeles	Miami	Newark	New York	Orlando	San Francisco	San Juan	Other[2]
All countries	**2,161,933**	**3,356,862**	**521,690**	**3,380,193**	**602,639**	**836,295**	**350,439**	**2,832,724**
Europe	**664,331**	**1,113,289**	**418,988**	**1,982,140**	**489,597**	**211,307**	**130,124**	**1,419,870**
Austria	12,587	23,388	2,107	46,521	2,066	5,950	1,929	16,094
Belgium	7,071	10,934	2,011	59,147	2,865	2,367	1,706	20,342
Bulgaria	598	203	295	3,135	11	93	14	852
Czechoslovakia	1,200	850	479	10,785	89	328	28	5,579
Denmark	17,493	17,504	15,718	22,383	762	3,024	860	17,370
Finland	13,506	28,361	2,826	47,264	380	774	1,272	10,929
France	55,191	98,687	100,466	207,385	4,569	31,487	23,362	157,229
Germany	145,921	243,581	57,573	264,157	36,032	66,730	18,289	265,162
Greece	2,714	3,610	537	33,414	666	720	771	7,358
Hungary	1,850	1,094	705	11,773	153	458	26	4,841
Iceland	209	405	129	6,641	2,444	78	107	5,868
Ireland	6,009	10,259	3,288	47,654	2,874	2,569	828	35,079
Italy	42,165	87,230	5,377	265,283	2,963	7,597	7,106	37,412
Luxembourg	1,160	1,025	172	2,299	1,045	601	52	1,528
Netherlands	31,342	65,440	8,253	84,158	8,882	11,004	12,645	69,494
Norway	8,622	18,923	29,441	17,634	1,837	1,564	1,344	15,878
Poland	2,168	1,369	4,864	30,188	154	342	74	11,066
Portugal	1,916	7,910	5,355	21,274	454	1,190	621	5,734
Romania	293	243	163	14,684	10	29	28	1,871
Soviet Union	2,413	744	1,029	80,301	22	1,921	43	22,264
Spain	13,857	70,325	5,123	153,479	5,033	2,530	14,343	19,568
Sweden	24,711	56,362	53,256	65,398	3,815	2,465	1,851	33,079
Switzerland	30,859	41,885	2,438	89,404	7,410	7,990	4,400	35,803
United Kingdom	237,252	319,938	116,233	372,958	404,576	58,952	38,153	612,132
Yugoslavia	2,787	2,284	836	23,108	207	377	194	5,975
Other Europe	437	735	314	1,713	278	167	78	1,363
Asia	**856,675**	**79,921**	**52,194**	**676,974**	**8,564**	**546,366**	**8,036**	**625,969**
Bangladesh	1,197	161	169	3,741	12	237	7	2,046
China[1]	109,429	6,396	3,362	34,927	298	92,286	700	55,512
Hong Kong	19,173	1,515	772	8,464	502	36,830	214	41,251
India	14,169	6,912	5,172	72,251	715	8,976	1,166	23,577
Indonesia	22,744	714	229	3,113	164	8,891	93	5,881
Iran	6,721	680	901	6,284	111	1,428	20	6,579
Israel	11,296	14,320	1,825	130,757	687	1,789	837	19,854
Japan	447,879	27,826	28,017	214,754	3,013	293,200	1,839	311,098
Jordan	1,367	511	263	12,908	66	378	64	2,433
Korea	110,382	6,679	1,416	65,906	172	22,927	320	55,870
Kuwait	451	334	255	4,400	141	291	10	1,706
Lebanon	2,373	1,264	961	7,707	140	309	118	7,996
Malaysia	26,679	753	493	2,440	189	6,037	93	6,390
Pakistan	3,306	1,095	2,164	27,197	210	900	66	5,197
Philippines	43,545	4,609	860	16,807	398	47,746	431	34,485
Saudi Arabia	1,744	894	412	22,273	546	400	83	7,337
Singapore	14,674	597	560	2,293	166	12,035	78	7,163
Sri Lanka	1,633	474	296	2,615	69	446	57	1,874
Syria	805	290	210	4,659	46	109	19	1,185
Thailand	11,346	469	427	3,226	80	8,515	49	14,586
Turkey	2,193	2,485	2,079	21,511	307	696	1,692	4,939
Other Asia	3,569	943	1,351	8,741	532	1,940	80	9,010
Africa	**10,438**	**7,942**	**6,653**	**99,150**	**1,515**	**2,907**	**796**	**37,830**
Egypt	2,441	630	967	17,310	285	204	77	4,987
Ethiopia	759	100	153	2,265	6	345	8	2,866
Ghana	320	232	324	4,350	26	48	35	1,419
Kenya	405	358	205	2,636	58	131	12	1,787
Morocco	396	494	393	8,138	89	78	59	2,517
Nigeria	855	880	494	16,298	86	278	107	2,591
South Africa	3,347	3,017	1,557	13,000	685	996	230	7,725
Other Africa	1,915	2,231	2,560	35,153	280	827	268	13,938
Oceania	**212,065**	**12,609**	**18,468**	**21,331**	**1,415**	**12,968**	**2,245**	**51,350**
Australia	163,510	9,812	15,121	17,198	1,092	9,679	1,841	37,887
New Zealand	45,253	2,641	3,306	3,961	321	2,659	386	12,677
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	13	8	5	4	–	20	5	76

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 39. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of citizenship	Los Angeles	Miami	Newark	New York	Orlando	San Francisco	San Juan	Other[2]
Other Oceania	3,289	148	36	168	2	610	13	710
North America	**336,000**	**1,049,588**	**19,612**	**286,249**	**38,594**	**50,510**	**159,238**	**605,085**
Canada	2,586	2,813	812	4,885	293	1,912	354	63,960
Mexico	277,276	172,377	6,920	85,111	30,201	45,105	15,977	370,490
Caribbean	**1,732**	**591,526**	**11,522**	**176,237**	**7,738**	**488**	**138,305**	**128,553**
Antigua	11	3,081	522	4,587	8	1	10,391	4,555
Aruba	8	4,065	125	286	180	14	2,336	116
Bahamas, The	125	197,316	1,340	1,580	6,770	82	1,480	74,901
Barbados	90	13,413	80	14,469	38	20	15,476	2,630
Cayman Islands	21	21,334	4	509	4	11	83	1,654
Cuba	53	49,680	15	400	10	6	98	250
Dominica	80	42,457	3,451	18,613	20	30	38,714	3,789
Dominican Republic	194	23,422	1,596	25,639	18	63	23,078	1,544
Grenada	17	1,632	20	2,452	16	9	2,021	807
Haiti	64	46,334	189	16,448	51	14	3,787	6,792
Jamaica	634	127,704	3,634	48,267	312	112	2,798	11,856
Netherlands Antilles	33	9,037	156	1,050	34	9	8,838	1,297
St. Kitts & Nevis	24	1,108	25	1,080	2	–	3,993	6,172
St. Lucia	29	2,078	20	2,398	7	1	5,191	1,778
St. Vincent & Grenadines	16	1,498	12	2,428	3	7	1,103	1,461
Trinidad & Tobago	188	39,107	190	34,919	97	69	13,197	4,937
Turks & Caicos Is.	9	6,764	4	56	16	3	30	409
Other Caribbean	136	1,496	139	1,056	152	37	5,691	3,605
Central America	**54,405**	**282,864**	**354**	**20,008**	**361**	**3,005**	**4,601**	**42,071**
Belize	1,253	8,642	16	177	5	124	119	1,893
Costa Rica	6,208	57,706	80	4,883	81	279	1,464	4,173
El Salvador	17,400	33,916	67	3,082	37	1,362	295	8,896
Guatemala	22,063	56,253	60	5,047	68	505	384	14,839
Honduras	3,404	47,294	38	3,468	66	264	337	7,856
Nicaragua	2,680	33,676	35	368	26	141	160	1,535
Panama	1,397	45,377	58	2,983	78	330	1,842	2,879
Other North America	1	8	4	8	1	–	1	11
South America	**68,484**	**1,065,841**	**3,333**	**297,410**	**60,648**	**5,075**	**46,244**	**63,994**
Argentina	15,766	190,947	523	50,864	1,341	525	4,634	11,936
Bolivia	605	19,949	48	1,392	22	79	183	1,162
Brazil	21,209	268,952	1,092	119,194	43,259	2,547	3,914	16,956
Chile	4,678	71,617	263	7,753	408	382	1,184	4,936
Colombia	5,997	132,337	325	22,662	761	362	3,015	6,859
Ecuador	2,512	62,738	156	10,593	105	135	679	2,097
Guyana	40	4,123	147	6,889	67	24	1,007	1,581
Paraguay	479	8,050	18	1,126	48	39	68	301
Peru	14,865	115,040	254	4,330	292	469	1,153	5,992
Suriname	62	11,369	15	1,900	8	60	141	124
Uruguay	1,209	17,357	119	8,754	91	98	368	1,115
Venezuela	1,057	163,356	373	61,950	14,245	355	29,894	10,933
Other South America	5	6	–	3	1	–	4	2
Stateless	858	192	96	1,335	57	1,634	11	11,443
Unknown	13,082	27,480	2,346	15,604	2,249	5,528	3,745	17,183

[1] Includes Mainland China and Taiwan. A total of 300,377 nonimmigrant visas were issued to these two countries in fiscal year 1991: 206,665 to Taiwan and 93,712 to Mainland China. (SOURCE: Report of the Visa Office, U.S. Department of State, 1991)

[2] Includes unknown port of entry.

– Represents zero.

NOTE: Includes arrivals under the Visa Waiver Pilot program. See Nonimmigrant section of text. Excludes the following classes of admission processed in the Nonimmigrant Information System: for all countries -- 127,146 parolees, 26,059 withdrawals and stowaways, and 100,229 refugees.

TABLE 40. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY AGE AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of citizenship	All ages	Under 15 years	15 - 19 years	20 - 24 years	25 - 34 years	35 - 44 years	45 - 64 years	65 years and over	Unknown
All countries	**18,962,520**	**1,559,121**	**973,306**	**1,955,852**	**4,815,710**	**3,855,015**	**4,772,355**	**1,001,532**	**29,629**
Europe	**7,968,540**	**580,820**	**417,507**	**745,498**	**1,936,192**	**1,577,430**	**2,235,932**	**464,793**	**10,368**
Austria	133,337	6,977	6,048	17,743	36,009	25,447	34,884	6,101	128
Belgium	149,423	9,056	7,441	12,201	37,755	33,291	41,808	7,715	156
Bulgaria	6,830	571	332	589	1,717	1,876	1,434	297	14
Czechoslovakia	21,970	1,346	1,718	2,521	4,627	4,536	5,628	1,560	34
Denmark	114,368	6,119	9,266	13,265	25,219	21,162	32,909	6,302	126
Finland	114,269	8,340	6,734	9,383	26,433	26,373	31,512	5,351	143
France	837,367	63,023	67,887	71,993	189,373	181,279	215,877	46,774	1,161
Germany	1,441,746	74,166	64,882	150,469	393,949	255,237	427,184	74,197	1,662
Greece	61,982	3,114	2,489	5,270	13,548	12,129	19,246	6,057	129
Hungary	24,671	1,592	1,700	2,491	4,393	6,005	6,600	1,862	28
Iceland	16,366	1,826	975	1,548	3,735	3,340	4,147	771	24
Ireland	145,726	11,229	5,926	17,317	40,940	25,850	35,853	8,235	376
Italy	518,323	22,799	25,055	52,953	158,501	100,013	135,026	23,299	677
Luxembourg	9,299	703	398	831	2,464	1,978	2,493	419	13
Netherlands	372,786	19,188	14,938	34,211	98,168	77,595	105,992	22,181	513
Norway	108,108	5,938	6,354	11,539	24,759	21,893	31,284	6,218	123
Poland	67,591	4,061	3,233	6,091	15,426	16,948	17,936	3,795	101
Portugal	55,334	4,249	2,784	4,295	13,487	12,146	14,432	3,822	119
Romania	19,654	1,581	659	1,080	2,924	4,436	6,581	2,348	45
Soviet Union	111,646	6,297	8,626	8,573	23,108	27,295	33,304	4,248	195
Spain	312,872	20,219	27,094	26,615	83,572	64,805	76,794	13,309	464
Sweden	287,698	18,876	18,390	30,400	61,645	55,402	87,881	14,709	395
Switzerland	291,726	16,680	11,175	37,374	82,872	51,518	77,032	14,725	350
United Kingdom	2,695,472	269,328	119,473	222,616	580,854	535,280	777,018	187,574	3,329
Yugoslavia	43,811	3,053	3,635	3,521	9,210	10,385	11,446	2,515	46
Other Europe	6,165	489	295	609	1,504	1,211	1,631	409	17
Asia	**5,329,317**	**348,471**	**226,960**	**739,460**	**1,549,733**	**1,032,752**	**1,189,347**	**234,410**	**8,184**
Bangladesh	8,369	1,036	572	1,116	2,089	1,751	1,630	157	18
China[1]	409,740	29,306	9,369	23,703	114,839	95,812	107,495	28,695	521
Hong Kong	134,657	9,006	7,069	13,733	39,625	30,995	26,858	7,177	194
India	154,883	11,643	4,853	16,079	39,261	28,227	43,790	10,760	270
Indonesia	53,654	4,051	4,477	6,935	12,201	10,786	13,453	1,657	94
Iran	27,387	2,665	799	1,385	4,872	4,486	9,177	3,824	179
Israel	195,796	20,077	9,652	17,290	33,475	42,175	54,595	18,250	282
Japan	3,420,150	189,254	153,505	574,906	1,052,201	612,182	714,122	119,242	4,738
Jordan	21,380	2,407	1,474	2,724	5,390	3,423	5,178	729	55
Korea	355,641	26,390	10,783	26,310	86,815	82,314	102,579	20,001	449
Kuwait	8,884	1,768	569	1,330	2,672	1,452	958	102	33
Lebanon	24,766	2,260	1,138	2,559	6,852	4,072	6,264	1,512	109
Malaysia	52,210	4,214	2,083	7,474	15,731	12,117	9,313	1,219	59
Pakistan	46,351	6,942	3,475	4,506	9,918	9,462	10,558	1,409	81
Philippines	184,434	14,187	5,973	12,722	54,223	46,259	39,153	11,507	410
Saudi Arabia	38,041	8,681	1,725	3,779	13,147	5,984	4,131	437	157
Singapore	50,900	4,070	1,767	4,925	17,840	12,676	8,402	1,164	56
Sri Lanka	8,957	718	333	840	2,305	1,957	2,287	498	19
Syria	8,724	802	390	798	2,023	1,285	2,674	656	96
Thailand	49,502	3,021	2,422	5,397	13,265	11,909	11,628	1,708	152
Turkey	42,238	2,347	2,104	5,394	12,122	8,173	9,799	2,235	64
Other Asia	32,653	3,626	2,428	5,555	8,867	5,255	5,303	1,471	148
Africa	**196,000**	**17,649**	**8,235**	**15,603**	**52,504**	**49,437**	**44,556**	**7,505**	**511**
Egypt	30,533	2,941	1,197	2,074	6,725	7,202	8,590	1,722	82
Ethiopia	7,903	993	641	569	1,438	1,671	2,161	360	70
Ghana	7,804	431	187	453	2,240	2,316	1,921	239	17
Kenya	6,971	545	382	869	1,827	1,656	1,523	153	16
Morocco	12,948	992	634	1,440	3,902	2,803	2,715	408	54
Nigeria	25,459	2,356	717	992	6,785	7,630	6,363	586	30
South Africa	39,152	3,049	1,530	3,021	9,686	8,853	10,166	2,788	59
Other Africa	65,230	6,342	2,947	6,185	19,901	17,306	11,117	1,249	183
Oceania	**639,684**	**57,928**	**32,784**	**72,024**	**146,817**	**128,302**	**164,419**	**36,763**	**647**
Australia	449,037	41,723	23,161	50,649	101,489	91,037	115,165	25,358	455
New Zealand	158,013	12,488	7,210	17,575	37,427	30,395	42,565	10,196	157
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	19,527	2,577	1,886	2,518	4,665	3,921	3,347	593	20
Other Oceania	13,107	1,140	527	1,282	3,236	2,949	3,342	616	15

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 40. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY AGE AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of citizenship	All ages	Under 15 years	15 - 19 years	20 - 24 years	25 - 34 years	35 - 44 years	45 - 64 years	65 years and over	Unknown
North America	**3,046,598**	**347,821**	**173,523**	**261,782**	**752,941**	**665,396**	**677,551**	**160,963**	**6,621**
Canada	88,488	6,880	6,334	12,348	28,025	20,131	13,496	1,135	139
Mexico	1,421,677	179,651	89,910	127,905	344,995	294,982	308,956	71,898	3,380
Caribbean	**1,069,782**	**109,153**	**51,673**	**84,678**	**273,434**	**245,378**	**243,952**	**59,308**	**2,206**
Antigua	23,223	2,645	1,350	3,120	6,416	5,032	3,888	736	36
Aruba	7,397	776	323	503	1,793	1,864	1,938	193	7
Bahamas, The	289,402	35,518	17,339	32,926	84,134	57,321	53,524	7,675	965
Barbados	46,427	5,373	2,506	3,679	12,867	11,005	9,308	1,631	58
Cayman Islands	24,375	3,477	2,035	2,976	6,123	4,904	4,167	661	32
Cuba	50,795	217	178	247	712	3,017	29,723	16,594	107
Dominica	107,535	12,539	5,523	7,952	25,049	26,729	24,461	5,084	198
Dominican Republic	75,958	7,723	3,446	6,143	18,723	18,703	17,227	3,874	119
Grenada	7,026	573	314	653	2,250	1,550	1,349	318	19
Haiti	73,994	5,584	2,393	3,155	16,152	20,764	19,253	6,542	151
Jamaica	198,156	16,407	8,176	11,838	58,967	54,662	39,820	8,034	252
Netherlands Antilles	21,244	2,266	1,083	1,573	4,743	5,827	5,072	645	35
St. Kitts & Nevis	12,439	1,433	637	1,049	4,064	3,086	1,730	401	39
St. Lucia	11,551	899	547	1,206	3,701	2,876	1,998	310	14
St. Vincent & Grenadines	6,570	484	323	628	2,193	1,769	959	199	15
Trinidad & Tobago	93,293	10,922	4,006	4,700	20,184	21,751	25,912	5,707	111
Turks & Caicos Is.	7,334	993	564	943	1,901	1,562	1,128	231	12
Other Caribbean	13,063	1,324	930	1,387	3,462	2,956	2,495	473	36
Central America	**466,597**	**52,133**	**25,594**	**36,848**	**106,475**	**104,895**	**111,137**	**28,620**	**895**
Belize	16,117	1,994	884	1,746	4,271	3,482	3,072	647	21
Costa Rica	82,520	9,616	4,671	6,233	19,992	18,905	18,731	4,244	128
El Salvador	73,516	8,594	4,052	5,691	15,761	16,468	17,905	4,887	158
Guatemala	117,568	14,464	7,028	9,080	26,201	25,460	27,275	7,802	258
Honduras	72,995	7,172	3,808	6,429	18,831	17,960	15,707	2,956	132
Nicaragua	42,243	3,977	1,585	2,127	8,783	10,281	12,038	3,360	92
Panama	61,638	6,316	3,566	5,542	12,636	12,339	16,409	4,724	106
Other North America	54	4	12	3	12	10	10	2	1
South America	**1,655,709**	**195,730**	**107,811**	**110,720**	**349,929**	**376,724**	**425,201**	**86,972**	**2,622**
Argentina	280,831	34,087	18,283	16,747	49,887	60,774	83,142	17,563	348
Bolivia	24,215	2,614	1,830	2,151	5,100	5,238	6,039	1,202	41
Brazil	495,043	60,508	41,673	34,247	108,988	114,969	113,994	20,020	644
Chile	93,758	9,660	4,418	5,151	19,523	23,490	26,436	4,948	132
Colombia	175,825	21,465	9,036	10,593	40,355	39,556	44,372	9,910	538
Ecuador	81,246	10,217	5,059	6,121	17,249	18,441	19,427	4,547	185
Guyana	14,035	1,268	518	752	3,377	4,070	3,218	812	20
Paraguay	10,369	1,367	673	876	2,553	2,030	2,439	416	15
Peru	144,964	13,188	8,255	11,161	29,601	33,661	39,752	9,140	206
Suriname	13,721	1,849	782	1,110	3,215	3,002	3,356	390	17
Uruguay	29,809	2,247	1,498	1,860	6,209	6,117	9,403	2,439	36
Venezuela	291,861	37,253	15,785	19,944	63,870	65,374	73,611	15,584	440
Other South America	32	7	1	7	2	2	12	1	-
Stateless	17,012	585	376	1,013	2,356	3,717	6,454	2,473	38
Unknown	109,660	10,117	6,110	9,752	25,238	21,257	28,895	7,653	638

[1] Includes Mainland China and Taiwan. A total of 300,377 nonimmigrant visas were issued to these two countries in fiscal year 1991: 206,665 to Taiwan and 93,712 to Mainland China. (SOURCE: Report of the Visa Office, U.S. Department of State, 1991)

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Includes arrivals under the Visa Waiver Pilot program. See Nonimmigrant section of text. Excludes the following classes of admission processed in the Nonimmigrant Information System: for all countries -- 127,146 parolees, 26,059 withdrawals and stowaways, and 100,229 refugees.

VI. NATURALIZATIONS

Naturalization refers to the conferring of U.S. citizenship, by any means, upon a person after birth. There were four ways of becoming a U.S. citizen in 1991: naturalization in a court ceremony; derivation through the naturalization of parents; acquisition at birth abroad to citizen parents; and legislation naturalizing certain groups of persons (see Limitations of Data). Beginning in fiscal year 1992, the Immigration Act of 1990 enables persons to naturalize through an additional method—administrative hearings with the Immigration and Naturalization Service. The data for 1991 are limited to naturalizations in a court ceremony, the primary method of naturalization for adult permanent residents. As part of the naturalization process, applicants pledge an oath of allegiance to the United States, thereby renouncing allegiance to their former countries of nationality.

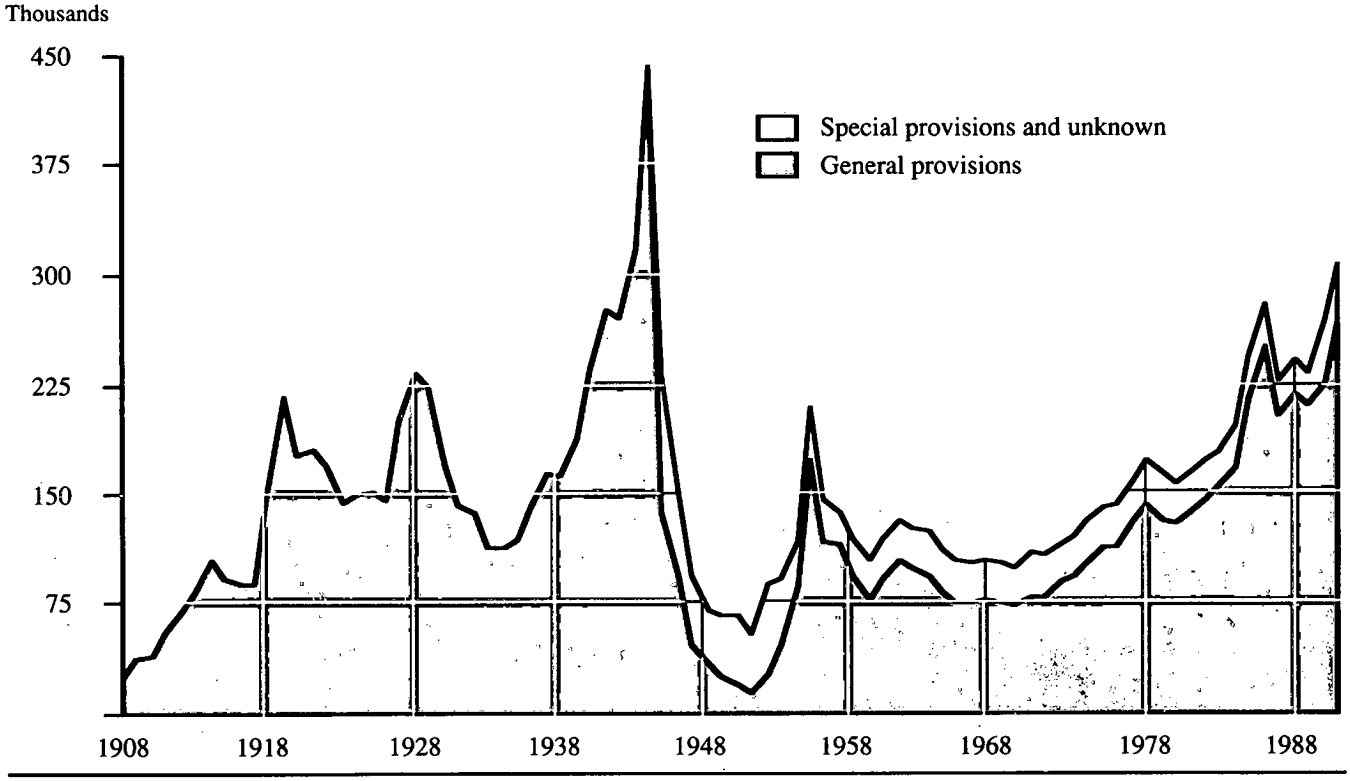
In fiscal year 1991, 308,058 persons received U.S citizenship through naturalization. The Philippines led all countries with 33,714, followed by Vietnam (29,603) and Mexico (22,066). These countries of former allegiance have been the leading source countries every year since 1984, although the rankings have changed. About half of the persons naturalized in 1991 were formerly citizens of Asian countries, a pattern similar to the previous 6 years.

More than 308,000 people were naturalized during 1991.

Naturalization Policy

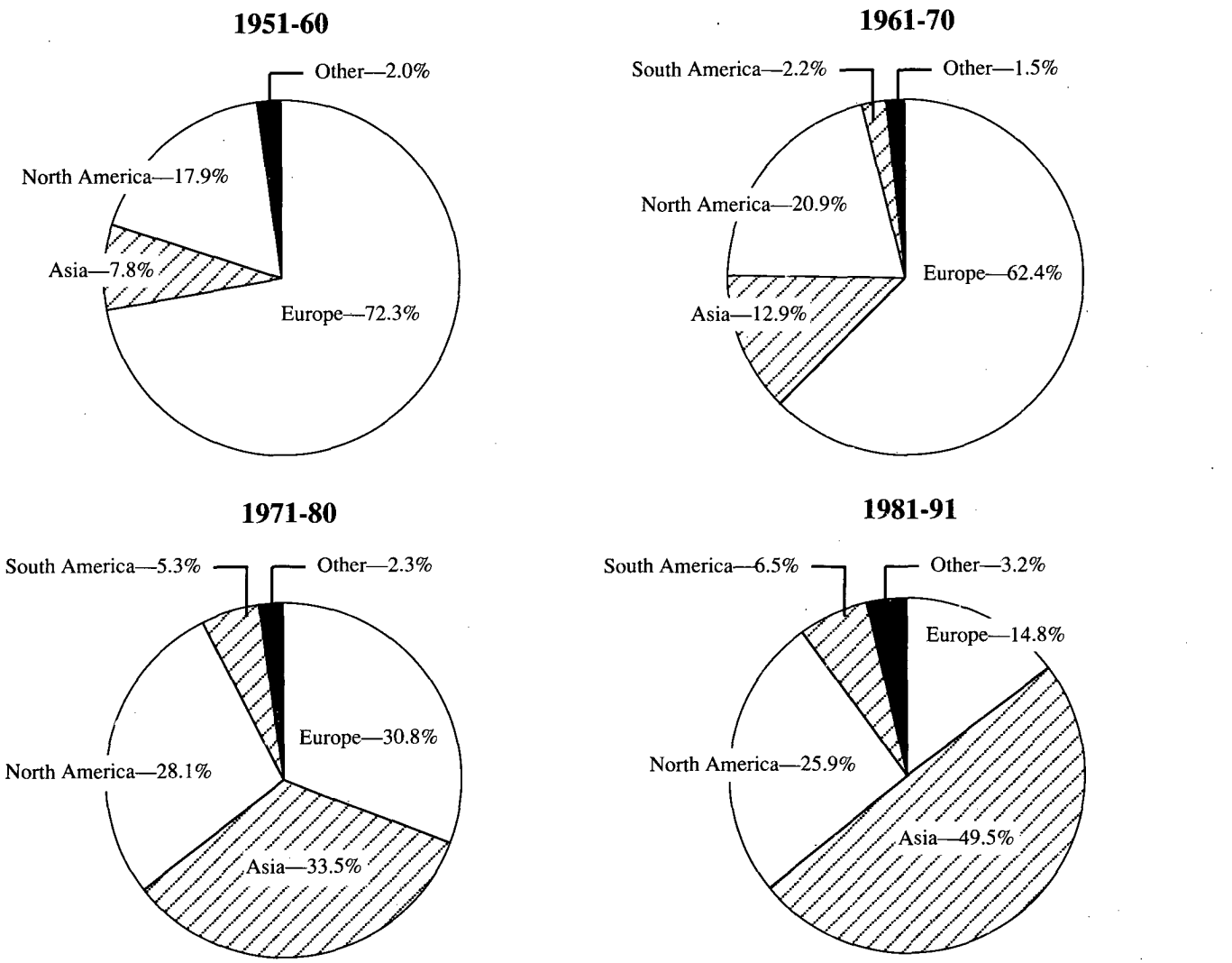
To naturalize, an immigrant must fulfill certain requirements set forth in the Immigration and Nationality Act concerning age, lawful admission, and residence in the United States. Additional requirements include the ability to speak, read, and write the English language; knowledge of the U.S. government and U.S. history; and having good moral character. The general naturalization provisions specify that an alien must fulfill the following conditions: be at least eighteen years of age; have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence; and have resided in the country continuously for at least five years. These minimum requirements must be met for an alien to be considered for naturalization under the general provisions of immigration law. Over eighty-five percent of immigrants currently naturalize under the general provisions. The remaining immigrants who naturalize do so under the special provisions of the law (Chart O).

Chart O
Persons Naturalized by Provision of Law: Fiscal Years 1908-91



Source: 1983-91, Table 42; 1908-82, previous *Yearbooks*.

Chart P
Persons Naturalized by Decade and Selected Region of Birth: Fiscal Years 1951-91



Source: 1991, Table 50; 1951-90, previous *Yearbooks*.

The special provisions of naturalization law exempt aliens from one or more of the requirements of the general provisions. Spouses and children of U.S. citizens and military classes constitute the main special naturalization categories. The majority of people naturalizing as spouses of U.S. citizens may do so in three years rather than the five years prescribed under the general provisions.

Children who immigrate with their parents generally do not naturalize, but derive U.S. citizenship through the naturalization of their parents. Children adopted by U.S. citizens may naturalize to become U.S. citizens, although they are no longer required to do so, since they are eligible for administrative naturalization by the INS. These children may be naturalized in court ceremonies prior to reaching age eighteen with no residency requirements. Aliens who served honorably during World War I, World War II, the Korean Conflict, the Vietnam Conflict, or the Grenada Campaign, under certain conditions, may naturalize without prior admission to permanent resident status. Also, they need not have resided in the country for a particular length of time. Lawful permanent resident aliens who have served honorably in the Armed Forces of the United States for as much as three years also are entitled to certain exemptions from the general naturalization requirements. Although there are other special naturalization categories, those specified above currently account for over ninety percent of the naturalizations under special provisions.

Every applicant for naturalization in the United States must file an application for naturalization: Form N-400 (Application to File Petition for Naturalization) or Form N-402 (Application to File Petition for Naturalization in Behalf of Child). All aliens filing these applications who meet the preliminary documentary requirements must be interviewed by an INS officer to determine their eligibility to naturalize. During the interview the officer discerns the applicant's knowledge and understanding of the English language as well as of the history and government of the United States. Those applicants found qualified are scheduled for a final hearing before a judge who performs the naturalization ceremony.

Data Overview

As the sending areas of immigrants admitted to the United States have shifted, so have the origins of persons naturalized. Data by region of birth indicate that major changes have occurred between 1951 and 1991 (Chart P). Naturalizations for Europe, the leading region through 1975, declined by nearly two-thirds from the 1950s through the 1980s, while naturalizations for all other regions nearly quadrupled during the same period. The Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 removed all racial restrictions on naturalization, thus allowing increases in naturalizations for regions other than Europe. Asia has become the leading region of birth representing nearly fifty percent of all naturalizations for the 1981-91 period. The predominance of Asia as the region of origin for naturalizations echoes the increase in immigration from Asia as a result of the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 and the arrival of Indochinese refugees beginning in 1975. Asian immigrants also have historically exhibited higher naturalization rates than Europeans (as discussed later).

Since most naturalizations occur under the general provisions of naturalization law, the majority of aliens naturalizing must have resided in the United States for at least five years as lawful permanent residents. The median number of years of residence for the total naturalized population has remained fairly constant over the last thirty years, at about eight years. Major differences, however, are evident among regions (Table I). Median lengths of residence in 1991 ranged from seven years (Asia and Africa) to twelve years (North America). Historically, there have been shifts in the median years of residence, as with Europe, North America, and South America. In general, however, Asians and Africans tend to naturalize soon after they are eligible to do so, while aliens from other regions remain in the United States as lawful permanent residents for longer periods of time prior to naturalizing.

Changes in the number of persons naturalized between fiscal years 1990 and 1991 by country of origin reflect the changes in immigration in earlier years. The largest decreases in naturalizations were among persons from countries whose immigration peaked in the early seventies and has been continually decreasing since then: Portugal (-643), Italy, (-477), and Greece (-450); and two countries with large migrations to the United States in 1980: Cuba (-737) and Haiti (-573). The largest increases in naturalizations between 1990 and 1991 were for the three countries with the most naturalizations in 1991: the Philippines (+7,778), Vietnam (+7,576), and Mexico (+4,502). Naturalizations also increased between 1990 and 1991 for former citizens of mainland China (+3,220) and Taiwan (+3,981), reflecting increased immigration from these countries beginning in 1982. Immigration increased because mainland China and Taiwan were recognized as separate countries in that year, and each was given a separate immigration country limit of 20,000 visas.

Data Collection

Data on persons naturalized in the United States are collected by approximately sixty-five INS offices where

Table I
Median Years of Residence by Year of Naturalization and Region of Birth: Selected Fiscal Years 1960-91

Region of birth	1991	1985	1980	1975	1970	1965	1960
Persons naturalized	8	8	8	7	8	7	8
Europe	9	9	10	8	9	7	7
Asia	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
Africa	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
Oceania	9	8	8	7	9	8	10
North America	12	13	11	9	7	9	10
South America	9	8	9	10	7	7	7

aliens intending to naturalize may file their applications. The INS collects two types of data on naturalizations: workload statistics and data on the characteristics of aliens who have naturalized. The workload data consist of the number of naturalization applications received, the number of petitions filed with courts, as well as the number of aliens naturalized during a fiscal year. These data are collected by each INS office as part of the Service's work measurement data (see Entries section).

Data on the characteristics of aliens naturalized in a fiscal year also are collected by INS offices where aliens file their naturalization applications. These detailed characteristics are collected either through the manual coding of data from the naturalization application or through the automated Naturalization Casework System (NACS), an application tracking system which has been implemented in the larger INS offices. The data collected on aliens naturalized include demographic variables (e.g., date and country of birth, sex, marital status, and occupation) as well as immigration-oriented variables (e.g., date of admission for permanent residence and section of naturalization law).

Limitations of Data

Data on naturalizations collected by the INS are limited to aliens who have naturalized in court ceremonies each fiscal year. The court data include those naturalizing as principals (Form N-400) and children whose parents are already U.S. citizens (Form N-402). Individuals who derive or acquire U.S. citizenship currently are not included in the data collected by the INS. The data on those children who automatically derive their citizenship through their naturalizing parents are collected only after the family requests a copy of the child's certificate of citizenship from the INS. This document may be requested at the time the parents (principal aliens) became naturalized or any time thereafter. This data is not reported since it does not cover any consistent time period and since the actual number of children deriving citizenship through their naturalizing parents each fiscal year is unknown.

Aliens who become U.S. citizens through the legislative process are also not covered by data collected by the INS. A recent example of the legislative procedure occurred upon the dissolution of the Trust Territory of the Pacific through which the Northern Mariana Islands became a commonwealth of the United States, making its residents U.S. citizens.

The 1991 figure of 308,058 includes 62,451 persons who took their naturalization oath in previous fiscal years. Backlogs in completing the actions required to count naturalizations caused delays in reporting. The Los Angeles district office accounted for 92 percent of the backlogged cases in 1991. Reporting was also delayed in fiscal year 1990, although apparently to a lesser extent than in 1991. A total of 20,842 out of 270,101 naturalizations reported in 1990 actually occurred in fiscal year 1989 or earlier. Sixty percent of the backlogged cases in 1990 originated in the Los Angeles and Chicago district offices. If persons are counted in the year they were naturalized, the fiscal year totals become 249,826 in 1988, 266,725 in 1989, 285,925 in 1990, and 245,607 in 1991. Naturalization totals will be revised in future *Yearbooks* so that data reflect the year that persons are naturalized.

There is also a large proportion of cases with missing information compared to previous *Statistical Yearbooks*. Most of the missing information is specific to certain offices. These offices failed to record naturalizations in the statistical system, but entered data on all persons naturalized in another automated system. The 1991 records were retrieved, but unfortunately they do not contain information on all the variables included in the statistical system. The affected records are for persons residing in the jurisdictional areas of the Fresno, CA, Sacramento, CA, Tampa, FL, El Paso, TX, Reno, NV, and Oklahoma City, OK offices. The percent of records with missing information by variable is: country of former allegiance (1.9 percent), naturalization provision (2.2), sex (2.0), marital status (2.2), occupation (22.7), state of residence (.1), metropolitan area of residence (2.0), and calendar year of entry (.6). The number of persons who were separated at the time of naturalization has been overstated by an unknown amount in the *Statistical Yearbooks* for 1986 through 1989. Persons who were single were mistakenly coded as separated in some offices.

Naturalization Rates

While everyone admitted to the United States as an immigrant has the right to become a naturalized citizen after fulfilling the requirements, a large proportion of immigrants never become citizens. The term "naturalization rate" is used to refer to the proportion of an immigrant group that gains citizenship through naturalization. Naturalization rates differ considerably among different categories of immigrants. For example, immigrants who are young adults when they arrive, or who come from distant parts of the world such as Asia and Africa, have high naturalization rates. People admitted in certain classes of admission, such as those reserved for refugees and persons in professional occupations, also have a high propensity to naturalize.

The most precise way of calculating naturalization rates is to compare the number of persons who naturalize to the number eligible to do so. The people who become citizens in any given year are drawn from the population of immigrants in all previous years who have survived, remained in the United States, and served the required waiting period of five years (or less for some categories of

naturalization). The exact size of the total eligible population would be very difficult to estimate, because it represents the cumulative effect of many decades of immigrant experience, and records are not kept for significant components such as emigration. As an alternative to such an approach, the Immigration and Naturalization Service has examined the naturalization experience of a single immigration-year cohort, that of 1977.

This study involves linking the records of the 1977 immigrants with their naturalization records in 1977 and subsequent years. Record linkages have been completed for all years through 1990, and the naturalization rates based on these linked records form the basis for this discussion. The calculations omit persons who were under age 16 in 1977. Because children under 16 may automatically derive U.S. citizenship based on the naturalization of their parents, many children are likely to have become citizens without appearing in the naturalizations data base. Since we know from the yearly naturalizations data that the median number of years of residence for persons naturalizing is eight years, and that this has been relatively constant over time, thirteen years of experience is considered to be an adequate period for analysis of an immigrant cohort's naturalization patterns.

By the end of 1990, 37.4 percent of the 1977 immigrant cohort had become naturalized citizens. As Chart Q shows, naturalizations of the 1977 immigrant cohort were highest in 1983 and 1984, the sixth and seventh years following immigration. The annual numbers becoming citizens from this cohort have declined steadily since 1983 but will continue to occur for many years, since the majority remain in the pool of those eligible. The early, small peak of naturalizations in 1980 illustrates the fact that some categories of immigrants are eligible before the five-year waiting period required for the general naturalization provision. These include spouses of American citizens, for whom the waiting period is three years (see Naturalization Policy). Also, one of the largest categories of immigrants in 1977 was Cuban refugees, many of whom had lived in the United States since the 1960s and were adjusting to immigrant status under the provisions of the Cuban Adjustment Act of 1966. That legislation established an artificial "date of admission" to immigrant status as 30 months prior to the date of adjustment of status, which gave most of the 1977 Cuban immigrant cohort an admission date in 1974 or early 1975 for naturalization purposes.

Immigrants who fail to naturalize, the majority in this cohort to date, may be divided analytically into three categories: those who die before naturalizing, those who emigrate before naturalizing, and those who fail to apply.

Table J
Naturalizations Through Fiscal Year 1990 of Immigrants Admitted in Fiscal Year 1977 by Year

Year	Immigrants in 1977 [1]	
	Naturalizations	Percent naturalized
Total	131,705	37.4
1977	574	.2
1978	2,907	.8
1979	3,848	1.1
1980	6,630	1.9
1981	4,594	1.3
1982	16,319	4.6
1983	27,119	7.7
1984	24,468	6.9
1985	15,366	4.4
1986	9,757	2.8
1987	6,532	1.9
1988	6,028	1.7
1989	4,586	1.3
1990	2,951	.8
Unknown	26	Z

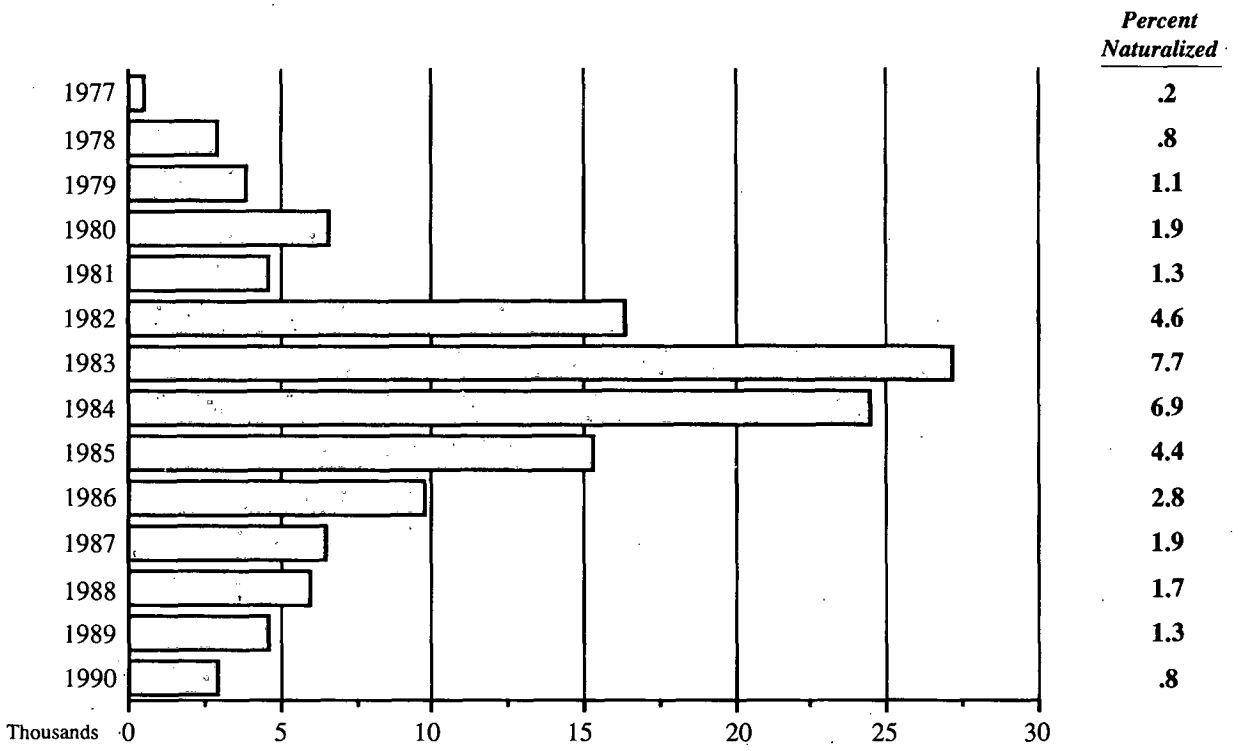
[1] Ages 16 and over. Z Rounds to less than .05.

Failure to apply may in turn have several explanations. Possible restraints on naturalization rates include: the fees; requirements for passing examinations in the English language and civics; and the showing of "good moral character." Language may be a particular barrier for elderly immigrants, although the naturalization laws make some allowances for older persons.

An examination of the naturalization rates of the 1977 immigrant cohort by age illustrates the importance of age in determining who naturalizes and who does not (Chart R). The probability of naturalizing to date is highest for persons who were aged 23 or 24 when they immigrated. Persons in their late teens and twenties at the time of immigration generally have a high propensity to naturalize, and the rate declines gradually with advancing age. Age 40 is the approximate dividing line for naturalization rates above and below the average for this cohort. The very low rates of naturalization for the elderly probably reflect their higher death rates as well as other influences.

Naturalization rates also vary substantially by visa category, although the changes in the immigration law since 1977 have made some of the categories less relevant

Chart Q
Naturalizations Through Fiscal Year 1990 of Immigrants Admitted in Fiscal Year 1977 by Year



to understanding current naturalization patterns. A particularly high propensity to naturalize is observed among immigrants admitted under the old seventh preference, the category reserved for refugees at that time, and the third preference, members of the professions and their immediate families. Seventh preference immigrants have a naturalization rate of 61.2 percent, and 64.5 percent of third preference immigrants had naturalized by 1990. All immigrants admitted under the old numerically limited preference categories have naturalization rates higher than the average, although some are not substantially higher. The lowest naturalization rates are observed among the numerically-limited Western Hemisphere immigrants (21.1 percent—a category no longer in use), immediate relatives of U.S. citizens (31.7 percent), and nonpreference immigrants (32.2 percent—another category no longer in use). Refugees admitted under the Cuban Adjustment Act have a 34.0 percent naturalization rate, slightly below the average, and an interesting contrast to the high naturalization rate observed among the seventh preference refugees.

The variation in naturalization rates among immigrants from different parts of the world is particularly striking. In general, immigrants from Asia, Africa, and Eastern Europe are most likely to naturalize, while immigrants from Western Europe, Canada, and Mexico are much less likely to do so. Some notable exceptions to this generalization exist; for example, few Japanese immigrants become U.S.

Chart R
Naturalization Rates Through Fiscal Year 1990 of Immigrants Admitted in Fiscal Year 1977 by Age

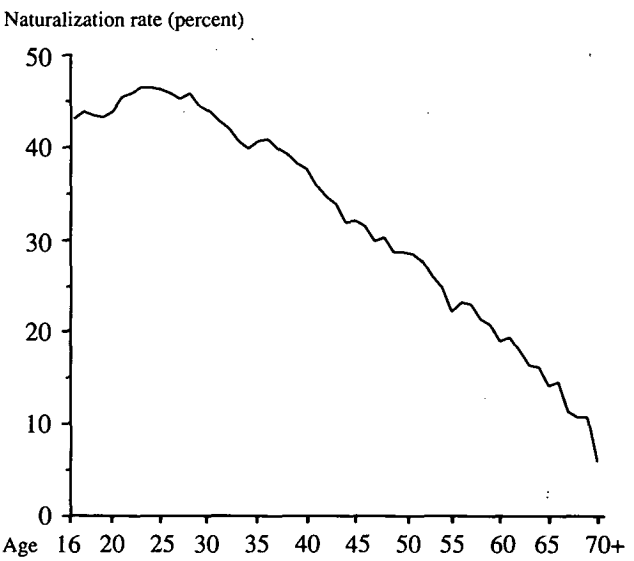


Table K
Naturalization Rates Through Fiscal Year 1990 of Immigrants Admitted in Fiscal Year 1977 by Selected Country of Birth

Country of birth	Immigrants in 1977 [1]			Country of birth	Immigrants in 1977 [1]		
	Number admitted	Naturalizations through 1990	Rate [2]		Number admitted	Naturalizations through 1990	Rate [2]
All countries	352,071	131,705	37.4	Greece	6,577	1,919	29.2
Soviet Union	4,535	2,797	61.7	Portugal	6,964	1,535	22.0
Philippines	31,686	18,849	59.5	Trinidad & Tobago .	4,516	992	22.0
China, Mainland	14,421	8,252	57.2	Ecuador	4,063	832	20.5
Korea	19,824	10,548	53.2	Dominican Republic	8,955	1,757	19.6
Guyana	4,115	2,165	52.6	United Kingdom	8,982	1,417	15.8
India	15,033	7,213	48.0	Mexico	30,967	4,679	15.1
Jamaica	7,896	2,829	35.8	Italy	5,843	859	14.7
Haiti	4,268	1,465	34.3	Germany	4,899	632	12.9
Cuba	57,023	19,246	33.8	Canada	9,000	1,000	11.1
Colombia	6,138	1,963	32.0	Other	96,366	40,756	42.3

[1] Ages 16 and over. [2] Naturalizations through 1990 divided by the number of immigrants admitted.

citizens. Table K displays the 20 countries that were the largest sources of immigrants aged 16 or older in the 1977 cohort, with the corresponding numbers who have naturalized through 1990 and their naturalization rates. The range is from 61.7 percent naturalized for immigrants from the Soviet Union to only 11.1 percent of the Canadians. To illustrate the point in another way, the second and third largest sending countries in 1977 were the Philippines and Mexico, with roughly 31,000 immigrants each. By 1990, this immigration had added 18,849 new U.S. citizens from the Philippines but only 4,679 new U.S. citizens from Mexico.

Substantial differences in naturalization rates can also be seen among people in different occupational categories. In general, people in high status occupations, particularly medical professionals and engineers, have the highest naturalization rates. Categories of people without a substantial current attachment to the labor force, such as homemakers and those who report themselves to be unemployed or retired, have low naturalization rates.

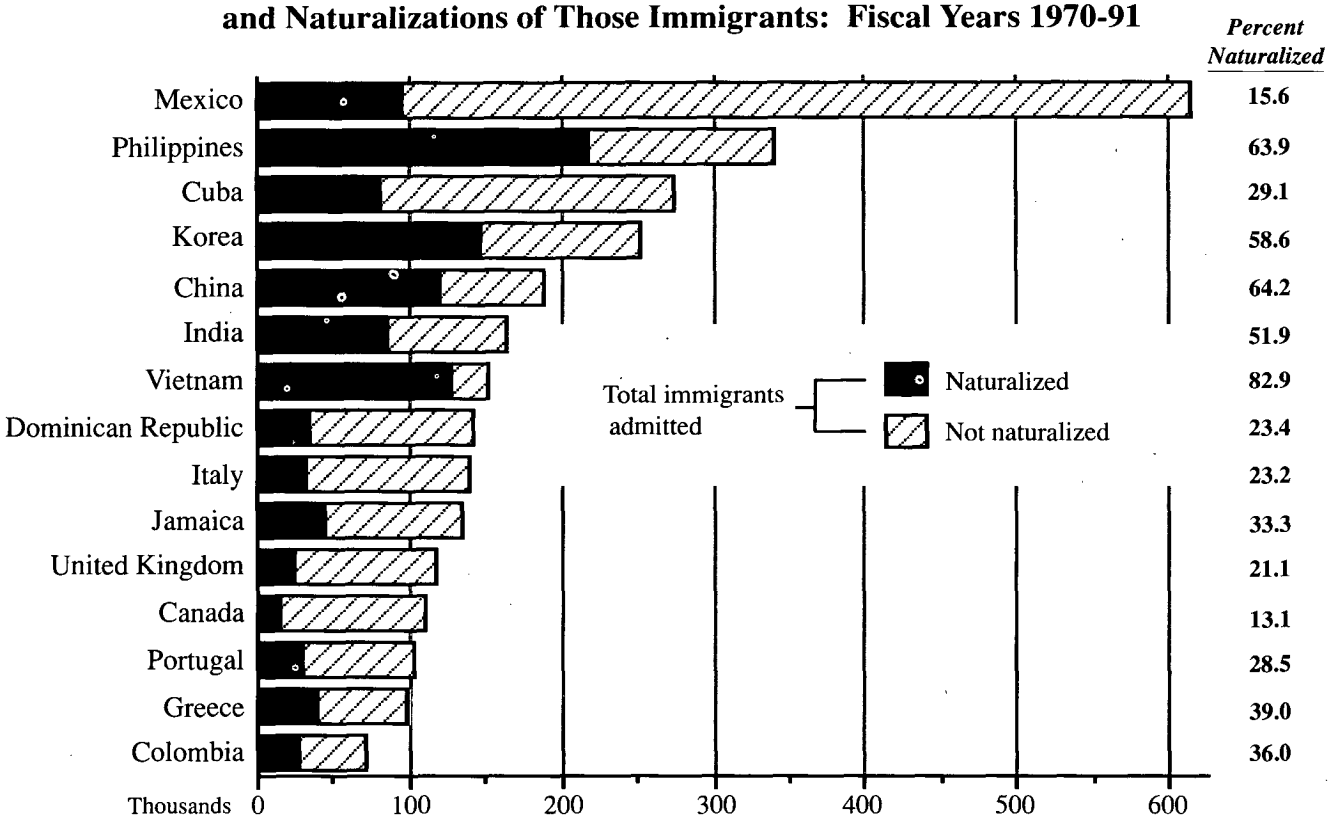
Naturalization rates can also be calculated using another method which compares immigration and naturalization cohorts over a number of years by country of birth. Chart S shows the number of immigrants admitted from the leading countries of birth who entered the United States during the 1970-79 period, and the number of persons from those countries who naturalized during 1970-91 and reported entry during 1970-79. The naturalization rates using the country cohort method generally correspond to the rates found above, although the method is not as precise as matching individual immigration and naturalization records. [8]

The naturalization rates calculated for the 1970-79 country cohorts range from the low observation for Canada, with 13.1 percent of the immigrant cohort having naturalized through fiscal year 1991, to Vietnam, with 82.9 percent. [9] Of the 15 countries with the greatest number of immigrants in the 1970-79 country cohorts, Asian countries have the highest naturalization rates. In addition to Vietnam, China (Mainland and Taiwan) (64.2 percent), the Philippines (63.9), Korea (58.6), and India (51.9) are the countries with the highest rates of

[8] The country cohort results are not as precise as those calculated by linking individual records because persons under the age of 16 who may have derived their citizenship are included in the number of immigrants in the denominator but are not counted as naturalizations in the numerator. Other errors may result from misreporting of the year of initial entry in either the immigrant or naturalized citizen records. On the other hand, by combining immigrants from several years, the country cohort method may avoid possible bias from unusual immigrant characteristics in any single year.

[9] This is substantially higher than the 61.5 percent naturalization rate observed among Vietnamese in the 1977 immigrant cohort alone. The 1970-79 cohort figures are dominated by the large number of Vietnamese refugees who became permanent resident aliens in 1978, the first year they were allowed to adjust their status under special legislation.

Chart S
Immigrants Admitted, Calendar Years 1970-79 by Selected Country of Birth and Naturalizations of Those Immigrants: Fiscal Years 1970-91



NOTE: China includes Mainland China and Taiwan.

naturalization calculated by this method. The two countries with the lowest rates are contiguous to the United States—Canada (13.1 percent) and Mexico (15.6). Other countries within North America have higher rates of naturalization, such as Cuba (29.1 percent) and Jamaica (33.3). European naturalization rates range from 21.1 percent for the United Kingdom to 39.0 percent for Greece.

Limitations of 1977 Cohort Data

The arrival-year cohort analysis is based on linking the records of individuals who became immigrants in 1977 with naturalization records pertaining to those same individuals in subsequent years. Errors in either record may have prevented a successful match, so some people who did naturalize may be classified as not having done so. This would cause the calculated naturalization rates to be understated. The rates are also understated to the extent that immigrants die before naturalizing. However, when age-specific U.S. death rates are applied to the 1977 immigrant cohort, a preliminary analysis indicates that mortality has an estimated effect of only about 3 percentage points on the calculated naturalization rate overall. This relatively small effect is due to the young age structure of the immigrant cohort, implying few expected deaths in the time frame of this analysis. This analysis covers only one cohort, and it is possible that immigrants arriving in earlier or later years behave differently with regard to naturalization, although these findings are consistent with patterns seen in the annual naturalization tables. Finally, the limitations of data discussed above apply also to these findings.

The naturalization rates reported here represent the cumulative experience of the 1977 immigrant cohort through 1990. The rates will continue to increase over time as more of these immigrants become citizens, although the yearly increment is expected to be small. The naturalization experience of this cohort will continue to be reported in future *Yearbooks*.

TABLE 41. PETITIONS FOR NATURALIZATION FILED, PERSONS NATURALIZED, AND PETITIONS FOR NATURALIZATION DENIED FISCAL YEARS 1907-91

Year	Petitions filed	Persons naturalized				Petitions denied
		Total	Civilian	Military	Not reported	
1907-91	**13,517,046**	**12,816,691**	**12,134,365**	**645,016**	**37,310**	**545,122**
1907-10	164,036	111,738	111,738	-	-	17,702
1911-20	1,381,384	1,128,972	884,672	244,300	-	118,725
1921-30	1,884,277	1,773,185	1,716,979	56,206	-	165,493
1931-40	1,637,113	1,518,464	1,498,573	19,891	-	45,792
1941-50	1,938,066	1,987,028	1,837,229	149,799	-	64,814
1951-60	1,230,483	1,189,946	1,148,241	41,705	-	27,569
1961-70	**1,142,985**	**1,120,263**	**1,084,195**	**36,068**	**-**	**23,557**
1961	138,718	132,450	130,731	1,719	-	3,175
1962	129,682	127,307	124,972	2,335	-	3,557
1963	121,170	124,178	121,618	2,560	-	2,436
1964	113,218	112,234	109,629	2,605	-	2,309
1965	106,813	104,299	101,214	3,085	-	2,059
1966	104,853	103,059	100,498	2,561	-	2,029
1967	108,369	104,902	102,211	2,691	-	2,008
1968	103,085	102,726	100,288	2,438	-	1,962
1969	102,317	98,709	93,251	5,458	-	2,043
1970	114,760	110,399	99,783	10,616	-	1,979
1971-80	**1,556,307**	**1,464,772**	**1,397,846**	**66,926**	**-**	**27,978**
1971	109,897	108,407	98,858	9,549	-	2,028
1972	121,883	116,215	107,740	8,475	-	1,837
1973	126,929	120,740	112,944	7,796	-	1,708
1974	136,175	131,655	124,807	6,848	-	2,210
1975	149,399	141,537	135,323	6,214	-	2,300
1976	157,932	142,504	136,873	5,631	-	2,231
1976 TQ	41,220	48,218	46,705	1,513	-	568
1977	186,354	159,873	154,568	5,305	-	2,845
1978	168,854	173,535	168,409	5,126	-	3,894
1979	165,434	164,150	158,276	5,874	-	3,987
1980	192,230	157,938	153,343	4,595	-	4,370
1981-90	**2,375,727**	**2,214,265**	**2,155,519**	**28,317**	**30,429**	**47,224**
1981	171,073	166,317	162,227	4,090	-	4,316
1982	201,507	173,688	170,071	3,617	-	3,994
1983	187,719	178,948	175,678	3,196	74	3,160
1984	286,440	197,023	192,113	2,965	1,945	3,373
1985	305,981	244,717	238,394	3,266	3,057	3,610
1986	290,732	280,623	275,352	2,901	2,370	5,980
1987	232,988	227,008	224,100	2,402	506	6,771
1988	237,752	242,063	239,541	2,296	226	4,304
1989	227,692	233,777	231,198	1,954	625	5,200
1990	233,843	270,101	246,845	1,630	21,626	6,516
1991	**206,668**	**308,058**	**299,373**	**1,804**	**6,881**	**6,268**

- Represents zero.

NOTE: The data reported in this table represent court actions--the number of naturalization petitions filed with courts and the number of persons naturalized or denied in court hearings. An application for naturalization processed by the INS may be filed with the courts, recommended denied to the courts, returned to the applicant for more information, or nonfiled (withdrawn by the applicant). See Glossary for fiscal year definitions. See Naturalizations section of text for an explanation of the data collected by the INS' workload measurement system and INS data on characteristics of persons naturalized. See Naturalizations section of text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

TABLE 42. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY GENERAL AND SPECIAL NATURALIZATION PROVISIONS FISCAL YEARS 1986-91

Naturalization provisions	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total naturalized	**280,623**	**227,008**	**242,063**	**233,777**	**270,101**	**308,058**
General provisions	251,035	204,250	219,480	210,673	225,319	269,594
Special provisions	**27,218**	**22,252**	**22,357**	**22,479**	**23,156**	**31,583**
Persons married to U.S. citizens	14,416	12,349	13,338	14,346	15,126	21,833
Children, including adopted children, of U.S. citizen parents	9,859	7,428	6,644	6,087	6,339	7,901
Military	**2,901**	**2,402**	**2,296**	**1,954**	**1,630**	**1,804**
Persons who served in the U.S. armed forces for 3 years	1,330	1,127	1,312	1,314	1,208	1,139
Persons who served in the U.S. armed forces during World War I, World War II, the Korean hostilities, the Vietnam hostilities or the Grenada campaign	1,543	1,214	923	631	418	625
Lodge Act enlistees	1	2	4	5	–	–
Persons honorably discharged from U.S. armed forces following service in World War II	27	59	57	4	4	5
Natives of the Philippines who served honorably in the Philippine Army during World War II	X	X	X	X	X	35
Other	**42**	**73**	**79**	**92**	**61**	**45**
Surviving spouses of citizen members of the armed forces of the United States	14	13	7	9	1	2
Employees of nonprofit organizations engaged in disseminating information promoting U.S. interests	8	6	–	2	1	3
Persons who served on certain U.S. vessels	4	34	17	29	19	12
Nationals but not citizens of the United States	13	8	35	5	5	10
Philippine citizens who entered the United States prior to May 1, 1934, and have resided continuously in the United States	1	–	1	–	–	3
Certain inhabitants of the Virgin Islands who renounced Danish citizenship	–	–	–	–	–	–
Former U.S. citizens who lost citizenship by marriage	–	3	10	8	13	10
Former U.S. citizens who lost citizenship by entering the armed forces of foreign countries during World War II	2	8	7	15	1	1
Persons naturalized under private law	–	–	–	5	4	3
Persons who perform ministerial or priestly functions of a religious order in the United States	–	1	2	19	17	1
Not reported	2,370	506	226	625	21,626	6,881

– Represents zero.

NOTE: X Not applicable. See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

TABLE 43. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED NATURALIZATION PROVISIONS AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of former allegiance	Total naturalized	General provisions	Special provisions					Not reported
			Total	Married to U.S. citizens	Children of U.S. parents	Military	Other	
All countries	**308,058**	**269,594**	**31,583**	**21,833**	**7,901**	**1,804**	**45**	**6,881**
Europe	**37,808**	**34,462**	**3,166**	**2,262**	**777**	**121**	**6**	**180**
Austria	113	103	10	4	6	–	–	–
Belgium	170	155	14	9	5	–	–	1
Bulgaria	225	206	14	12	1	1	–	5
Czechoslovakia	843	796	36	23	13	–	–	11
Denmark	177	167	7	5	2	–	–	3
France	1,413	1,275	138	106	27	5	–	–
Germany	2,197	1,999	188	121	44	23	–	10
Greece	1,820	1,643	172	130	41	1	–	5
Hungary	814	737	70	53	15	1	1	7
Ireland	746	677	66	56	5	5	–	3
Italy	1,976	1,894	80	54	20	5	1	2
Netherlands	508	466	40	28	3	9	–	2
Norway	141	134	7	5	1	1	–	–
Poland	5,493	5,110	344	237	99	7	1	39
Portugal	1,848	1,719	125	66	54	5	–	4
Romania	3,471	3,228	211	96	112	3	–	32
Soviet Union	2,822	2,708	105	71	33	1	–	9
Spain	436	387	47	24	20	3	–	2
Sweden	208	193	13	8	4	–	1	2
Switzerland	357	327	30	26	3	1	–	–
United Kingdom	9,935	8,617	1,281	1,002	234	45	–	37
Yugoslavia	1,642	1,502	137	105	29	2	1	3
Other Europe	453	419	31	21	6	3	1	3
Asia	**160,367**	**139,558**	**20,036**	**13,871**	**5,123**	**1,022**	**20**	**773**
Afghanistan	1,392	1,337	39	11	28	–	–	16
Bangladesh	874	707	166	125	37	4	–	1
Burma	827	749	68	63	5	–	–	10
Cambodia	4,786	4,675	90	30	59	1	–	21
China, Mainland	16,783	15,176	1,570	1,260	304	3	3	37
Cyprus	167	143	24	24	–	–	–	–
India	12,961	11,664	1,264	680	566	16	2	33
Indonesia	603	514	87	63	20	4	–	2
Iran	10,411	9,714	665	593	65	7	–	32
Iraq	1,641	1,479	154	112	42	–	–	8
Israel	2,789	2,247	538	415	118	4	1	4
Japan	938	823	103	58	41	4	–	12
Jordan	2,493	1,936	553	441	110	2	–	4
Korea	12,266	9,977	2,217	1,027	1,138	51	1	72
Kuwait	301	205	93	87	6	–	–	3
Laos	3,594	3,401	143	22	114	7	–	50
Lebanon	3,570	2,772	784	673	105	6	–	14
Malaysia	477	373	99	76	22	1	–	5
Pakistan	3,670	3,096	569	439	126	4	–	5
Philippines	33,714	25,722	7,831	6,091	855	877	8	161
Saudi Arabia	91	51	40	24	16	–	–	–
Singapore	180	139	40	37	3	–	–	1
Sri Lanka	464	420	43	40	1	1	1	1
Syria	1,480	1,182	298	277	20	1	–	–
Taiwan	10,876	9,927	902	700	197	4	1	47
Thailand	1,379	1,188	186	98	81	7	–	5
Turkey	1,349	1,170	177	159	17	1	–	2
Vietnam	29,603	28,515	863	225	618	17	3	225
Yemen	590	171	417	11	406	–	–	2
Other Asia	98	85	13	10	3	–	–	–
Africa	**10,230**	**8,692**	**1,510**	**1,384**	**98**	**28**	**–**	**28**
Algeria	111	93	18	17	1	–	–	–
Cape Verde	178	165	13	10	3	–	–	–
Egypt	2,644	2,050	590	561	29	–	–	4
Ethiopia	1,453	1,394	44	27	16	1	–	15
Ghana	669	586	82	77	3	2	–	1
Kenya	273	252	21	13	5	3	–	–
Liberia	356	329	27	25	1	1	–	–
Libya	135	100	35	32	3	–	–	–

TABLE 43. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED NATURALIZATION PROVISIONS AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of former allegiance	Total naturalized	General provisions	Special provisions					Not reported
			Total	Married to U.S. citizens	Children of U.S. parents	Military	Other	
Morocco	365	277	87	86	–	1	–	1
Nigeria	1,775	1,519	254	239	4	11	–	2
Sierra Leone	194	172	22	18	4	–	–	–
Somalia	107	73	34	33	–	1	–	–
South Africa	883	759	124	109	12	3	–	–
Tanzania	221	202	18	16	2	–	–	1
Uganda	131	119	12	11	–	1	–	–
Zambia	111	96	12	10	2	–	–	3
Zimbabwe	91	74	17	17	–	–	–	–
Other Africa	533	432	100	83	13	4	–	1
Oceania	**1,098**	**956**	**128**	**73**	**33**	**13**	**9**	**14**
Australia	116	110	6	4	1	1	–	–
Fiji	477	423	52	32	18	2	–	2
New Zealand	191	168	23	12	8	3	–	–
Tonga	89	81	8	6	1	1	–	–
Western Samoa	142	121	11	9	1	1	–	10
Other Oceania	83	53	28	10	4	5	9	2
North America	**71,838**	**66,980**	**4,649**	**2,854**	**1,253**	**534**	**8**	**209**
Canada	4,441	4,105	303	146	105	52	–	33
Mexico	22,066	20,516	1,455	1,015	306	131	3	95
Caribbean	**34,025**	**32,387**	**1,601**	**840**	**516**	**240**	**5**	**37**
Antigua-Barbuda	478	456	22	10	8	4	–	–
Bahamas, The	151	132	19	6	10	3	–	–
Barbados	852	798	53	20	23	10	–	1
Cuba	9,554	9,378	161	49	68	43	1	15
Dominica	550	515	35	25	7	3	–	–
Dominican Republic	6,368	5,885	479	280	165	32	2	4
Grenada	456	435	20	7	8	5	–	1
Haiti	4,436	4,237	194	156	28	10	–	5
Jamaica	6,838	6,414	414	188	144	80	2	10
St. Kitts and Nevis	699	671	28	13	9	6	–	–
St. Lucia	286	269	17	7	8	2	–	–
St. Vincent and Grenadines	324	311	13	8	3	2	–	–
Trinidad and Tobago	3,033	2,886	146	71	35	40	–	1
Central America	**11,306**	**9,972**	**1,290**	**853**	**326**	**111**	**–**	**44**
Belize	499	456	42	22	7	13	–	1
Costa Rica	792	705	84	44	35	5	–	3
El Salvador	3,653	3,298	341	253	72	16	–	14
Guatemala	1,832	1,616	204	109	85	10	–	12
Honduras	1,306	1,124	180	111	61	8	–	2
Nicaragua	1,732	1,561	166	132	25	9	–	5
Panama	1,492	1,212	273	182	41	50	–	7
South America	**20,928**	**18,812**	**2,078**	**1,378**	**615**	**84**	**1**	**38**
Argentina	1,850	1,706	138	106	27	4	1	6
Bolivia	519	463	55	44	10	1	–	1
Brazil	683	578	103	62	39	2	–	2
Chile	920	811	106	68	37	1	–	3
Colombia	5,513	4,934	566	315	221	30	–	13
Ecuador	2,215	2,106	107	73	25	9	–	2
Guyana	4,826	4,482	341	217	111	13	–	3
Paraguay	133	92	41	9	30	2	–	–
Peru	3,088	2,605	475	369	89	17	–	8
Uruguay	400	373	27	24	3	–	–	–
Venezuela	747	631	116	88	23	5	–	–
Other South America	34	31	3	3	–	–	–	–
Stateless	87	81	6	4	2	–	–	–
Not reported	5,702	53	10	7	–	2	1	5,639

– Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

TABLE 44. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE FISCAL YEARS 1982-91

Region and country of former allegiance	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
All countries	**173,688**	**178,948**	**197,023**	**244,717**	**280,623**	**227,008**	**242,063**	**233,777**	**270,101**	**308,058**
Europe	**36,541**	**33,870**	**34,898**	**45,599**	**44,598**	**36,532**	**36,351**	**35,079**	**37,264**	**37,808**
Bulgaria	102	90	114	126	131	145	123	137	160	225
Czechoslovakia	434	409	410	480	697	699	775	949	916	843
France	895	854	1,003	1,145	1,147	975	950	940	1,091	1,413
Germany [1]	2,926	2,954	3,023	3,352	3,248	2,315	2,363	2,196	2,395	2,197
Greece	4,397	3,458	3,068	4,283	2,750	2,083	2,239	2,768	2,270	1,820
Hungary	771	639	859	845	824	661	683	580	743	814
Ireland	657	821	682	911	991	813	827	787	742	746
Italy	4,078	3,685	3,576	3,816	3,110	2,601	2,852	2,492	2,453	1,976
Netherlands	559	516	492	585	569	485	449	410	410	508
Poland	2,121	2,428	2,117	2,939	3,140	2,731	4,145	5,002	5,972	5,493
Portugal	3,085	2,736	2,907	3,579	4,177	3,518	3,236	2,698	2,491	1,848
Romania	953	908	1,131	1,400	1,816	1,909	2,060	2,190	2,914	3,471
Soviet Union	3,390	2,855	4,038	8,935	9,370	7,276	5,304	3,020	2,847	2,822
Spain	678	537	735	710	658	487	616	490	535	436
Sweden	126	125	122	164	127	121	107	129	166	208
Switzerland	174	189	209	309	285	225	254	246	302	357
United Kingdom	8,456	7,882	7,631	8,833	8,609	7,102	7,042	7,865	8,286	9,935
Yugoslavia	1,729	1,682	1,675	1,908	1,758	1,495	1,484	1,342	1,640	1,642
Other Europe	1,010	1,102	1,106	1,279	1,191	891	842	838	931	1,054
Asia	**80,189**	**84,555**	**87,261**	**113,084**	**134,695**	**113,392**	**114,849**	**111,488**	**124,675**	**160,367**
Afghanistan	77	61	82	154	297	528	905	1,051	1,141	1,392
Bangladesh	223	273	275	337	296	334	419	496	696	874
Burma	334	441	477	855	888	634	532	479	597	827
Cambodia	571	486	512	860	1,847	2,816	3,132	3,234	3,525	4,786
China, Mainland	9,969	9,318	9,143	11,743	11,151	9,208	10,509	11,664	13,563	16,783
India	8,298	8,819	8,294	10,357	10,017	8,659	9,983	9,833	11,499	12,961
Indonesia	235	292	330	489	538	425	384	352	350	603
Iran	1,636	1,868	2,268	3,431	4,569	4,277	4,970	4,485	5,973	10,411
Iraq	904	1,320	1,043	1,571	1,659	1,316	1,397	1,387	1,855	1,641
Israel	1,796	1,793	1,851	2,117	2,300	1,740	1,815	1,703	2,102	2,789
Japan	1,125	1,106	1,108	1,053	1,011	752	1,041	727	736	938
Jordan	1,362	1,311	1,264	1,628	1,819	1,700	1,834	1,872	2,408	2,493
Korea	13,488	12,808	14,019	16,824	18,037	14,233	13,012	11,301	10,500	12,266
Kuwait	14	106	29	44	111	94	119	198	247	301
Laos	557	812	968	1,616	3,426	3,159	3,480	3,463	3,329	3,594
Lebanon	1,729	2,205	2,439	2,964	3,011	2,350	2,262	2,213	2,797	3,570
Malaysia	194	186	230	305	315	336	323	362	426	477
Pakistan	1,523	1,593	1,690	1,950	2,285	1,976	2,174	2,443	3,330	3,670
Philippines	17,697	22,103	23,487	28,954	31,002	25,296	24,580	24,802	25,936	33,714
Sri Lanka	142	135	247	267	238	236	230	298	335	464
Syria	703	644	732	902	1,096	890	1,097	908	1,146	1,480
Taiwan	1,658	2,634	2,758	3,407	4,501	4,033	5,716	5,779	6,895	10,876
Thailand	1,537	1,564	1,396	1,518	1,750	1,327	1,308	1,167	1,145	1,379
Turkey	839	745	845	932	1,019	980	1,242	1,085	1,214	1,349
Vietnam	12,716	11,188	11,039	18,060	30,840	25,469	21,636	19,357	22,027	29,603
Yemen	411	366	235	300	254	229	317	349	419	590
Other Asia	451	378	500	446	418	395	432	480	484	536
Africa	**3,264**	**3,292**	**4,276**	**5,305**	**6,334**	**5,956**	**7,122**	**7,209**	**8,770**	**10,230**
Egypt	1,046	1,109	1,556	1,803	1,888	1,731	1,960	1,638	1,945	2,644
Ethiopia	112	130	150	258	474	714	1,142	1,246	1,370	1,453
Ghana	117	158	246	284	497	434	617	567	714	669
Kenya	204	183	162	212	225	197	186	202	257	273
Liberia	65	70	67	108	109	159	224	229	283	356
Morocco	174	173	173	185	253	239	274	243	320	365
Nigeria	72	97	109	166	211	159	274	932	1,415	1,775
South Africa	446	550	809	954	1,296	884	746	687	697	883
Tanzania	141	136	125	166	168	142	131	170	187	221
Other Africa	887	686	879	1,169	1,213	1,297	1,568	1,295	1,582	1,591
Oceania	**802**	**691**	**709**	**869**	**1,057**	**902**	**779**	**868**	**881**	**1,045**
Fiji	223	168	156	317	368	377	353	436	374	477
Other Oceania	579	523	553	552	689	525	426	432	507	568

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 44. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE FISCAL YEARS 1982-91—Continued

Region and country of former allegiance	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
North America	**42,567**	**44,110**	**54,808**	**61,761**	**73,899**	**54,794**	**65,096**	**61,954**	**64,730**	**71,838**
Canada	2,672	2,937	3,403	3,824	3,787	2,919	2,947	2,922	3,644	4,441
Mexico	11,423	12,594	14,575	23,042	27,807	21,999	22,085	18,520	17,564	22,066
Caribbean	**23,630**	**23,718**	**30,833**	**26,899**	**32,442**	**21,751**	**31,110**	**31,952**	**34,320**	**34,025**
Antigua-Barbuda	4	208	200	225	178	205	550	490	339	478
Barbados	620	650	804	885	1,036	794	896	931	970	852
Cuba	9,551	10,365	15,756	10,487	13,818	6,738	11,228	9,514	10,291	9,554
Dominica	89	98	110	205	165	266	421	436	399	550
Dominican Republic	5,369	4,828	4,875	5,887	5,980	4,257	5,842	6,454	5,984	6,368
Grenada	80	269	294	267	250	290	360	413	459	456
Haiti	2,083	2,169	2,592	2,545	2,608	1,936	2,350	3,692	5,009	4,436
Jamaica	4,565	3,938	4,666	4,809	6,563	5,196	6,441	6,455	6,762	6,838
St. Kitts & Nevis	–	–	83	68	75	154	325	405	265	699
St. Lucia	94	71	69	69	66	221	281	249	204	286
St. Vincent & Gren.	18	96	113	106	103	205	250	263	279	324
Trinidad & Tobago	1,118	958	1,192	1,280	1,476	1,427	2,079	2,552	3,198	3,033
Other Caribbean	39	68	79	66	124	62	87	98	161	151
Central America	**4,842**	**4,861**	**5,997**	**7,996**	**9,863**	**8,125**	**8,954**	**8,560**	**9,202**	**11,306**
Belize	2	108	138	265	366	316	426	373	389	499
Costa Rica	442	438	663	819	968	658	726	676	589	792
El Salvador	1,187	1,126	1,380	2,119	2,628	2,428	2,291	2,001	2,410	3,653
Guatemala	785	952	968	1,408	1,841	1,490	1,358	1,281	1,280	1,832
Honduras	728	768	1,063	1,219	1,400	964	1,229	1,167	1,259	1,306
Nicaragua	664	616	762	965	1,343	1,118	1,363	1,271	1,520	1,732
Panama	1,034	853	1,023	1,201	1,317	1,151	1,561	1,791	1,755	1,492
South America	**10,243**	**10,688**	**13,092**	**15,227**	**16,925**	**13,945**	**16,972**	**16,503**	**19,548**	**20,928**
Argentina	1,021	1,006	1,235	1,456	1,593	1,194	1,288	1,246	1,466	1,850
Bolivia	237	298	319	484	514	401	448	424	471	519
Brazil	461	409	488	655	615	466	553	564	674	683
Chile	529	760	915	1,213	1,242	955	1,040	887	866	920
Colombia	3,161	2,952	3,543	4,136	5,156	4,006	5,021	4,736	5,540	5,513
Ecuador	1,219	1,177	1,458	1,739	1,870	1,519	1,774	1,671	2,052	2,215
Guyana	1,788	2,217	2,844	2,628	2,784	2,694	3,535	3,654	4,306	4,826
Peru	1,184	1,217	1,451	1,969	2,180	1,844	2,255	2,267	2,829	3,088
Uruguay	286	328	406	458	337	379	406	381	433	400
Venezuela	259	234	326	348	468	373	490	521	751	747
Other South America	98	90	107	141	166	114	162	152	160	167
U.S. possessions	–	27	–	22	13	3	31	52	52	53
Stateless or not reported	82	1,715	1,979	2,850	3,102	1,484	863	624	14,181	5,789

[1] Prior to fiscal year 1982 and after fiscal year 1990, data for East Germany and West Germany are included in Germany.
– Represents zero.
NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

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TABLE 45. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SEX, MARITAL STATUS, AND MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP FISCAL YEARS 1986-91

Sex, marital status, and occupation	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total	**280,623**	**227,008**	**242,063**	**233,777**	**270,101**	**308,058**
Male	**133,982**	**109,548**	**120,528**	**115,825**	**127,847**	**151,620**
Single	38,359	28,521	32,287	31,960	38,723	46,383
Married	83,067	66,717	74,559	72,119	79,082	92,913
Widowed	951	710	888	865	1,054	1,353
Divorced	5,458	4,934	6,054	6,111	7,788	10,161
Separated[1]	5,153	7,743	6,665	4,736	531	491
Unknown	994	923	75	34	669	319
Female	**140,087**	**108,583**	**119,599**	**117,837**	**127,096**	**150,140**
Single	32,624	21,620	24,226	25,788	30,040	36,798
Married	89,554	69,664	78,248	76,760	82,822	96,610
Widowed	4,566	3,544	3,800	3,850	4,433	5,350
Divorced	7,997	6,171	7,392	7,548	8,452	10,570
Separated[1]	4,320	6,643	5,854	3,841	574	478
Unknown	1,026	941	79	50	775	334
Not reported	6,554	8,877	1,936	115	15,158	6,298
Major occupation group:						
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	36,572	25,292	27,764	21,404	23,876	25,479
Managers and administrators (except farm)	14,089	11,376	13,659	12,923	14,058	15,776
Sales workers	10,441	8,397	11,406	11,726	13,938	17,435
Clerical and kindred workers	31,896	24,235	30,935	25,371	25,421	40,778
Craftsmen and kindred workers	19,444	11,456	14,864	14,451	16,270	13,826
Operatives and laborers	27,417	18,830	24,538	26,940	29,105	21,136
Farming, forestry, and fishing workers	1,116	684	1,409	1,447	1,253	1,195
Service workers	46,922	32,258	33,020	29,332	31,655	57,643
Homemakers, children, and others with no occupation reported	92,726	94,480	84,468	90,183	114,525	114,790

[1] The number of naturalized persons who were separated is overstated in fiscal years 1986-89.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

TABLE 46. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY STATE OF RESIDENCE FISCAL YEARS 1982-91

State of residence	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total	**173,688**	**178,948**	**197,023**	**244,717**	**280,623**	**227,008**	**242,063**	**233,777**	**270,101**	**308,058**
Alabama	590	452	926	609	664	506	646	653	590	798
Alaska	477	517	864	574	577	509	622	490	607	463
Arizona	2,083	2,328	2,524	2,576	3,121	2,788	2,136	2,562	2,152	2,090
Arkansas	381	248	290	456	605	540	417	374	388	413
California	33,658	33,411	40,490	70,519	105,284	82,607	65,397	50,286	61,736	125,661
Colorado	2,143	1,306	1,614	2,379	2,490	1,878	2,252	2,535	1,414	2,004
Connecticut	2,926	2,706	2,635	3,709	3,650	2,589	3,209	3,938	3,895	4,221
Delaware	244	260	227	291	258	329	347	365	301	310
District of Columbia	332	275	467	582	817	385	696	832	613	569
Florida	10,137	12,617	19,855	10,362	20,366	8,041	15,589	14,216	22,978	23,281
Georgia	1,193	1,654	2,819	1,804	1,834	1,856	2,104	3,235	2,952	3,414
Hawaii	2,750	6,668	6,448	4,291	4,760	4,070	3,763	6,426	5,077	3,955
Idaho	309	226	163	285	288	199	230	122	481	247
Illinois	6,646	12,385	4,730	10,389	18,606	9,809	6,330	13,761	19,868	11,637
Indiana	1,253	1,353	1,022	1,159	1,275	807	1,148	806	1,085	1,014
Iowa	818	672	564	745	715	229	454	655	609	489
Kansas	1,010	950	1,093	1,331	1,226	1,268	1,360	1,119	899	681
Kentucky	413	429	386	910	675	630	438	572	514	338
Louisiana	706	705	2,225	2,490	2,575	1,406	2,115	1,847	1,882	1,145
Maine	258	347	240	269	318	354	214	377	342	280
Maryland	2,972	3,880	5,254	6,116	5,116	4,180	3,578	3,884	5,114	3,663
Massachusetts	6,690	5,348	5,332	5,898	6,187	5,219	4,640	5,928	5,923	4,810
Michigan	4,638	5,251	3,374	5,582	3,758	3,869	3,764	2,588	5,295	4,282
Minnesota	2,152	1,953	1,941	2,106	2,295	1,623	1,107	2,045	2,126	1,862
Mississippi	131	208	302	432	381	239	259	423	301	300
Missouri	1,704	1,291	1,597	1,292	1,314	1,493	1,226	1,370	1,267	890
Montana	152	127	31	152	161	91	127	45	197	87
Nebraska	421	440	399	425	555	167	403	402	376	339
Nevada	1,336	935	1,181	1,489	1,254	1,302	1,228	1,382	1,209	1,026
New Hampshire	202	379	262	341	344	295	253	399	300	303
New Jersey	10,742	10,749	11,628	15,278	6,483	15,054	23,728	15,859	17,969	15,052
New Mexico	521	559	1,015	829	751	4	930	924	820	386
New York	37,122	32,410	35,049	37,250	39,571	32,320	38,457	41,922	44,619	44,808
North Carolina	1,480	1,166	1,532	1,626	1,702	1,208	1,609	1,644	1,362	1,856
North Dakota	228	166	160	203	165	137	212	186	132	163
Ohio	3,976	3,428	4,040	3,257	3,373	3,439	2,853	2,651	3,037	3,184
Oklahoma	1,290	1,183	782	1,819	1,284	571	1,793	1,300	1,167	1,458
Oregon	1,569	1,241	1,543	1,678	1,473	1,335	1,566	1,985	1,736	1,867
Pennsylvania	5,969	4,828	4,246	4,630	4,117	6,663	5,900	5,606	4,218	4,323
Rhode Island	951	991	971	1,113	1,476	1,310	1,219	1,025	1,970	927
South Carolina	515	253	1,021	1,289	558	484	1,112	1,028	761	713
South Dakota	30	98	124	78	168	69	96	144	87	117
Tennessee	553	627	680	846	1,033	911	1,004	1,015	1,002	1,043
Texas	9,137	11,091	9,553	19,206	13,439	13,266	18,625	17,372	24,529	16,266
Utah	657	582	1,001	793	1,335	875	1,152	787	866	585
Vermont	124	110	139	135	223	120	233	115	175	200
Virginia	1,988	2,206	4,038	5,147	4,892	3,335	5,000	6,799	5,606	5,353
Washington	3,375	3,360	5,399	4,349	2,684	3,261	4,915	4,485	3,519	3,289
West Virginia	274	293	217	278	235	241	267	199	176	261
Wisconsin	1,440	806	1,389	1,469	1,462	829	1,406	940	477	1,499
Wyoming	169	82	108	118	143	67	119	84	72	57
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	842	1,931	1,520	1,547	1,274	1,156	1,297	1,469	1,146	1,318
Northern Mariana Is.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	17
Puerto Rico	1,303	709	1,065	939	653	270	1,705	1,061	1,054	853
Virgin Islands	704	589	300	773	235	454	738	1,433	180	1,449
Other or unknown	4	169	248	504	425	351	75	107	2,930	442

– Represents zero.
NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

TABLE 47. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE AND STATE OF RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991

State of residence	All countries	Cambodia	Canada	China, Mainland	Colombia	Cuba	Dominican Republic	Guyana	Haiti	India
Total	**308,058**	**4,786**	**4,441**	**16,783**	**5,513**	**9,554**	**6,368**	**4,826**	**4,436**	**12,961**
Alabama	798	18	19	6	9	1	1	2	-	85
Alaska	463	5	13	4	5	1	8	1	-	7
Arizona	2,090	16	67	74	26	3	3	3	2	73
Arkansas	413	1	5	15	5	3	-	1	-	23
California	125,661	2,723	1,185	7,913	806	1,287	82	164	75	2,979
Colorado	2,004	34	79	79	16	9	2	1	-	65
Connecticut	4,221	105	140	116	125	40	44	48	134	183
Delaware	310	2	14	23	6	1	2	2	9	40
District of Columbia	569	3	1	35	12	2	2	28	6	4
Florida	23,281	65	497	257	1,457	6,445	559	226	1,475	308
Georgia	3,414	60	81	83	71	35	19	29	16	267
Hawaii	3,955	8	40	319	10	6	3	2	2	9
Idaho	247	-	12	9	6	-	-	-	-	5
Illinois	11,637	166	106	526	151	179	17	22	63	1,197
Indiana	1,014	39	39	69	7	10	1	-	1	80
Iowa	489	20	11	14	5	-	1	5	1	36
Kansas	681	5	9	28	7	5	1	1	1	35
Kentucky	338	1	12	27	7	2	1	1	2	27
Louisiana	1,145	7	11	21	33	43	-	12	4	47
Maine	280	20	65	17	3	-	3	1	1	4
Maryland	3,663	30	46	171	41	8	28	93	41	314
Massachusetts	4,810	161	144	431	63	26	113	13	188	247
Michigan	4,282	55	161	125	21	14	4	9	8	298
Minnesota	1,862	106	76	59	8	3	4	47	4	78
Mississippi	300	3	6	9	3	-	-	4	-	21
Missouri	890	17	19	17	6	6	2	3	4	73
Montana	87	-	10	4	-	-	-	1	-	5
Nebraska	339	9	20	9	1	1	3	-	-	16
Nevada	1,026	9	23	48	6	26	-	4	-	14
New Hampshire	303	11	48	16	5	2	3	-	1	15
New Jersey	15,052	26	154	429	715	682	814	354	381	1,719
New Mexico	386	-	5	12	2	-	-	3	1	17
New York	44,808	136	332	4,258	1,291	398	3,861	3,596	1,889	1,878
North Carolina	1,856	27	65	45	32	11	13	12	8	186
North Dakota	163	3	25	4	-	-	1	-	1	12
Ohio	3,184	34	85	148	21	6	7	14	3	378
Oklahoma	1,458	7	12	18	7	5	-	2	-	48
Oregon	1,867	69	87	146	19	4	3	2	-	61
Pennsylvania	4,323	141	80	184	52	18	32	19	36	457
Rhode Island	927	46	12	31	44	3	92	1	13	22
South Carolina	713	7	30	48	8	-	5	5	5	75
South Dakota	117	4	7	2	1	1	-	-	-	2
Tennessee	1,043	29	37	40	9	9	3	4	3	104
Texas	16,266	191	203	339	219	116	40	49	29	841
Utah	585	11	35	40	13	-	1	2	-	15
Vermont	200	5	47	15	1	-	1	-	-	6
Virginia	5,353	136	59	186	68	15	13	21	17	331
Washington	3,289	204	145	210	16	8	6	6	3	84
West Virginia	261	1	12	3	3	1	-	-	1	43
Wisconsin	1,499	8	38	52	26	3	8	3	1	106
Wyoming	57	-	3	4	1	1	-	-	-	2
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	1,318	1	2	14	2	1	2	1	1	3
Northern Mariana Is.	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	853	-	3	27	40	111	512	-	-	3
Virgin Islands	1,449	-	2	2	1	1	48	8	6	12
Other or unknown	442	1	2	2	1	2	-	1	-	1

TABLE 47. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE AND STATE OF RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

State of residence	Iran	Jamaica	Korea	Mexico	Philippines	Poland	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	**10,411**	**6,838**	**12,266**	**22,066**	**33,714**	**5,493**	**10,876**	**9,935**	**29,603**	**97,188**
Alabama	28	8	41	10	43	8	36	35	56	392
Alaska	4	1	77	12	183	4	9	12	17	100
Arizona	62	6	59	657	139	46	46	79	176	553
Arkansas	13	2	33	12	46	12	6	20	71	145
California	6,332	306	6,066	13,454	20,238	880	7,076	3,971	18,636	31,488
Colorado	107	6	162	181	107	72	31	71	275	707
Connecticut	55	380	59	16	139	347	21	222	245	1,802
Delaware	5	16	15	2	23	7	10	24	6	103
District of Columbia	35	26	4	6	32	3	3	27	11	329
Florida	218	1,716	149	193	679	180	78	535	620	7,624
Georgia	191	116	232	55	174	25	159	113	331	1,357
Hawaii	10	13	285	9	2,345	5	67	127	230	465
Idaho	10	–	8	26	25	4	5	7	13	117
Illinois	194	88	561	1,523	1,303	1,188	193	184	393	3,583
Indiana	31	9	41	80	70	32	29	65	74	337
Iowa	21	–	51	22	25	12	12	13	79	161
Kansas	24	6	47	52	53	1	17	11	136	242
Kentucky	18	7	31	9	27	4	7	16	23	116
Louisiana	25	10	18	18	47	7	10	33	308	491
Maine	6	4	5	2	24	20	5	11	16	73
Maryland	247	131	196	16	244	49	169	144	195	1,500
Massachusetts	109	98	75	11	83	115	120	303	466	2,044
Michigan	55	27	248	87	190	195	66	114	213	2,392
Minnesota	66	2	71	41	87	29	36	64	352	729
Mississippi	2	3	16	2	42	–	8	14	76	91
Missouri	49	5	38	27	80	21	56	29	125	313
Montana	–	–	13	3	12	4	3	7	4	21
Nebraska	12	3	23	31	25	9	10	8	44	115
Nevada	20	7	38	82	180	18	12	27	54	458
New Hampshire	5	1	9	2	13	5	5	29	4	129
New Jersey	186	424	378	49	1,303	627	561	475	354	5,421
New Mexico	8	2	15	145	38	6	18	12	28	74
New York	709	3,010	1,036	145	1,464	861	761	1,406	657	17,120
North Carolina	52	27	94	22	109	29	63	92	170	799
North Dakota	3	3	8	5	30	1	–	8	12	47
Ohio	106	30	134	30	177	54	81	148	172	1,556
Oklahoma	53	7	35	76	63	8	26	18	176	897
Oregon	79	3	157	64	157	21	20	64	318	593
Pennsylvania	124	95	338	22	249	193	92	230	458	1,503
Rhode Island	10	4	6	2	33	19	–	23	24	542
South Carolina	22	20	23	15	98	4	21	48	54	225
South Dakota	4	2	18	5	16	6	1	2	7	39
Tennessee	78	12	62	20	66	11	29	41	76	410
Texas	510	112	482	4,522	847	156	660	420	2,358	4,172
Utah	30	–	23	39	39	13	8	25	76	215
Vermont	3	1	–	2	3	11	2	18	7	78
Virginia	335	42	398	36	616	41	80	169	709	2,081
Washington	92	9	265	109	476	60	69	146	537	844
West Virginia	19	4	9	–	40	5	9	22	7	82
Wisconsin	32	22	54	87	77	63	40	50	115	714
Wyoming	–	1	1	8	6	–	–	1	3	26
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	–	2	57	3	1,105	–	29	12	25	58
Northern Mariana Is.	–	–	1	–	14	–	–	–	–	2
Puerto Rico	–	–	–	11	4	1	–	2	1	138
Virgin Islands	–	9	–	2	4	–	–	187	–	1,167
Other or unknown	2	–	1	6	2	1	1	1	10	408

– Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

TABLE 48. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991

Metropolitan statistical area[1]	All countries	Cambodia	Canada	China, Mainland	Colombia	Cuba	Dominican Republic	Guyana	Haiti	India
Total	**308,058**	**4,786**	**4,441**	**16,783**	**5,513**	**9,554**	**6,368**	**4,826**	**4,436**	**12,961**
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	63,689	1,788	443	3,215	481	1,006	50	98	47	1,111
New York, NY	38,191	126	115	3,924	1,102	356	3,657	3,423	1,758	1,300
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	15,336	310	204	393	102	106	5	8	2	487
Miami-Hialeah, FL	12,581	-	69	47	959	5,629	398	83	902	51
Chicago, IL	9,824	134	65	479	125	173	16	20	61	1,049
San Francisco, CA	8,942	69	70	2,357	16	11	3	4	3	108
San Jose, CA	7,317	110	42	505	16	17	-	7	-	296
Washington, DC-MD-VA	6,884	123	53	293	94	22	33	117	52	432
San Diego, CA	6,366	85	132	110	35	9	6	5	6	79
Oakland, CA	6,220	74	58	873	17	14	6	8	3	331
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	6,016	135	95	101	70	76	7	21	6	209
Houston, TX	5,864	94	70	162	128	64	12	25	10	386
Newark, NJ	3,819	12	48	92	150	128	109	191	275	313
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	3,793	144	107	401	50	24	104	9	184	197
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	3,426	-	31	76	269	49	264	40	8	350
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	3,423	112	56	169	40	16	37	24	38	355
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	3,380	4	34	146	135	25	157	120	102	320
Dallas, TX	3,223	69	54	101	29	23	1	8	6	224
Honolulu, HI	3,138	8	27	312	10	6	3	2	2	6
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	3,079	3	123	56	217	189	36	57	309	54
Jersey City, NJ	2,790	-	-	30	158	457	272	70	24	276
Atlanta, GA	2,713	57	68	76	58	30	17	27	12	196
Detroit, MI	2,652	14	104	70	7	3	1	4	2	174
Oxnard-Ventura, CA	2,444	36	44	58	25	10	2	1	3	87
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	2,105	-	20	95	50	16	91	31	10	466
Seattle, WA	2,096	137	31	172	15	4	-	1	2	60
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	1,874	15	66	49	95	248	42	23	9	48
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	1,645	30	53	38	36	15	10	32	15	83
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	1,579	91	66	42	7	3	3	47	4	66
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk-Danbury, CT	1,525	59	58	40	68	17	27	2	113	67
Portland, OR	1,325	53	55	103	10	4	1	1	-	41
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	1,317	3	78	29	70	175	26	8	164	29
Denver, CO	1,295	24	61	48	7	7	1	1	-	42
El Paso, TX	1,237	1	9	5	4	2	9	-	1	5
Phoenix, AZ	1,106	15	43	57	20	2	2	1	-	45
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	1,081	12	8	21	8	6	2	1	-	67
Sacramento, CA	941	12	9	90	1	1	-	1	-	32
Cleveland, OH	940	4	31	36	6	1	2	4	-	108
Providence-Pawtucket-Woonsocket, RI	881	46	11	29	44	3	92	1	13	22
San Antonio, TX	855	1	14	13	9	12	5	4	-	20
Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	847	5	17	39	23	2	14	5	19	99
Baltimore, MD	816	3	14	26	12	1	4	14	2	72
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	798	3	26	20	3	4	-	-	-	17
Orlando, FL	789	3	19	14	46	52	25	21	26	20
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA	766	13	14	34	6	1	4	4	2	31
New Orleans, LA	755	4	6	15	20	41	-	5	3	31
Milwaukee, WI	722	1	6	19	12	1	3	1	1	54
St. Louis, MO-IL	696	3	17	13	5	5	2	-	1	53
Las Vegas, NV	694	9	19	40	6	26	-	4	-	12
Austin, TX	682	10	14	12	13	1	2	2	3	39
Other MSA	32,185	586	970	1,252	448	280	565	163	153	2,263
Non-MSA	13,723	119	523	350	127	126	202	65	61	638
Unknown	7,673	17	41	36	49	55	38	12	19	40

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 48. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF RESIDENCE FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Metropolitan statistical area[1]	Iran	Jamaica	Korea	Mexico	Philip-pines	Poland	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	**10,411**	**6,838**	**12,266**	**22,066**	**33,714**	**5,493**	**10,876**	**9,935**	**29,603**	**97,188**
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	4,031	177	3,907	7,836	9,553	359	4,220	1,801	6,873	16,693
New York, NY	376	2,739	817	98	1,152	647	639	1,134	457	14,371
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	803	12	929	929	1,168	152	1,046	318	5,253	3,109
Miami-Hialeah, FL	65	810	21	72	136	34	17	97	44	3,147
Chicago, IL	159	71	440	1,171	1,131	1,128	144	137	293	3,028
San Francisco, CA	222	6	164	147	1,963	51	268	727	903	1,850
San Jose, CA	260	5	203	236	1,235	35	556	205	2,583	1,006
Washington, DC-MD-VA	525	143	402	46	461	50	194	205	706	2,933
San Diego, CA	337	25	84	1,041	1,941	87	95	153	841	1,295
Oakland, CA	181	15	193	164	1,470	66	327	375	679	1,366
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	154	40	247	1,095	936	43	250	124	658	1,749
Houston, TX	165	57	95	803	304	47	280	192	1,303	1,667
Newark, NJ	35	175	51	11	263	155	123	108	96	1,484
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	84	71	57	7	68	69	103	244	408	1,462
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	70	111	150	17	233	179	93	88	21	1,377
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	81	99	260	14	273	136	101	179	366	1,067
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	271	154	73	17	172	79	67	118	28	1,358
Dallas, TX	177	18	166	427	206	57	217	83	409	948
Honolulu, HI	7	13	267	9	1,679	3	64	121	218	381
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	40	631	20	22	55	27	14	83	86	1,057
Jersey City, NJ	8	10	30	7	368	92	19	24	57	888
Atlanta, GA	177	99	169	34	91	20	138	84	264	1,096
Detroit, MI	24	19	64	38	108	121	26	55	41	1,777
Oxnard-Ventura, CA	108	2	108	550	537	25	111	69	189	479
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	24	41	49	3	158	105	178	92	43	633
Seattle, WA	66	4	136	18	308	42	57	87	385	541
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	36	51	35	28	94	60	7	76	151	741
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	25	230	24	1	35	240	12	56	133	577
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	63	2	58	27	66	20	27	53	307	627
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk-Danbury, CT	18	102	18	10	44	47	3	104	68	660
Portland, OR	65	3	114	24	104	18	13	47	248	421
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	8	98	7	12	31	14	10	48	38	469
Denver, CO	78	4	85	119	47	50	19	40	218	444
El Paso, TX	10	6	32	1,020	25	1	1	6	3	97
Phoenix, AZ	49	4	26	160	87	39	36	48	122	350
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	50	6	32	146	52	16	49	29	170	406
Sacramento, CA	26	1	19	50	135	9	32	33	221	269
Cleveland, OH	27	9	22	4	46	30	19	34	29	528
Providence-Pawtucket-Woonsocket, RI	10	4	5	2	24	17	-	21	24	513
San Antonio, TX	20	5	37	368	73	15	12	24	41	182
Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	20	24	16	5	79	30	50	73	14	313
Baltimore, MD	30	29	80	1	56	20	26	56	33	337
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	30	4	28	191	141	13	33	32	57	196
Orlando, FL	22	37	15	9	45	2	12	49	107	265
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA	25	14	53	7	294	9	10	30	52	163
New Orleans, LA	15	3	10	8	22	4	4	16	218	330
Milwaukee, WI	17	20	17	49	37	39	8	15	53	369
St. Louis, MO-IL	30	2	42	15	54	22	50	28	101	253
Las Vegas, NV	17	7	37	70	152	14	12	24	42	203
Austin, TX	39	3	42	86	24	6	40	36	117	193
Other MSA	938	469	1,567	3,005	2,857	712	735	1,308	2,963	10,951
Non-MSA	188	137	689	1,561	2,869	184	236	692	695	4,261
Unknown	105	17	54	276	252	53	73	54	174	6,308

[1] Ranked by the number of persons naturalized. See Glossary for definition of Metropolitan statistical area.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

TABLE 49. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of former allegiance	Total	Occupation									No occupation or not reported[1]
		Total	Professional specialty	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Sales	Administrative support	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing	Service	
All countries	**308,058**	**193,268**	**25,479**	**15,776**	**17,435**	**40,778**	**13,826**	**21,136**	**1,195**	**57,643**	**114,790**
Europe	**37,808**	**23,565**	**3,561**	**2,493**	**1,947**	**5,064**	**1,839**	**3,037**	**100**	**5,524**	**14,243**
Austria	113	68	17	8	7	8	4	7	–	17	45
Belgium	170	102	21	13	10	26	2	10	1	19	68
Bulgaria	225	142	24	12	12	23	12	19	–	40	83
Czechoslovakia	843	561	135	36	36	75	71	58	1	149	282
Denmark	177	98	9	18	4	22	4	8	–	33	79
France	1,413	883	154	129	89	182	42	64	2	221	530
Germany	2,197	1,315	174	172	151	251	103	131	7	326	882
Greece	1,820	1,133	131	128	80	239	105	154	5	291	687
Hungary	814	513	76	51	40	69	56	76	–	145	301
Ireland	746	495	105	48	31	118	40	66	1	86	251
Italy	1,976	1,234	110	125	117	315	139	178	8	242	742
Netherlands	508	319	53	41	36	73	28	21	4	63	189
Norway	141	80	15	10	7	20	4	6	2	16	61
Poland	5,493	3,301	514	402	172	584	342	712	22	553	2,192
Portugal	1,848	1,201	120	73	58	186	100	480	9	175	647
Romania	3,471	2,324	356	150	165	533	198	260	1	661	1,147
Soviet Union	2,822	1,881	227	138	169	568	102	155	2	520	941
Spain	436	254	59	18	27	52	16	23	1	58	182
Sweden	208	115	20	26	19	15	4	16	1	14	93
Switzerland	357	233	45	42	24	34	9	17	6	56	124
United Kingdom	9,935	6,142	1,078	712	618	1,415	340	413	22	1,544	3,793
Yugoslavia	1,642	928	78	108	60	203	104	132	4	239	714
Other Europe	453	243	40	33	15	53	14	31	1	56	210
Asia	**160,367**	**99,405**	**13,719**	**7,772**	**8,854**	**17,460**	**6,395**	**10,092**	**590**	**34,523**	**60,962**
Afghanistan	1,392	911	97	90	108	211	50	79	–	276	481
Bangladesh	874	589	103	69	63	154	18	62	–	120	285
Burma	827	537	46	22	39	150	39	42	1	198	290
Cambodia	4,786	2,958	193	106	233	313	203	641	15	1,254	1,828
China, Mainland	16,783	10,799	1,049	616	838	2,794	1,058	719	27	3,698	5,984
Cyprus	167	115	23	14	7	43	5	3	–	20	52
India	12,961	7,606	2,069	969	657	1,700	271	718	19	1,203	5,355
Indonesia	603	391	74	24	38	70	11	23	1	150	212
Iran	10,411	7,025	1,466	947	752	923	234	328	10	2,365	3,386
Iraq	1,641	871	111	158	125	110	38	102	2	225	770
Israel	2,789	1,709	245	256	211	408	75	100	5	409	1,080
Japan	938	545	70	60	70	74	30	36	1	204	393
Jordan	2,493	1,370	171	285	200	170	59	115	2	368	1,123
Korea	12,266	6,668	483	718	745	1,130	297	452	13	2,830	5,598
Kuwait	301	174	25	25	29	20	7	19	–	49	127
Laos	3,594	2,421	176	102	106	251	337	886	25	538	1,173
Lebanon	3,570	2,162	403	299	238	278	107	171	3	663	1,408
Malaysia	477	318	91	33	30	64	11	12	–	77	159
Pakistan	3,670	2,173	384	311	257	513	93	188	3	424	1,497
Philippines	33,714	22,765	3,170	1,088	1,966	4,453	1,780	1,919	340	8,049	10,949
Saudi Arabia	91	39	10	4	5	3	–	7	–	10	52
Singapore	180	105	19	13	11	23	2	5	–	32	75
Sri Lanka	464	315	82	43	11	65	6	20	–	88	149
Syria	1,480	884	152	126	88	99	47	79	–	293	596
Taiwan	10,876	6,613	1,108	619	630	1,102	120	202	7	2,825	4,263
Thailand	1,379	913	112	72	78	126	71	82	–	372	466
Turkey	1,349	830	157	105	77	174	40	66	2	209	519
Vietnam	29,603	17,409	1,605	572	1,210	1,983	1,378	3,004	113	7,544	12,194
Yemen	590	123	6	18	30	44	5	7	1	12	467
Other Asia	98	67	19	8	2	12	3	5	–	18	31
Africa	**10,230**	**7,160**	**1,384**	**837**	**721**	**1,298**	**314**	**883**	**17**	**1,706**	**3,070**
Algeria	111	84	25	18	5	11	2	4	–	19	27
Cape Verde	178	151	9	7	3	17	7	96	1	11	27
Egypt	2,644	1,662	247	217	159	371	63	131	1	473	982
Ethiopia	1,453	1,051	140	69	117	172	51	206	3	293	402
Ghana	669	497	110	58	34	104	21	72	1	97	172
Kenya	273	178	48	25	24	33	1	12	2	33	95
Liberia	356	265	44	19	29	61	14	35	1	62	91

TABLE 49. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Region and country of former allegiance	Total	Occupation									No occupation or not reported[1]
		Total	Professional specialty	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Sales	Administrative support	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing	Service	
Libya	135	92	22	22	11	4	7	7	–	19	43
Morocco	365	271	35	31	34	41	13	21	–	96	94
Nigeria	1,775	1,282	342	149	112	198	58	175	2	246	493
Sierra Leone	194	156	38	12	17	31	5	21	–	32	38
Somalia	107	90	21	18	8	10	3	16	–	14	17
South Africa	883	598	144	93	87	87	21	21	1	144	285
Tanzania	221	155	24	16	23	45	6	7	2	32	66
Uganda	131	93	23	11	6	19	8	6	–	20	38
Zambia	111	77	16	16	4	13	5	7	1	15	34
Zimbabwe	91	62	11	12	6	14	4	4	–	11	29
Other Africa	533	396	85	44	42	67	25	42	2	89	137
Oceania	**1,098**	**705**	**84**	**40**	**87**	**117**	**67**	**74**	**11**	**225**	**393**
Australia	116	59	11	9	10	7	4	8	1	9	57
Fiji	477	316	22	13	36	64	36	29	1	115	161
New Zealand	191	122	28	12	17	16	9	13	3	24	69
Tonga	89	60	1	4	8	8	9	4	5	21	29
Western Samoa	142	94	12	–	10	16	4	13	1	38	48
Other Oceania	83	54	10	2	6	6	5	7	–	18	29
North America	**71,838**	**48,406**	**4,968**	**3,510**	**4,460**	**11,915**	**4,258**	**5,973**	**450**	**12,872**	**23,432**
Canada	4,441	2,679	617	383	297	380	162	289	19	532	1,762
Mexico	22,066	14,336	813	1,076	1,349	1,686	1,405	2,383	312	5,312	7,730
Caribbean	**34,025**	**24,140**	**2,904**	**1,568**	**2,112**	**8,111**	**2,154**	**2,667**	**93**	**4,531**	**9,885**
Antigua-Barbuda	478	358	37	15	55	95	59	24	2	71	120
Bahamas, The	151	111	19	7	6	30	10	11	–	28	40
Barbados	852	689	63	24	56	361	41	45	2	97	163
Cuba	9,554	6,106	835	672	604	1,496	523	801	33	1,142	3,448
Dominica	550	396	52	25	41	100	51	49	–	78	154
Dominican Republic	6,368	3,852	323	254	379	1,388	355	517	14	622	2,516
Grenada	456	381	38	14	33	183	32	15	–	66	75
Haiti	4,436	3,510	322	98	222	1,081	227	638	20	902	926
Jamaica	6,838	5,357	841	292	376	1,939	480	378	9	1,042	1,481
St. Kitts and Nevis	699	570	46	36	77	134	105	38	9	125	129
St. Lucia	286	209	19	9	17	76	34	15	1	38	77
St. Vincent and Grenadines	324	261	37	9	27	131	24	5	–	28	63
Trinidad and Tobago	3,033	2,340	272	113	219	1,097	213	131	3	292	693
Central America	**11,306**	**7,251**	**634**	**483**	**702**	**1,738**	**537**	**634**	**26**	**2,497**	**4,055**
Belize	499	335	21	24	25	92	30	22	–	121	164
Costa Rica	792	494	47	32	47	106	36	52	2	172	298
El Salvador	3,653	2,309	167	143	206	447	158	192	7	989	1,344
Guatemala	1,832	1,104	86	72	79	212	76	124	7	448	728
Honduras	1,306	773	65	44	63	216	75	97	5	208	533
Nicaragua	1,732	1,163	117	102	154	288	62	85	4	351	569
Panama	1,492	1,073	131	66	128	377	100	62	1	208	419
South America	**20,928**	**13,942**	**1,741**	**1,115**	**1,359**	**4,912**	**948**	**1,071**	**24**	**2,772**	**6,986**
Argentina	1,850	1,210	202	136	118	199	66	68	2	419	640
Bolivia	519	362	57	40	30	84	20	26	1	104	157
Brazil	683	392	54	44	47	87	20	40	2	98	291
Chile	920	612	99	49	60	110	42	60	1	191	308
Colombia	5,513	3,523	491	312	352	1,108	260	353	8	639	1,990
Ecuador	2,215	1,460	149	96	139	515	116	135	–	310	755
Guyana	4,826	3,698	257	189	330	2,130	241	152	3	396	1,128
Paraguay	133	60	11	7	7	13	4	2	1	15	73
Peru	3,088	1,876	251	157	189	482	126	176	5	490	1,212
Uruguay	400	239	34	28	18	70	25	18	–	46	161
Venezuela	747	486	131	56	67	104	27	41	1	59	261
Other South America	34	24	5	1	2	10	1	–	–	5	10
Stateless	87	53	16	6	2	5	3	4	2	15	34
Not reported	5,702	32	6	3	5	7	2	2	1	6	5,670

[1] Includes homemakers, students, unemployed or retired persons, and others not reporting or with an unknown occupation.

– Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

TABLE 50. PERSONS NATURALIZED IN FISCAL YEAR 1991 BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Region and country of birth	Total	1991 and 1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	1980	1979	Before 1979	Unknown or not reported
All countries	**308,058**	**1,091**	**1,154**	**2,168**	**10,261**	**14,069**	**47,563**	**42,643**	**29,984**	**22,258**	**20,286**	**19,456**	**13,484**	**81,732**	**1,909**
Europe	**32,986**	**89**	**31**	**128**	**633**	**1,213**	**4,341**	**3,722**	**2,405**	**1,709**	**1,527**	**1,502**	**1,346**	**14,114**	**226**
Austria	98	–	–	–	1	2	4	6	1	4	–	1	3	76	–
Belgium	174	1	–	3	2	4	19	17	9	7	12	3	2	95	–
Bulgaria	227	1	–	–	3	19	62	49	29	7	10	5	3	37	2
Czechoslovakia	863	–	–	1	9	49	223	174	124	39	34	37	14	152	7
Denmark	177	1	–	1	–	2	6	12	10	7	4	4	4	124	2
France	1,184	4	2	9	29	53	95	112	79	49	52	45	47	600	8
Germany	2,296	10	2	16	38	62	83	110	82	59	46	56	61	1,649	22
Greece	1,850	8	3	9	60	79	164	140	91	69	69	71	71	1,005	11
Hungary	836	2	1	4	18	44	181	148	88	25	35	25	17	236	12
Ireland	749	2	–	3	26	35	62	56	39	25	19	18	13	447	4
Italy	1,998	–	2	3	21	27	92	60	48	51	37	43	50	1,543	21
Netherlands	421	–	–	2	6	11	18	19	16	14	18	11	13	293	–
Norway	142	–	1	–	3	2	8	8	3	2	3	1	1	107	3
Poland	5,568	9	5	13	128	277	1,227	1,097	611	605	286	136	117	1,024	33
Portugal	1,754	3	1	4	27	43	98	72	64	41	65	80	66	1,181	9
Romania	3,535	33	1	10	33	177	1,144	873	507	217	141	128	57	196	18
Soviet Union	2,889	1	1	7	46	67	264	183	138	149	348	515	516	634	20
Spain	459	2	1	3	12	14	25	27	19	15	24	21	8	286	2
Sweden	215	1	–	3	5	1	10	7	13	8	1	6	5	154	1
Switzerland	367	1	1	3	12	15	37	43	13	16	8	16	18	182	2
United Kingdom	5,080	8	6	18	97	145	345	396	330	247	229	203	211	2,806	39
Yugoslavia	1,675	2	4	15	49	67	151	95	68	40	64	66	39	1,005	10
Other Europe	429	–	–	1	8	18	23	18	23	13	22	11	10	282	–
Asia	**168,296**	**758**	**817**	**1,577**	**7,042**	**9,237**	**32,224**	**28,204**	**19,624**	**13,272**	**12,680**	**11,694**	**8,184**	**21,936**	**1,047**
Afghanistan	1,394	–	–	1	6	20	199	286	254	297	188	84	19	35	5
Bangladesh	900	5	6	14	73	118	311	181	61	26	25	15	11	47	7
Burma	876	–	2	2	24	40	263	230	79	42	54	25	24	89	2
Cambodia	4,851	1	1	3	9	25	178	469	543	602	1,654	603	401	345	17
China, Mainland	16,947	10	11	108	702	954	4,780	3,449	2,154	1,207	736	674	430	1,673	59
Cyprus	166	–	–	1	10	15	28	29	20	6	9	4	6	37	1
Hong Kong	4,648	9	3	44	346	344	992	814	591	302	182	107	75	818	21
India	13,286	18	53	89	381	715	2,956	1,992	1,385	813	660	664	502	2,966	92
Indonesia	615	4	1	4	31	32	103	103	73	50	36	33	14	128	3
Iran	10,595	9	–	34	250	367	1,970	2,712	1,797	838	702	501	407	963	45
Iraq	1,684	2	–	12	53	63	228	179	249	201	126	149	69	347	6
Israel	2,781	17	26	29	179	270	523	428	317	182	181	130	95	381	23
Japan	951	7	5	11	19	30	55	58	46	31	46	48	23	569	3
Jordan	2,523	7	15	52	216	210	462	333	207	124	155	111	123	488	20
Korea	12,538	117	256	314	551	582	1,683	1,812	1,467	1,097	905	773	546	2,341	94
Kuwait	319	–	2	14	53	20	65	44	37	20	18	8	4	30	4
Laos	3,887	3	1	1	5	48	130	260	193	224	659	1,201	630	502	30
Lebanon	3,631	2	16	67	371	338	821	524	317	204	164	153	145	488	21
Macau	148	–	–	1	6	12	33	42	17	4	8	8	4	13	–
Malaysia	488	–	–	7	40	41	90	94	61	33	30	28	24	38	2
Pakistan	3,719	6	7	32	239	284	937	720	416	243	199	140	113	362	21
Philippines	34,450	280	222	585	2,775	3,467	8,360	5,800	3,652	2,098	1,477	1,053	834	3,590	257
Singapore	200	–	–	1	19	15	40	29	19	15	19	5	9	28	1
Sri Lanka	484	–	–	4	17	30	85	97	44	29	29	33	13	103	–
Syria	1,546	4	–	38	141	135	303	271	181	80	103	76	54	147	13
Taiwan	11,010	8	13	39	324	528	2,967	2,808	2,004	1,067	317	224	154	507	50
Thailand	1,376	6	6	12	36	41	133	135	167	99	106	92	75	459	9
Turkey	1,416	3	4	16	62	102	189	164	148	126	91	96	60	347	8
Vietnam	30,078	20	16	14	75	367	3,277	4,097	3,087	3,184	3,777	4,629	3,306	4,007	222
Yemen	612	213	149	22	15	7	23	28	22	15	15	17	8	70	8
Other Asia	177	7	2	6	14	17	40	16	16	13	9	10	6	18	3
Africa	**10,468**	**13**	**14**	**102**	**731**	**698**	**2,079**	**1,854**	**1,198**	**876**	**686**	**532**	**343**	**1,272**	**70**
Algeria	116	–	–	2	5	10	17	15	10	11	8	4	5	29	–
Cape Verde	184	1	–	2	5	6	33	29	10	15	14	8	9	51	1
Egypt	2,689	3	4	26	326	254	639	419	261	139	156	103	73	269	17
Ethiopia	1,476	–	1	–	13	28	244	350	233	244	165	85	29	78	6
Ghana	680	–	1	7	39	37	134	114	74	46	33	40	39	114	2
Kenya	297	3	1	–	1	17	53	59	44	19	24	18	17	40	1
Liberia	356	–	1	5	10	20	66	56	35	32	33	21	9	65	3

TABLE 50. PERSONS NATURALIZED IN FISCAL YEAR 1991 BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH—Continued

Region and country of birth	Total	1991 and 1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	1980	1979	Before 1979	Unknown or not reported
Libya	139	-	-	3	11	16	34	20	13	13	9	5	3	12	-
Morocco	375	-	3	10	54	28	72	55	26	22	21	13	11	55	5
Nigeria	1,804	1	2	23	118	123	331	301	243	162	111	118	61	202	8
Sierre Leone	198	-	-	4	6	9	36	39	24	25	6	10	8	30	1
Somalia	107	-	-	1	22	11	27	23	10	7	3	2	-	1	-
South Africa	906	-	-	8	47	65	170	175	93	75	34	52	35	134	18
Tanzania	230	-	-	2	11	9	47	55	27	9	19	12	6	32	1
Uganda	151	-	-	1	7	9	23	28	21	9	10	9	4	30	-
Zambia	115	-	-	1	8	8	18	17	15	6	10	5	3	24	-
Other Africa	645	5	1	7	48	48	135	99	59	42	30	27	31	106	7
Oceania	**1,374**	**10**	**9**	**9**	**36**	**48**	**170**	**160**	**75**	**70**	**80**	**51**	**82**	**560**	**14**
Australia	108	-	-	-	4	-	7	9	4	5	3	4	6	66	-
Fiji	524	-	1	2	15	26	102	95	39	29	34	21	34	121	5
French Polynesia	222	1	1	-	2	4	14	14	6	7	8	7	10	145	3
New Zealand	192	-	1	3	9	7	8	14	10	9	9	9	14	99	-
Western Samoa	150	1	1	-	3	4	15	9	4	10	15	6	10	69	3
Other Oceania	178	8	5	4	3	7	24	19	12	10	11	4	8	60	3
North America	**73,630**	**140**	**153**	**199**	**1,164**	**1,846**	**5,729**	**6,086**	**4,840**	**5,094**	**4,025**	**4,605**	**2,679**	**36,642**	**428**
Canada	4,514	12	8	20	50	100	213	227	184	146	153	182	180	3,009	30
Mexico	22,878	42	39	60	373	551	1,227	1,200	1,116	878	1,234	849	613	14,510	186
Caribbean	**34,761**	**27**	**36**	**42**	**424**	**738**	**3,050**	**3,211**	**2,370**	**3,141**	**1,868**	**2,925**	**1,423**	**15,356**	**150**
Antigua-Barbuda	485	-	-	-	2	7	37	67	50	124	44	38	24	90	2
Bahamas	162	1	1	-	2	7	9	19	7	23	13	5	8	65	2
Barbados	856	-	-	-	11	25	64	98	67	54	64	79	60	330	4
Cuba	9,661	-	5	4	12	30	314	348	300	368	240	1,493	208	6,299	40
Dominica	555	-	1	1	8	14	70	61	50	47	31	34	45	188	5
Dominican Republic	6,396	14	16	16	157	238	790	657	518	366	314	283	237	2,778	12
Grenada	459	-	1	-	2	10	52	64	38	58	42	43	17	129	3
Haiti	4,455	6	3	3	75	147	630	597	350	1,159	215	180	134	926	30
Jamaica	6,949	1	7	10	101	164	791	928	661	511	634	487	402	2,215	37
St. Kitts & Nevis	728	-	1	1	8	16	46	98	83	206	53	42	51	120	3
St. Lucia	284	3	-	1	3	6	25	39	17	35	20	31	35	68	1
St. Vincent & Grenadines	329	-	-	-	3	12	29	51	38	35	30	27	17	87	-
Trinidad & Tobago	3,084	2	-	5	32	51	171	162	172	139	157	167	162	1,853	11
Other Caribbean	358	-	1	1	8	11	22	22	19	16	11	16	23	208	-
Central America	**11,446**	**57**	**70**	**77**	**315**	**456**	**1,237**	**1,443**	**1,169**	**924**	**768**	**648**	**461**	**3,759**	**62**
Belize	504	1	3	-	11	16	56	71	66	64	32	20	28	133	3
Costa Rica	795	8	5	4	23	29	62	56	33	29	23	28	19	473	3
El Salvador	3,691	12	9	15	75	162	472	521	460	330	253	238	133	999	12
Guatemala	1,847	11	25	12	49	62	146	174	163	120	118	106	65	792	4
Honduras	1,328	12	19	12	49	63	148	159	147	115	73	74	69	380	8
Nicaragua	1,750	1	1	6	57	64	205	317	184	160	143	63	61	481	7
Panama	1,531	12	8	28	51	60	148	145	116	106	126	119	86	501	25
Other North America	31	2	-	-	2	1	2	5	1	5	2	1	2	8	-
South America	**21,212**	**80**	**129**	**152**	**653**	**1,019**	**3,014**	**2,615**	**1,841**	**1,229**	**1,282**	**1,068**	**847**	**7,171**	**112**
Argentina	1,869	2	6	3	44	57	165	182	141	90	90	69	77	937	6
Bolivia	530	1	1	6	21	20	79	75	63	27	25	30	20	158	4
Brazil	696	5	13	10	35	29	70	72	37	33	32	40	23	292	5
Chile	942	4	9	14	28	52	92	84	78	49	61	62	60	342	7
Colombia	5,619	29	45	58	149	213	656	571	394	271	290	295	244	2,371	33
Ecuador	2,231	4	3	5	36	47	159	176	132	108	106	130	77	1,236	12
Guyana	4,863	1	3	19	113	313	1,116	908	601	371	407	246	169	576	20
Paraguay	131	6	16	7	3	8	8	11	11	2	4	9	3	42	1
Peru	3,141	23	29	24	165	214	498	399	276	192	205	139	140	824	13
Uruguay	400	1	-	1	16	11	57	48	31	14	25	21	9	165	1
Venezuela	750	4	4	5	41	54	112	86	67	65	36	24	23	221	8
Other South America	40	-	-	-	2	1	2	3	10	7	1	3	2	7	2
Not reported	92	1	1	1	2	8	6	2	1	8	6	4	3	37	12

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

TABLE 51. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1991

Age and sex	All countries	Cambodia	Canada	China, Mainland	Colombia	Cuba	Dominican Republic	Guyana	Haiti	India
Total	**308,058**	**4,786**	**4,441**	**16,783**	**5,513**	**9,554**	**6,368**	**4,826**	**4,436**	**12,961**
Under 18 years	8,345	64	103	295	221	62	161	106	30	543
18-19 years	8,529	349	63	538	66	109	108	83	22	442
20-24 years	36,753	1,374	279	1,977	520	895	836	476	320	1,515
25-29 years	45,079	844	403	1,860	806	1,374	1,300	828	640	1,813
30-34 years	54,872	678	494	2,289	966	1,091	1,216	878	1,066	2,522
35-39 years	48,707	693	495	2,335	775	793	948	725	1,056	2,175
40-44 years	33,381	374	497	2,064	634	594	538	564	575	1,667
45-49 years	20,622	198	537	1,292	463	521	256	313	274	958
50-54 years	15,492	102	449	895	399	710	277	232	184	492
55-59 years	11,779	56	373	875	278	780	247	203	124	300
60-64 years	9,596	23	323	796	163	881	209	163	60	203
65-69 years	7,323	15	217	742	103	731	132	126	38	167
70-74 years	4,052	11	120	486	57	459	73	60	20	95
75-79 years	2,049	4	55	231	33	325	37	48	8	24
80 years and over	1,173	-	21	104	22	214	26	17	11	21
Not reported	306	1	12	4	7	15	4	4	8	24
Male	**151,620**	**2,694**	**1,908**	**7,561**	**2,496**	**4,887**	**2,757**	**2,213**	**2,441**	**7,058**
Under 18 years	3,900	33	47	161	97	28	78	56	10	220
18-19 years	3,878	152	26	224	40	58	41	37	5	205
20-24 years	17,836	702	172	886	278	457	335	210	138	723
25-29 years	22,059	481	209	635	408	685	528	311	300	823
30-34 years	28,049	369	268	833	446	602	511	406	565	1,449
35-39 years	24,911	433	213	1,036	331	456	450	348	648	1,288
40-44 years	16,568	237	201	985	276	333	258	286	365	960
45-49 years	10,056	137	225	631	207	283	136	146	148	550
50-54 years	7,368	61	159	480	162	332	131	105	114	311
55-59 years	5,496	42	134	455	105	377	99	113	82	178
60-64 years	4,462	21	108	403	63	456	97	75	30	135
65-69 years	3,442	11	71	371	34	360	52	57	19	109
70-74 years	1,916	10	38	262	27	215	20	26	8	71
75-79 years	1,007	4	25	141	13	142	9	28	3	16
80 years and over	563	-	6	55	5	95	10	8	5	14
Not reported	109	1	6	3	4	8	2	1	1	6
Female	**150,140**	**2,072**	**2,512**	**9,202**	**2,999**	**4,648**	**3,599**	**2,602**	**1,982**	**5,851**
Under 18 years	3,747	28	51	126	112	21	75	44	13	301
18-19 years	4,463	196	37	314	26	51	66	46	16	237
20-24 years	18,183	668	107	1,087	241	437	501	265	182	787
25-29 years	22,104	359	192	1,224	397	688	771	517	340	984
30-34 years	25,815	305	226	1,454	520	488	704	471	501	1,070
35-39 years	22,907	259	260	1,297	444	337	498	377	408	884
40-44 years	16,196	135	291	1,077	357	260	280	278	210	704
45-49 years	10,207	60	312	661	255	238	120	167	126	405
50-54 years	7,865	41	290	415	237	378	146	126	70	181
55-59 years	6,106	14	238	419	173	403	148	90	42	122
60-64 years	4,990	2	213	393	100	425	112	88	30	68
65-69 years	3,777	4	146	371	69	371	80	69	19	58
70-74 years	2,061	1	82	224	30	244	53	34	12	24
75-79 years	1,009	-	29	90	20	183	28	20	5	8
80 years and over	590	-	15	49	17	119	16	9	6	7
Not reported	120	-	3	1	1	5	1	1	2	11
Unknown sex	6,298	20	21	20	18	19	12	11	13	52
Percent distribution	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Male	49.2	56.3	43.0	45.1	45.3	51.2	43.3	45.9	55.0	54.5
Female	48.7	43.3	56.6	54.8	54.4	48.6	56.5	53.9	44.7	45.1
Unknown	2.0	.4	.5	.1	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.4
Median age	**35.0**	**28.4**	**43.8**	**38.0**	**36.0**	**43.7**	**33.2**	**35.4**	**35.6**	**34.3**
Male	35.0	29.7	40.4	40.0	34.8	42.2	33.8	36.4	36.5	35.3
Female	35.2	26.7	46.2	36.5	37.3	45.9	32.8	34.7	34.4	32.8
Unknown	32.5	27.3	39.0	22.0	14.7	16.8	13.5	17.0	17.3	17.8

TABLE 51. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE, AGE, AND SEX FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

Age and sex	Iran	Jamaica	Korea	Mexico	Philippines	Poland	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	**10,411**	**6,838**	**12,266**	**22,066**	**33,714**	**5,493**	**10,876**	**9,935**	**29,603**	**97,188**
Under 18 years	66	134	1,162	302	891	101	212	246	651	2,995
18-19 years	127	90	718	502	426	75	536	301	2,103	1,871
20-24 years	764	660	2,134	3,185	2,540	311	1,301	1,425	7,014	9,227
25-29 years	1,521	1,125	1,794	3,780	4,592	479	865	1,437	5,497	14,121
30-34 years	2,633	1,093	2,347	3,799	5,800	1,088	2,306	1,425	4,639	18,542
35-39 years	2,097	1,058	1,558	3,006	5,671	1,203	3,081	1,301	3,873	15,864
40-44 years	1,261	816	926	2,039	3,728	862	1,452	1,037	2,532	11,221
45-49 years	714	571	566	1,303	2,200	408	504	805	1,439	7,300
50-54 years	438	371	390	1,252	1,805	268	280	661	853	5,434
55-59 years	311	324	253	1,074	1,424	226	159	510	434	3,828
60-64 years	200	246	170	787	1,548	207	80	320	296	2,921
65-69 years	132	172	107	554	1,459	159	49	243	155	2,022
70-74 years	77	96	66	238	945	59	25	137	68	960
75-79 years	46	40	38	124	444	30	15	43	28	476
80 years and over	22	34	10	108	189	11	7	34	13	309
Not reported	2	8	27	13	52	6	4	10	8	97
Male	**6,587**	**2,802**	**5,351**	**11,780**	**13,292**	**2,797**	**4,905**	**4,510**	**17,129**	**48,452**
Under 18 years	25	62	505	149	423	46	112	119	339	1,390
18-19 years	46	47	364	196	198	37	302	164	981	755
20-24 years	399	274	1,003	1,504	1,152	148	638	724	3,911	4,182
25-29 years	937	447	734	2,127	1,712	243	284	652	3,460	7,083
30-34 years	1,793	436	792	2,315	2,095	561	878	675	2,783	10,272
35-39 years	1,439	422	629	1,665	2,045	649	1,448	656	2,153	8,602
40-44 years	770	365	406	1,097	1,391	472	667	464	1,405	5,630
45-49 years	415	227	287	618	909	210	251	313	850	3,513
50-54 years	251	171	235	596	747	137	144	256	550	2,426
55-59 years	181	128	152	538	537	95	81	179	305	1,715
60-64 years	142	98	92	401	648	77	43	122	201	1,250
65-69 years	90	63	64	322	642	71	29	93	105	879
70-74 years	45	33	44	142	445	28	12	58	51	381
75-79 years	33	17	23	57	222	15	10	19	23	207
80 years and over	20	11	9	49	112	7	5	15	9	128
Not reported	1	1	12	4	14	1	1	1	3	39
Female	**3,798**	**4,015**	**6,856**	**10,203**	**20,326**	**2,662**	**5,946**	**5,401**	**12,324**	**43,142**
Under 18 years	41	60	613	148	438	44	80	120	286	1,146
18-19 years	81	41	354	306	224	38	232	136	1,114	948
20-24 years	365	385	1,129	1,671	1,385	160	663	701	3,081	4,368
25-29 years	577	678	1,055	1,643	2,872	236	581	783	2,007	6,200
30-34 years	831	657	1,553	1,467	3,693	520	1,428	748	1,833	7,346
35-39 years	652	635	927	1,326	3,618	553	1,632	641	1,710	6,429
40-44 years	489	451	519	935	2,334	383	784	572	1,112	5,025
45-49 years	299	344	279	682	1,288	195	253	491	585	3,447
50-54 years	187	200	155	653	1,056	131	135	404	296	2,764
55-59 years	130	196	101	533	887	131	78	331	125	1,945
60-64 years	56	147	78	386	895	130	37	198	95	1,537
65-69 years	42	109	43	229	816	88	20	150	50	1,043
70-74 years	32	63	22	95	500	31	13	79	16	506
75-79 years	13	23	15	65	220	15	5	24	5	241
80 years and over	2	23	1	58	77	4	2	19	4	162
Not reported	1	3	12	6	23	3	3	4	5	35
Unknown sex	26	21	59	83	96	34	25	24	150	5,594
Percent distribution	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Male	63.3	41.0	43.6	53.4	39.4	50.9	45.1	45.4	57.9	49.9
Female	36.5	58.7	55.9	46.2	60.3	48.5	54.7	54.4	41.6	44.4
Unknown	.2	.3	.5	.4	.3	.6	.2	.2	.5	5.8
Median age	**35.2**	**36.4**	**30.6**	**34.3**	**37.2**	**37.7**	**35.2**	**35.4**	**29.5**	**35.5**
Male	35.3	36.6	30.4	34.2	37.6	37.7	35.8	34.4	29.8	35.3
Female	35.1	36.3	30.8	34.6	37.0	37.9	34.9	36.5	29.1	36.1
Unknown	34.4	16.8	12.5	32.3	20.8	32.0	15.5	21.0	27.6	33.3

– Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1991.

TABLE 52. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY AGE AND SEX
FISCAL YEARS 1982-91

Age and sex	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total	**173,688**	**178,948**	**197,023**	**244,717**	**280,623**	**227,008**	**242,063**	**233,777**	**270,101**	**308,058**
Under 18 years	7,611	7,031	8,198	9,470	10,440	7,701	6,916	6,336	6,829	8,345
18-19 years	3,138	3,233	3,809	5,511	7,380	6,065	5,819	5,783	6,810	8,529
20-24 years	20,040	21,706	24,677	31,526	38,736	30,919	31,885	29,799	33,341	36,753
25-29 years	25,035	26,327	28,883	37,789	46,155	37,886	39,715	37,723	41,899	45,079
30-34 years	31,942	32,832	33,283	42,292	49,878	40,829	44,002	42,938	48,973	54,872
35-39 years	27,335	28,581	30,373	37,595	41,401	33,857	36,381	35,795	42,580	48,707
40-44 years	18,792	18,613	20,268	23,463	26,000	21,757	24,776	24,710	28,938	33,381
45-49 years	12,828	13,025	15,041	17,847	18,630	14,426	15,873	15,368	17,587	20,622
50-54 years	9,108	9,091	10,517	12,419	13,387	10,631	11,521	11,099	13,326	15,492
55-59 years	6,659	6,735	7,994	9,627	9,965	7,689	8,251	7,863	9,901	11,779
60-64 years	4,602	4,885	5,998	7,355	7,781	6,296	6,777	6,479	7,959	9,596
65-69 years	3,032	3,193	3,683	4,632	5,149	4,215	4,667	4,695	5,765	7,323
70-74 years	2,047	2,120	2,446	2,977	3,262	2,603	2,725	2,610	3,126	4,052
75-79 years	1,005	974	1,203	1,524	1,646	1,351	1,636	1,558	1,777	2,049
80 years and over	514	567	562	680	807	778	1,118	1,012	1,283	1,173
Not reported	-	35	88	10	6	5	1	9	7	306
Male	**79,392**	**83,446**	**92,416**	**115,114**	**133,982**	**109,548**	**120,528**	**115,825**	**127,847**	**151,620**
Under 18 years	3,256	3,009	3,491	4,003	4,527	3,253	3,270	3,103	3,080	3,900
18-19 years	1,491	1,521	1,788	2,474	3,301	2,702	2,700	2,693	3,027	3,878
20-24 years	9,262	10,380	11,684	15,199	18,578	14,945	15,834	14,591	15,648	17,836
25-29 years	11,242	11,828	13,270	17,717	22,340	18,649	19,898	18,582	19,860	22,059
30-34 years	14,081	14,774	15,000	19,609	23,575	19,852	22,164	21,710	23,828	28,049
35-39 years	12,608	13,644	14,510	18,090	20,201	16,705	18,445	18,276	21,069	24,911
40-44 years	8,826	8,877	9,643	11,105	12,567	10,523	12,397	12,320	13,830	16,568
45-49 years	6,107	6,316	7,278	8,651	8,995	6,966	8,045	7,684	8,262	10,056
50-54 years	4,323	4,311	5,199	5,891	6,423	5,147	5,643	5,405	5,964	7,368
55-59 years	3,088	3,147	3,758	4,457	4,778	3,628	4,052	3,795	4,405	5,496
60-64 years	2,092	2,357	2,937	3,366	3,557	2,973	3,196	3,019	3,483	4,462
65-69 years	1,404	1,499	1,756	2,131	2,420	1,975	2,238	2,203	2,602	3,442
70-74 years	935	1,041	1,168	1,336	1,515	1,236	1,327	1,227	1,395	1,916
75-79 years	439	455	605	742	817	617	776	726	807	1,007
80 years and over	238	273	288	337	386	374	542	488	583	563
Not reported	-	14	41	6	2	3	1	3	4	109
Female	**94,295**	**95,344**	**104,228**	**124,425**	**140,087**	**108,583**	**119,599**	**117,837**	**127,096**	**150,140**
Under 18 years	4,355	4,014	4,694	5,344	5,717	3,972	3,605	3,232	3,158	3,747
18-19 years	1,647	1,711	2,009	2,919	3,982	3,206	3,102	3,089	3,331	4,463
20-24 years	10,778	11,309	12,953	15,823	19,364	14,930	15,829	15,193	15,660	18,183
25-29 years	13,793	14,483	15,541	19,444	22,894	17,914	19,521	19,121	19,574	22,104
30-34 years	17,861	18,040	18,229	21,899	25,179	19,494	21,501	21,208	22,510	25,815
35-39 years	14,726	14,904	15,812	18,777	20,211	15,750	17,613	17,502	19,380	22,907
40-44 years	9,966	9,725	10,582	11,856	12,733	10,283	12,155	12,379	13,620	16,196
45-49 years	6,721	6,700	7,737	8,766	9,095	6,783	7,696	7,676	8,400	10,207
50-54 years	4,785	4,774	5,303	6,186	6,576	5,008	5,759	5,686	6,608	7,865
55-59 years	3,571	3,578	4,215	4,892	4,923	3,757	4,137	4,065	4,939	6,106
60-64 years	2,510	2,521	3,049	3,734	4,024	3,076	3,502	3,454	4,006	4,990
65-69 years	1,628	1,687	1,921	2,301	2,589	2,088	2,383	2,492	2,838	3,777
70-74 years	1,112	1,078	1,274	1,493	1,650	1,274	1,379	1,381	1,537	2,061
75-79 years	566	515	594	688	770	678	850	831	880	1,009
80 years and over	276	292	272	301	377	369	567	523	652	590
Not reported	-	13	43	2	3	1	-	5	3	120
Not reported	1	158	379	5,178	6,554	8,877	1,936	115	15,158	6,298
Percent distribution	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Male	45.7	46.6	46.9	47.0	47.7	48.3	49.8	49.5	47.3	49.2
Female	54.3	53.3	52.9	50.8	49.9	47.8	49.4	50.4	47.1	48.7
Not reported	-	-	.1	2.1	2.2	2.4	.8	-	.1	5.6
Median age	**34.9**	**34.8**	**34.9**	**34.5**	**33.8**	**33.8**	**34.2**	**34.4**	**34.7**	**35.0**
Male	35.1	35.0	35.3	34.6	33.9	33.9	34.2	34.4	34.7	35.0
Female	34.7	34.5	34.7	34.3	33.6	33.7	34.2	34.4	34.9	35.2
Not reported	38.0	38.0	34.9	37.9	35.7	34.9	35.7	35.1	33.9	32.5

- Represents zero.

TABLE 53. NATURALIZATION RATES THROUGH FISCAL YEAR 1990 OF IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED IN FISCAL YEAR 1977 BY MAJOR CLASS OF ADMISSION AND OCCUPATION

Class of admission and occupation	Immigrants in 1977 [1]		
	Number admitted	Naturalizations through 1990	Rate [2]
Total, all immigrants	**352,071**	**131,705**	**37.4**
Classes of admission:			
1st pref., Unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens	1,366	589	43.1
2nd pref., Spouses and children of legal permanent residents	41,681	22,218	53.3
3rd pref., Professionals or highly skilled immigrants	10,339	6,668	64.5
4th pref., Married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens	2,902	1,117	38.5
5th pref., Siblings of U.S. citizens	48,527	20,749	42.8
6th pref., Needed skilled or unskilled workers	7,320	2,917	39.8
7th pref., Refugee conditional entrants	7,666	4,694	61.2
Nonpreference	57,962	18,684	32.2
Independent Western Hemisphere	24,128	5,088	21.1
Spouses of U.S. citizens	66,776	23,428	35.1
Children of U.S. citizens	3,855	1,251	32.5
Parents of U.S. citizens	21,033	4,346	20.7
Special immigrants	1,453	639	44.0
Cuban refugee adjustments	56,239	19,145	34.0
Other	824	172	20.9
Occupation:			
Professional specialty and technical occupations	**41,981**	**22,092**	**52.6**
Architects	401	202	50.4
Engineers, surveyors, and mapping scientists	5,110	3,002	58.7
Mathematical and computer scientists	851	465	54.6
Natural scientists	1,620	818	50.5
Physicians	7,006	3,968	56.6
Other health diagnosing occupations	1,936	1,180	61.0
Health assessment and treating occupations	6,347	3,609	56.9
Teachers (postsecondary)	1,439	696	48.4
Teachers (except postsecondary)	4,456	2,373	53.3
Counselors (educational and vocational)	59	27	45.8
Librarians, archivists, and curators	279	137	49.1
Social scientists and urban planners	607	264	43.5
Social, recreation, and religious workers	1,897	725	38.2
Lawyers and judges	393	144	36.6
Writers, artists, entertainers, and athletes	4,339	1,539	35.5
Professionals, unspecified	1,057	620	58.7
Technologists and technicians (health)	1,386	869	62.7
Technologists and technicians (except health)	2,798	1,454	52.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	19,955	8,323	41.7
Sales occupations	5,520	2,281	41.3
Administrative support occupations	20,267	10,002	49.4
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	21,237	7,350	34.6
Operator, fabricator, and laborer occupation	46,510	14,801	31.8
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	7,500	1,568	20.9
Service occupations	25,084	8,934	35.6
No occupation	**158,668**	**54,246**	**34.2**
Homemakers	88,197	28,111	31.9
Unemployed or Retired	31,438	7,427	23.6
Students and/or children	39,033	18,708	47.9
Unknown or not reported	5,349	2,108	39.4

[1] Ages 16 and over.
[2] Naturalizations through 1990 divided by the number of immigrants admitted.

TABLE 54. NATURALIZATION RATES THROUGH FISCAL YEAR 1990 OF IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED IN FISCAL YEAR 1977 BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Region and country of birth	Immigrants in 1977 [1]		
	Number admitted	Naturalizations through 1990	Rate [2]
All countries	**352,071**	**131,705**	**37.4**
Europe	**54,868**	**14,467**	**26.4**
Austria	342	46	13.5
Belgium	300	56	18.7
Czechoslovakia	504	237	47.0
Denmark	362	46	12.7
Finland	231	28	12.1
France	1,283	305	23.8
Germany	4,899	632	12.9
Greece	6,577	1,919	29.2
Hungary	771	379	49.2
Ireland	1,076	218	20.3
Italy	5,843	859	14.7
Netherlands	828	101	12.2
Norway	283	22	7.8
Poland	3,468	1,366	39.4
Portugal	6,964	1,535	22.0
Romania	1,620	1,042	64.3
Soviet Union	4,535	2,797	61.7
Spain	2,086	324	15.5
Sweden	485	47	9.7
Switzerland	485	122	25.2
United Kingdom	8,982	1,417	15.8
Yugoslavia	2,256	769	34.1
Other Europe	688	200	29.1
Asia	**119,226**	**64,573**	**54.2**
Bangladesh	460	291	63.3
Burma	776	500	64.4
China, Mainland	14,421	8,252	57.2
Cyprus	410	196	47.8
Hong Kong	3,146	2,250	71.5
India	15,033	7,213	48.0
Indonesia	658	300	45.6
Iran	3,404	1,549	45.5
Iraq	1,996	1,059	53.1
Israel	2,078	1,227	59.0
Japan	3,602	464	12.9
Jordan	2,187	1,178	53.9
Korea	19,824	10,548	53.2
Lebanon	3,900	2,287	58.6
Macau	248	167	67.3
Malaysia	387	211	54.5
Pakistan	2,563	1,478	57.7
Philippines	31,686	18,849	59.5
Singapore	226	105	46.5
Sri Lanka	314	153	48.7
Syria	1,342	782	58.3
Taiwan	2,460	1,851	75.2
Thailand	3,009	1,034	34.4
Turkey	1,546	511	33.1
Vietnam	2,724	1,675	61.5
Yemen (Sanaa)	284	142	50.0
Other Asia	542	301	55.5
Africa	**7,713**	**3,934**	**51.0**
Cape Verde	647	210	32.5
Egypt	1,964	1,228	62.5
Ethiopia	294	149	50.7
Ghana	392	182	46.4
Kenya	418	232	55.5
Morocco	366	163	44.5
Nigeria	570	131	23.0
South Africa	1,331	793	59.6
Tanzania	256	159	62.1
Uganda	200	108	54.0
Other Africa	1,275	579	45.4
Oceania	**2,927**	**581**	**19.8**
Australia	1,016	64	6.3
Fiji	551	226	41.0
New Zealand	449	68	15.1
Tonga	349	80	22.9
Western Samoa	369	109	29.5
Other Oceania	193	34	17.6
North America	**142,313**	**39,035**	**27.4**
Canada	9,000	1,000	11.1
Mexico	30,967	4,679	15.1
Caribbean	**89,885**	**28,785**	**32.0**
Anguilla	354	77	21.8
Antigua-Barbuda	614	249	40.6
Bahamas	238	47	19.7
Barbados	2,134	795	37.3
British Virgin Islands	367	49	13.4
Cuba	57,023	19,246	33.8
Dominica	392	156	39.8
Dominican Republic	8,955	1,757	19.6
Grenada	1,023	404	39.5
Haiti	4,268	1,465	34.3
Jamaica	7,896	2,829	35.8
St. Kitts-Nevis	699	259	37.1
St. Lucia	408	157	38.5
St. Vincent & the Grenadines	456	170	37.3
Trinidad & Tobago	4,516	992	22.0
Other Caribbean	542	133	24.5
Central America	**12,381**	**4,553**	**36.8**
Belize	660	210	31.8
Costa Rica	1,221	371	30.4
El Salvador	3,402	1,270	37.3
Guatemala	2,825	978	34.6
Honduras	1,228	512	41.7
Nicaragua	1,351	537	39.7
Panama	1,694	675	39.8
Other N. America	80	18	22.5
South America	**25,024**	**9,115**	**36.4**
Argentina	2,136	741	34.7
Bolivia	576	280	48.6
Brazil	1,128	218	19.3
Chile	2,047	780	38.1
Colombia	6,138	1,963	32.0
Ecuador	4,063	832	20.5
Guyana	4,115	2,165	52.6
Peru	3,158	1,496	47.4
Uruguay	947	425	44.9
Venezuela	485	125	25.8
Other S. America	231	90	39.0

[1] Ages 16 and over.
[2] Naturalizations through 1990 divided by the number of immigrants admitted.

VII. ENFORCEMENT

This section covers actions by the Immigration and Naturalization Service to prevent illegal entry into the United States and to stop illegal activity by aliens already in the United States. The three most important of these activities are apprehensions, removals, and exclusions.

Apprehensions

Apprehensions are arrests of aliens who are in violation of the Immigration and Nationality Act. Apprehensions of deportable aliens increased dramatically during the 1970s, reaching a total of 8.3 million for the decade. Apprehensions continued to increase during the 1980s, reaching a high of 1.8 million in fiscal year 1986. Following passage of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986, apprehensions declined sharply in 1987, returning to the levels of 1983-84. By 1989 the total fell below one million for the first time since 1982. Apprehensions increased sharply in 1990; however, the increase in 1991 was small (Chart T). Although the INS completes Form I-213 for each apprehended alien, most of the information is not entered into an automated database. In addition, INS statistics on apprehensions are for events, not individuals. For example, if an alien has been apprehended three times during the fiscal year, that individual will appear three times in the apprehension statistics.

Nearly 1.2 million aliens were apprehended in the U.S. during 1991.

In fiscal year 1987 the INS began collecting and reporting the nationality of each apprehended alien. The 1991 data include 162 nationalities. Aliens from Mexico dominated the statistics on apprehensions, accounting for 94.5 percent of the total. The next largest countries were El Salvador, Canada, Guatemala, the Dominican Republic, China, Honduras, Colombia, and Jamaica.

INS' current data systems cannot link an apprehension to its final disposition (removal, adjustment of status, etc.). Therefore, analysts should use caution when comparing apprehension and removal data. An apprehended alien who chooses to use the available appeals procedures will spend at least several months and perhaps several years in the process before a final disposition of the case. In other words, aliens apprehended in any given fiscal year are quite likely to be expelled (or adjusted to legal status) in some future fiscal year. An automated case tracking system will be required to link apprehensions with dispositions.

Removals

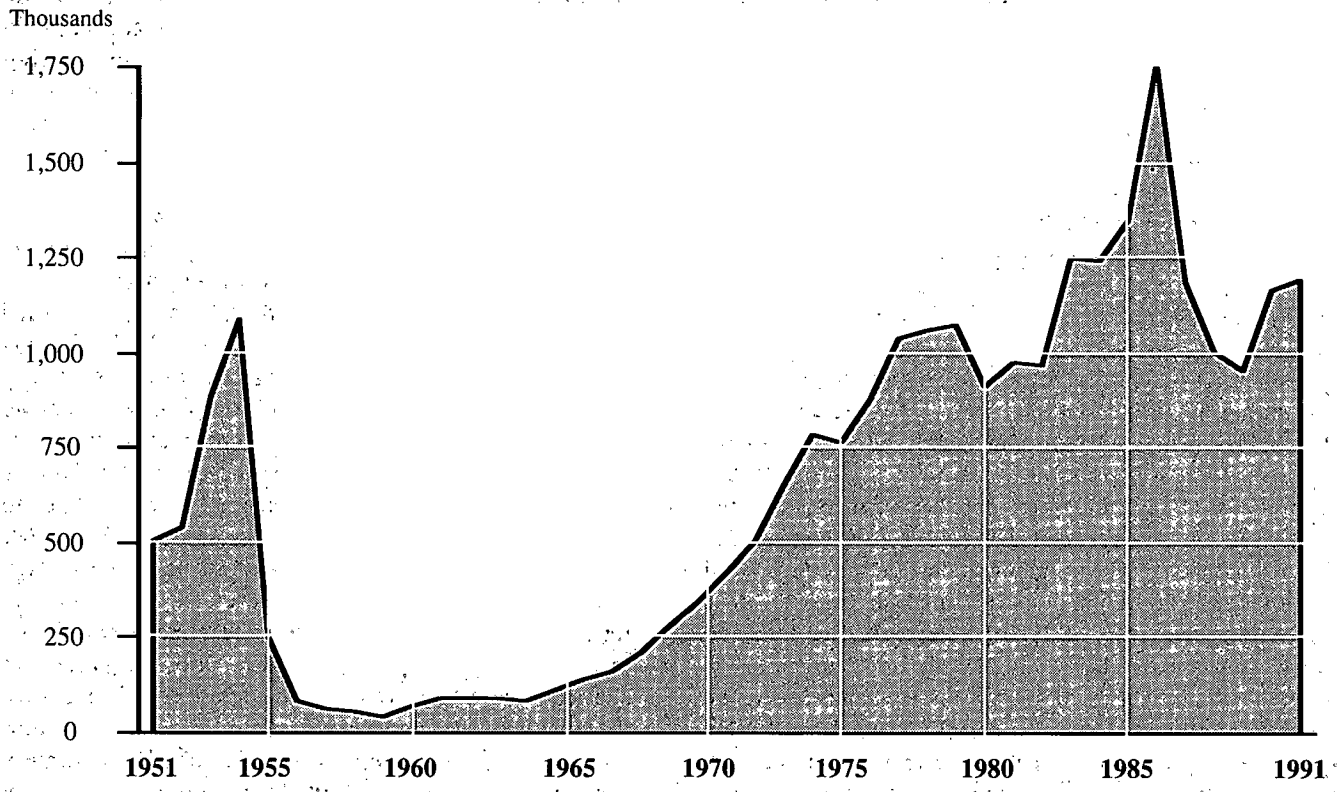
The INS has several options in removing an alien from the United States. The best known is deportation; however, most aliens are actually removed under a process called "voluntary departure with safeguards." Under this procedure an alien admits to illegal status and agrees to leave the United States. The alien further agrees to remain in custody until departure, which is observed by an officer of the INS. If the alien refuses the offer of voluntary departure, or if no such offer is made, the alien is entitled to a hearing and is placed under "docket control" (an INS office takes control of the processing of the case and a file is created on the alien). An officer documents the grounds for deportability and prepares a case that may eventually be argued before an immigration judge. During this process an alien may be offered voluntary departure and, if accepted, the expulsion is known as a "required departure under docket control". In some cases the offer of voluntary departure will not or cannot be made; those cases may result in deportation. Other possible outcomes include adjustment to a legal status, a stay of deportation, or an alien who absconds. A deported alien may not be admitted to the United States for a period of five years after deportation unless the Attorney General grants a waiver of the prohibition. An apprehended alien who accepts the offer of voluntary departure and pays the expense of departing can be legally admitted in the future without penalty. Many of the tables in this *Statistical Yearbook* treat deportations and required departures separately. Since both are removals, this description will treat them together.

Removals under docket control
(fiscal year, actual)

1984	55,704
1985	60,721
1986	48,304
1987	37,150
1988	33,389
1989	42,538
1990	36,438
1991	32,870

The INS enumerates the third, and largest, category of expulsions, voluntary departure under safeguard, for workload management purposes. Little information is available for this group. About 99 percent of these removals are of Mexican nationals who are returned across the southern border soon after their apprehension.

Chart T
Aliens Apprehended: Fiscal Years 1951-91



Source: Table 55. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

The removal figures shown above would be much higher if statistics on all voluntary departures were included. For example, in 1991 voluntary departures under safeguard numbered just under 1 million.

In 1991 the INS expelled aliens from 126 countries; 19 had more than 100 expulsions each. Mexican nationals accounted for 64.8 percent of all expulsions under docket control. The top 10 nationalities accounted for 89.2 percent of all removals.

Country	Number removed	Percent of total
All countries	32,870	100.0
Mexico	21,300	64.8
El Salvador	1,805	5.5
Honduras	1,356	4.1
Guatemala	1,311	4.0
Colombia	958	2.9
Dominican Republic	878	2.7
Jamaica	663	2.0
Nicaragua	484	1.5
Canada	318	1.0
United Kingdom	231	.7

In 1986 the INS removed 1,003 aliens for criminal violations and 960 for narcotics violations. The two types of violations thus accounted for 4.1 percent of all expulsions. Most of the rest of the expelled aliens were charged with illegal entry or with violating the conditions of their alien status. The passage of the Immigration Reform and Control Act in 1986 helped the INS focus on the removal of those aliens determined to be the greatest threat to society. The proportion of aliens removed who were charged with crimes or narcotics activity increased to 12 percent in 1987 and to almost 40 percent in 1991.

Fiscal year	Criminal charges	Narcotics charges	Criminal and narcotics as percent of total
1986	1,003	960	4.1
1987	1,665	2,825	12.1
1988	1,723	4,255	17.9
1989	1,864	5,708	17.8
1990	2,026	6,858	24.4
1991	2,803	10,300	39.9

Since 1986 the INS has devoted an increasing proportion of resources to drug interdiction at the border and to interagency cooperative task forces designed to eliminate trafficking in illegal drugs within the United States. The INS has improved its cooperation with other law enforcement agencies to ensure that aliens convicted of crimes and incarcerated are brought into deportation proceedings at the end of their prison sentence.

The data on removals under docket control reported in this and other *Statistical Yearbooks* should be used cautiously. One problem is the time lag in reporting expulsions. This time lag is different for deportations and required departures. Slightly more than 97 percent of the deportations reported in fiscal year 1991 actually occurred in that fiscal year; 2.1 percent were in fiscal year 1990 and the rest occurred earlier. Only 58 percent of the required departures reported in fiscal year 1991 actually took place in fiscal year 1991; 27 percent occurred in fiscal year 1990, 8 percent in fiscal year 1989, and the rest earlier. The reporting lag results primarily from a delay in receiving verification that an alien has left the country. The data in this *Yearbook* have been adjusted to reflect the actual year of removal. The data for each fiscal year require updating and cannot be considered complete for at least four years. For example, the removals reported during fiscal year 1991 that occurred in 1990 increased the number for fiscal year 1990 by a little more than 8 percent.

Another area of caution involves the types of data on removals that the INS collects. The INS originally designed these data sets for administrative use, hence their analytical value for other purposes is limited. The reason for removal (Tables 60 and 64) reflects only the final charge upheld against an alien. The INS pursues (or accepts) lesser charges when it is in the government's interest to do so. Large numbers of aliens are charged with illegal entry or violation of nonimmigrant status, but some of those cases initially carried more serious charges (e.g., criminal or narcotics charges).

Finally, the destination and nationality of an expelled alien need not match. The inconsistency rate in fiscal year 1991 is 3 percent for deportations and 14 percent for required departures.

Exclusions

The Immigration and Naturalization Service has the initial responsibility for determining who may be admitted to the United States. The *Statistical Yearbook* includes detailed statistics for only those aliens who are denied entry after a formal exclusion hearing before an immigration judge. However, the overwhelming number of aliens who fail to gain admission are those who withdraw their application during the inspection process after the INS presents evidence that they are inadmissible to the United States. Large numbers of aliens withdraw during primary inspection and even larger numbers withdraw during secondary inspection.

In fiscal year 1991, 287,326 aliens withdrew during the primary inspection process. Another 605,537 aliens withdrew during secondary inspection. Only 22,792 aliens continued their cases before an immigration judge. The United States formally excluded 3,141 aliens (some of these aliens had hearings that began in a previous fiscal year).

The INS has detailed data for only those aliens who are formally excluded. These data are limited, with only country of birth and cause of exclusion being of general interest. Four countries account for nearly 64 percent of the 3,141 exclusions: Mexico (1,021), The Dominican Republic (390), Haiti (359), and Canada (231).

TABLE 55. ALIENS APPREHENDED, DEPORTED, AND REQUIRED TO DEPART
FISCAL YEARS 1892-1991

Year	Apprehended[1]	Aliens expelled		
		Total	Deported	Required to depart[2]
1892-1991	**28,263,157**	**26,177,053**	**1,060,194**	**25,116,859**
1892-1900	NA	3,127	3,127	NA
1901-10	NA	11,558	11,558	NA
1911-20	NA	27,912	27,912	NA
1921-30	128,484	164,390	92,157	72,233
1931-40	147,457	210,416	117,086	93,330
1941-50	1,377,210	1,581,774	110,849	1,470,925
1951-60	**3,598,949**	**4,013,547**	**129,887**	**3,883,660**
1951	509,040	686,713	13,544	673,169
1952	543,535	723,959	20,181	703,778
1953	885,587	905,236	19,845	885,391
1954	1,089,583	1,101,228	26,951	1,074,277
1955	254,096	247,797	15,028	232,769
1956	87,696	88,188	7,297	80,891
1957	59,918	68,461	5,082	63,379
1958	53,474	67,742	7,142	60,600
1959	45,336	64,598	7,988	56,610
1960	70,684	59,625	6,829	52,796
1961-70	**1,608,356**	**1,430,902**	**96,374**	**1,334,528**
1961	88,823	59,821	7,438	52,383
1962	92,758	61,801	7,637	54,164
1963	88,712	76,846	7,454	69,392
1964	86,597	81,788	8,746	73,042
1965	110,371	105,406	10,143	95,263
1966	138,520	132,851	9,168	123,683
1967	161,608	151,603	9,260	142,343
1968	212,057	189,082	9,130	179,952
1969	283,557	251,463	10,505	240,958
1970	345,353	320,241	16,893	303,348
1971-80	**8,321,498**	**7,478,574**	**231,762**	**7,246,812**
1971	420,126	387,713	17,639	370,074
1972	505,949	467,193	16,266	450,927
1973	655,968	584,847	16,842	568,005
1974	788,145	737,564	18,824	718,740
1975	766,600	679,252	23,438	655,814
1976	875,915	793,092	27,998	765,094
1976 TQ	221,824	199,207	8,927	190,280
1977	1,042,215	897,243	30,228	867,015
1978	1,057,977	1,003,886	28,371	975,515
1979	1,076,418	992,025	25,888	966,137
1980	910,361	736,552	17,341	719,211
1981-90	**11,883,328**	**10,163,472**	**211,422**	**9,952,050**
1981	975,780	840,586	16,720	823,866
1982	970,246	827,073	14,518	812,555
1983	1,251,357	946,310	18,227	928,083
1984	1,246,981	927,349	17,587	909,762
1985	1,348,749	1,062,406	21,308	1,041,098
1986	1,767,400	1,608,047	22,146	1,585,901
1987	1,190,488	1,112,839	22,129	1,090,710
1988	1,008,145	934,010	22,872	911,138
1989	954,243	859,653	30,087	829,566
1990	1,169,939	1,045,199	25,828	1,019,371
1991	**1,197,875**	**1,091,381**	**28,060**	**1,063,321**

[1] Aliens apprehended were first recorded in 1925. Prior to 1960, data represent total aliens actually apprehended. Since 1960, figures are for total deportable aliens located, including nonwillful crewman violators.

[2] Aliens required to depart were first recorded in 1927.

NOTE: NA Not available. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

TABLE 56. DEPORTABLE ALIENS LOCATED BY STATUS AT ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF NATIONALITY FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of nationality	All located	Visitor	Crewman	Student	Temporary worker		Immigrant	Stowaway	TWOV[1]	Entry without inspection	Other
					Agriculture	Other					
All countries	**1,197,875**	**18,246**	**3,030**	**1,342**	**317**	**292**	**8,872**	**341**	**60**	**1,161,495**	**3,880**
Europe	**3,960**	**2,064**	**230**	**55**	**2**	**36**	**486**	**7**	**3**	**754**	**323**
France	152	93	9	8	–	4	11	–	–	19	8
Germany	349	182	2	7	–	1	83	–	–	44	30
Ireland	157	106	–	2	–	1	9	–	–	32	7
Italy	161	74	1	2	–	–	40	2	–	28	14
Poland	870	541	41	4	–	5	42	–	–	210	27
Portugal	189	47	53	1	–	–	71	–	–	14	3
United Kingdom	809	469	48	15	1	11	107	–	2	86	70
Yugoslavia	228	83	22	2	–	1	23	–	1	77	19
Other Europe	1,045	469	54	14	1	13	100	5	–	244	145
Asia	**12,437**	**3,202**	**1,801**	**668**	**11**	**170**	**890**	**10**	**27**	**5,047**	**611**
China, Mainland	5,764	1,087	46	120	2	28	47	4	23	4,206	201
India	566	165	52	25	–	4	37	–	1	233	49
Iran	350	128	4	84	2	1	39	2	–	78	12
Israel	242	152	1	8	–	–	21	–	–	51	9
Japan	1,148	115	964	36	–	4	11	–	1	6	11
Jordan	332	162	3	98	1	–	48	1	–	8	11
Korea	474	83	140	25	1	45	120	1	–	34	25
Lebanon	310	191	–	60	1	1	26	–	–	17	14
Pakistan	385	176	23	24	–	1	37	1	–	106	17
Philippines	1,217	395	346	20	3	70	280	–	2	26	75
Vietnam	189	15	–	1	–	–	80	–	–	18	75
Other Asia	1,460	533	222	167	1	16	144	1	–	264	112
Africa	**1,873**	**1,000**	**34**	**375**	**9**	**11**	**109**	**16**	**6**	**178**	**135**
Liberia	237	204	–	13	–	1	4	5	–	3	7
Nigeria	701	333	3	192	4	1	46	2	2	84	34
Other Africa	935	463	31	170	5	9	59	9	4	91	94
Oceania	**290**	**199**	**5**	**19**	**–**	**–**	**27**	**–**	**–**	**31**	**9**
North America	**1,174,073**	**10,320**	**734**	**160**	**290**	**62**	**6,669**	**219**	**17**	**1,153,003**	**2,599**
Belize	276	48	2	5	–	–	34	–	–	171	16
Canada	7,257	2,350	5	12	10	4	111	–	–	4,635	130
Costa Rica	298	81	20	10	–	–	19	1	2	153	12
Cuba	1,102	13	2	3	1	–	307	6	–	239	531
Dominican Republic	6,569	266	90	6	2	7	897	79	5	5,129	88
El Salvador	10,924	109	7	6	–	1	96	1	–	10,687	17
Guatemala	6,676	155	13	3	1	1	69	11	–	6,391	32
Haiti	645	126	178	4	2	–	110	10	1	181	33
Honduras	4,425	178	177	8	1	–	64	6	–	3,960	31
Jamaica	2,047	425	106	17	154	18	874	51	2	260	140
Mexico	1,131,510	5,898	26	57	103	28	3,745	39	1	1,120,099	1,514
Nicaragua	1,094	95	53	3	–	–	33	–	1	899	10
Panama	242	81	6	4	1	–	68	11	2	59	10
Trinidad & Tobago	507	254	13	13	2	1	145	1	1	64	13
Other North America	501	241	36	9	13	2	97	3	2	76	22
South America	**5,232**	**1,459**	**226**	**63**	**5**	**13**	**690**	**89**	**7**	**2,477**	**203**
Argentina	194	83	7	4	–	–	18	–	–	70	12
Brazil	521	288	29	9	1	4	17	1	1	150	21
Colombia	2,289	537	106	10	–	2	307	65	–	1,171	91
Ecuador	656	90	17	7	–	1	58	7	3	458	15
Guyana	354	40	18	2	–	3	199	7	–	66	19
Peru	605	146	33	5	2	–	46	6	1	343	23
Venezuela	253	131	4	16	1	2	12	2	–	77	8
Other South America	360	144	12	10	1	1	33	1	2	142	14
Other	10	2	–	2	–	–	1	–	–	5	–

[1] TWOV represents transit without visa. See Glossary for definition.

– Represents zero.

TABLE 57. ALIENS EXCLUDED BY CAUSE
FISCAL YEARS 1892-1991

Year	Total	Subversive or anarchist	Criminal and violation of narcotic laws	Immoral	Mental or physical defect	Likely to become public charge	Stowaway	Attempted entry without inspection or without proper documents	Contract laborer	Unable to read (over 16 years of age)	Other
1892-1991	**652,902**	**1,425**	**17,849**	**8,264**	**82,831**	**219,438**	**16,428**	**206,770**	**41,941**	**13,679**	**44,277**
1892-1900	22,515	-	65	89	1,309	15,070	-	-	5,792	-	190
1901-10	108,211	10	1,681	1,277	24,425	63,311	-	-	12,991	-	4,516
1911-20	178,109	27	4,353	4,824	42,129	90,045	1,904	-	15,417	5,083	14,327
1921-30	189,307	9	2,082	1,281	11,044	37,175	8,447	94,084	6,274	8,202	20,709
1931-40	68,217	5	1,261	253	1,530	12,519	2,126	47,858	1,235	258	1,172
1941-50	30,263	60	1,134	80	1,021	1,072	3,182	22,441	219	108	946
1951-60	**20,585**	**1,098**	**1,791**	**361**	**956**	**149**	**376**	**14,657**	**13**	**26**	**1,158**
1951	3,784	29	337	15	337	78	121	2,783	1	3	80
1952	2,944	9	285	10	67	11	74	2,378	5	3	102
1953	3,637	48	266	27	130	15	47	2,937	3	-	164
1954	3,313	111	299	65	127	16	2	2,432	-	3	258
1955	2,667	89	216	124	113	9	15	1,832	-	4	265
1956	1,709	117	174	64	87	14	10	1,079	-	5	159
1957	907	302	103	30	40	2	14	348	3	7	58
1958	733	255	59	18	21	1	35	299	1	1	43
1959	480	102	27	7	18	1	34	276	-	-	15
1960	411	36	25	1	16	2	24	293	-	-	14
1961-70	**4,831**	**128**	**383**	**24**	**145**	**27**	**175**	**3,706**	**-**	**2**	**241**
1961	743	21	29	3	7	1	29	634	-	-	19
1962	388	13	34	2	23	1	17	280	-	2	16
1963	309	11	23	2	22	4	19	216	-	-	12
1964	421	16	20	4	18	-	10	343	-	-	10
1965	429	12	20	4	19	2	17	333	-	-	22
1966	512	10	31	2	21	1	16	415	-	-	16
1967	468	13	64	3	10	-	13	322	-	-	43
1968	460	7	58	1	13	6	17	323	-	-	35
1969	525	14	65	1	8	6	15	393	-	-	23
1970	576	11	39	2	4	6	22	447	-	-	45
1971-80	**8,455**	**32**	**837**	**20**	**31**	**31**	**30**	**7,237**	**-**	**-**	**237**
1971	655	11	49	1	11	2	21	536	-	-	24
1972	617	8	60	5	5	3	4	511	-	-	21
1973	504	2	58	1	5	6	-	415	-	-	17
1974	589	4	93	-	2	3	-	451	-	-	36
1975	994	-	91	3	4	5	1	854	-	-	36
1976	1,228	-	75	1	1	7	-	1,122	-	-	22
1976 TQ	318	-	23	-	-	-	-	288	-	-	7
1977	1,035	-	146	2	3	2	1	865	-	-	16
1978	906	1	81	3	-	1	-	798	-	-	22
1979	937	4	95	1	-	2	2	817	-	-	16
1980	672	2	66	3	-	-	1	580	-	-	20
1981-90	**19,268**	**52**	**3,569**	**51**	**239**	**39**	**136**	**14,601**	**-**	**-**	**581**
1981	659	5	152	4	1	-	-	486	-	-	11
1982	698	4	183	10	-	13	2	478	-	-	8
1983	979	1	205	8	-	6	2	728	-	-	29
1984	1,089	-	160	2	2	3	3	870	-	-	49
1985	1,737	6	295	3	7	8	28	1,343	-	-	47
1986	2,239	11	266	3	42	1	11	1,871	-	-	34
1987	1,915	9	419	2	55	3	6	1,352	-	-	69
1988	2,658	1	474	8	71	2	9	2,017	-	-	76
1989	3,756	8	689	4	40	1	23	2,863	-	-	128
1990	3,538	7	726	7	21	2	52	2,593	-	-	130
1991	**3,141**	**4**	**693**	**4**	**2**	**-**	**52**	**2,186**	**-**	**-**	**200**

- Represents zero.

NOTE: From 1941-53, figures represent all exclusions at sea and air ports and exclusions of aliens seeking entry for 30 days or longer at land ports. After 1953, includes aliens excluded after formal hearings. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

TABLE 58. ALIENS EXCLUDED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH FISCAL YEARS 1986-91

Region and country of birth	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
All countries	**2,239**	**1,915**	**2,658**	**3,756**	**3,538**	**3,141**
Europe	**79**	**74**	**103**	**140**	**138**	**94**
Bulgaria	–	–	–	1	2	5
Germany	6	6	15	11	16	6
Ireland	2	2	7	8	17	5
Italy	6	6	10	15	12	6
Netherlands	3	2	2	7	6	7
Portugal	6	5	20	15	11	12
United Kingdom	21	20	12	35	21	27
Other Europe	35	33	37	48	53	26
Asia	**372**	**303**	**494**	**704**	**489**	**256**
Bangladesh	14	52	64	106	49	25
China, Mainland	43	23	26	46	13	22
India	51	27	65	111	76	34
Iran	18	18	12	13	13	12
Israel	5	4	4	6	8	6
Japan	17	13	26	39	41	18
Korea	16	5	9	7	18	8
Lebanon	12	5	21	14	17	11
Pakistan	51	55	114	178	122	49
Philippines	71	65	85	83	50	25
Sri Lanka	15	5	15	27	33	16
Taiwan	10	2	6	5	6	9
Turkey	1	–	3	2	1	6
Other Asia	48	29	44	67	42	15
Africa	**150**	**141**	**119**	**138**	**135**	**86**
Ghana	27	26	31	55	46	29
Niger	27	20	18	30	25	16
Nigeria	59	49	29	24	23	16
Other Africa	37	46	41	29	41	25
Oceania	**9**	**12**	**15**	**11**	**11**	**18**
Australia	3	4	6	3	1	6
Other Oceania	6	8	9	8	10	12
North America	**1,392**	**1,145**	**1,636**	**2,478**	**2,387**	**2,321**
Canada	71	66	137	388	385	231
Mexico	180	416	476	593	631	1,021
Caribbean	**1,068**	**617**	**949**	**1,390**	**1,235**	**938**
Bahamas, The	6	8	8	12	6	8
Cuba	26	9	12	88	67	39
Dominica	49	15	8	22	17	20
Dominican Republic	375	149	281	382	338	390
Haiti	501	323	430	704	612	359
Jamaica	91	103	189	143	146	94
Trinidad & Tobago	4	5	6	12	18	20
Other Caribbean	16	5	15	27	31	8
Central America	**73**	**46**	**68**	**106**	**136**	**131**
Belize	5	8	4	11	7	8
El Salvador	26	18	24	29	49	42
Guatemala	5	2	8	13	20	34
Honduras	14	8	11	32	22	33
Panama	10	5	15	14	17	6
Other Central America	13	5	6	7	21	8
Other North America	–	–	6	1	–	–
South America	**229**	**238**	**277**	**277**	**359**	**350**
Argentina	3	2	5	5	6	11
Bolivia	3	10	10	4	6	8
Brazil	8	10	27	28	95	80
Chile	6	3	4	5	13	11
Colombia	162	190	192	156	115	128
Ecuador	18	9	15	24	35	52
Guyana	17	6	5	32	54	32
Peru	4	4	11	12	20	19
Other South America	8	4	8	11	15	9
Unknown or not reported	8	2	14	8	19	16

– Represents zero.

TABLE 59. ALIENS UNDER DOCKET CONTROL REQUIRED TO DEPART BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF NATIONALITY FISCAL YEARS 1983-91

Region and country of nationality	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
All countries	**43,851**	**38,117**	**39,413**	**26,158**	**15,021**	**10,517**	**12,451**	**10,610**	**4,810**
Europe	**3,584**	**2,645**	**2,424**	**1,683**	**974**	**765**	**943**	**772**	**483**
France	195	151	133	86	72	56	152	67	35
Germany	206	156	126	120	66	68	89	55	29
Hungary	87	45	30	17	7	7	8	13	20
Ireland	106	61	77	47	39	41	57	65	29
Italy	228	164	174	132	58	46	51	31	15
Poland	394	353	276	232	171	117	112	188	164
United Kingdom	1,034	818	761	478	216	176	191	166	86
Yugoslavia	85	77	106	102	80	80	59	44	22
Other Europe	1,249	820	741	469	265	174	224	143	83
Asia	**5,205**	**4,091**	**3,950**	**2,796**	**1,789**	**1,235**	**2,029**	**1,132**	**490**
China, Mainland	652	505	554	303	152	92	105	37	19
India	584	456	503	320	190	127	116	57	21
Iran	396	323	306	292	211	76	139	61	38
Israel	189	133	144	109	70	60	90	52	30
Japan	427	375	377	203	164	157	247	226	88
Korea	418	325	290	187	89	72	115	97	45
Lebanon	148	102	78	74	49	62	268	77	26
Malaysia	45	61	30	31	13	20	28	26	18
Pakistan	300	313	308	154	85	63	88	35	15
Philippines	854	628	589	545	377	241	313	216	90
Sri Lanka	46	41	31	38	59	34	176	54	20
Taiwan	237	172	158	148	85	68	75	26	15
Other Asia	909	657	582	392	245	163	269	168	65
Africa	**1,119**	**852**	**803**	**526**	**364**	**230**	**598**	**312**	**111**
Somalia	7	10	5	6	26	26	299	97	30
Other Africa	1,112	842	798	520	358	204	299	215	81
Oceania	**332**	**258**	**206**	**211**	**124**	**83**	**104**	**78**	**42**
Australia	86	48	44	38	37	29	28	24	15
Other Oceania	246	210	162	173	87	54	76	54	27
North America	**28,178**	**25,576**	**26,875**	**17,837**	**10,024**	**7,405**	**7,850**	**7,624**	**3,396**
Canada	948	597	492	349	187	166	185	115	74
Mexico	17,555	16,228	14,741	9,883	4,830	4,119	4,318	4,751	1,919
Caribbean	**5,223**	**4,759**	**6,913**	**3,301**	**963**	**477**	**451**	**399**	**338**
Dominican Republic	1,419	1,532	2,103	985	283	225	178	222	190
Jamaica	1,223	1,249	1,289	596	232	101	129	96	70
Trinidad & Tobago	359	294	334	134	71	20	29	18	24
Other Caribbean	2,222	1,684	3,187	1,586	377	131	115	63	54
Central America	**4,452**	**3,992**	**4,729**	**4,304**	**4,044**	**2,643**	**2,896**	**2,359**	**1,065**
Belize	37	90	112	56	38	25	21	38	16
Costa Rica	280	172	148	88	45	27	32	18	23
El Salvador	2,072	1,975	2,434	2,402	2,492	1,479	1,304	930	354
Guatemala	1,052	913	1,126	1,032	942	778	972	791	274
Honduras	521	491	551	436	284	200	340	293	120
Nicaragua	331	219	234	231	213	122	195	262	266
Other Central America	159	132	124	59	30	12	32	27	12
South America	**5,360**	**4,619**	**5,134**	**3,092**	**1,682**	**754**	**785**	**538**	**214**
Argentina	220	155	184	103	44	26	29	25	16
Brazil	233	193	196	118	98	55	105	107	38
Colombia	2,203	2,158	2,481	1,529	786	334	267	193	70
Ecuador	711	605	693	372	183	79	70	40	16
Peru	599	556	454	359	267	136	157	68	27
Other South America	1,394	952	1,126	611	304	124	157	105	47
Stateless or not reported	73	76	21	13	44	45	142	154	74

TABLE 60. ALIENS UNDER DOCKET CONTROL REQUIRED TO DEPART BY CAUSE AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF NATIONALITY FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of nationality	Total	Criminal	Violation of narcotic laws	Previously excluded or deported	Entered without proper documents	Failed to maintain or comply with conditions of nonimmigrant status	Entered without inspection or by false statements	Miscellaneous	Not reported
All countries	**4,810**	**31**	**141**	**15**	**77**	**1,352**	**3,095**	**20**	**79**
Europe	**483**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**1**	**384**	**85**	**4**	**3**
France	35	-	-	-	-	30	5	-	-
Germany	29	-	-	-	-	21	5	2	1
Hungary	20	-	-	-	-	17	3	-	-
Ireland	29	-	-	-	-	26	3	-	-
Italy	15	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	1
Poland	164	1	-	1	-	141	21	-	-
United Kingdom	86	-	1	-	-	63	19	2	1
Yugoslavia	22	-	1	1	-	9	11	-	-
Other Europe	83	1	-	-	1	63	18	-	-
Asia	**490**	**2**	**-**	**-**	**9**	**355**	**112**	**3**	**9**
China, Mainland	19	-	-	-	1	13	5	-	-
India	21	-	-	-	1	11	8	-	1
Iran	38	1	-	-	-	28	8	-	1
Israel	30	-	-	-	1	22	5	-	2
Japan	88	-	-	-	1	57	29	-	1
Korea	45	-	-	-	-	42	3	-	-
Lebanon	26	-	-	-	-	22	4	-	-
Malaysia	18	1	-	-	-	12	5	-	-
Pakistan	15	-	-	-	-	4	10	1	-
Philippines	90	-	-	-	4	70	12	1	3
Sri Lanka	20	-	-	-	1	9	10	-	-
Taiwan	15	-	-	-	-	13	2	-	-
Other Asia	65	-	-	-	-	52	11	1	1
Africa	**111**	**-**	**2**	**-**	**5**	**64**	**38**	**1**	**1**
Somalia	30	-	-	-	4	11	15	-	-
Other Africa	81	-	2	-	1	53	23	1	1
Oceania	**42**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**35**	**6**	**-**	**1**
Australia	15	-	-	-	-	10	4	-	1
Other Oceania	27	-	-	-	-	25	2	-	-
North America	**3,396**	**24**	**128**	**13**	**56**	**406**	**2,713**	**7**	**49**
Canada	74	7	4	1	4	39	14	2	3
Mexico	1,919	15	80	12	44	165	1,581	4	18
Caribbean	**338**	**-**	**40**	**-**	**4**	**97**	**184**	**-**	**13**
Dominican Republic	190	-	23	-	-	6	157	-	4
Jamaica	70	-	14	-	3	41	9	-	3
Trinidad & Tobago	24	-	2	-	1	18	3	-	-
Other Caribbean	54	-	1	-	-	32	15	-	6
Central America	**1,065**	**2**	**4**	**-**	**4**	**105**	**934**	**1**	**15**
Belize	16	-	1	-	-	5	8	-	2
Costa Rica	23	-	-	-	-	11	12	-	-
El Salvador	354	1	1	-	-	14	333	-	5
Guatemala	274	-	2	-	1	26	242	-	3
Honduras	120	-	-	-	1	21	94	1	3
Nicaragua	266	-	-	-	1	20	243	-	2
Other Central America	12	1	-	-	1	8	2	-	-
South America	**214**	**3**	**9**	**-**	**4**	**86**	**106**	**4**	**2**
Argentina	16	-	-	-	1	8	7	-	-
Brazil	38	1	-	-	1	24	10	1	1
Colombia	70	-	7	-	1	22	38	2	-
Ecuador	16	-	-	-	-	3	13	-	-
Peru	27	-	-	-	-	8	19	-	-
Other South America	47	2	2	-	1	21	19	1	1
Stateless or not reported	74	-	-	-	2	22	35	1	14

- Represents zero.

NOTE: The category for mental or physical defects is not included as in previous *Yearbooks* since there were no required departures in this category in fiscal year 1989, 1990, or 1991.

TABLE 61. ALIENS DEPORTED BY CAUSE
FISCAL YEARS 1908-91

Year	Total	Subversive or anarchist	Criminal	Immoral	Violation of narcotic laws	Mental or physical defect	Previously excluded or deported	Failed to maintain or comply with conditions of nonimmigrant status	Entered without proper documents	Entered without inspection or by false statements	Public charge	Unable to read (over 16 years of age)	Marriage Fraud	Other
1908-91	**1,052,397**	**1,566**	**61,591**	**16,689**	**40,243**	**27,329**	**44,376**	**141,270**	**159,023**	**503,831**	**22,568**	**16,762**	**15**	**17,134**
1908-10	6,888	–	236	784	–	3,228	–	–	–	1,106	474	–	–	1,060
1911-20	27,912	353	1,209	4,324	–	6,364	178	–	–	4,128	9,086	704	–	1,566
1921-30	92,157	642	8,383	4,238	374	8,936	1,842	5,556	31,704	5,265	10,703	5,977	–	8,537
1931-40	117,086	253	16,597	4,838	1,108	6,301	9,729	14,669	45,480	5,159	1,886	8,329	–	2,737
1941-50	110,849	17	8,945	759	822	1,560	17,642	13,906	14,288	50,209	143	1,746	–	812
1951-60	129,887	230	6,742	1,175	947	642	4,002	25,260	35,090	54,457	225	5	–	1,112
1961-70	**96,374**	**15**	**3,694**	**397**	**1,462**	**236**	**3,601**	**31,334**	**11,831**	**43,561**	**8**	**–**	**–**	**235**
1961	7,438	4	498	73	106	54	357	3,020	400	2,916	2	–	–	8
1962	7,637	2	493	58	131	53	353	2,967	378	3,185	–	–	–	17
1963	7,454	4	452	61	158	29	368	2,302	417	3,642	1	–	–	20
1964	8,746	–	417	40	146	22	373	2,473	688	4,580	–	–	–	7
1965	10,143	–	385	53	143	23	355	3,241	1,036	4,881	2	–	–	24
1966	9,168	1	323	30	130	13	336	3,668	984	3,615	–	–	–	68
1967	9,260	–	320	29	154	14	360	3,126	1,272	3,947	2	–	–	36
1968	9,130	–	266	21	137	8	345	3,200	1,356	3,777	1	–	–	19
1969	10,505	3	272	14	155	12	361	2,901	1,789	4,983	–	–	–	15
1970	16,893	1	268	18	202	8	393	4,436	3,511	8,035	–	–	–	21
1971-80	**231,762**	**18**	**2,524**	**67**	**3,626**	**38**	**4,028**	**33,740**	**16,503**	**171,004**	**31**	**1**	**–**	**182**
1971	17,639	2	286	9	232	7	476	4,140	2,979	9,483	4	–	–	21
1972	16,266	2	266	7	307	3	487	3,966	2,710	8,486	6	–	–	26
1973	16,842	7	226	7	395	7	594	3,989	2,247	9,342	4	–	–	24
1974	18,824	3	191	7	396	7	440	3,839	2,086	11,839	2	–	–	14
1975	23,438	–	225	4	583	6	526	3,649	1,896	16,529	1	–	–	19
1976	27,998	1	272	8	464	2	481	3,782	1,185	21,777	1	1	–	24
1976 TQ	8,927	–	83	2	110	–	141	1,007	271	7,304	3	–	–	6
1977	30,228	3	285	6	372	3	315	3,150	1,066	25,012	1	–	–	15
1978	28,371	–	220	4	314	1	236	2,543	871	24,165	5	–	–	12
1979	25,888	–	264	9	265	2	202	1,901	707	22,525	3	–	–	10
1980	17,341	–	206	4	188	–	130	1,774	485	14,542	1	–	–	11
1981-90	**211,422**	**36**	**10,489**	**94**	**21,745**	**22**	**2,682**	**15,817**	**3,894**	**155,931**	**12**	**–**	**–**	**700**
1981	16,720	1	200	4	161	1	122	1,959	474	13,781	2	–	–	15
1982	14,518	4	285	4	188	5	95	1,796	418	11,701	–	–	–	22
1983	18,227	1	617	7	336	2	128	1,957	495	14,471	1	–	–	212
1984	17,587	4	558	7	492	2	126	1,699	381	14,268	1	–	–	49
1985	21,308	4	868	5	823	3	154	1,913	460	17,061	2	–	–	15
1986	22,146	5	957	8	892	2	215	1,852	329	17,805	3	–	–	78
1987	22,129	8	1,619	5	2,714	–	340	1,259	348	15,814	1	–	–	21
1988	22,872	3	1,640	35	4,072	3	407	978	362	15,316	1	–	–	55
1989	30,087	4	1,807	12	5,501	4	554	1,213	319	20,577	1	–	–	95
1990	25,828	2	1,938	7	6,566	–	541	1,191	308	15,137	–	–	–	138
1991	**28,060**	**2**	**2,772**	**13**	**10,159**	**2**	**672**	**988**	**233**	**13,011**	**–**	**–**	**15**	**193**

– Represents zero.
NOTE: Deportation statistics by cause were not available prior to fiscal year 1908. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

TABLE 62. ALIENS DEPORTED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF NATIONALITY FISCAL YEARS 1983-91

Region and country of nationality	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
All countries	**18,227**	**17,587**	**21,308**	**22,146**	**22,129**	**22,872**	**30,087**	**25,828**	**28,060**
Europe	**420**	**353**	**329**	**373**	**333**	**275**	**378**	**399**	**409**
France	26	27	20	30	29	22	29	30	24
Germany	42	35	41	38	39	34	41	36	27
Italy	22	12	9	12	16	7	17	20	26
Poland	11	4	8	12	12	13	25	37	66
Portugal	8	11	8	32	17	6	21	15	24
United Kingdom	188	157	119	120	105	96	125	139	145
Yugoslavia	7	16	20	20	22	22	23	24	27
Other Europe	116	91	104	109	93	75	97	98	70
Asia	**621**	**504**	**523**	**616**	**387**	**379**	**416**	**527**	**414**
India	50	57	46	68	38	30	21	50	24
Israel	26	16	16	21	26	17	27	29	30
Japan	23	31	33	29	18	16	28	87	92
Korea	32	44	40	29	15	35	37	19	18
Lebanon	22	20	17	22	21	22	18	27	18
Pakistan	70	47	35	64	42	34	39	39	30
Philippines	116	74	110	121	78	77	101	96	76
Thailand	24	21	17	18	15	19	17	16	17
Turkey	30	11	14	13	16	6	9	20	18
Other Asia	228	183	195	231	118	123	119	144	91
Africa	**316**	**329**	**400**	**358**	**342**	**269**	**334**	**320**	**257**
Niger	5	5	19	17	35	47	83	96	56
Nigeria	146	182	218	224	214	140	149	133	121
Other Africa	165	142	163	117	93	82	102	91	80
Oceania	**50**	**67**	**79**	**63**	**45**	**27**	**33**	**31**	**34**
North America	**15,877**	**15,252**	**18,622**	**18,979**	**19,598**	**20,657**	**27,395**	**23,054**	**25,414**
Canada	333	271	292	242	227	243	258	246	244
Mexico	10,119	10,188	11,674	10,969	13,019	12,894	14,911	14,658	19,381
Caribbean	**448**	**621**	**575**	**648**	**719**	**1,143**	**1,512**	**2,112**	**1,656**
Bahamas, The	16	9	15	26	20	39	36	40	37
Barbados	9	10	15	6	4	4	17	17	19
Dominica	7	10	5	10	12	14	52	60	28
Dominican Republic	189	318	190	195	275	537	603	932	688
Haiti	23	39	62	145	98	150	133	210	162
Jamaica	148	152	219	216	252	326	561	735	593
Trinidad & Tobago	28	43	30	29	35	44	65	75	76
Other Caribbean	28	40	39	21	23	29	45	43	53
Central America	**4,977**	**4,172**	**6,081**	**7,120**	**5,633**	**6,377**	**10,714**	**6,038**	**4,133**
Belize	10	32	73	87	89	77	84	124	81
Costa Rica	81	55	51	55	42	44	44	31	41
El Salvador	3,298	2,660	3,218	3,472	2,494	2,770	3,949	2,431	1,451
Guatemala	981	861	1,760	2,253	1,855	2,072	3,498	1,629	1,037
Honduras	511	470	785	1,038	1,025	1,320	2,937	1,611	1,236
Nicaragua	50	56	144	166	85	35	119	111	218
Panama	46	38	50	49	43	59	83	101	69
South America	**935**	**1,078**	**1,336**	**1,756**	**1,424**	**1,259**	**1,520**	**1,374**	**1,313**
Argentina	23	34	30	49	24	29	29	31	22
Bolivia	27	48	56	54	52	22	29	14	23
Brazil	28	40	19	94	76	60	118	58	56
Chile	36	28	23	36	20	21	34	25	33
Colombia	515	611	852	1,124	961	843	966	946	888
Ecuador	121	138	144	166	105	87	100	76	90
Guyana	35	34	26	20	18	27	40	52	53
Peru	92	79	124	137	107	88	124	93	94
Venezuela	36	45	39	48	35	47	53	49	40
Other South America	22	21	23	28	26	35	27	30	14
Stateless or not reported	8	4	19	1	-	6	11	123	219

- Represents zero.

TABLE 63. ALIENS DEPORTED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY TO WHICH DEPORTED FISCAL YEARS 1983-91

Region and country to which deported	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
All countries	**18,227**	**17,587**	**21,308**	**22,146**	**22,129**	**22,872**	**30,087**	**25,828**	**28,060**
Europe	**334**	**268**	**272**	**314**	**290**	**240**	**343**	**360**	**398**
Germany	50	48	46	36	40	36	44	37	42
Italy	19	13	11	17	15	8	13	21	21
Poland	7	1	7	9	10	12	20	33	64
Portugal	6	9	8	26	16	3	18	16	25
United Kingdom	100	85	61	84	79	76	108	123	146
Yugoslavia	5	8	22	15	21	20	22	24	22
Other Europe	147	104	117	127	109	85	118	106	78
Asia	**523**	**448**	**485**	**581**	**365**	**344**	**395**	**506**	**397**
India	46	53	37	59	35	24	20	40	19
Israel	26	14	14	20	20	17	30	33	29
Japan	26	33	36	32	19	16	26	86	89
Pakistan	31	34	33	61	40	31	39	42	29
Philippines	116	72	105	122	72	62	103	95	75
Thailand	24	21	17	17	15	19	16	17	18
Turkey	28	11	14	14	14	6	9	22	20
Other Asia	226	210	229	256	150	169	152	171	118
Africa	**307**	**334**	**387**	**337**	**340**	**265**	**339**	**325**	**256**
Niger	2	2	17	33	48	50	107	111	72
Nigeria	153	195	217	204	206	142	132	128	103
Other Africa	152	137	153	100	86	73	100	86	81
Oceania	**56**	**74**	**87**	**70**	**51**	**38**	**40**	**43**	**43**
North America	**16,090**	**15,414**	**18,743**	**19,104**	**19,673**	**20,751**	**27,445**	**23,207**	**25,625**
Canada	426	433	401	327	268	296	315	306	297
Mexico	10,191	10,195	11,755	11,065	13,108	12,966	14,949	14,750	19,600
Caribbean	**448**	**588**	**542**	**646**	**719**	**1,143**	**1,502**	**2,129**	**1,672**
Bahamas, The	16	10	17	25	19	39	34	37	38
Barbados	8	10	12	7	3	5	17	18	18
Dominica	7	8	7	14	13	21	69	50	46
Dominican Republic	180	286	176	188	271	531	580	952	681
Haiti	19	35	54	133	98	155	131	212	162
Jamaica	146	147	206	226	252	313	552	736	591
Trinidad & Tobago	28	40	31	23	33	43	65	71	72
Other Caribbean	44	52	39	30	30	36	54	53	64
Central America	**5,025**	**4,198**	**6,045**	**7,066**	**5,578**	**6,346**	**10,679**	**6,022**	**4,056**
Belize	82	91	118	114	98	84	89	127	82
Costa Rica	64	48	44	52	44	47	45	30	36
El Salvador	3,282	2,637	3,170	3,472	2,481	2,752	3,938	2,439	1,406
Guatemala	986	880	1,745	2,209	1,818	2,050	3,491	1,617	1,015
Honduras	522	477	798	1,032	1,022	1,330	2,958	1,612	1,243
Nicaragua	48	44	134	144	71	29	83	98	210
Panama	41	21	36	43	44	54	75	99	64
South America	**914**	**1,044**	**1,328**	**1,735**	**1,405**	**1,230**	**1,522**	**1,378**	**1,335**
Argentina	22	39	30	46	23	19	29	28	21
Bolivia	28	49	51	54	50	22	29	16	20
Brazil	22	36	20	94	76	61	118	56	64
Chile	34	26	25	41	19	21	35	27	29
Colombia	515	607	859	1,122	960	858	992	964	914
Ecuador	120	129	140	160	102	83	97	75	91
Guyana	29	29	27	21	18	27	39	48	53
Peru	97	77	121	124	102	88	116	93	96
Venezuela	32	41	34	48	30	39	47	45	33
Other South America	15	11	21	25	25	12	20	26	14
Unknown or not reported	3	5	6	5	5	4	3	9	6

TABLE 64. ALIENS DEPORTED BY CAUSE AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF NATIONALITY FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and country of nationality	Total	Criminal	Violation of narcotic laws	Previously excluded or deported	Entered without proper documents	Failed to maintain or comply with conditions of nonimmigrant status	Entered without inspection or by false statements	Miscellaneous
All countries	**28,060**	**2,772**	**10,159**	**672**	**233**	**988**	**13,011**	**225**
Europe	**409**	**45**	**92**	**7**	**8**	**170**	**79**	**8**
France	24	1	-	-	2	14	7	-
Germany	27	3	7	1	-	13	2	1
Italy	26	4	13	-	-	6	3	-
Poland	66	-	1	-	2	47	16	-
Portugal	24	8	11	-	-	2	3	-
United Kingdom	145	20	39	5	3	54	19	5
Yugoslavia	27	2	7	-	-	6	12	-
Other Europe	70	7	14	1	1	28	17	2
Asia	**414**	**61**	**84**	**2**	**19**	**162**	**80**	**6**
India	24	2	5	-	1	5	11	-
Israel	30	3	8	1	1	13	4	-
Japan	92	18	19	-	7	29	17	2
Korea	18	4	3	-	-	5	6	-
Lebanon	18	3	10	-	1	4	-	-
Pakistan	30	6	7	-	-	10	7	-
Philippines	76	12	6	-	8	38	11	1
Thailand	17	3	7	-	-	6	1	-
Turkey	18	1	1	-	-	7	9	-
Other Asia	91	9	18	1	1	45	14	3
Africa	**257**	**41**	**68**	**5**	**2**	**103**	**35**	**3**
Niger	56	12	9	-	-	24	11	-
Nigeria	121	19	46	4	2	39	10	1
Other Africa	80	10	13	1	-	40	14	2
Oceania	**34**	**6**	**4**	**1**	**2**	**16**	**5**	**-**
North America	**25,414**	**2,518**	**9,245**	**642**	**184**	**365**	**12,262**	**198**
Canada	244	78	64	10	8	38	42	4
Mexico	19,381	2,156	7,468	580	155	131	8,727	164
Caribbean	**1,656**	**145**	**937**	**10**	**15**	**133**	**394**	**22**
Bahamas, The	37	8	18	-	-	8	3	-
Barbados	19	4	10	-	-	4	1	-
Dominica	28	2	11	-	-	2	13	-
Dominican Republic	688	43	348	5	1	26	258	7
Haiti	162	23	93	1	2	11	31	1
Jamaica	593	55	381	4	12	57	73	11
Trinidad & Tobago	76	5	49	-	-	14	7	1
Other Caribbean	53	5	27	-	-	11	8	2
Central America	**4,133**	**139**	**776**	**42**	**6**	**63**	**3,099**	**8**
Belize	81	5	36	2	-	4	33	1
Costa Rica	41	2	7	-	1	7	23	1
El Salvador	1,451	55	365	16	2	7	1,002	4
Guatemala	1,037	23	167	9	3	12	822	1
Honduras	1,236	30	136	14	-	14	1,042	-
Nicaragua	218	17	32	-	-	6	162	1
Panama	69	7	33	1	-	13	15	-
South America	**1,313**	**82**	**594**	**13**	**10**	**151**	**456**	**7**
Argentina	22	1	4	-	1	11	5	-
Bolivia	23	2	9	-	2	5	5	-
Brazil	56	3	8	-	-	17	26	2
Chile	33	8	7	-	-	9	9	-
Colombia	888	49	465	8	7	75	282	2
Ecuador	90	10	19	-	-	5	56	-
Guyana	53	1	33	-	-	5	12	2
Peru	94	6	26	5	-	14	43	-
Venezuela	40	1	19	-	-	5	14	1
Other South America	14	1	4	-	-	5	4	-
Stateless or not reported	219	19	72	2	8	21	94	3

- Represents zero.

TABLE 65. ALIENS DEPORTED AND UNDER DOCKET CONTROL REQUIRED TO DEPART BY STATUS AT ENTRY FISCAL YEARS 1986-91

Status at entry	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Aliens deported:						
Total	**22,146**	**22,129**	**22,872**	**30,087**	**25,828**	**28,060**
Immigrant (except displaced person or refugee)	314	475	599	805	1,198	1,484
Displaced person or refugee	42	57	67	59	55	81
Foreign government official	9	8	6	27	14	7
Temporary visitor	1,719	1,437	1,301	1,575	1,559	1,555
Visitor for Business - visa waiver	-	-	-	-	1	2
Visitor for Pleasure - visa waiver	-	-	-	3	64	97
Transit alien	47	31	44	46	36	43
Crewman	113	108	66	93	150	93
Treaty trader or investor	1	3	2	3	4	16
Representative to international organization	3	2	1	-	3	2
Returning resident alien	3	4	1	2	4	-
Student - academic institution	347	226	177	225	179	165
Student - vocational	1	2	2	5	4	2
Entered without inspection	19,070	19,314	19,937	26,595	21,602	23,671
Other temporary worker or industrial trainee	48	48	54	92	101	52
Representative of foreign information media	2	3	5	9	2	1
Exchange visitor	6	7	6	8	6	9
Fiance(e)	5	4	2	6	5	7
Intracompany transferee	8	6	6	4	4	9
Other or unknown	408	394	596	530	837	764
Aliens under docket control required to depart:[1]						
Total	**26,063**	**15,021**	**10,517**	**12,451**	**10,610**	**4,810**
Immigrant (except displaced person or refugee)	101	78	48	96	132	72
Displaced person or refugee	26	37	16	15	49	19
Foreign government official	32	25	5	11	10	5
Temporary visitor	6,375	3,317	2,118	2,988	2,054	1,132
Visitor for Business - visa waiver	-	-	-	-	-	-
Visitor for Pleasure - visa waiver	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transit alien	304	123	65	200	60	33
Crewman	299	121	40	151	102	41
Treaty trader or investor	62	40	28	33	19	24
Representative to international organization	31	22	3	2	4	-
Returning resident alien	-	2	-	-	-	-
Student - academic institution	865	549	401	502	297	108
Student - vocational	-	-	-	-	-	-
Entered without inspection	16,619	10,071	7,428	7,878	7,315	3,086
Other temporary worker or industrial trainee	251	137	57	145	99	58
Representative of foreign information media	5	1	1	1	2	-
Exchange visitor	102	98	54	67	55	28
Fiance(e)	16	13	14	17	18	6
Intracompany transferee	83	29	31	39	27	16
Other or unknown	892	358	208	306	367	182

[1] Excludes required departures of technical violators and direct departures under safeguards.
- Represents zero.

TABLE 66. ALIENS DEPORTED AND REQUIRED TO DEPART BY REGION AND DISTRICT OFFICE FISCAL YEAR 1991

Region and district office	Total	Deported	Required to depart
All regions	**1,091,381**	**28,060**	**1,063,321**
Eastern Region	**6,597**	**1,955**	**4,642**
Baltimore, MD	287	153	134
Boston, MA	558	367	191
Buffalo, NY	739	231	508
Newark, NJ	160	90	70
New York, NY	1,096	735	361
Philadelphia, PA	134	24	110
Portland, ME	1,521	19	1,502
San Juan, PR	1,900	250	1,650
Washington, DC	202	86	116
Southern Region	**412,679**	**8,872**	**403,807**
Atlanta, GA	477	110	367
Dallas, TX	452	202	250
El Paso, TX	211,025	2,629	208,396
Harlingen, TX	86,786	1,998	84,788
Houston, TX	1,514	1,398	116
Miami, FL	864	484	380
New Orleans, LA	1,138	923	215
San Antonio, TX	110,423	1,128	109,295
Northern Region	**6,095**	**3,620**	**2,475**
Anchorage, AK	66	8	58
Chicago, IL	783	363	420
Cleveland, OH	41	5	36
Denver, CO	1,842	1,414	428
Detroit, MI	170	42	128
Helena, MT	514	1	513
Kansas City, MO	356	121	235
Omaha, NE	45	30	15
Portland, OR	369	332	37
St. Paul, MN	553	50	503
Seattle, WA	1,356	1,254	102
Western Region	**666,010**	**13,613**	**652,397**
Honolulu, HI	527	142	385
Los Angeles, CA	3,579	1,648	1,931
Phoenix, AZ	85,591	2,607	82,984
San Diego, CA	574,698	8,279	566,419
San Francisco, CA	1,615	937	678

TABLE 67. SERVICE PARTICIPATION IN THE CONTROL OF MARIJUANA, NARCOTICS, AND DANGEROUS DRUG TRAFFIC FISCAL YEARS 1984-91

Year and seizure	Type of contraband							Total
	Marijuana (lbs.)	Heroin (oz.)	Opium (oz.)	Cocaine (oz.)	Hashish (oz.)	Dangerous drug pills (units)	Other	
1984:								
No. of seizures	1,104	24	2	155	79	97	40	1,501
Amount seized	37,700.7	412.9	27.7	3,605.8	77.8	46,065	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	29,592,892	11,061,697	23,232	12,532,267	41,606	31,199	1,124,084	54,406,977
1985:								
No. of seizures	1,853	33	4	169	200	151	47	2,457
Amount seized	72,469.9	371.4	34.9	22,142.9	92.4	13,290	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	49,883,060	4,093,249	17,325	75,822,274	69,761	15,111	169,248	130,070,028
1986:								
No. of seizures	2,377	71	3	291	391	238	110	3,481
Amount seized	143,232.8	990.4	65.1	44,200.5	460.7	160,392	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	91,173,982	59,758,294	1,529,600	111,111,329	182,965	267,252	180,581	264,204,003
1987:								
No. of seizures	4,003	83	3	511	279	312	201	5,392
Amount seized	225,946.7	1,327.4	184.1	209,259.8	115.6	654,437	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	188,351,449	27,261,814	103,300	435,983,013	28,312	2,525,201	7,423,275	661,676,364
1988:								
No. of seizures	4,190	126	3	676	259	231	339	5,824
Amount seized	333,790.1	1,307.0	19.8	236,520.4	107.9	104,043	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	250,444,625	40,370,058	250,800	505,038,974	39,634	145,194	7,245,615	803,534,900
1989:								
No. of seizures	5,920	368	13	1,609	181	224	441	8,756
Amount seized	556,864.7	23,767.6	231.3	641,487.5	79.0	6,113,197	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	442,913,841	193,443,462	216,803	1,346,492,775	101,486	1,896,080	2,870,994	1,987,935,441
1990:								
No. of seizures	4,759	577	X	1,847	X	164	388	7,735
Amount seized	441,125.9	6,193.0	X	832,419.0	X	73,249	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	335,137,424	56,229,417	X	1,334,308,733	X	230,468	13,527,003	1,739,433,045
1991								
No. of seizures	4,983	403	X	1,624	X	133	289	7,432
Amount seized	388,104.3	3,717.3	X	877,419.5	X	160,431	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	330,633,986	31,734,541	X	1,224,947,975	X	380,698	5,783,668	1,593,480,868

NOTE: X Not applicable. Corrections to this table may have changed data when compared to previous *Yearbooks.* Starting in 1990, the reporting of opium seizures is combined with heroin, and hashish is combined with marijuana.

TABLE 68. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF THE BORDER PATROL FISCAL YEARS 1985-91

Activities and accomplishments	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Persons apprehended	**1,272,435**	**1,705,278**	**1,168,861**	**980,522**	**906,535**	**1,123,223**	**1,152,667**
Deportable aliens located	**1,262,435**	**1,692,544**	**1,158,030**	**969,214**	**891,147**	**1,103,353**	**1,132,933**
Mexican aliens	**1,218,695**	**1,635,702**	**1,123,725**	**928,278**	**830,985**	**1,054,849**	**1,095,122**
Working in agriculture	76,054	80,922	15,862	3,333	2,592	4,661	4,707
Working in trades, crafts industry, and service	26,674	44,971	15,097	9,969	5,686	7,544	8,095
Welfare/seeking employment	1,054,073	1,419,542	996,873	838,242	727,400	865,739	978,807
Canadian aliens	5,868	6,235	4,814	4,237	5,297	5,746	6,666
All others	37,872	50,607	29,491	36,699	54,865	42,758	31,145
Smugglers of aliens located	14,666	19,275	11,560	10,373	13,794	21,901	18,826
Aliens located who were smuggled into the United States	95,741	114,665	59,268	50,122	50,638	71,049	64,170
Seizures (conveyances)	7,327	10,512	7,512	6,643	10,789	17,275	14,693
Value of seizures (dollars)	**122,007,498**	**165,106,668**	**590,638,336**	**721,213,999**	**1,212,724,491**	**843,562,055**	**950,199,178**
Narcotics	119,822,206	161,736,752	582,395,375	700,523,810	1,191,505,131	797,768,179	910,146,141
Other	2,185,292	3,369,916	8,242,961	20,690,189	21,219,360	45,793,876	40,053,037

NOTE: Data on aliens previously expelled, aliens located with previous criminal records, conveyances examined, and persons questioned shown in previous *Yearbooks* are not available starting with fiscal year 1990.

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VIII. ENTRIES

Individuals seeking entry into the United States are inspected at ports of entry by immigration officers who determine their admissibility. An estimated 455 million people were admitted across U.S. borders during primary and secondary inspections in fiscal year 1991. [10] About 88 percent of total admissions were granted at land ports of entry; 10 percent at air ports; and 2 percent at sea ports of entry. Thirty-two percent of total admissions were granted in the INS Southern region, followed by 28 percent in the Western Region. About 20 percent of the total were admitted in the Eastern region and 19 percent in the Northern region. Approximately 1 percent of admissions were performed at pre-inspection stations outside the United States.

Inspections

The inspection process involves all work performed in connection with the entry of aliens and U.S. citizens into the United States, including preinspection performed by the INS outside the United States. An inspector is responsible for determining the nationality of each applicant for admission. U.S. citizens are automatically admitted upon verification of citizenship; aliens' documents are inspected to determine admissibility based on the requirements of U.S. immigration law.

The two main functions within the inspections operation are classified by the INS as primary and secondary inspections. Primary inspection is conducted to decide admissibility at initial contact with the applicant; the person is admitted when no further action or additional documentation is needed. Secondary inspection occurs when grounds for admissibility cannot be established during primary inspection. Approximately 9.5 million persons were admitted after secondary inspection in 1991. Those who do not meet requirements for admission are ultimately excluded or denied entry into the United States. An estimated 892,000 aliens were denied entry during primary and secondary inspections in fiscal year 1991 (see Enforcement section for expulsion statistics).

All individuals inspected fall into one of two categories, alien or U.S. citizen. Within these categories, statistics are maintained on border crossers, crewmen, and documented aliens. Border crossers are aliens or U.S. citizens who enter the United States from Canada or Mexico for brief visits or in a commuter status. Crewmen include aliens or U.S. citizens who are employed on vessels or aircraft operating between U.S. territories and foreign countries. Documented aliens are individuals entering the United States, generally from countries other than Canada or Mexico, who arrive with various kinds of supporting documents, such as legal permanent residence documents, refugee travel documents, or immigrant or nonimmigrant visas.

Nearly 300 million aliens were inspected at U.S. ports of entry during 1991.

Data Overview

Of the estimated 455 million primary, secondary and deferred admissions in fiscal year 1991, 65 percent were estimated to be aliens and 35 percent U.S. citizens. Total estimated alien admissions (294 million) consisted of 89.9 percent border crossers, 1.5 percent crewmen, and 9.0 percent documented aliens. Of the citizen admissions (161 million) 87 percent were border crossers, 1 percent crewmen, and 12 percent entries from other than Canada or Mexico.

Texas and California accounted for 48 percent (219.6 million) of total 1991 admissions, with San Diego Ports, California and El Paso, Texas ranking first and second among all ports, with 49.4 and 34.9 million admissions, respectively (see Table 69 and Chart U).

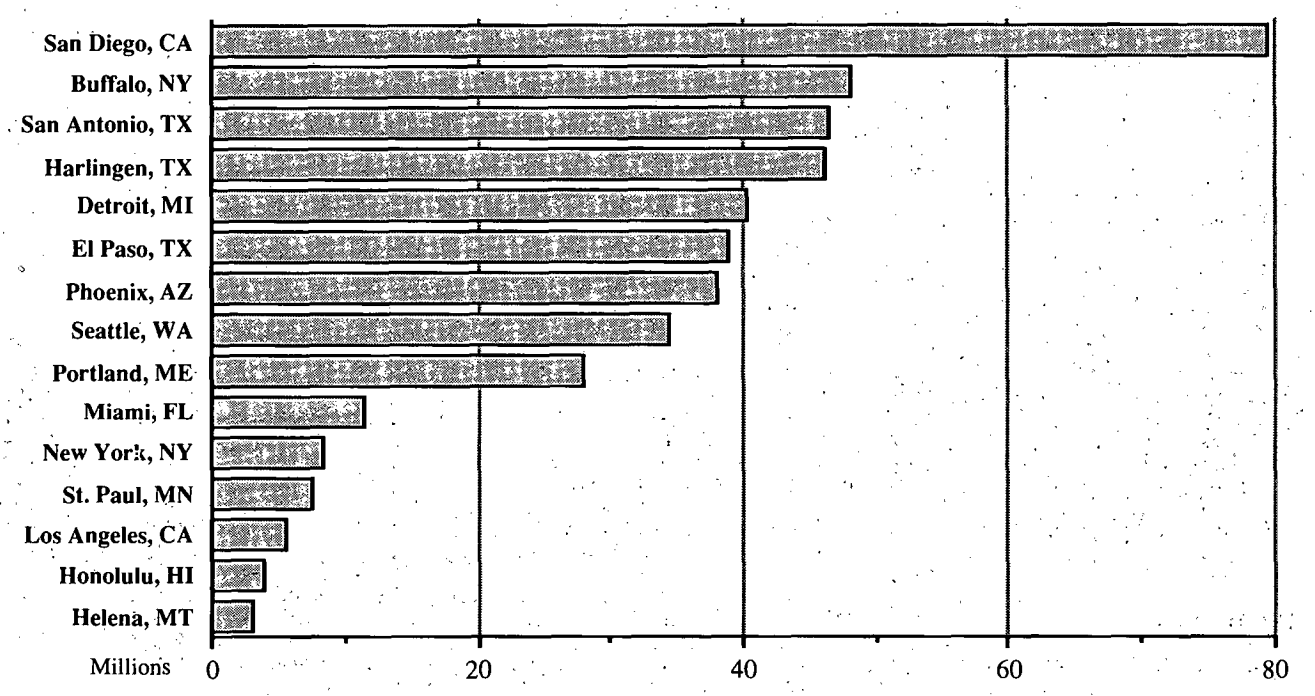
Data Collection

Data for inspections are compiled on the INS Report of Field Operations, a management report showing workload and resource summaries for most INS headquarters and field activities. Data from the Report of Field Operations are also used to construct *Yearbook* tables on deportable aliens located (see Enforcement section).

The largest component of the estimated 455 million admissions in fiscal year 1991 is the number of aliens and U.S. citizens who entered the country at land border ports. The procedure for estimating total admissions at each land port of entry involves: 1) counting or estimating the number of vehicles entering; 2) deriving estimates of the ratios of passengers per vehicle and the proportions of aliens and U.S. citizens admitted; and 3) multiplying the

[10] Estimates of passenger traffic at San Diego land ports of entry for 1991 are based on updated survey data that resulted in a significant reduction in the estimated ratio of passengers per vehicle (see Data Collection section). The apparent drop in admissions at San Diego, from 66 million reported in the 1990 *Statistical Yearbook* to 49 million in 1991, is spurious. The counts of vehicles entering at San Diego in 1990 and 1991 indicate that entries increased by about 5 percent.

Chart U
Estimated Total Inspection Admissions for Top Fifteen INS Districts: Fiscal Year 1991



Source: *Report of Field Operations, G-23.* NOTE: District data include all ports of entry that fall within respective district jurisdictions. The estimates of admissions through San Diego land ports were adjusted in 1991 to reflect revised person-per-vehicle ratios.

ratios by the numbers of vehicles to estimate the total number of entries of aliens and U.S. citizens. The ratios used in the estimation are updated periodically at each port of entry. The estimated ratios that have been used to estimate total entries at each land border port are being revised; estimates derived for fiscal year 1992 and subsequent years will reflect changes that are made as a result of the revisions.

The statistics on air and sea arrivals are obtained during the inspection process at international air and sea ports of entry. The master, captain, or agent of each aircraft or vessel arriving in the United States presents an arrival manifest to an immigration officer. Arrival forms (I-94) are prepared on board by each passenger except: U.S. citizens, lawful permanent residents of the United States, and aliens in possession of immigrant visas. Counts of aliens and citizens admitted are obtained from the I-94 forms and the arrival manifests. Inspection counts are also obtained for crew members of arriving aircraft and vessels. These counts are computed from crew lists (I-418 forms) that are maintained by the carriers.

Admissions of pedestrians are recorded directly at special pedestrian traffic lanes. Each person either presents a U.S.or foreign passport or makes an oral declaration of nationality; counts of aliens and citizens are recorded upon admission.

Limitations of Data

The error associated with estimating the total number and distribution of aliens and U.S. citizens inspected by the INS each year has not been determined. Caution should be used in the interpretation of these data. The admission figures should, at best, be considered estimates that contain unspecified measurement error likely to result in overestimates for some ports of entry (see Data Collection section).

The estimates of admissions through San Diego land ports were adjusted in 1991 to reflect revised person-per-vehicle ratios based on survey data collected at San Diego Ports between November 1989 and May of 1991. Similar data were not available to revise the estimates for other INS land ports. A methodology for obtaining current estimates of passenger traffic at all land ports of entry is being developed.

Table 69, admissions by state and port of entry in fiscal year 1991, includes estimated total admissions granted for primary, secondary, and deferred inspections; only primary admissions were shown in the 1986 through 1988 *Yearbooks*. Previous to fiscal year 1986, only border crossers were reported. Tables for border crossers and primary inspections, generally consistent with previous years (not included in this report), have been compiled for 1991 for use as reference tables (available upon request).

TABLE 69. TOTAL ESTIMATED ALIENS AND CITIZENS ADMITTED BY STATE AND PORT OF ENTRY FISCAL YEAR 1991

State and port	Total	Aliens	Citizens
Total	**455,343,867**	**293,720,443**	**161,623,424**
Alabama	**10,970**	**10,740**	**230**
Mobile	10,970	10,740	230
Alaska	**551,182**	**230,487**	**320,695**
Alcan	149,135	26,047	123,088
Anchorage	150,987	106,354	44,633
Dalton's Cache	54,786	18,229	36,557
Ketchikan	64,592	20,822	43,770
Skagway	131,682	59,035	72,647
Arizona	**37,983,626**	**25,085,459**	**12,898,167**
Douglas	5,542,887	3,358,986	2,183,901
Lukeville	914,520	310,153	604,367
Mariposa	5,782,562	3,538,730	2,243,832
Naco	994,196	680,684	313,512
Nogales	15,646,753	10,359,638	5,287,115
Phoenix	38,565	7,101	31,464
Sasabe	62,341	40,658	21,683
San Luis	8,940,274	6,759,996	2,180,278
Tucson	61,528	29,513	32,015
California	**86,624,358**	**58,836,620**	**27,787,738**
Andrade	1,822,573	446,775	1,375,798
Calexico	28,176,643	21,396,516	6,780,127
Los Angeles	5,463,352	2,639,043	2,824,309
San Diego ports [1]	49,417,471	33,565,633	15,851,838
San Francisco	1,744,319	788,653	955,666
Colorado	**91,968**	**31,694**	**60,274**
Denver	91,968	31,694	60,274
Connecticut	**17,621**	**6,188**	**11,433**
Hartford	17,621	6,188	11,433
Delaware	**70,498**	**1,003**	**69,495**
Dover AFB	70,498	1,003	69,495
Washington, DC	**826,106**	**433,208**	**392,898**
Florida	**9,989,519**	**5,342,716**	**4,646,803**
Jacksonville	21,252	13,902	7,350
Key West	19,431	8,970	10,461
Miami	6,726,738	3,522,251	3,204,487
Orlando	737,110	606,370	130,740
Port Canaveral	729,454	248,434	481,020
Port Everglades	1,248,491	699,659	548,832
Tampa	299,401	170,469	128,932
West Palm Beach	207,642	72,661	134,981
Georgia	**915,248**	**426,876**	**488,372**
Atlanta	886,920	400,671	486,249
Savannah	28,328	26,205	2,123
Hawaii	**2,726,479**	**2,162,820**	**563,659**
Honolulu	2,726,479	2,162,820	563,659
Idaho	**1,121,259**	**787,233**	**334,026**
Boise	13	13	-
Eastport	461,390	316,199	145,191
Porthill	659,856	471,021	188,835
Illinois	**1,890,206**	**751,320**	**1,138,886**
Chicago	1,890,206	751,320	1,138,886
Indiana	**24,032**	**557**	**23,475**
Indianapolis	24,032	557	23,475
Kentucky	**1,814**	**383**	**1,431**
Louisville	1,814	383	1,431
Louisiana	**182,550**	**110,879**	**71,671**
New Orleans	182,550	110,879	71,671
Maine	**22,359,796**	**15,930,409**	**6,429,387**
Bangor	321,510	201,213	120,297
Bridgewater	721,735	546,364	175,371
Calais	6,031,225	4,370,472	1,660,753
Coburn Gore	235,644	197,870	37,774
Fort Fairfield	1,514,012	1,026,709	487,303
Fort Kent	1,390,765	868,893	521,872
Hamlin	1,021,511	945,029	76,482
Houlton	3,623,764	2,502,613	1,121,151
Jackman	453,938	359,341	94,597
Limestone	418,762	285,497	133,265
Lubec	926,169	613,128	313,041
Madawaska	4,207,985	2,973,232	1,234,753
Portland	116,918	43,881	73,037
Van Buren	1,033,592	776,223	257,369
Vanceboro	342,266	219,944	122,322
Maryland	**225,259**	**100,289**	**124,970**
Baltimore	225,259	100,289	124,970
Massachusetts	**1,054,604**	**544,265**	**510,339**
Boston	1,054,604	544,265	510,339
Michigan	**40,383,857**	**21,536,900**	**18,846,957**
Algonac	327,467	219,465	108,002
Detroit	25,137,274	12,634,981	12,502,293
Marine City	301,057	156,680	144,377
Port Huron	8,692,052	4,536,579	4,155,473
Sault Sainte Marie	5,926,007	3,989,195	1,936,812
Minnesota	**5,304,810**	**3,553,464**	**1,751,346**
Baudette	526,552	376,800	149,752
Duluth	2,477	1,667	810
Grand Portage	767,024	563,611	203,413
International Falls	1,793,762	1,079,976	713,786
Lancaster	149,709	126,355	23,354
Noyes	1,439,675	1,037,380	402,295
Pine Creek	32,772	23,778	8,994
Roseau	122,299	81,550	40,749
St. Paul	246,418	107,789	138,629
Warroad	224,122	154,558	69,564
Missouri	**151,716**	**41,152**	**110,564**
Kansas City	16,662	1,136	15,526
St. Louis	135,054	40,016	95,038
Montana	**2,364,831**	**1,559,753**	**805,078**
Del Bonita	73,802	62,451	11,351
Helena	586	298	288
Morgan	29,023	24,684	4,339
Opheim	19,123	16,085	3,038
Piegan	499,824	298,381	201,443
Raymond	129,084	78,561	50,523
Roosville	436,527	273,290	163,237

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 69. TOTAL ESTIMATED ALIENS AND CITIZENS ADMITTED BY STATE AND PORT OF ENTRY FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

State and port	Total	Aliens	Citizens
Scobey	45,776	40,376	5,400
Sweetgrass	1,034,898	685,553	349,345
Turner	26,157	22,349	3,808
Whitetail	15,766	14,664	1,102
Wildhorse	35,749	25,873	9,876
Willow Creek	18,516	17,188	1,328
Nebraska	**4,045**	**526**	**3,519**
Omaha	4,045	526	3,519
Nevada	**43,304**	**42,497**	**807**
Las Vegas	25,270	24,824	446
Reno	18,034	17,673	361
New Hampshire	**39,977**	**22,797**	**17,180**
Pittsburg	39,977	22,797	17,180
New Jersey	**1,014,456**	**454,585**	**559,871**
Camden	72,159	11,843	60,316
Newark	942,297	442,742	499,555
New Mexico	**799,345**	**424,545**	**374,800**
Albuquerque	889	55	834
Columbus	798,456	424,490	373,966
New York	**51,870,307**	**32,974,858**	**18,895,449**
Albany	1,516	1,195	321
Buffalo	8,717,419	2,529,102	6,188,317
Buffalo	15	15	-
Peace Bridge	8,717,404	2,529,087	6,188,317
Champlain	4,773,388	3,160,784	1,612,604
Chateaugay	330,144	220,481	109,663
Fort Covington	439,721	290,819	148,902
Massena	3,760,238	2,508,054	1,252,184
Mooers	532,485	341,434	191,051
New York	8,056,051	4,621,972	3,434,079
Niagara Falls	18,537,994	14,772,115	3,765,879
Ogdensburg	1,357,402	1,037,009	320,393
Rouses Point	1,556,308	1,008,914	547,394
Thousand Islands	3,391,708	2,210,764	1,180,944
Trout River	415,933	272,215	143,718
North Carolina	**184,855**	**66,536**	**118,319**
Charlotte	65,434	31,715	33,719
Raleigh-Durham	108,021	27,384	80,637
Wilmington	11,400	7,437	3,963
North Dakota	**2,033,303**	**1,679,738**	**353,565**
Ambrose	29,766	26,024	3,742
Antler	45,339	38,009	7,330
Carbury	42,602	37,984	4,618
Dunseith	212,798	112,186	100,612
Fortuna	64,065	53,122	10,943
Hannah	24,470	21,772	2,698
Hansboro	30,036	23,365	6,671
Maida	64,827	55,451	9,376
Minot	2,552	1,099	1,453
Neche	175,691	147,386	28,305
Noonan	326,430	313,275	13,155
Northgate	96,693	65,853	30,840
Portal	401,934	328,252	73,682
Sarles	24,012	19,052	4,960
Sherwood	96,922	86,954	9,968
St. John	88,177	71,162	17,015
Walhalla	232,508	215,768	16,740
Westhope	74,481	63,024	11,457
Ohio	**217,328**	**89,767**	**127,561**
Cincinnati	173,225	67,793	105,432
Cleveland	19,759	10,310	9,449
Sandusky	17,273	6,357	10,916
Toledo	7,071	5,307	1,764
Oklahoma	**3,654**	**192**	**3,462**
Oklahoma City	3,654	192	3,462
Oregon	**171,127**	**105,004**	**66,123**
Astoria	5,290	5,222	68
Coos Bay	4,701	4,615	86
Portland	161,136	95,167	65,969
Pennsylvania	**493,772**	**168,193**	**325,579**
Pittsburgh	134,735	66,591	68,144
Philadelphia	359,037	101,602	257,435
Rhode Island	**9,959**	**6,317**	**3,642**
Providence	9,959	6,317	3,642
South Carolina	**107,798**	**8,969**	**98,829**
Charleston	107,798	8,969	98,829
Tennessee	**20,411**	**1,066**	**19,345**
Memphis	20,411	1,066	19,345
Texas	**132,906,957**	**84,124,121**	**48,782,836**
Amistad Dam	130,137	46,391	83,746
Brownsville	18,183,846	11,921,167	6,262,679
Corpus Christi	18,618	18,335	283
Dallas	1,242,427	387,830	854,597
Del Rio	4,670,058	1,660,704	3,009,354
Eagle Pass	6,696,055	4,486,949	2,209,106
El Paso	34,931,865	20,227,679	14,704,186
Port of El Paso	34,931,865	20,227,679	14,704,186
Fabens	1,593,289	1,047,611	545,678
Falcon Heights	567,144	360,326	206,818
Galveston	34,273	25,924	8,349
Harlingen	2,341	1,732	609
Hidalgo	17,433,194	11,694,635	5,738,559
Houston	1,274,220	551,714	722,506
Laredo	34,735,372	24,852,084	9,883,288
Juarez-Lincoln Bridge	17,642,715	12,273,539	5,369,176
Laredo	17,092,657	12,578,545	4,514,112
Los Ebanos	244,677	184,139	60,538
Port Arthur	11,258	9,413	1,845
Presidio	1,427,748	872,183	555,565
Progresso	3,685,224	1,945,796	1,739,428
Rio Grande City	2,317,956	1,470,867	847,089
Roma	3,599,773	2,284,112	1,315,661
San Antonio	107,482	74,530	32,952
Utah	**10,379**	**662**	**9,717**
Salt Lake City	10,379	662	9,717
Vermont	**5,584,946**	**4,356,215**	**1,228,731**
Alburg Springs	151,197	142,789	8,408
Alburg	148,832	135,912	12,920
Beebe Plains	219,901	179,145	40,756
Beecher Falls	162,953	113,472	49,481

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 69. TOTAL ESTIMATED ALIENS AND CITIZENS ADMITTED BY STATE AND PORT OF ENTRY FISCAL YEAR 1991—Continued

State and port	Total	Aliens	Citizens
Burlington	8,112	3,949	4,163
Canaan	124,070	88,152	35,918
Derby Line	1,953,654	1,492,233	461,421
East Richford	45,401	38,077	7,324
Highgate Springs	1,215,096	787,946	427,150
Morses Line	54,038	45,054	8,984
North Troy	366,437	328,707	37,730
Norton	405,287	363,668	41,619
Pinnacle Road	82,767	74,096	8,671
Richford	405,950	366,728	39,222
St. Albans	40,125	20,190	19,935
West Berkshire	201,126	176,097	25,029
Virginia	**70,825**	**29,790**	**41,035**
Norfolk	70,825	29,790	41,035
Washington	**31,207,945**	**24,521,141**	**6,686,804**
Bellingham	12,087	7,469	4,618
Blaine	7,278,856	5,450,830	1,828,026
Boundary	99,244	89,761	9,483
Danville	214,633	171,056	43,577
Friday Harbor	51,382	44,632	6,750
Frontier	233,071	192,030	41,041
Laurier	145,101	104,607	40,494
Longview	6,822	6,739	83
Lynden	3,255,999	2,919,883	336,116
Metaline Falls	153,227	117,852	35,375
Nighthawk	26,063	21,675	4,388
Oroville	1,205,161	783,266	421,895
Pacific Highway	5,784,109	4,273,619	1,510,490
Point Roberts	6,208,942	4,863,001	1,345,941
Port Angeles	49,877	27,622	22,255
Seattle	604,852	290,601	314,251
Spokane	3,646	1,360	2,286
Sumas	5,853,610	5,136,930	716,680
Tacoma	21,263	18,208	3,055
Wisconsin	**12,280**	**1,942**	**10,338**
Milwaukee	12,280	1,942	10,338
The Netherland Antilles	**296,163**	**66,431**	**229,732**
Aruba	296,163	66,431	229,732
The Bahamas	**1,511,717**	**392,261**	**1,119,456**
Freeport	406,454	72,969	333,485
Nassau	945,649	266,678	678,971
Paradise Island	159,614	52,614	107,000
Bermuda	**436,347**	**55,791**	**380,556**
Hamilton	436,347	55,791	380,556
Canada	**7,145,152**	**4,526,878**	**2,618,274**
Calgary, Alberta	459,657	274,401	185,256
Edmonton, Alberta	210,232	149,747	60,485
Montreal, Quebec	1,257,589	816,079	441,510
Toronto, Ontario	3,022,337	2,188,257	834,080
Vancouver, B.C.	1,350,422	803,227	547,195
Victoria, B.C.	670,470	163,808	506,662
Winnipeg, Manitoba	174,445	131,359	43,086
Guam	**1,111,025**	**751,599**	**359,426**
Agana	1,111,025	751,599	359,426
Ireland	**291,427**	**113,194**	**178,233**
Shannon	291,427	113,194	178,233
Puerto Rico	**1,779,227**	**721,319**	**1,057,908**
Mayaguez	11,415	5,622	5,793
Ponce	14,720	12,678	2,042
San Juan	1,753,092	703,019	1,050,073
Virgin Islands	**1,093,527**	**529,094**	**564,433**
Charlotte Amalie	778,177	398,672	379,505
Christiansted	71,042	50,824	20,218
Cruz Bay	244,308	79,598	164,710

[1] Otay Mesa, San Diego, San Ysidro, and Tecate were reorganized into "San Diego ports" in October 1987. The estimates of admissions through San Diego land ports were adjusted in 1991 to reflect revised person-per-vehicle ratios.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Data include estimated total admissions for primary, secondary, and deferred inspections instead of only primary admissions as was shown in previous *Yearbooks* starting in fiscal year 1986. Prior to fiscal year 1986, only border crossers were reported. Aliens in transit without a visa (TWOV) are excluded from these data. See Glossary for definition of TWOVs.

TABLE 70. PROSECUTIONS, FINES, AND IMPRISONMENT FOR IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY VIOLATIONS FISCAL YEARS 1985-91

Action taken	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Prosecutions:							
Total disposed of	**17,688**	**23,405**	**18,894**	**18,360**	**18,580**	**20,079**	**18,882**
Convictions	9,833	15,259	11,996	12,208	12,561	12,719	11,509
Acquittals	88	148	245	115	105	50	80
Dismissals [1]	7,767	7,998	6,653	6,037	5,914	7,310	7,293
Prosecutions for immigration violations:							
Disposed of	**16,976**	**22,751**	**18,200**	**17,590**	**17,992**	**19,351**	**18,297**
Convictions	9,635	15,104	11,786	11,929	12,379	12,515	11,392
Acquittals	82	143	245	114	105	48	77
Dismissals[1]	7,259	7,504	6,169	5,547	5,508	6,788	6,828
Prosecution for nationality violations:							
Disposed of	**712**	**654**	**694**	**770**	**588**	**728**	**585**
Convictions	198	155	210	279	182	204	117
Acquittals	6	5	-	1	-	2	3
Dismissals [1]	508	494	484	490	406	522	465
Aggregate fines and imprisonment:							
Fines (dollars)	**929,926**	**1,122,998**	**1,489,491**	**2,528,308**	**1,830,594**	**2,935,664**	**2,622,659**
Immigration violations	903,141	1,117,025	1,462,941	2,523,933	1,828,694	2,872,279	2,508,084
Nationality violations	26,785	5,973	26,550	4,375	1,900	63,385	114,575
Imprisonment (years)	**5,261**	**6,113**	**5,382**	**5,012**	**4,579**	**5,749**	**5,748**
Immigration violations	5,093	6,046	5,196	4,946	4,558	5,642	5,610
Nationality violations	168	67	186	66	21	107	138

[1] Dismissed or otherwise closed.
- Represents zero.

TABLE 71. CONVICTIONS FOR IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY VIOLATIONS FISCAL YEARS 1985-91

Violations	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
All violations	**9,833**	**15,259**	**11,996**	**12,208**	**12,561**	**12,719**	**11,509**
Immigration violations	**9,630**	**15,104**	**11,786**	**11,929**	**12,379**	**12,515**	**11,392**
Entry of aliens illegally	6,627	11,030	8,190	7,379	7,659	8,162	7,214
Reentries of deported aliens	516	308	347	314	381	444	547
Bringing in, transporting, harboring, and inducing illegal entry of aliens	1,249	1,422	984	808	860	1,431	1,498
Fraud, misuse of visas, entry permits, and other entry documents	166	225	141	298	228	289	318
Fraud and false statements or entries	172	208	105	128	142	83	68
Alien registration or alien address violations	3	63	89	28	73	135	93
Producing, transferring, possessing, stealing using or selling false identification documents	147	279	332	295	370	597	602
Conspire to defraud U.S.	423	433	436	757	560	615	252
Producing, processing, selling of a controlled substance	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	190	466
Other violations	325	1,136	1,162	1,922	2,106	569	334
Nationality violations	**203**	**155**	**210**	**279**	**182**	**204**	**117**
False representation as citizens of the United States	163	133	200	248	156	137	69
False statements and procurement of citizenship or naturalization unlawfully	13	6	2	3	3	60	36
Reproduction and sale of citizenship and naturalization papers	27	16	8	28	23	7	12

NOTE: NA Not available.

TABLE 72. WRITS OF HABEAS CORPUS, JUDICIAL REVIEW OF ORDERS OF DEPORTATION, AND DECLARATORY JUDGEMENTS IN EXCLUSION AND DEPORTATION CASES FISCAL YEARS 1985-91

Action taken	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Writs of habeas corpus:							
Total disposed of	**341**	**1,297**	**697**	**198**	**254**	**150**	**397**
Favorable to U.S. government	126	160	102	120	213	122	363
Unfavorable to U.S. government	19	14	21	8	8	12	15
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	196	1,123	574	70	33	16	19
Total pending end of year	1,805	726	203	184	125	294	248
Judicial review of orders of deportation (Section 106 INA):							
Total disposed of	**389**	**377**	**328**	**208**	**355**	**264**	**392**
Favorable to U.S. government	266	257	166	121	174	162	252
Unfavorable to U.S. government	10	40	19	13	9	29	35
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	113	80	143	74	172	73	105
Total pending end of year	965	970	878	818	671	709	593
Declaratory judgements:							
Total disposed of	**744**	**174**	**265**	**383**	**305**	**170**	**191**
Favorable to U.S. government	237	90	98	109	219	123	141
Unfavorable to U.S. government	143	28	90	11	11	12	13
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	364	56	77	263	75	35	37
Involving 8 U.S.C. 1503	**169**	**25**	**81**	**202**	**17**	**6**	**4**
Favorable to U.S. government	9	4	6	7	10	4	-
Unfavorable to U.S. government	130	8	67	1	-	-	1
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	30	13	8	194	7	2	3
Involving exclusion or deportation	**575**	**149**	**184**	**181**	**288**	**164**	**187**
Favorable to U.S. government	228	86	92	102	209	119	141
Unfavorable to U.S. government	13	20	23	10	11	12	12
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	334	43	69	69	68	33	34

- Represents zero.

TABLE 73. PRIVATE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY BILLS INTRODUCED AND LAWS ENACTED 77TH THROUGH 102nd CONGRESS

Congress	Bills introduced	Laws enacted
102nd	49	–
101st	127	7
100th	194	20
99th	347	15
98th	454	33
97th	728	42
96th	902	83
95th	1,024	138
94th	1,023	99
93rd	1,085	63
92nd	2,866	62
91st	6,266	113
90th	7,293	218
89th	5,285	279
88th	3,647	196
87th	3,592	544
86th	3,069	488
85th	4,364	927
84th	4,474	1,227
83rd	4,797	753
82nd	3,669	729
81st	2,811	505
80th	1,141	121
79th	429	14
78th	163	12
77th	430	22

– Represents zero.

IX. PUBLIC USE TAPES

Information on aliens granted immigrant status may be purchased on magnetic tapes or diskettes from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS). These tapes contain information on immigrants admitted from fiscal years 1972-91. The data files are on seven tapes, each covering a three-year span. The variables included on the tape for fiscal years 1988-91 are:

- Port of entry
- Month of admission
- Year of admission
- Class of admission
- Age
- Country of birth
- Marital status
- Sex
- Nationality
- Occupation
- Type of case
- Country of chargeability
- Labor certification
- Country of last permanent residence
- Nonimmigrant class of entry
- Nonimmigrant year of entry
- INS district of intended residence
- State and Zip code of intended residence

The source tape is formatted in EBCDIC character set and is available in 9 track 1,600 bpi or 6,250 bpi. Documentation is also included with the tapes for each year. Information on how to order the tapes or diskettes is available from the Computer Products Office of NTIS at (703) 487-4763.

The *Statistical Yearbook* may also be purchased from NTIS in paper copy or microfiche form beginning with fiscal year 1965. Prior to 1978, INS statistical data were included in the *Annual Report of the Immigration and Naturalization Service*. Those reports contain descriptions of INS' activities and accomplishments in addition to the statistical tables. To order, call NTIS at (703) 487-4650.

X. DATA GAPS

Although a considerable amount of detailed information is available about immigrants, temporary visitors, and other categories of international migrants to the United States, significant gaps remain in our knowledge about immigration to the United States. In some areas these deficiencies persist because of the inherent difficulty in estimating the numbers, as is the case for emigration and illegal immigration. As a result, no information about either of these two categories is included in the *Statistical Yearbook* tables.

Emigration

The collection of statistics on emigration from the United States was discontinued in 1957; no direct measure of emigration has been available since then. Estimates compiled in this country and statistics collected by other countries indicate that emigration from the United States has increased steadily since the 1950s.

Information about emigration from this country has been developed from statistics collected in the annual INS alien registration (discontinued in 1981), annual immigration data collected by other countries of the world, and tabulations of census data in the United States and other countries. These data sources are deficient for deriving current estimates of U.S. emigration because of their lack of timeliness, incomplete coverage of international migrants, and unspecified or inconsistent definitions of immigration.

The estimates derived in the 1980s indicate that the average flow of alien emigration exceeded 100,000 per year after 1970. These figures are consistent with U.S. historical experience; between 1900 and 1980, approximately 30 million immigrants were admitted, and an estimated 10 million foreign-born persons emigrated. [11] The U.S. Bureau of the Census currently uses an annual emigration figure of 160,000, which includes both citizens and aliens, for computing national population estimates.

Illegal Immigration

The annual INS *Statistical Yearbook* does not include statistics on the number of unauthorized migrants entering

[11] Warren, Robert and Ellen Percy Kraly, 1985, *The Elusive Exodus: Emigration from the United States*, Population Trends and Public Policy Occasional Paper No. 8, March, Population Reference Bureau: Washington, D.C.

or residing in the United States. This category could be broadly defined as any foreign-born person present in the United States who is in a deportable status, including, for example, a tourist who departed a day or two late. The term could be more narrowly defined to include only those who have established residence and intend to remain here permanently. Obviously, the size of this population would vary considerably depending on the definition used.

In 1989 the Urban Institute and the Rand Corporation conducted a thorough review of estimates of the illegal alien population and the assumptions used to derive them. [12] The most reliable data available indicate that the resident illegal population was in the range of about 2.0 to 3.5 million in 1980. Statistics on the annual change in this population developed by the Census Bureau indicate that the population grew to roughly 4.0 to 5.0 million at the beginning of 1987. Following the passage of IRCA in 1986, about 3 million illegal aliens were granted temporary and then legal permanent residence. Adequate statistics are not available to estimate the size or rate of growth of the illegal alien population since the passage of IRCA. Information on the foreign-born population collected in the 1990 census will be useful for developing such estimates.

[12] *Undocumented Migration to the United States: IRCA and the Experience of the 1980s*, edited by Frank D. Bean, Barry Edmonston, and Jeffrey S. Passel, The Urban Institute Press, 1990. See especially Chapter 1.

APPENDIXES

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

IMMIGRATION LIMITS: FISCAL YEAR 1992

GLOSSARY

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DATA SOURCES

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

The following compilation of federal immigration and naturalization statutes in the United States provides an overview of the legislative history of immigration to the United States. It is not exhaustive either for the number of bills enacted or for the specific points of law within each bill. This review of the federal legislative process fosters a general understanding of the major issues as they developed in the area of immigration and naturalization in the United States. The dates of enactment and *Statutes-at-Large* reference numbers are presented in chronological order; they provide a basis for further inquiry for more detailed information.

ACT	MAJOR FEATURES
1. ACT OF MARCH 26, 1790 (*1 Statutes-at-Large 103*)	The first federal activity in an area previously under the control of the individual states, this act established a uniform rule for naturalization by setting the residence requirement at two years.
2. ACT OF JANUARY 29, 1795 (*1 Statutes-at-Large 414*)	Repealed the 1790 act, raised the residence requirement to five years and required a declaration of intention to seek citizenship at least three years before naturalization.
3. NATURALIZATION ACT OF JUNE 18, 1798 (*1 Statutes-at-Large 566*)	Provisions: a. Clerks of court must furnish information about each record of naturalization to the Secretary of State. b. Registry of each alien residing in the United States at that time, as well as those arriving thereafter. c. Raised the residence requirement for naturalization to fourteen years.
4. ALIENS ACT OF JUNE 25, 1798 (*1 Statutes-at-Large 570*)	Represented the first Federal law pertinent to immigration rather than naturalization. Provisions: a. Authorized the President to arrest and/or deport any alien whom he deemed dangerous to the United States. b. Required the captain of any vessel to report the arrival of aliens on board such vessel to the Collector, or other chief officer, of the Customs of the Port. This law expired two years after its enactment.
5. ALIEN ENEMY ACT OF JULY 6, 1798 (*1 Statutes-at-Large 577*)	Provided that in the case of declared war or invasion the President shall have the power to restrain or remove alien enemy males of fourteen years and upwards, but with due protection of their property rights as stipulated by treaty.
6. NATURALIZATION ACT OF APRIL 14, 1802 (*2 Statutes-at-Large 153*)	Provisions: a. Reduced the residence period for naturalization from fourteen to five years. b. Established basic requirements for naturalization, including good moral character, allegiance to the Constitution, a formal declaration of intention, and witnesses.

APPENDIX 1

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

7. **STEERAGE ACT OF MARCH 2, 1819** (*3 Statutes-at-Large 488*)	First significant Federal law relating to immigration. Provisions: a. Established the continuing reporting of immigration to the United States by requiring that passenger lists or manifests of all arriving vessels be delivered to the local Collector of Customs, copies transmitted to the Secretary of State, and the information reported to Congress. b. Set specific sustenance rules for passengers of ships leaving U.S. ports for Europe. c. Somewhat restricted the number of passengers on all vessels either coming to or leaving the United States.
8. **ACT OF MAY 26, 1824** (*4 Statutes-at-Large 36*)	Facilitated the naturalization of certain aliens who had entered the United States as minors, by setting a two-year instead of a three-year interval between declaration of intention and admission to citizenship.
9. **ACT OF FEBRUARY 22, 1847** (*9 Statutes-at-Large 127*)	"Passenger Acts," provided specific regulations to safeguard passengers on merchant vessels. Subsequently amended by the Act of March 2, 1847 expanding the allowance of passenger space.
10. **PASSENGER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1855** (*10 Statutes-at-Large 715*)	Provisions: a. Repealed the Passenger Acts (see the 1847 act) and combined their provisions in a codified form. b. Reaffirmed the duty of the captain of any vessel to report the arrival of alien passengers. c. Established separate reporting to the Secretary of State distinguishing permanent and temporary immigration.
11. **ACT OF FEBRUARY 19, 1862** (*12 Statutes-at-Large 340*)	Prohibited the transportation of Chinese "coolies" on American vessels.
12. **ACT OF JULY 4, 1864** (*13 Statutes-at-Large 385*)	First Congressional attempt to centralize control of immigration. Provisions: a. A Commissioner of Immigration was appointed by the President to serve under the authority of the Secretary of State. b. Authorized immigrant labor contracts whereby would-be immigrants would pledge their wages to pay for transportation. On March 30, 1868, the Act of July 4, 1864 was repealed.
13. **NATURALIZATION ACT OF JULY 14, 1870** (*16 Statutes-at-Large 254*)	Provisions: a. Established a system of controls on the naturalization process and penalties for fraudulent practices. b. Extended the naturalization laws to aliens of African nativity and to persons of African descent.
14. **ACT OF MARCH 3, 1875** (*18 Statutes-at-Large 477*)	Established the policy of direct federal regulation of immigration by prohibiting for the first time entry to undesirable immigrants. Provisions: a. Excluded criminals and prostitutes from admission. b. Prohibited the bringing of any Oriental persons without their free and voluntary consent; declared the contracting to supply "coolie" labor a felony. c. Entrusted the inspection of immigrants to collectors of the ports.

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15. CHINESE EXCLUSION ACT OF MAY 6, 1882 (*22 Statutes-at-Large 58*)	Provisions: a. Suspended immigration of Chinese laborers to the United States for ten years. b. Permitted Chinese laborers already in the United States to remain in the country after a temporary absence. c. Provided for deportation of Chinese illegally in the United States. d. Barred Chinese from naturalization. e. Permitted the entry of Chinese students, teachers, merchants, or those "proceeding to the United States ... from curiosity." On December 17, 1943, the Chinese exclusion laws were repealed.
16. IMMIGRATION ACT OF AUGUST 3, 1882 (*22 Statutes-at-Large 214*)	First general immigration law, established a system of central control of immigration through State Boards under the Secretary of the Treasury. Provisions: a. Broadened restrictions on immigration by adding to the classes of inadmissible aliens, including persons likely to become a public charge. b Introduced a tax of 50 cents on each passenger brought to the United States.
17. ACT OF FEBRUARY 26, 1885 (*23 Statutes-at-Large 332*)	The first "Contract Labor Law," made it unlawful to import aliens into the United States under contract for the performance of labor or services of any kind. Exceptions were for aliens temporarily in the United States engaging other foreigners as secretaries, servants, or domestics; actors, artists, lecturers, and domestic servants; and skilled aliens working in an industry not yet established in the United States.
18. ACT OF FEBRUARY 23, 1887 (*24 Statutes-at-Large 414*)	Amended the Contract Labor Law to render it enforceable by charging the Secretary of the Treasury with enforcement of the act and providing that prohibited persons be sent back on arrival.
19. ACT OF MARCH 3, 1887 (*24 Statutes-at-Large 476*)	Restricted the ownership of real estate in the United States to American citizens and those who have lawfully declared their intentions to become citizens, with certain specific exceptions.
20. ACT OF OCTOBER 19, 1888 (*25 Statutes-at-Large 566*)	First measure since the Aliens Act of 1798 to provide for expulsion of aliens—directed the return within one year after entry of any immigrant who had landed in violation of the contract labor laws (see acts of February 26, 1885 and February 23, 1887).
21. IMMIGRATION ACT OF MARCH 3, 1891 (*26 Statutes-at-Large 1084*)	The first comprehensive law for national control of immigration. Provisions: a. Established the Bureau of Immigration under the Treasury Department to administer all immigration laws (except the Chinese Exclusion Act). b. Further restricted immigration by adding to the inadmissible classes persons likely to become public charges, persons suffering from certain contagious disease, felons, persons convicted of other crimes or misdemeanors, polygamists, aliens assisted by others by payment of passage, and forbade the encouragement of immigration by means of advertisement. c. Allowed the Secretary of the Treasury to prescribe rules for inspection along the borders of Canada, British Columbia, and Mexico so as not to obstruct or unnecessarily delay, impede, or annoy passengers in ordinary travel between these countries and the United States. d. Directed the deportation of any alien who entered the United States unlawfully.

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22. **ACT OF MARCH 3, 1893**
(27 Statutes-at-Large 570)

Provisions:
a. Added to the reporting requirements regarding alien arrivals to the United States such new information as occupation, marital status, ability to read or write, amount of money in possession, and facts regarding physical and mental health. This information was needed to determine admissibility according to the expanding list of grounds for exclusion.
b. Established boards of special inquiry to decide the admissibility of alien arrivals.

23. **ACT OF APRIL 29, 1902**
(32 Statutes-at-Large 176)

Extended the existing Chinese exclusion acts until such time as a new treaty with China was negotiated, and extended the application of the exclusion acts to insular territories of the United States, including the requirement of a certificate of residence, except in Hawaii.

24. **ACT OF FEBRUARY 14, 1903**
(32 Statutes-at-Large 825)

Transferred the Bureau of Immigration to the newly-created Department of Commerce and Labor, and expanded the authority of the Commissioner-General of Immigration in the areas of rulemaking and enforcement of immigration laws.

25. **IMMIGRATION ACT OF MARCH 3, 1903**
(32 Statutes-at-Large 1213)

An extensive codification of existing immigration law. Provisions:
a. Added to the list of inadmissible immigrants.
b. First measure to provide for the exclusion of aliens on the grounds of proscribed opinions by excluding "anarchists, or persons who believe in, or advocate, the overthrow by force or violence the government of the United States, or of all government, or of all forms of law, or the assassination of public officials."
c. Extended to three years after entry the period during which an alien who was inadmissible at the time of entry could be deported.
d. Provided for the deportation of aliens who became public charges within two years after entry from causes existing prior to their landing.
e. Reaffirmed the contract labor law (see the 1885 act).

26. **ACT OF APRIL 27, 1904**
(33 Statutes-at-Large 428)

Reaffirmed and made permanent the Chinese exclusion laws. In addition, clarified the territories from which Chinese were to be excluded.

27. **NATURALIZATION ACT OF JUNE 29, 1906**
(34 Statutes-at-Large 596)

Provisions:
a. Combined the immigration and naturalization functions of the federal government, changing the Bureau of Immigration to the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization.
b. Established fundamental procedural safeguards regarding naturalization, such as fixed fees and uniform naturalization forms.
c. Made knowledge of the English language a requirement for naturalization.

28. **IMMIGRATION ACT OF FEBRUARY 20, 1907**
(34 Statutes-at-Large 898)

A major codifying act that incorporated and consolidated earlier legislation:
a. Required aliens to declare intention of permanent or temporary stay in the United States and officially classified arriving aliens as immigrants and nonimmigrants, respectively.
b. Increased the head tax to $4.00 (established by the Act of August 3, 1882 and raised subsequently).
c. Added to the excludable classes imbeciles, feeble-minded persons, persons

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Immigration Act of February 20, 1907 — cont.	with physical or mental defects which may affect their ability to earn a living, persons afflicted with tuberculosis, children unaccompanied by their parents, persons who admitted the commission of a crime involving moral turpitude, and women coming to the United States for immoral purposes. d. Exempted from the provisions of the contract labor law professional actors, artists, singers, ministers, professors, and domestic servants. e. Extended from two to three years after entry authority to deport an alien who had become a public charge from causes which existed before the alien's entry. f. Authorized the President to refuse admission to certain persons when he was satisfied that their immigration was detrimental to labor conditions in the United States. This was aimed mainly at Japanese laborers. g. Created a Joint Commission on Immigration to make an investigation of the immigration system in the United States. The findings of this Commission were the basis for the comprehensive Immigration Act of 1917. h. Reaffirmed the requirement for manifesting of aliens arriving by water and added a like requirement with regard to departing aliens.
29. **WHITE SLAVE TRAFFIC ACT OF JUNE 25, 1910** (*36 Statutes-at-Large 825*)	The Mann Act, prohibited the importation or interstate transportation of women for immoral purposes.
30. **ACT OF MARCH 4, 1913** (*37 Statutes-at-Large 737*)	Divided the Department of Commerce and Labor into separate departments and transferred the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization to the Department of Labor. It further divided the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization into a separate Bureau of Immigration and Bureau of Naturalization, each headed by its own Commissioner.
31. **IMMIGRATION ACT OF FEBRUARY 5, 1917** (*39 Statutes-at-Large 874*)	Codified all previously enacted exclusion provisions. In addition: a. Excluded illiterate aliens from entry. b. Expanded the list of aliens excluded for mental health and other reasons. c. Further restricted the immigration of Asian persons, creating the "barred zone" (known as the Asia-Pacific triangle), natives of which were declared inadmissible. d. Considerably broadened the classes of aliens deportable from the United States and introduced the requirement of deportation without statute of limitation in certain more serious cases.
32. **ACT OF MAY 22, 1918** (*40 Statutes-at-Large 559*)	"Entry and Departure Controls Act," authorized the President to control the departure and entry in times of war or national emergency of any alien whose presence was deemed contrary to public safety.
33. **QUOTA LAW OF MAY 19, 1921** (*42 Statutes-at-Large 5*)	The first quantitative immigration law. Provisions: a. Limited the number of aliens of any nationality entering the United States to three percent of the foreign-born persons of that nationality who lived in the United States in 1910. Approximately 350,000 such aliens were permitted to enter each year as quota immigrants, mostly from Northern and Western Europe. b. Exempted from this limitation aliens who had resided continuously for at least one year immediately preceding their application in one of the independent countries of the Western Hemisphere; nonimmigrant aliens such as government officials and their households, aliens in transit through the United States, and

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Quota Law of May 19, 1921 — cont.

temporary visitors for business and pleasure; and aliens whose immigration is regulated by immigration treaty.

c. Actors, artists, lecturers, singers, nurses, ministers, professors, aliens belonging to any recognized learned profession, and aliens employed as domestic servants were placed on a nonquota basis.

34. **ACT OF MAY 11, 1922**
(42 Statutes-at-Large 540)

Extended the Act of May 19, 1921 for two years, with amendments:

a. Changed from one year to five-years the residency requirement in a Western Hemisphere country.

b. Authorized fines of transportation companies for transporting an inadmissible alien unless it was deemed that inadmissibility was not known to the company and could not have been discovered with reasonable diligence.

35. **IMMIGRATION ACT OF MAY 26, 1924**
(43 Statutes-at-Large 153)

The first permanent limitation on immigration, established the "national origins quota system." In conjunction with the Immigration Act of 1917, governed American immigration policy until 1952 (see the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952).

Provisions:

a. Contained two quota provisions:

1. In effect until June 30, 1927—set the annual quota of any quota nationality at two percent of the number of foreign-born persons of such nationality resident in the continental United States in 1890 (total quota - 164,667).
2. From July 1, 1927 (later postponed to July 1, 1929) to December 31, 1952—used the national origins quota system: the annual quota for any country or nationality had the same relation to 150,000 as the number of inhabitants in the continental United States in 1920 having that national origin had to the total number of inhabitants in the continental United States in 1920.

Preference quota status was established for: unmarried children under 21; parents; spouses of U.S. citizens aged 21 and over; and for quota immigrants aged 21 and over who are skilled in agriculture, together with their wives and dependent children under age 16.

b. Nonquota status was accorded to: wives and unmarried children under 18 of U.S. citizens; natives of Western Hemisphere countries, with their families; nonimmigrants; and certain others. Subsequent amendments eliminated certain elements of this law's inherent discrimination against women but comprehensive elimination was not achieved until 1952 (see the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952).

c. Established the "consular control system" of immigration by mandating that no alien may be permitted entrance to the United States without an unexpired immigration visa issued by an American consular officer abroad. Thus, the State Department and the Immigration and Naturalization Service shared control of immigration.

d. Introduced the provision that, as a rule, no alien ineligible to become a citizen shall be admitted to the United States as an immigrant. This was aimed primarily at Japanese aliens.

e. Imposed fines on transportation companies who landed aliens in violation of U.S. Immigration laws.

f. Defined the term "immigrant" and designated all other alien entries into the United States as "nonimmigrant" (temporary visitor). Established classes of admission for nonimmigrant entries.

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36.	**ACT OF MAY 28, 1924** *(43 Statutes-at-Large 240)*	An appropriations law, provided for the establishment of the U.S. Border Patrol.
37.	**ACT OF MARCH 31, 1928** *(45 Statutes-at-Large 400)*	Provided more time to work out computation of the quotas established by the Immigration Act of 1924 by postponing introduction of the quotas until July 1, 1929.
38.	**ACT OF APRIL 2, 1928** *(45 Statutes-at-Large 401)*	Provided that the Immigration Act of 1924 was not to be construed to limit the right of American Indians to cross the border, but with the proviso that the right does not extend to members of Indian tribes by adoption.
39.	**REGISTRY ACT OF MARCH 2, 1929** *(45 Statutes-at-Large 1512)*	Amended existing immigration law authorizing the establishment of a record of lawful admission for certain aliens not ineligible for citizenship when no record of admission for permanent residence could be found and the alien could prove entrance to the United States before July 1, 1924 (subsequently amended to June 3, 1921 by the Act of August 7, 1939—53 Statutes-at-Large 1243). Later incorporated into the Alien Registration Act of 1940.
40.	**ACT OF MARCH 4, 1929** *(45 Statutes-at-Large 1551)*	Provisions: a. Added two deportable classes, consisting of aliens convicted of carrying any weapon or bomb and sentenced to any term of six months or more, and aliens convicted of violation of the prohibition law for which a sentence of one year or more is received. b. Made reentry of a previously deported alien a felony punishable by fine or imprisonment or both. c. Made entry by an alien at other than at a designated place or by fraud to be a misdemeanor punishable by fine or imprisonment or both. d. Deferred the deportation of an alien sentenced to imprisonment until the termination of the imprisonment.
41.	**ACT OF FEBRUARY 18, 1931** *(46 Statutes-at-Large 1171)*	Provided for the deportation of any alien convicted of violation of U.S. laws concerning the importation, exportation, manufacture, or sale of heroin, opium, or coca leaves.
42.	**ACT OF MARCH 17, 1932** *(47 Statutes-at-Large 67)*	Provisions: a. The contract labor laws were applicable to alien instrumental musicians whether coming for permanent residence or temporarily. b. Such aliens shall not be considered artists or professional actors under the terms of the Immigration Act of 1917, and thereby exempt from the contract labor laws, unless they are recognized to be of distinguished ability and are coming to fulfill professional engagements corresponding to such ability. c. If the alien qualifies for exemption under the above proviso, the Secretary of Labor later may prescribe such conditions, including bonding, as will insure the alien's departure at the end of his engagement.
43.	**ACT OF MAY 2, 1932** *(47 Statutes-at-Large 145)*	Amended the Immigration Act of 1917, doubling the allocation for enforcement of the contract labor laws.

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44.	**ACT OF JULY 1, 1932** *(47 Statutes-at-Large 524)*	Amended the Immigration Act of 1924, providing that the specified classes of nonimmigrant aliens be admitted for a prescribed period of time and under such conditions, including bonding where deemed necessary, as would ensure departure at the expiration of the prescribed time or upon failure to maintain the status under which admitted.
45.	**ACT OF JULY 11, 1932** *(47 Statutes-at-Large 656)*	Provided exemption from quota limits (i.e., give nonquota status) the husbands of American citizens, provided that the marriage occurred prior to issuance of the visa and prior to July 1, 1932. Wives of citizens were accorded nonquota status regardless of the time of marriage.
46.	**ACT OF JUNE 15, 1935** *(49 Statutes-at-Large 376)*	Designated as a protection for American seamen, repealed the laws giving privileges of citizenship regarding service on and protection by American vessels to aliens having their first papers (i.e., having made declaration of intent to become American citizens).
47.	**ACT OF MAY 14, 1937** *(50 Statutes-at-Large 164)*	Made deportable any alien who at any time after entering the United States: a. was found to have secured a visa through fraud by contracting a marriage which subsequent to entry into the United States had been judicially annulled retroactively to the date of the marriage; or b. failed or refused to fulfill his promises for a marital agreement made to procure his entry as an immigrant.
48.	**ACT OF JUNE 14, 1940** *(54 Statutes-at-Large 230)*	Presidential Reorganization Plan, transferred the Immigration and Naturalization Service from the Department of Labor to the Department of Justice as a national security measure.
49.	**ALIEN REGISTRATION ACT OF JUNE 28, 1940** *(54 Statutes-at-Large 670)*	Provisions: a. Required registration of all aliens and fingerprinting those over 14 years of age. b. Established additional deportable classes, including aliens convicted of smuggling, or assisting in the illegal entry of, other aliens. c. Amended the Act of October 16, 1919, making past membership—in addition to present membership—in proscribed organizations and subversive classes of aliens grounds for exclusion and deportation. d. Amended the Immigration Act of 1917, authorizing, in certain meritorious cases, voluntary departure in lieu of deportation, and suspension of deportation.
50.	**ACT OF JULY 1, 1940** *(54 Statutes-at-Large 711)*	Amended the Immigration Act of 1924, requiring aliens admitted as officials of foreign governments to maintain their status or depart.
51.	**NATIONALITY ACT OF OCTOBER 14, 1940** (Effective January 13, 1941 as *54 Statutes-at-Large 1137*)	Codified and revised the naturalization, citizenship, and expatriation laws to strengthen the national defense. The naturalization and nationality regulations were rewritten and the forms used in naturalization proceedings were revised.
52.	**PUBLIC SAFETY ACT OF JUNE 20, 1941** *(55 Statutes-at-Large 252)*	Directed a consular officer to refuse a visa to any alien seeking to enter the United States for the purpose of engaging in activities which would endanger the safety of the United States.

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53.	**ACT OF JUNE 21, 1941** (*55 Statutes-at-Large 252*)	Extended the Act of May 22, 1918—gave the President power, during a time of national emergency or war, to prevent departure from or entry into the United States.
54.	**ACT OF DECEMBER 8, 1942** (*56 Statutes-at-Large 1044*)	Amended the Immigration Act of 1917, altering the reporting procedure in suspension of deportation cases to require the Attorney General to report such suspensions to Congress on the first and fifteenth of each month that Congress is in session.
55.	**ACT OF APRIL 29, 1943** (*57 Statutes-at-Large 70*)	Provided for the importation of temporary agricultural laborers to the United States from North, South, and Central America to aid agriculture during World War II. This program was later extended through 1947, then served as the legal basis of the Mexican "Bracero Program," which lasted through 1964.
56.	**ACT OF DECEMBER 17, 1943** (*57 Statutes-at-Large 600*)	Amended the Alien Registration Act of 1940, adding to the classes eligible for naturalization Chinese persons or persons of Chinese descent. A quota of 105 per year was established (effectively repealing the Chinese Exclusion laws—see the Act of May 6, 1882).
57.	**ACT OF FEBRUARY 14, 1944** (*58 Statutes-at-Large 11*)	Provided for the importation of temporary workers from countries in the Western Hemisphere pursuant to agreements with such countries for employment in industries and services essential to the war efforts. Agreements were subsequently made with British Honduras, Jamaica, Barbados, and the British West Indies.
58.	**WAR BRIDES ACT OF DECEMBER 28, 1945** (*59 Statutes-at-Large 659*)	Waived visa requirements and provisions of immigration law excluding physical and mental defectives when they concerned members of the American armed forces who, during World War II, had married nationals of foreign countries.
59.	**G.I. FIANCEES ACT OF JUNE 29, 1946** (*60 Statutes-at-Large 339*)	Facilitated the admission to the United States of fiance(e)s of members of the American armed forces.
60.	**ACT OF JULY 2, 1946** (*60 Statutes-at-Large 416*)	Amended the Immigration Act of 1917, granting the privilege of admission to the United States as quota immigrants and eligibility for naturalization races indigenous to India and persons of Filipino descent.
61.	**ACT OF AUGUST 9, 1946** (*60 Statutes-at-Large 975*)	Gave nonquota status to Chinese wives of American citizens.
62.	**ACT OF JUNE 28, 1947** (*61 Statutes-at-Large 190*)	Extended by six months the Attorney General's authority to admit alien fiance(e)s of veterans as temporary visitors pending marriage.
63.	**ACT OF MAY 25, 1948** (*62 Statutes-at-Large 268*)	Amended the Act of October 16, 1918, providing for the expulsion and exclusion of anarchists and similar classes, and gave the Attorney General similar powers to exclude as the Secretary of State had through the refusal of immigration visas.

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64.	**DISPLACED PERSONS ACT OF JUNE 25, 1948** (*62 Statutes-at-Large 1009*)	First expression of U.S. policy for admitting persons fleeing persecution. Permitted the admission of up to 205,000 displaced persons during the two-year period beginning July 1, 1948 (chargeable against future year's quotas). Aimed at reducing the problem created by the presence in Germany, Austria, and Italy of more than one million displaced persons.
65.	**ACT OF JULY 1, 1948** (*62 Statutes-at-Large 1206*)	Amended the Immigration Act of 1917. Provisions: a. Made available suspension of deportation to aliens even though they were ineligible for naturalization by reason of race. b. Set condition for suspension of deportation that an alien shall have proved good moral character for the preceding five years, and that the Attorney General finds that deportation would result in serious economic detriment to a citizen or legal resident and closely related alien, or the alien has resided continuously in the United States for seven years or more.
66.	**CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY ACT OF JUNE 20, 1949** (*63 Statutes-at-Large 208*)	Authorized the admission of a limited number of aliens in the interest of national security. Provided that whenever the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, the Attorney General, and the Commissioner of Immigration determine that the entry of a particular alien into the United States for permanent residence is in the national security or essential to the furtherance of the national intelligence mission, such alien and his immediate family may be given entry into the United States for permanent residence without regard to their admissibility under any laws and regulations or to their failure to comply with such laws and regulations pertaining to admissibility. The number was not to exceed 100 persons per year.
67.	**AGRICULTURAL ACT OF OCTOBER 31, 1949** (*63 Statutes-at-Large 1051*)	Facilitated the entry of seasonal farm workers to meet labor shortages in the United States. Further extension of the Mexican Bracero Program.
68.	**ACT OF JUNE 16, 1950** (*64 Statutes-at-Large 219*)	Amended the Displaced Persons Act of 1948. Provisions: a. Extended the act to June 30, 1951 and its application to war orphans and German expellees and refugees to July 1, 1952. b. Increased the total of persons who could be admitted under the act to 415,744.
69.	**ACT OF JUNE 30, 1950** (*64 Statutes-at-Large 306*)	Provided relief to the sheepherding industry by authorizing that, during a one-year period, 250 special quota immigration visas be issued to skilled sheepherders chargeable to oversubscribed quotas.
70.	**ACT OF AUGUST 19, 1950** (*64 Statutes-at-Large 464*)	Made spouses and minor children of members of the American armed forces, regardless of the alien's race, eligible for immigration and nonquota status if marriage occurred before March 19, 1952.
71.	**INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF SEPTEMBER 22, 1950** (*64 Statutes-at-Large 987*)	Amended various immigration laws with a view toward strengthening security screening in cases of aliens in the United States or applying for entry. Provisions: a. Present and former membership in the Communist party or any other totalitarian party or its affiliates was specifically made a ground for inadmissibility.

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Internal Security Act of September 22, 1950 — cont.

b. Aliens in the United States who, at the time of their entry or by reason of subsequent actions, would have been inadmissible under the provisions of the Internal Security Act, were made deportable regardless of the length of their residence in the United States.

c. The discretion of the Attorney General in admitting otherwise inadmissible aliens temporarily, and in some instances permanently, was curtailed or eliminated.

d. The Attorney General was given authority to exclude and deport without a hearing an alien whose admission would be prejudicial to the public interest if the Attorney General's finding was based on confidential information the disclosure of which would have been prejudicial to the public interest of the United States.

e. The Attorney General was given authority to supervise deportable aliens pending their deportation and also was given greater latitude in selecting the country of deportation. However, deportation of an alien was prohibited to any country in which the alien would be subject to physical persecution.

f. Any alien deportable as a subversive criminal, or member of the immoral classes who willfully failed to depart from the United States within six months after the issuance of the deportation order was made liable to criminal prosecution and could be imprisoned for up to ten years.

g. Every alien residing in the United States subject to alien registration was required to notify the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization of his address within ten days of each January 1st in which he resided in the United States.

72. **ACT OF MARCH 28, 1951**
(65 Statutes-at-Large 28)

Provisions:

a. Gave the Attorney General authority to amend the record of certain aliens who were admitted only temporarily because of affiliations other than Communist.

b. Interpreted the Act of October 16, 1918 regarding exclusion and expulsion of aliens to include only voluntary membership or affiliation with a Communist organization and to exclude cases where the person in question was under sixteen years of age, or where it was for the purpose of obtaining employment, food rations, or other necessities.

73. **ACT OF JULY 12, 1951**
(65 Statutes-at-Large 119)

Amended the Agricultural Act of 1949, serving as the basic framework under which the Mexican Bracero Program operated until 1962. Provided that:

a. The U.S. government establish and operate reception centers at or near the Mexican border; provide transportation, subsistence, and medical care from the Mexican recruiting centers to the U.S. reception centers; and guarantee performance by employers in matters relating to transportation and wages, including all forms of remuneration.

b. U.S. employers pay the prevailing wages in the area; guarantee the workers employment for three-fourths of the contract period; and provide workers with free housing and adequate meals at a reasonable cost.

74. **ACT OF MARCH 20, 1952**
(66 Statutes-at-Large 26)

Provisions:

a. Amended the Immigration Act of 1917, making it a felony to bring in or willfully induce an alien unlawfully to enter or reside in the United States. However, the usual and normal practices incident to employment were not deemed to constitute harboring.

b. Defined further the powers of the Border Patrol, giving officers of the Immigration and Naturalization Service authority to have access to private lands, but not dwellings, within 25 miles of an external boundary for the purpose of patrolling the border to prevent the illegal entry of aliens.

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75. ACT OF APRIL 9, 1952 (*66 Statutes-at-Large 50*)	Added the issuance of 500 immigration visas to sheepherders.
76. IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT OF JUNE 27, 1952 (INA) (*66 Statutes-at-Large 163*)	Brought into one comprehensive statute the multiple laws which, before its enactment, governed immigration and naturalization in the United States. In general, perpetuated the immigration policies from earlier statutes with the following significant modifications: a. Made all races eligible for naturalization, thus eliminating race as a bar to immigration. b. Eliminated discrimination between sexes with respect to immigration. c. Revised the national origins quota system of the Immigration Act of 1924 by changing the national origins quota formula: set the annual quota for an area at one-sixth of one percent of the number of inhabitants in the continental United States in 1920 whose ancestry or national origin was attributable to that area. All countries were allowed a minimum quota of 100, with a ceiling of 2,000 on most natives of countries in the Asia-Pacific triangle, which broadly encompassed the Asian countries. d. Introduced a system of selected immigration by giving a quota preference to skilled aliens whose services are urgently needed in the United States and to relatives of U.S. citizens and aliens. e. Placed a limit on the use of the governing country's quota by natives of colonies and dependent areas. f. Provided an "escape clause" permitting the immigration of certain former voluntary members of proscribed organizations. g. Broadened the grounds for exclusion and deportation of aliens. h. Provided procedures for the adjustment of status of nonimmigrant aliens to that of permanent resident aliens. i. Modified and added significantly to the existing classes of nonimmigrant admission. j. Afforded greater procedural safeguards to aliens subject to deportation. k. Introduced the alien address report system whereby all aliens in the United States (including most temporary visitors) were required annually to report their current address to the INS. l. Established a central index of all aliens in the United States for use by security and enforcement agencies. m. Repealed the ban on contract labor (see Act of March 30, 1868) but added other qualitative exclusions.
77. REFUGEE RELIEF ACT OF AUGUST 7, 1953 (*67 Statutes-at-Large 400*)	Authorized the issuance of special nonquota visas allowing 214,000 aliens to become permanent residents of the United States, in addition to those whose admission was authorized by the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952.
78. ACT OF SEPTEMBER 3, 1954 (*68 Statutes-at-Large 1145*)	Provisions: a. Made special nonquota immigrant visas available to certain skilled sheepherders for a period of up to one year. b. Exempted from inadmissibility to the United States aliens who had committed no more than one petty offense.
79. ACT OF SEPTEMBER 3, 1954 (*68 Statutes-at-Large 1146*)	Provided for the expatriation of persons convicted of engaging in a conspiracy to overthrow or levy war against the U.S. government.

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80.	**ACT OF JULY 24, 1957** *(71 Statutes-at-Large 311)*	Permitted enlistment of aliens into the regular Army.
81.	**ACT OF AUGUST 30, 1957** *(71 Statutes-at-Large 518)*	Exempted aliens who were survivors of certain deceased members of the U.S. armed forces from provisions of the Social Security Act which prohibited the payment of benefits to aliens outside the United States.
82.	**REFUGEE-ESCAPEE ACT OF SEPTEMBER 11, 1957** *(71 Statutes-at-Large 639)*	Provisions: a. Addressed the problem of quota oversubscription by removing the "mortgaging" of immigrant quotas imposed under the Displaced Persons Act of 1948 and other subsequent acts. b. Provided for the granting of nonquota status to aliens qualifying under the first three preference groups on whose behalf petitions had been filed by a specified date. c. Facilitated the admission into the United States of stepchildren, illegitimate children, and adopted children. d. Conferred first preference status on spouse and children of first preference immigrants if following to join the immigrant. e. Set an age limit of fourteen for the adoption of orphans to qualify for nonquota status and further defined which orphans were eligible under the act. f. Gave the Attorney General authority to admit certain aliens formerly excludable from the United States.
83.	**ACT OF JULY 25, 1958** *(72 Statutes-at-Large 419)*	Granted admission for permanent residence to Hungarian parolees of at least two years' residence in the United States, on condition that the alien was admissible at time of entry and still admissible.
84.	**ACT OF AUGUST 21, 1958** *(72 Statutes-at-Large 699)*	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, authorizing the Attorney General to adjust nonimmigrant aliens from temporary to permanent resident status subject to visa availability.
85.	**ACT OF SEPTEMBER 22, 1959** *(73 Statutes-at-Large 644)*	Facilitated the entry of fiance(e)s and relatives of alien residents and citizens of the United States by reclassifying certain categories of relatives into preference portions of the immigration quotas. This was designed to assist in reuniting families both on a permanent basis, through the amendments to the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, and through temporary programs.
86.	**ACT OF JULY 14, 1960** *(74 Statutes-at-Large 504)*	"Fair Share Refugee Act." Provisions: a. Authorized the Attorney General to parole up to 500 alien refugee-escapees and make them eligible for permanent residence. b. Amended the Act of September 2, 1958 to extend it to June 30, 1962. c. Amended the Act of September 11, 1957, which provided special nonquota immigrant visas for adopted or to-be-adopted orphans under 14 years of age, extending it to June 30, 1961. d. Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, adding possession of marijuana to the sections concerning excludable and deportable offenses. e. Made alien seamen ineligible for adjustment from temporary to permanent resident status.

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87. **ACT OF AUGUST 17, 1961**
(75 Statutes-at-Large 364)

Provided that, in peacetime, no volunteer is to be accepted into the Army or Air Force unless the person is a citizen or an alien admitted for permanent residence.

88. **ACT OF SEPTEMBER 26, 1961**
(75 Statutes-at-Large 650)

An omnibus bill liberalizing the quota provisions of the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions:

a. Eliminated the ceiling of 2,000 on the aggregate quota of the Asia-Pacific triangle.

b. Provided that whenever one or more quota areas have a change of boundaries which might lessen their aggregate quota, they were to maintain the quotas they had before the change took place.

c. Codified and made permanent the law for admission of adopted children.

d. Established a single statutory form of judicial review of orders of deportation.

e. Insured a minimum quota of 100 for newly independent nations.

f. Called for the omission of information on race and ethnic origin from the visa application.

g. Strengthened the law against the fraudulent gaining of nonquota status by marriage.

h. Authorized the Public Health Service to determine which diseases are dangerous and contagious in constituting grounds for exclusion.

89. **ACT OF OCTOBER 24, 1962**
(76 Statutes-at-Large 1247)

Provisions:

a. Granted nonquota immigrant visas for certain aliens eligible for fourth preference (i.e., brothers, sisters, and children of citizens) and for first preference (i.e., aliens with special occupational skills).

b. Called for a semimonthly report to Congress from the Attorney General of first preference petitions approved.

c. Created a record of lawful entry and provided for suspension of deportation for aliens who have been physically present in the United States for at least seven years in some cases and ten years in others.

90. **ACT OF DECEMBER 13, 1963**
(77 Statutes-at-Large 363)

Extended the Mexican Bracero Program one additional year to December 31, 1964.

91. **IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT AMENDMENTS OF OCTOBER 3, 1965**
(79 Statutes-at-Large 911)

Amended and supplemented the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions:

a Abolished the national origins quota system (see the Immigration Act of 1924 and the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952), eliminating national origin, race, or ancestry as a basis for immigration to the United States.

b. Established allocation of immigrant visas on a first come, first served basis, subject to a seven-category preference system for relatives of U.S. citizens and permanent resident aliens (for the reunification of families) and for persons with special occupational skills, abilities, or training (needed in the United States).

c. Established two categories of immigrants not subject to numerical restrictions:

1. Immediate relatives (spouses, children, parents) of U.S. citizens, and
2. Special immigrants: certain ministers of religion; certain former employees of the U.S. government abroad; certain persons who lost citizenship (e.g., by marriage or by service in foreign armed forces); and certain foreign medical graduates.

d. Maintained the principle of numerical restriction, expanding limits to world coverage by limiting Eastern Hemisphere immigration to 170,000 and placing a ceiling on Western Hemisphere immigration (120,000) for the first time. However, neither the preference categories nor the 20,000 per-country limit were applied to

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	Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of October 3, 1965 — cont.	the Western Hemisphere. e. Introduced a prerequisite for the issuance of a visa of an affirmative finding by the Secretary of Labor that an alien seeking to enter as a worker will not replace a worker in the United States nor adversely affect the wages and working conditions of similarly employed individuals in the United States.
92.	**FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT OF JULY 4, 1966** *(80 Statutes-at-Large 250)*	Provisions: a. Established that the record of every proceeding before the INS in an individual's case be made available to the alien or his attorney of record. b. Required that public reading rooms be established in each Central and District office of the INS, where copies of INS decisions could be made available to the public. Effective July 4, 1967.
93.	**ACT OF NOVEMBER 2, 1966** *(80 Statutes-at-Large 1161)*	Authorized the Attorney General to adjust the status of Cuban refugees to that of permanent resident alien, chargeable to the 120,000 annual limit for the Western Hemisphere.
94.	**ACT OF NOVEMBER 6, 1966** *(80 Statutes-at-Large 1322)*	Clarified and amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions: a. Extended derivative citizenship to children born on or after December 24, 1952 of civilian U.S. citizens serving abroad. b. Provided that time spent abroad by U.S. citizens (or their dependent children) in the employ of the U.S. Government or certain international organizations could be treated as physical presence in the United States for the purpose of transmitting U.S. citizenship to children born abroad.
95.	**ACT OF DECEMBER 18, 1967** *(81 Statutes-at-Large 661)*	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, facilitating the expeditious naturalization of certain noncitizen employees of U.S. nonprofit organizations.
96.	**ACT OF JUNE 19, 1968** *(82 Statutes-at-Large 197)*	Omnibus crimes control and safe streets legislation, declared it illegal for aliens who are illegally in the country and for former citizens who have renounced their citizenship to receive, possess, or transport a firearm.
97.	**ACT OF OCTOBER 24, 1968** *(82 Statutes-at-Large 1343)*	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, providing for expeditious naturalization of noncitizens who have rendered honorable services in the U.S. armed forces during the Vietnam conflict, or in other periods of military hostilities.
98.	**ACT OF APRIL 7, 1970** *(84 Statutes-at-Large 116)*	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions: a. Created two new classes of nonimmigrant admission—fiance(e)s of U.S. citizens and intracompany transferees. b. Modified the H1 temporary worker class of nonimmigrant admission (workers of distinguished merit and ability). c. Altered the provisions of the law regarding the two-year residence requirement, making it easier for nonimmigrants who have been in the United States as exchange visitors to adjust to a different nonimmigrant status or to permanent resident status.

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99. ACT OF AUGUST 10, 1971 (*85 Statutes-at-Large 302*)	Amended the Communications Act of 1934, providing that lawful permanent resident aliens be permitted to operate amateur radio stations in the United States and hold licenses for their stations.
100. ACT OF SEPTEMBER 28, 1971 (*85 Statutes-at-Large 348*)	Amended the Selective Service Act of 1967. Provisions: a. Registration for the selective service shall not be applicable to any alien admitted to the United States as a nonimmigrant as long as he continues to maintain a lawful nonimmigrant status in the United States. b. No alien residing in the United States for less than one year shall be inducted for training and service into the U.S. armed forces.
101. ACT OF OCTOBER 27, 1972 (*86 Statutes-at-Large 1289*)	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, reducing restrictions relating to residence requirements requisite to retention of U.S. citizenship acquired by birth abroad through a U.S. citizen parent and an alien parent.
102. SOCIAL SECURITY ACT AMENDMENTS OF OCTOBER 30, 1972 (*86 Statutes-at-Large 1329*)	Amended the Social Security Act, providing that Social Security numbers be assigned to aliens at the time of their lawful admission to the United States for permanent residence or temporarily to engage in lawful employment.
103. ACT OF OCTOBER 20, 1974 (*88 Statutes-at-Large 1387*)	Repealed the "Coolie Trade" legislation of 1862. Such legislation, passed to protect Chinese and Japanese aliens from exploitation caused by discriminatory treatment from immigration laws then in effect, had become virtually inoperative because most of the laws singling out oriental peoples had been repealed or modified.
104. INDOCHINA MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE ACT OF MAY 23, 1975 (*89 Statutes-at-Large 87*)	Established a program of domestic resettlement assistance for refugees who have fled from Cambodia and Vietnam.
105. ACT OF JUNE 21, 1976 (*90 Statutes-at-Large 691*)	Made Laotians eligible for programs established by the Indochina Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1975.
106. ACT OF OCTOBER 12, 1976 (*90 Statutes-at-Large 2243*)	Placed restrictions on foreign medical school graduates (both immigrants and nonimmigrants) coming to the United States for practice or training in the medical profession. Effective January 10, 1977.
107. IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT AMENDMENTS OF OCTOBER 20, 1976 (*90 Statutes-at-Large 2703*)	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions: a. Applied the same 20,000 per-country limit to the Western Hemisphere as applied to the Eastern Hemisphere. b. Slightly modified the seven-category preference system and applied it to the Western Hemisphere. c. Amended the 1966 act, providing that Cuban refugees who are adjusted to permanent resident status will not be charged to any numerical limitation, provided they were physically present in the United States on or before the effective date of these amendments.
108. ACT OF OCTOBER 20, 1976 (*90 Statutes-at-Large 2706*)	Denied unemployment compensation to aliens not lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise permanently residing in the United States under color of law. Effective January 1, 1978.

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109.	**ACT OF AUGUST 1, 1977** *(91 Statutes-at-Large 394)*	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 to ease restrictions on foreign medical school graduates, e.g., exempted aliens who are of national or international renown in the field of medicine and exempted certain alien physicians already in the United States from the examination requirement. (See Act of October 12, 1976.)
110.	**ACT OF OCTOBER 28, 1977** *(91 Statutes-at-Large 1223)*	Provisions: a. Permitted adjustment to permanent resident status for Indochinese refugees who are natives or citizens of Vietnam, Laos, or Cambodia, were physically present in the United States for at least two years, and were admitted or paroled into the United States during specified periods of time. b. Extended the time limit during which refugee assistance may be provided to such refugees.
111.	**ACT OF OCTOBER 5, 1978** *(92 Statutes-at-Large 907)*	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 by combining the separate ceilings for Eastern and Western Hemisphere immigration into one worldwide limit of 290,000.
112.	**ACT OF OCTOBER 5, 1978** *(92 Statutes-at-Large 917)*	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions: a. Made several changes pertaining to the adoption of alien children, including permission for U.S. citizens to petition for the classification of more than two alien orphans as immediate relatives. b. Eliminated the requirement of continuous residence in the United States for two years prior to filing for naturalization.
113.	**ACT OF OCTOBER 7, 1978** *(92 Statutes-at-Large 963)*	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, making permanent the President's authority to regulate the entry of aliens and to require U.S. citizens to bear valid passports when entering or leaving the United States. Provisions: a. Called for unrestricted use of passports to and in any country other than a country with which the United States is at war, where armed hostilities are in progress, or where there is imminent danger to the public health or the physical safety of U.S. travelers. b. Declared it the general policy of the United States to impose restrictions on travel within the United States by citizens of another country only when the government of that country imposes restrictions on travel of U.S. citizens within that country.
114.	**ACT OF OCTOBER 14, 1978** *(92 Statutes-at-Large 1263)*	Required any alien who acquires or transfers any interest in agricultural land to submit a report to the Secretary of Agriculture within 90 days after acquisition or transfer.
115.	**ACT OF OCTOBER 30, 1978** *(92 Statutes-at-Large 2065)*	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, providing for the exclusion and expulsion of aliens who persecuted others on the basis of race, religion, national origin, or political opinion under the direction of the Nazi government of Germany or its allies.
116.	**ACT OF NOVEMBER 2, 1978** *(92 Statutes-at-Large 2479)*	Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, providing for the seizure and forfeiture of vessels, vehicles, and aircraft used in smuggling aliens or knowingly transporting aliens to the United States illegally. An exception was made where the owner or person in control did not consent to the illegal act.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

117. **PANAMA CANAL ACT OF SEPTEMBER 27, 1979**
(93 Statutes-at-Large 452)

Allowed admission as permanent residents to certain aliens with employment on or before 1977 with the Panama Canal Company, the Canal Zone government, or the U.S. government in the Canal Zone, and their families.

118. **REFUGEE ACT OF MARCH 17, 1980**
(94 Statutes-at-Large 102)

Amended and supplemented the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, to provide the first permanent and systematic procedure for the admission and effective resettlement of refugees of special humanitarian concern to the United States. Provisions:

a. Eliminated refugees as a category of the preference system.

b. Set the worldwide ceiling of immigration to the United States at 270,000, exclusive of refugees.

c. Established procedures for annual consultation with Congress on numbers and allocations of refugees to be admitted in each fiscal year, as well as procedures for responding to emergency refugee situations.

d. Defined the term "refugee" (to conform to the 1967 United Nations Protocol on Refugees) and made clear the distinction between refugee and asylee status.

e. Established a comprehensive program for domestic resettlement of refugees.

f. Provided for adjustment to permanent resident status of refugees who have been physically present in the United States for at least one year and of asylees one year after asylum is granted.

119. **REFUGEE EDUCATION ASSISTANCE ACT OF OCTOBER 10, 1980**
(94 Statutes-at-Large 1799)

Established a program of formula grants to State education agencies for basic education of refugee children. Also provided for services to Cuban and Haitian entrants identical to those for refugees under the Refugee Act of 1980.

120. **ACT OF JUNE 5, 1981**
(95 Statutes-at-Large 14)

Supplemental appropriations and rescissions bill, reduced previously-appropriated funds for migration and refugee assistance, including funds provided for reception and processing of Cuban and Haitian entrants.

121. **ACT OF AUGUST 13, 1981**
(95 Statutes-at-Large 357)

Federal appropriations bill for fiscal year 1982, also contained items restricting the access of aliens to various publicly-funded benefits. Immigration-related provisions:

a. Precluded the Secretary of HUD from making financial assistance available to any alien unless that alien is a resident of the United States by virtue of admission or adjustment as a permanent resident alien, refugee or asylee, parolee, conditional entrant, or pursuant to withholding of deportation. Alien visitors, tourists, diplomats, and students were specifically excluded.

b. Severely restricted eligibility of aliens to Aid to Families with Dependent Children.

122. **IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT AMENDMENTS OF DECEMBER 20, 1981**
(95 Statutes-at-Large 1611)

"INS Efficiency Bill," amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 and the Act of November 2, 1978. Provisions:

a. Authorized INS to seize vehicles without having to establish whether the owner was involved in the illegal activity in question.

b. Eliminated the requirement that the government bear administrative and incidental expenses where an innocent owner is involved.

c. Eliminated the requirement that the INS satisfy any valid lien or other third party interest in a vehicle without expense to the interest holder.

d. Eliminated the required annual notification by aliens of their current address.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

123. **ACT OF SEPTEMBER 30, 1982**
(96 Statutes-at-Large 1157)

Allowed admission as permanent residents to certain nonimmigrant aliens residing in the Virgin Islands.

124. **ACT OF OCTOBER 2, 1982**
(96 Statutes-at-Large 1186)

Greatly limited the categories of aliens to whom the Legal Services Corporation may provide legal assistance.

125. **ACT OF OCTOBER 22, 1982**
(96 Statutes-at-Large 1716)

Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, providing that children born of U.S. citizen fathers in Korea, Vietnam, Laos, Kampuchea, or Thailand after 1950 and before enactment may come to the United States as immediate relatives or as first or fourth preference immigrants.

126. **IMMIGRATION REFORM AND CONTROL ACT OF NOVEMBER 6, 1986 (IRCA)**
(100 Statutes-at-Large 3359)

Comprehensive immigration legislation.
Provisions:

a. Authorized legalization (i.e., temporary and then permanent resident status) for aliens who had resided in the United States in an unlawful status since January 1, 1982 (entering illegally or as temporary visitors with authorized stay expiring before that date or with the Government's knowledge of their unlawful status before that date) and are not excludable.

b. Created sanctions prohibiting employers from knowingly hiring, recruiting, or referring for a fee aliens not authorized to work in the United States.

c. Increased enforcement at U.S. borders.

d. Created a new classification of seasonal agricultural worker and provisions for the legalization of certain such workers.

e. Extended the registry date (i.e., the date from which an alien has resided illegally and continuously in the United States and thus qualifies for adjustment to permanent resident status) from June 30, 1948 to January 1, 1972.

f. Authorized adjustment to permanent resident status for Cubans and Haitians who entered the United States without inspection and had continuously resided in country since January 1, 1982.

g. Increased the numerical limitation for immigrants admitted under the preference system for dependent areas from 600 to 5,000 beginning in fiscal year 1988.

h. Created a new special immigrant category for certain retired employees of international organizations and their families and a new nonimmigrant status for parents and children of such immigrants.

i. Created a nonimmigrant visa waiver pilot program allowing certain aliens to visit the United States without applying for a nonimmigrant visa.

j. Allocated 5,000 nonpreference visas in each of fiscal years 1987 and 1988 for aliens born in countries from which immigration was adversely affected by the 1965 act.

127. **IMMIGRATION MARRIAGE FRAUD AMENDMENTS OF NOVEMBER 10, 1986**
(100 Statutes-at-Large 3537)

Provisions:

a. Stipulated that aliens deriving their immigrant status based on a marriage of less than two years are conditional immigrants. To remove conditional status, the alien must apply within 90 days after their second-year anniversary of receiving conditional status.

b. Required alien fiance(e)s of U.S. citizens to have met their citizen petitioner in person within two years of the date the petition was filed.

APPENDIX 1

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

128. **AMERASIAN HOMECOMING ACT OF DECEMBER 22, 1987**
(101 Statutes-at-Large 1329)

An appropriations law providing for admission of children born in Vietnam between specified dates to Vietnamese mothers and American fathers, together with their immediate relatives. They are admitted as nonquota immigrants but receive refugee program benefits.

129. **ACT OF SEPTEMBER 28, 1988**
(102 Statutes-at-Large 1876)

United States/Canada Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act. Provisions:

a. Facilitates temporary entry on a reciprocal basis between the United States and Canada.

b. Establishes procedures for the temporary entry (not to exceed one year) into the United States of Canadian citizen professional business persons to render services for remuneration.

c. No nonimmigrant visa, prior petition, labor certification, or prior approval is required, but appropriate documentation must be presented to the inspecting officer establishing Canadian citizenship and professional engagement in one of the occupations listed in the qualifying occupation schedule.

130. **ACT OF NOVEMBER 15, 1988**
(102 Statutes-at-Large 3908)

Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, providing for the extension of stay for certain nonimmigrant H-1 nurses.

131. **FOREIGN OPERATIONS ACT OF NOVEMBER 21, 1989**
(103 Statutes-at-Large 1195)

An appropriations law, providing for adjustment to permanent resident status for Soviet and Indochinese nationals who were paroled into the United States between certain dates after denial of refugee status.

132. **ACT OF DECEMBER 18, 1989**
(103 Statutes-at-Large 2099)

Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 as the "Immigration Nursing Relief Act of 1989." Provisions:

a. Adjustment from temporary to permanent resident status, without regard to numerical limitation, of certain nonimmigrants who were employed in the United States as registered nurses for at least three years and meet established certification standards.

b. Establishment of a new nonimmigrant category for the temporary admission of qualified registered nurses.

133. **IMMIGRATION ACT OF NOVEMBER 29, 1990**
(104 Statutes-at-Large 4978)

A major overhaul of immigration law, amended the Immigration and Nationality Act. Provisions:

a. Increased total immigration under an overall flexible cap of 675,000 immigrants beginning in fiscal year 1995, preceded by a 700,000 level during fiscal year 1992 through 1994. The 675,000 level to consist of: 480,000 family-sponsored immigrants; 140,000 employment-based immigrants; and 55,000 "diversity immigrants."

b. Revised all grounds for exclusion and deportation, significantly rewriting the political and ideological grounds. For example, repealed the bar against the admission of communists as nonimmigrants and limited the exclusion of aliens on foreign policy grounds.

c. Authorized the Attorney General to grant temporary protected status to undocumented alien nationals of designated countries subject to armed conflict or natural disasters.

d. Revised and established new nonimmigrant admission categories:

1. Redefined the H-1(b) temporary worker category and limited admissions to 65,000 annually.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

Immigration Act of November 29, 1990 — cont.	2. Created new temporary worker admission categories, some with annual caps on number of admissions. e. Revised and extended through fiscal year 1994 the Visa Waiver Pilot Program. f. Revised naturalization authority and requirements: 1. Transferred the exclusive jurisdiction to naturalize aliens from the Federal and State courts to the Attorney General. 2. Amended the substantive requirements for naturalization: State residency requirements revised and reduced to 3 months; added another ground for waiving the English language requirement; lifted the permanent bar to naturalization for aliens who applied to be relieved from U.S. military service on grounds of alienage who previously served in the service of the country of the alien's nationality. g. Revised enforcement activities. For example: 1. Broadened the definition of "aggravated felony" and imposed new legal disabilities on aliens convicted of such crimes. 2. Revised employer sanctions provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. 3. Authorized funds for the increase by 1,000 of the personnel level of the Border Patrol. 4. Revised criminal and deportation provisions. h. Recodified the 32 grounds for exclusion into nine categories, including revising and repealing some of the grounds (especially health grounds).

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APPENDIX 2

IMMIGRATION LIMITS: FISCAL YEAR 1992

The Immigration Act of 1990 (P.L. 101-649) restructured the immigrant categories of admission and made other modifications to the Immigration and Nationality Act (see Appendix 1, item 133 for details). The restructuring of the immigrant categories went into effect on October 1, 1991. This appendix describes the revised immigration limits in effect as of that date, the first day of fiscal year 1992. Some provisions took effect in fiscal year 1991, and these are indicated below.

Preference Limits

The Immigration Act of 1990 divided the preference classes into two general categories: family-sponsored and employment-based. Limits on the number of visas issued in these two categories are determined annually. The worldwide level for family-sponsored preferences is calculated as:

465,000 (480,000 beginning in 1995)

minus the number of aliens who were issued visas or adjusted to legal permanent residence in the previous fiscal year as

1) immediate relatives of U.S. citizens,
2) children born subsequent to the issuance of a visa to an accompanying parent, and
3) children born abroad to lawful permanent residents on temporary trips abroad,

plus certain unused preferences in the previous fiscal year (set to 0 in 1992).

The 1990 Act specifies that the family-sponsored limit may not go below a minimum of 226,000 in any year. The number of legal permanent residents admitted in fiscal year 1991 under the categories described above was 241,886. Since the calculated limit of 223,114 (465,000 - 241,886 = 223,114) is below the minimum, the family-sponsored preference limit in fiscal year 1992 is set to 226,000. The number of admissions under comparable preferences in fiscal year 1991 totaled 216,088.

The limits for each of the family-sponsored preferences and their descriptions are shown in table A. The family relations qualifying for immigration under the 1990 Act are the same as under previous law, except that the reference numbers have changed. The first and second family-sponsored preference categories use the same numbering system as in 1991. Family-sponsored third preference is the same as the fourth preference in 1991, and family-sponsored fourth preference is the same as fifth preference in 1991.

The employment-based preference limit for 1992 is set at 140,000—a substantial increase above 1991 when 59,525 were admitted as employment-related immigrants. The limit may be adjusted above or below 140,000 in the future if visas in certain other categories are unused. The new employment-based preferences and their limits are described in table A. They are not comparable to the employment-related preferences (third and sixth) used in 1991.

The per-country limit for independent countries is set to 7 percent of the total family and employment limits, while dependent areas are limited to 2 percent of the total. The 1992 limit for independent foreign states is 25,620 (7 percent of 366,000) and the limit for dependencies is 7,320 (2 percent of 366,000). In 1991, the independent country limit was 20,000 and the dependency limit was 5,000. The Immigration Act of 1990 also specified that the number of preference visas issued to Hong Kong be set at 10,000 annually for the period 1991-93.

Other Limits

Spouses and children of aliens legalized under the provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (IRCA) are allowed to immigrate to the United States beginning in fiscal years 1992 and ending in 1994. The number of visas issued annually is limited to 55,000 minus the amount that immediate relative immigrants exceed 239,000 in the previous year. For fiscal year 1992, the limit is 54,255 (55,000 - (239,745 - 239,000) = 54,255).

Aliens from countries "adversely affected" by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 are limited to 40,000 annually in fiscal years 1992, 1993, and 1994. A total of 34 countries were identified as being adversely affected by the 1965 immigration amendments as evidenced by a decrease in total immigration after the amendments went into effect. A minimum of 40 percent of the 120,000 visas issued over the 3-year period are reserved for natives of Ireland.

The limit on the number of annual asylee adjustments is set to 10,000; however, asylees who applied for adjustment before June 1, 1990 are exempt from the limit. This new limitation became effective in fiscal year 1991. The limit on asylee adjustments prior to 1991 was 5,000.

A total of 1,000 visas may be issued in fiscal years 1992 and 1993 to displaced Tibetans residing in India and Nepal and their spouses and children. Displaced Tibetans were also eligible to receive visas in fiscal year 1991 but none were issued.

IMMIGRATION LIMITS: FISCAL YEAR 1992

A total of 12,000 visas may be issued annually during fiscal years 1991-93 to employees of certain businesses operating in Hong Kong and their spouses and children. If the full number of visas is not issued in 1991 and 1992, then the shortfall is added to the number of visas to be issued in the succeeding year. The number of such visas issued in 1991 was 2,632, so the 1992 limit is 21,368 (12,000 + (12,000 - 2,632) = 21,368). These visas will be valid until January 1, 2002. Only 37 persons immigrated in 1991 even though 2,632 visas were issued; the 2,595 unused visas are valid until January 1, 2002.

Table A
Immigration Limits: Fiscal Year 1992

PREFERENCE	DESCRIPTION	LIMIT
Family-sponsored preferences		**226,000**
First	Unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens and their children.	23,400 [1]
Second	Spouses, children, and unmarried sons and daughters of permanent resident aliens.	114,200 [2]
	Spouses and children receive at least 77 percent of the visas issued. The remaining visas are issued to unmarried sons and daughters (at least 21 years of age).	
Third	Married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens and their spouses and children.	23,400 [2]
Fourth	Brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens (at least 21 years of age) and their spouses and children.	65,000 [2]
Employment-based preferences		**140,000**
First	Priority workers and their spouses and children.	40,040 [3]
	Priority workers are (1) persons of extraordinary ability, (2) outstanding professors and researchers, and (3) certain multinational executives and managers.	
Second	Professionals with advanced degrees or aliens of exceptional ability and their spouses and children.	40,040 [2]
Third	Skilled workers, professionals (without advanced degrees), needed unskilled workers, and their spouses and children.	40,040 [2]
	The number of unskilled workers is limited to 10,000.	
Fourth	Special immigrants and their spouses and children. The number of certain religious workers is limited to 5,000.	9,940
Fifth	Employment creation ("Investors") and their spouses and children.	9,940
Other numerically limited immigrants specified in the Immigration Act of 1990	Spouses and children of aliens legalized under the Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986.	54,255
	Aliens from countries "adversely affected" by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 and their spouses and children.	40,000
	Displaced Tibetans and their spouses and children.	1,000 [4]
	Asylees and their spouses and children.	10,000
	Employees of certain U.S. businesses operating in Hong Kong and their spouses and children.	21,368

[1] Plus unused family 4th preference visas. [2] Numbers not used in higher preferences may be used in these categories. [3] Plus unused employment 4th and 5th preference visas. [4] The 1,000 visas may be used over the 3-year period from 1991-93.

APPENDIX 3

GLOSSARY

NOTE: The definitions of terms shown below correspond to data for fiscal year 1991—prior to the changes brought about for fiscal year 1992 by the Immigration Act of 1990. For changes which will apply to 1992 immigrant data, see Appendix 2.

Acquired Citizenship — Citizenship conferred at birth on children born abroad to a U.S. citizen parent(s).

Adjustment to Immigrant Status — Procedure allowing certain aliens already in the United States to apply for immigrant status. Aliens admitted to the United States in a nonimmigrant or other category may have their status changed to that of lawful permanent resident if they are eligible to receive an immigrant visa and one is immediately available. In such cases, the alien is counted as an immigrant as of the date of adjustment, even though the alien may have been in the United States for an extended period of time.

Adversely Affected — See Nonpreference Category.

Agricultural Workers — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States to perform agricultural labor or services, as defined by the Secretary of Labor. This nonimmigrant category was established as a separate class of admission by the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986.

Alien — Any person not a citizen or national of the United States.

Amerasian Act — Public Law 97-359 (Act of 10/22/82) provides for the immigration to the United States of certain Amerasian children. In order to qualify for benefits under this law, an alien must have been born in Cambodia, Korea, Laos, Thailand, or Vietnam after December 31, 1950 and before October 22, 1982, and have been fathered by a U.S. citizen.

Amerasian (Vietnam) — Additional immigrant visas are being issued to Amerasians under Public Law 100-202 (Act of 12/22/87), which provides for the admission of aliens born in Vietnam between January 1, 1962 and January 1, 1976 if the alien was fathered by a U.S. citizen. Spouses, children and parents or guardians may accompany the alien.

Apprehension — The arrest of a deportable alien by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Each apprehension of the same alien in a fiscal year is counted separately.

Area Control — Enforcement operations conducted by the Immigration and Naturalization Service's Investigations Division to locate and apprehend aliens illegally in the United States. Area Control focused on aliens in places of employment where illegal aliens were concentrated. This enforcement technique declined in importance in the mid-1980s as the INS shifted its emphasis to employer sanctions (see Employer Sanctions).

Asylee — An alien in the United States or at a port of entry unable or unwilling to return to his or her country of nationality, or to seek the protection of that country because of persecution or a well-founded fear of persecution. Persecution or the fear thereof may be based on the alien's race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion. For persons with no nationality, the country of nationality is considered to be the country in which the alien last habitually resided. Asylees are eligible to adjust to lawful permanent resident status after one year of continuous presence in the United States. These immigrants are exempt from the worldwide numerical limitation of 270,000; however, the Immigration and Nationality Act limits the number of asylees who can adjust per fiscal year.

Beneficiaries — Those aliens who receive immigration benefits from petitions filed with the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service. Beneficiaries generally derive privilege or status as a result of their relationship (including that of employer-employee) to a U.S. citizen or lawful permanent resident.

Border Crosser — An alien or citizen resident of the United States reentering the country after an absence of less than six months in Canada or Mexico, *or* a nonresident alien entering the United States across the Canadian border for stays of no more that six months or across the Mexican border for stays of no more than 72 hours, *or* a U.S. citizen residing in Canada or Mexico who enters the United States frequently for business or pleasure, *or* an individual entering the U.S. on any flight originating in Canada or Mexico.

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Border Patrol Sector — Any one of 22 geographic areas into which the United States is divided for the Immigration and Naturalization Service's Border Patrol activities. Of the 22 sectors, all but 3 are located along the northern and southern borders of the United States.

Business Nonimmigrant — An alien coming temporarily to the United States to engage in commercial transactions which do not involve gainful employment in the United States, i.e., engaged in international commerce on behalf of a foreign firm, not employed in the U.S. labor market, and receives no salary from U.S. sources.

Certificate of Citizenship — Identity document proving U.S. citizenship. Certificates of citizenship are issued to derivative citizens and to persons who acquired U.S. citizenship (see definitions for Acquired and Derivative Citizenship).

Child — An unmarried person under 21 years of age who is: a legitimate child; a stepchild provided that the child was *under 18 years of age* at the time that the marriage creating the stepchild status occurred; a legitimated child provided that the child was legitimate while in the legal custody of the legitimating parent; a child adopted while *under 16 years of age* who has resided since adoption in the legal custody of the adopting parents for at least *2 years;* or an orphan, *under 16 years of age*, who has been adopted abroad by a U.S. citizen or has an immediate-relative visa petition submitted in his/her behalf and is coming to the United States for adoption by a U.S. citizen.

Conditional Immigrant — See Immigration Marriage Fraud Amendments of 1986.

Country of Former Allegiance — The previous country of citizenship of a naturalized U.S. citizen or of a person who derived U.S. citizenship.

Country of Last Residence — The country in which the alien habitually resided prior to entering the United States.

Crewman — A foreign national serving in any capacity on board a vessel or aircraft. Crewmen are admitted for twenty-nine days, with no extensions. Crewmen required to depart on the same vessel on which they arrived are classified as D-1s. Crewmen who depart on a vessel different than the one on which they arrived are classified as D-2s. Although these aliens are nonimmigrants, crewmen are not included in nonimmigrant admission data.

Crewman Technical (or Nonwillful) Violator — Any crewman who through no fault of his or her own remains in the United States more than 29 days (e.g., a crewman hospitalized beyond the 29-day admission period).

Cuban/Haitian Entrant — Status accorded 1) Cubans who entered the United States illegally between April 15, 1980 and October 10, 1980 and 2) Haitians who entered the country illegally before January 1, 1981. Cubans and Haitians meeting these criteria who have continuously resided in the United States since before January 1, 1982 may adjust to permanent residence under a provision of the Immigration Control and Reform Act of 1986.

Deferred Inspection — See Parolee.

Departure Under Safeguards — The departure of an illegal alien whose departure from the United States is physically observed by an Immigration and Naturalization Service official.

Dependent — Spouse, unmarried dependent child under 21 years of age, unmarried dependent child under 25 years of age who is in full-time attendance at a postsecondary educational institution, or unmarried child who is physically or mentally disabled.

Deportable Alien — An alien in the United States subject to any of the 5 grounds of deportation specified in the Immigration and Nationality Act. This includes any alien illegally in the United States, regardless of whether the alien entered the country illegally or entered legally but subsequently violated the terms of his or her visa.

Deportation — The formal removal of an alien from the United States when the presence of that alien is deemed inconsistent with the public welfare. Deportation is ordered by an immigration judge without any punishment being imposed or contemplated. Data for a fiscal year

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cover the deportations verified during that fiscal year. Airlines, ship companies, or port officials provide the Immigration and Naturalization Service with the departure data on aliens who are deported.

Derivative Citizenship — Citizenship conveyed to children through the naturalization of parents or, under certain circumstances, to spouses of citizens at or during marriage or to foreign-born children adopted by U.S. citizen parents, provided certain conditions are met.

District — Any one of thirty-three geographic areas into which the United States and its territories are divided for the Immigration and Naturalization Service's field operations or one of three overseas offices located in Rome, Bangkok, or Mexico City. Operations are supervised by a district director located at a district office within the district's geographic boundaries.

Employer Sanctions — The employer sanctions provision of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 prohibits employers from hiring, recruiting, or referring for a fee aliens known to be unauthorized to work in the United States. Violators of the law are subject to a series of civil fines or criminal penalties when there is a pattern or practice of violations.

Exchange Visitor — An alien coming temporarily to the United States as a participant in a program approved by the Secretary of State for the purpose of teaching, instructing or lecturing, studying, observing, conducting research, consulting, demonstrating special skills, or receiving training.

Exclusion — The formal denial of an alien's entry into the United States. The exclusion of the alien is made by an immigration judge after an exclusion hearing. Data for a fiscal year cover the exclusions verified during that fiscal year. Airlines, ship companies, or port officials provide the Immigration and Naturalization Service with the departure data on aliens who are excluded.

Exempt from Numerical Limitations — Those aliens accorded lawful permanent residence who are exempt from the provisions of the preference system set forth in immigration law. Exempt categories include immediate relatives of U.S. citizens, refugees, special immigrants, and certain other groups of immigrants.

Extended Voluntary Departure (EVD) — A special temporary provision granted to designated national groups physically present in the United States because the U.S. State Department judged conditions in the countries of origin to be "unstable" or "uncertain" or to have shown a pattern of "denial of rights." Aliens in EVD status are temporarily allowed to remain in the United States until conditions in their home country change. Certain aliens holding EVD status from Afghanistan, Ethiopia, Poland, and Uganda, who have resided in the United States since July 1, 1984, were eligible to adjust to temporary and then to permanent residence status under the legalization program.

Fiance(e)s of U.S. Citizen — A nonimmigrant alien coming to the United States to conclude a valid marriage with a U.S. citizen within ninety days after entry.

Files Control Office — An Immigration and Naturalization Service field office—either a district (including INS overseas offices) or a suboffice of that district—where alien case files are maintained and controlled.

Fiscal Year — Currently, the twelve-month period beginning October 1 and ending September 30. Historically, until 1831 and from 1843-49, the twelve-month period ending September 30 of the respective year; from 1832-42 and 1850-67, ending December 31 of the respective year; from 1868-1976, ending June 30 of the respective year. The transition quarter (TQ) for 1976 covers the three-month period, July-September 1976.

Foreign Government Official — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States who has been accredited by a foreign government to function as an ambassador, public minister, career diplomatic or consular officer, other accredited official, or an attendant, servant or personal employee of an accredited official, and all above aliens' spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

Foreign Information Media Representative — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States as a bona fide

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representative of foreign press, radio, film, or other foreign information media and the alien's spouse and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

Foreign Medical School Graduate — An immigrant who has graduated from a medical school or has qualified to practice medicine in a foreign state, who was licensed and practicing medicine on January 9, 1978, and who entered the United States as a nonimmigrant on a temporary worker or exchange visitor visa before January 10, 1978.

Foreign State of Chargeability — The independent country to which an immigrant entering under the preference system is accredited. No more than 20,000 immigrant visas may be issued to natives of independent countries in a fiscal year. Dependencies of independent countries cannot exceed 5,000 of the 20,000 limit. Since these limits are based on visa issuance rather than entries into the United States, and immigrant visas are valid for 4 months, there is not total correspondence between these two occurrences. Chargeability is usually determined by country of birth. Exceptions are made to prevent the separation of family members when the limitation for the country of birth has been met.

General Naturalization Provisions — The basic requirements for naturalization that every applicant must meet, unless a member of a special class. General provisions require an applicant to be at least 18 years of age, a lawful permanent resident with five years of continuous residence in the United States, and to have been physically present in the country for half that period.

Geographic Area of Chargeability — Any one of five regions — Africa, East Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean, Near East and South Asia, and the U.S.S.R. and Eastern Europe — into which the world is divided for the initial admission of refugees to the United States. Annual consultations between the Executive Branch and the Congress determine the ceiling on the number of refugees who can be admitted to the United States from each area. In fiscal year 1987, an unallocated reserve was incorporated into the admission ceilings, requiring private sector funding.

Hemispheric Ceilings — Statutory limits on immigration to the United States in effect from 1968 to October 1978. Mandated by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965, the ceiling on immigration from the Eastern Hemisphere was set at 170,000, with a per-country limit of 20,000. Immigration from the Western Hemisphere was held to 120,000, without a per-country limit until January 1, 1977. The Western Hemisphere was then subject to a 20,000 per country limit. Effective October 1978, the separate hemisphere limits were abolished in favor of a worldwide limit of 290,000. This limit was lowered to 280,000 for fiscal year 1980, and to 270,000 for fiscal year 1981 and subsequent years, because refugees were no longer subject to these limitations based on the Refugee Act of 1980.

Immediate Relatives — Certain immigrants who because of their close relationship to U.S. citizens are exempt from the numerical limitations imposed on immigration to the United States. Immediate relatives are: spouses of citizens, children (under 21 years of age) of citizens, parents of citizens 21 years of age or older, and orphans adopted by citizens who are at least 21 years of age.

Immigrant — An alien admitted to the United States as a lawful permanent resident. Immigrants are those persons lawfully accorded the privilege of residing permanently in the United States. They may be issued immigrant visas by the Department of State overseas or adjusted to permanent resident status by the Immigration and Naturalization Service in the United States.

Immigration Marriage Fraud Amendments of 1986 — Public Law 99-639 (Act of 11/10/86), which was passed in order to deter immigration-related marriage fraud. Its major provision stipulates that aliens deriving their immigrant status based on a marriage of less than two years are conditional immigrants. To remove their conditional status the immigrants must apply at an Immigration and Naturalization Service office during the 90-day period before their second-year anniversary of receiving conditional status. If the aliens cannot show that the marriage through which the status was obtained was and is a valid one, their conditional immigrant status is terminated and they become deportable.

Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986 — Public Law 99-603 (Act of 11/6/86), which was

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passed in order to control and deter illegal immigration to the United States. Its major provisions stipulate legalization of undocumented aliens, legalization of certain agricultural workers, sanctions for employers who knowingly hire undocumented workers, and increased enforcement at U.S. borders.

Indefinite Parolee — See Parolee.

Industrial Trainee — See Temporary Worker.

International Representative — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States as a principal or other accredited representative of a foreign government (whether officially recognized or not recognized by the United States) to an international organization, an international organization officer or employee, and all above aliens' spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

Intracompany Transferee — An alien, employed by an international firm or corporation, who seeks to enter the United States temporarily in order to continue to work for the same employer, or a subsidiary or affiliate, in a capacity that is primarily managerial, executive, or involves specialized knowledge.

Investor — An immigrant who is present in the United States and who, on or before June 1, 1978, qualified as a nonpreference immigrant because the alien had invested capital (before June 1, 1978) in a business in the United States in which the alien was one of the principal managers, and had applied for adjustment to lawful permanent resident status.

IRCA — See Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986.

Labor Certification — Requirement falling on 1) those persons whose immigration to the United States is based on job skills (third, sixth, and nonpreference immigrant categories) and 2) nonimmigrant temporary workers (H-2s) coming to perform services unavailable in the United States. Labor certification is awarded by the Secretary of Labor when there are insufficient numbers of U.S. workers available to undertake the employment sought by an applicant and when the alien's employment will not have an adverse affect on the wages and working conditions of U.S. workers similarly employed. Determination of labor availability in the United States is made at the time of a visa application and at the location where the applicant wishes to work.

Legalized Aliens — Certain illegal aliens who were eligible to apply for temporary resident status under the legalization provision of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. To be eligible, aliens must have continuously resided in the United States in an unlawful status since January 1, 1982, not be excludable, and have entered the United States either 1) illegally before January 1, 1982 or 2) as temporary visitors before January 1, 1982, with their authorized stay expiring before that date or with the Government's knowledge of their unlawful status before that date. Legalization consists of two stages—temporary and then permanent residency. In order to adjust to permanent status aliens must have had continuous residence in the United States, be admissible as an immigrant, and demonstrate minimal understanding and knowledge of the English language and U.S. history and government.

Median Age — The age which divides the population into two equal-sized groups, one younger and one older than the median.

Medical and Legal Parolee — See Parolee.

Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) — The general concept of an MSA is one of a large population nucleus together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of social and economic integration with that nucleus. Tabulations in the *Statistical Yearbook* include Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSAs), and New England County Metropolitan Areas (NECMAs). MSAs and PSAs are defined by the Office of Management and Budget. PMSAs are components of larger metropolitan complexes called Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSAs), which are not displayed in the *Yearbook*.

Nationality — The country of a person's citizenship. For nonimmigrant data, citizenship refers to the alien's reported country of citizenship.

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NATO Official — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States as a member of the armed forces or as a civilian employed by the armed forces on assignment with a foreign government signatory to NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organization), and the alien's spouse and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

Naturalization — The conferring, by any means, of citizenship upon a person after birth.

Naturalization Court — Any court authorized to award U.S. citizenship. Jurisdiction for naturalization has been conferred upon the following courts: U.S. District Courts of all states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico; the District Courts of Guam and the Virgin Islands; and state courts. Generally, naturalization courts are authorized to award citizenship only to those persons who reside within their territorial jurisdiction.

Naturalization Petition — The form used by a lawful permanent resident to apply for U.S. citizenship. The petition is filed with a naturalization court through the Immigration and Naturalization Service.

New Arrival — A lawful permanent resident alien who enters the United States at a port of entry. The alien is generally required to present an immigrant visa issued outside the United States by a consular officer of the Department of State. Three classes of immigrants, however, need not have an immigrant visa to enter the United States—children born abroad to lawful permanent resident aliens, children born subsequent to the issuance of an immigrant visa to accompanying parents, and American Indians born in Canada.

Nonimmigrant — An alien who seeks temporary entry to the United States for a specific purpose. The alien must have a permanent residence abroad and qualify for the nonimmigrant classification sought. The nonimmigrant classifications are: foreign government officials, visitors for business and for pleasure, aliens in transit through the United States, treaty traders and investors, students, international representatives, temporary workers and trainees, representatives of foreign information media, exchange visitors, fiance(e)s of U.S. citizens, intracompany transferees, and NATO officials. Most nonimmigrants can be accompanied or joined by spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children. Although refugees, parolees, withdrawals, and stowaways are considered nonimmigrants upon arrival to the United States, these classes, as well as crewmen, are not included in nonimmigrant admission data. See other sections of Glossary for detailed descriptions of classes of nonimmigrant admission.

Nonpreference Category — Nonpreference visas are available to any qualified applicant not entitled to one under the other preferences. Nonpreference numbers have been unavailable since September 1978 because of high demand in the preference categories. An additional 5,000 nonpreference visas were available in each of fiscal years 1987 and 1988 under a provision of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. This program has been extended into 1989, 1990, and 1991 with 15,000 visas issued each year. Aliens born in countries from which immigration was adversely affected by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 (P.L. 89-236) are eligible for the special nonpreference visas, which are issued above the worldwide limitation of 270,000.

Nursing Relief Act of 1989 — Public Law 101-238 (Act of 12/18/89), provides for the adjustment of certain nonimmigrants who as of September 1, 1989, had H-1 nonimmigrant status as registered nurses; who had been employed in that capacity for at least 3 years; and whose continued nursing employment meets certain labor certification requirements. It also provides for a 5-year pilot program for admission of nonimmigrant nurses under the H-1A category.

Occupation — For an alien entering the United States or adjusting without a labor certification, occupation refers to the employment held in the country of last or legal residence or in the United States. For an alien with a labor certification, occupation is the employment for which certification has been issued. Labor certification would be issued to third, sixth, and nonpreference immigrants or to nonimmigrant temporary workers (H-2s) performing labor or services unavailable in the United States.

Occupational Preferences — The third and sixth categories of the immigrant preference system. Third preference allows for the admission of members of the

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professions and scientists and artists of exceptional ability. Sixth preference covers skilled or unskilled occupations for which labor is in short supply in the United States.

Orphans — For immigration purposes, a child whose parents have died or disappeared, or who has been abandoned or otherwise separated from both parents. An orphan may also be a child whose sole surviving parent is incapable of providing that child with proper care and who has, in writing, irrevocably released the child for emigration and adoption. In order to qualify as an immediate relative, the orphan must be under the age of sixteen at the time a petition is filed on his or her behalf. To enter the United States, an orphan must have been adopted abroad by a U.S. citizen or be coming to the United States for adoption by a citizen.

Panama Canal Act Immigrants — Three categories of special immigrants established by Public Law 96-70 (Act of 9/27/79): 1) certain former employees of the Panama Canal Company or Canal Zone Government, their spouses and children; 2) certain former employees of the U.S. government in the Panama Canal Zone, their spouses and children; and 3) certain former employees of the Panama Canal Company or Canal Zone Government on April 1, 1979, their spouses and children. The Act provides for admission of a maximum of 15,000 immigrants, at a rate of no more than 5,000 each year. They are not, however, subject to the worldwide limitation.

Parolee — An alien, appearing to be inadmissible to the inspecting officer, allowed to enter the United States under emergency (humanitarian) conditions or when that alien's entry is determined to be in the public interest. Parole does not constitute a formal admission to the United States and confers temporary admission status only, requiring parolees to leave when the conditions supporting their parole cease to exist. Although these aliens are technically considered nonimmigrants upon arrival, parolees are not included in nonimmigrant admission data. Definitions of parolees include:

1) *Indefinite parolee* — Parole is usually set for a specified period of time according to the conditions of parole. In some cases, as conditions warrant, the period of parole is specified as indefinite.

2) *Deferred inspection* — Parole may be granted to an alien who appears not to be clearly admissible to the inspecting officer. An appointment will be made for the alien's appearance at another Service office where more information is available and the inspection can be completed.

3) *Medical and legal parolee* — Parole may be granted to an alien who has a serious medical condition which would make detention or return inappropriate or who is to serve as a witness in legal proceedings or is subject to prosecution in the United States.

Per-Country Limit — The maximum number of immigrant visas that can be issued to any one country in a fiscal year. Natives of independent countries can currently be issued no more than 20,000 visa numbers and natives of their dependencies no more than 5,000 of that total. The per-country limit does not indicate, however, that a country is entitled to 20,000 visa numbers each year, just that it cannot receive more than that number. Because of the combined workings of the preference system and per-country limits, most countries do not reach this level of visa issuance.

Port of Entry — Any location in the United States or its territories which is designated as a point of entry for aliens and U.S. citizens. All district and files control offices are also considered ports since they become locations of entry for aliens adjusting to immigrant status.

Preinspection — Complete immigration inspection of airport passengers before departure from a foreign country. No further immigration inspection is required upon arrival in the United States other than submission of INS Form I-94 for nonimmigrant aliens.

Preference System — The six categories among which 270,000 immigrant visa numbers are distributed each year: unmarried sons and daughters (over 21 years of age) of U.S. citizens (20 percent); spouses and unmarried sons and daughters of aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence (26 percent); members of the professions or persons of exceptional ability in the sciences and arts (10 percent); married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens (10 percent); brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens over 21 years of age (24 percent); and needed skilled or unskilled workers (10 percent). A seventh nonpreference category,

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historically open to immigrants not entitled to a visa number under one of the six preferences just listed, has had no numbers available since September 1978.

Principal Alien — The alien from whom another alien derives a privilege or status under immigration law or regulations (usually spouses and minor children).

Refugee — Any person who is outside his or her country of nationality who is unable or unwilling to return to that country because of persecution or a well-founded fear of persecution. Persecution or the fear thereof may be based on the alien's race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion. People with no nationality must be outside their country of last habitual residence to qualify as a refugee. Refugees are exempt from numerical limitation and are eligible to adjust to lawful permanent residence after one year of continuous presence in the United States. Although these aliens are considered nonimmigrants when initially admitted to the United States, refugees are not included in nonimmigrant admission data.

Refugee Approvals — The number of refugees approved for admission to the United States during a fiscal year. Refugee approvals are made by Immigration and Naturalization Service officers in overseas offices.

Refugee Arrivals — The number of refugees the Immigration and Naturalization Service initially admits to the United States through ports of entry during a fiscal year.

Refugee Authorized Admissions — The maximum number of refugees allowed to enter the United States in a given fiscal year. As set forth in the Refugee Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-212) the annual figure is determined by the President after consultations with Congress.

Refugee-Parolee — A qualified applicant for conditional entry, between February 1970 and April 1980, whose application for admission to the United States could not be approved because of inadequate numbers of seventh preference visas. As a result, the applicant was paroled into the United States under the parole authority granted the Attorney General.

Region — Any one of four areas of the United States into which the Immigration and Naturalization Service divides jurisdiction for administrative purposes—Eastern Region, Southern Region, Northern Region, and Western Region.

Registry Date — Aliens who have continuously resided in the United States in an unlawful status since January 1, 1972 are eligible to adjust to legal permanent resident status under the registry provision. Before the date was amended by the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986, aliens had to have been in the country continuously since June 30, 1948 to qualify.

Relative Preferences — The first, second, fourth, and fifth categories of the immigrant preference system. The first preference allows the entry of unmarried sons and daughters (over 21 years of age) of U.S. citizens. The second preference covers spouses and unmarried sons and daughters of aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence. The fourth preference allows for the entry of married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens. The fifth preference includes brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens, who are at least 21 years of age.

Required Departure — The directed departure of an alien from the United States without an order of deportation. The departure may be voluntary or involuntary on the part of the alien, and may or may not have been preceded by a hearing before an immigration judge. Data for a fiscal year cover the required departures verified in that fiscal year. Airlines, ship companies, or port officials provide the Immigration and Naturalization Service with the departure data on aliens required to depart.

Special Agricultural Workers (SAW) — Aliens who performed labor in perishable agricultural commodities for a specified period of time and were admitted for temporary and then permanent residence under a provision of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. Up to 350,000 aliens who worked at least 90 days in each of the 3 years preceding May 1, 1986 were eligible for Group I temporary resident status. Eligible aliens who qualified under this requirement but applied after the 350,000 limit was met and aliens who performed labor in perishable agricultural commodities for at least 90 days during the year ending May 1, 1986 were eligible

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for Group II temporary resident status. Adjustment to permanent resident status is essentially automatic for both groups; however, aliens in Group I were eligible on December 1, 1989 and those in Group II were eligible one year later on December 1, 1990.

Special Immigrants — Certain categories of immigrants exempt from numerical limitations on visa issuance: persons who lost citizenship by marriage; persons who lost citizenship by serving in foreign armed forces; ministers of religion, their spouses and children; certain employees and former employees of the U.S. Government abroad, their spouses and children; Panama Canal Act immigrants; certain foreign medical school graduates, their spouses and children; and certain retired employees of international organizations, their spouses and children.

Special Naturalization Provisions — Provisions covering special classes of persons who may be naturalized even though they do not meet all the general requirements for naturalization. Such special provisions allow: 1) wives or husbands of U.S. citizens to be naturalized in three years instead of the prescribed five years; 2) a surviving spouse of a U.S. citizen who served in the armed forces to file in any naturalization court instead of where he/she resides; 3) children of U.S. citizen parents to be naturalized without meeting the literacy or civics requirements or taking the oath, if too young to understand the meaning. Other classes of persons who may qualify for special consideration are former U.S. citizens, servicemen, seamen, and employees of organizations promoting U.S. interests abroad.

Stateless — Having no nationality.

Stowaway — An alien coming to the United States surreptitiously on an airplane or vessel without legal status of admission. Such an alien is subject to denial of formal admission and return to the point of embarkation by the transportation carrier.

Student — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States to pursue a full course of study in an approved program in either an academic (college, university, seminary, conservatory, academic high school, elementary school, other institution, or language training program) or a vocational or other recognized nonacademic institution.

Subject to Numerical Limitations — Condition imposed on all immigration to the United States, except for the immediate relatives of U.S. citizens and certain special immigrants. The number of aliens accorded lawful permanent residence under the provisions of the preference system must not exceed 270,000 in any fiscal year. The preference system provides for the admission of relatives of citizens (other than immediate relatives), immediate relatives of lawful permanent resident aliens, aliens in specified occupations, as well as other immigrants.

Suspension of Deportation — A discretionary benefit adjusting an alien's status from that of deportable alien to one lawfully admitted for permanent residence. Application for suspension of deportation is made during the course of a deportation hearing before an immigration judge.

Temporary Worker — Temporary workers consist of three categories of nonimmigrant alien workers: 1) aliens of distinguished merit and ability coming temporarily to the United States to perform services of an exceptional nature; 2) aliens coming to the United States to perform temporary services or labor, if unemployed persons capable of performing the service or labor cannot be found in the United States (see also Agricultural Workers); and 3) aliens coming temporarily to the United States as trainees, other than to receive graduate medical education or training.

Transit Alien — An alien in immediate and continuous transit through the United States, with or without a visa, including, 1) aliens who qualify as persons entitled to pass in transit to and from the United Nations Headquarters District and foreign countries and 2) foreign government officials and their spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children in transit.

Transition Quarter — The three-month period—July 1 through September 30, 1976—between fiscal year 1976 and fiscal year 1977. At that time, the fiscal year definition shifted from July 1-June 30 to October 1-September 30.

Transit Without Visa (TWOV) — A transit alien traveling without a nonimmigrant visa under section 238 of the immigration law. An alien admitted under

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agreements with a transportation line, which guarantees his immediate and continuous passage to a foreign destination. (See Transit Alien.)

Treaty Trader or Investor — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States, under the provisions of a treaty of commerce and navigation between the United States and the foreign state of such alien, to carry on substantial trade or to direct the operations of an enterprise in which he has invested a substantial amount of capital, and the alien's spouse and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

Underrepresented Countries, Natives of — The Immigration Amendments of 1988, Public Law 101-658 (Act of 11/5/88) allows for 10,000 visas to be issued to natives of underrepresented countries in each of fiscal years 1990 and 1991. Underrepresented countries are defined as countries which receive less than 25 percent of the maximum allowed under the country limitations (20,000 for independent countries and 5,000 for dependencies) in fiscal year 1988.

United States-Canada Free Trade Agreement — Public Law 100-449 (Act of 9/28/88) established a special, reciprocal trading relationship between the United States and Canada. It provided two new classes of nonimmigrant admission for temporary visitors to the United States—Canadian citizen business persons and their spouses and unmarried minor children. Entry is facilitated for visitors seeking classification as visitors for business, treaty traders or investors, intracompany transferees, or other business people engaging in activities at a professional level. Such visitors are not required to obtain nonimmigrant visas, prior petitions, labor certifications, or prior approval but must satisfy the inspecting officer they are seeking entry to engage in activities at a professional level and that they are so qualified.

Visa Waiver Program — Allows citizens of certain selected countries, travelling temporarily to the United States under the nonimmigrant admission classes of visitors for pleasure and visitors for business, to enter the United States without obtaining nonimmigrant visas. Admission is for no more than 90 days. The program was instituted by the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 and extended through 1994 by the Immigration Act of 1990.

Withdrawal — An alien's voluntary removal of an application for admission to the United States in lieu of an exclusion hearing before an immigration judge. Although these aliens are technically considered nonimmigrants when applying for entry, withdrawals are not included in the nonimmigrant admission data.

Worldwide Ceiling — The numerical limit imposed on immigrant visa issuance worldwide beginning in fiscal year 1979. The current ceiling is 270,000 visa numbers. Prior to enactment of Public Law 96-212 on March 17, 1980, the worldwide ceiling was 290,000.

APPENDIX 4

TABLE GENEALOGY

1991

IMMIGRANTS

1. Immigration to the United States (historical [1])
2. Immigration by region and country of last residence (historical [1])
3. Immigrants admitted by region and country of birth (historical [1])
4. Immigrants admitted by type and detailed class of admission
5. Immigrants admitted by class of admission and foreign state of chargeability
6. Immigrants admitted by type of admission and country of birth
7. Immigrants admitted by class of admission and country of birth
8. Immigrants admitted by class of admission and country of last permanent residence
9. Immigrants adjusted to permanent resident status by status at entry and country of birth
10. Immigrants admitted in current fiscal year by calendar year of entry, type of admission, and country of birth
11. Immigrants admitted by age, and sex (historical [1])
12. Immigrants admitted by country of birth, age, and sex
13. Immigrants admitted by marital status, age, and sex
14. Immigrants admitted as orphans by sex, age, and country of birth
15. Immigrant new arrivals by port of entry and country of birth
16. Immigrants admitted by country of birth and state of intended residence
17. Immigrants admitted by state of intended residence (historical [1])
18. Immigrants admitted by country of birth and metropolitan statistical area of intended residence
19. Immigrant beneficiaries of occupational preferences admitted by type of admission and occupation
20. Immigrants admitted by occupation group and country of birth
21. Immigrant conditional status removals and terminations under the Marriage Fraud Amendments by country of birth

LEGALIZATION APPLICANTS

22. Legalization applicants by type of application and region and selected country of citizenship
23. Legalization applicants by type of application and selected state and metropolitan statistical area of residence

REFUGEES, ASYLEES

24. Refugee-status applications (historical [1])
25. Refugee-status applications by geographic area and country of chargeability
26. Refugee approvals and admissions by geographic area of chargeability
27. Refugee arrivals into the United States by nationality (historical [1])
28. Refugees granted permanent resident status in current fiscal year by calendar year of entry and country of birth

TABLE GENEALOGY

1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981
					IMMIGRANTS				
1	1	1	1	1	IMM 1.1	IMM 1.1	IMM 1.1	IMM 1.1	1
2	2	2	2	2	IMM 1.2	IMM 1.2	IMM 1.2	IMM 1.2	2
3	3	3	3	3	IMM 1.3	IMM 1.3	IMM 1.3	IMM 1.3	13
4	4	4	4	4	IMM 1.5	IMM 1.5	IMM 1.5	IMM 1.5	4A
5	5	5	5	5	IMM 2.1	IMM 2.1	IMM 2.1	IMM 2.1	5
6	6	6	6	6	IMM 2.2	IMM 2.2	IMM 2.2	IMM 2.2	6
7	7	7	7	7	IMM 2.3	IMM 2.3	IMM 2.3	IMM 2.3	7
8	8	8	8	8	IMM 2.4	IMM 2.4	IMM 2.4	IMM 2.4	NA
9	9	9	9	9	IMM 3.2	IMM 3.2	IMM 3.2	IMM 3.2	NA
10	10	10	10	10	IMM 3.3	IMM 3.3	IMM 3.3	IMM 3.3	NA
11	11	11	11	11	IMM 4.1	IMM 4.1	IMM 4.1	IMM 4.1	14
12	12	12	12	12	IMM 4.3	IMM 4.3	IMM 4.3	IMM 4.3	15[2]
13	13	13	13	13	IMM 4.2[3]	IMM 4.2[3]	IMM 4.2[3]	IMM 4.2[3]	NA
14	14	14	14	14	IMM 2.5[4]	IMM 2.5[4]	IMM 2.5[4]	IMM 2.5[4]	12[4]
15	15	15	15	15	IMM 5.1[5]	IMM 5.1[5]	NA	NA	NA
16	16	16	16	16	NA	NA	IMM 5.3	IMM 5.3	NA
17	17	17	17	17	IMM 5.2	IMM 5.2	IMM 5.2	IMM 5.2	NA
18	18	18	18	NA	IMM 5.3	IMM 5.3	NA	NA	NA
19	19	19	19	19	IMM 6.6	IMM 6.6	IMM 6.6	IMM 6.6	NA
20	20	20	20	18	IMM 6.1	IMM 6.1	IMM 6.1	IMM 6.1	NA
21	21	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					LEGALIZATION APPLICANTS				
22	22	21	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
23	23	22	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					REFUGEES, ASYLEES				
24	24	23	23	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
25	25	24	24	21	REF 1.3	REF 1.3	REF 1.3	REF 1.3	NA
26	26	25	25	22	REF 1.1	REF 1.1	REF 1.1	REF 1.1	10
27	27	26	26	23	REF 2.2	REF 2.2	REF 2.2	REF 2.2	NA
28	28	27	27	24	REF 5.2	REF 5.2	REF 5.2	NA	NA

APPENDIX 4

TABLE GENEALOGY

1991

REFUGEES, ASYLEES

29. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by enactment (historical [1])
30. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by country of birth (historical [1])
31. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by age and sex (historical [1])
32. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by country of birth (historical [1])
33. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by state of residence (historical [1])
34. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by country of birth and metropolitan statistical area of residence

NONIMMIGRANTS

35. Nonimmigrants admitted by class of admission and country of last residence (historical [1])
36. Nonimmigrants admitted by class of admission and country of citizenship
37. Nonimmigrants admitted by detailed class of admission
38. Nonimmigrants admitted as temporary workers, exchange visitors, and intracompany transferees by country of citizenship
39. Nonimmigrants admitted by port of entry and country of citizenship
40. Nonimmigrants admitted by age and country of citizenship

NATURALIZATIONS

41. Petitions for naturalization filed, persons naturalized, and petitions for naturalization denied (historical [1])
42. Persons naturalized by general and special naturalization provisions (historical [1])
43. Persons naturalized by naturalization provisions and country of former allegiance
44. Persons naturalized by country of former allegiance (historical [1])
45. Persons naturalized by sex, marital status, and major occupation (historical [1])
46. Persons naturalized by state of residence (historical [1])
47. Persons naturalized by country of former allegiance and state of residence
48. Persons naturalized by country of former allegiance and metropolitan area of residence
49. Persons naturalized by major occupation and country of former allegiance
50. Persons naturalized in current fiscal year by calendar year of entry and country of birth
51. Persons naturalized by country of former allegiance, age, and sex
52. Persons naturalized by age, and sex (historical [1])
53. Naturalization rates through fiscal year 1990 of immigrants admitted in fiscal year 1977 by major class of admission and occupation
54. Naturalization rates through fiscal year 1990 of immigrants admitted in fiscal year 1977 by country of birth

TABLE GENEALOGY

1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981
					REFUGEES, ASYLEES				
33	38	37	37	34	REF 4.1	REF 4.1	REF 4.1 [6]	REF 4.1 [6]	9 [6]
34	39	38	38	35	REF 4.2 [6]	REF 4.2 [6]	REF 4.2 [6]	REF 4.2 [6]	11 [6]
35	[7]	[7]	[7]	[7]	[7]	[7]	[7]	NA	NA
36	40	39	39	36	REF 4.3	REF 4.3	NA	NA	NA
37	41	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
38	42	41	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					NONIMMIGRANTS				
39	43	42	41	37	NIM 1.0	NIM 1.0	NIM 1	NIM 1	64
40	44	43	42	38	NIM 1.1	NIM 1.1	NIM 1.1	NA	NA
41	45	44	43	39	NIM 2.1	NIM 2.1	NIM 2.1	NA	NA
42	46	45	44	40	NIM 5.1	NIM 5.1	NA	NA	NA
43	47	46	45	41	NIM 3.1	NIM 3.1	NIM 3.1	NA	NA
44	48	47	46	42	NIM 4.1	NIM 4.1	NIM 4.1	NA	NA
					NATURALIZATIONS				
45	49	48	47	43	NAT 1.1	NAT 1.1	NAT 1.1	NAT 1.1	19
46	50	49	48	44	NAT 1.2	NAT 1.2	NAT 1.2	NAT 1.2	20
47	51	50	49	45	NAT 2.1	NAT 2.1	NAT 2.1	NAT 2.1	21
48	52	51	50	46	NAT 1.3	NAT 1.3	NAT 1.3	NAT 1.3	22
49	53	52	51	47	NAT 3.3	NAT 3.3	NAT 3.3	NAT 3.3	25
50	54	53	52	48	NAT 4.1	NAT 4.1	NAT 4.1	NAT 4.1	27
51	55	54	53	49	NAT 4.2	NAT 4.2	NAT 4.2	NAT 4.2	NA
52	56	55	54	NA	NAT 4.3	NAT 4.3	NA	NAT 4.3	28
53	57	56	55	50	NAT 5.1	NAT 5.1	NAT 5.1	NAT 5.1	26
54	58	57	56	51	NAT 5.2	NAT 5.2	NAT 5.2	NAT 5.2	29
55	59	58	57	52	NAT 3.2	NAT 3.2	NAT 3.2	NAT 3.2	24
56	60	59	58	53	NAT 3.1	NAT 3.1	NAT 3.1	NAT 3.1	23
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

APPENDIX 4

TABLE GENEALOGY

1991

ENFORCEMENT

55. Aliens apprehended, deported, and required to depart (historical [1])
56. Deportable aliens located by status at entry and country of nationality
57. Aliens excluded by cause (historical [1])
58. Aliens excluded by country of birth (historical [1])
59. Aliens under docket control required to depart by cause and country of nationality (historical [1])
60. Aliens under docket control required to depart by cause and country of nationality
61. Aliens deported by cause (historical [1])
62. Aliens deported by country of nationality (historical [1])
63. Aliens deported by country to which deported (historical [1])
64. Aliens deported by cause and country of nationality
65. Aliens deported and under docket control required to depart by status at entry (historical [1])
66. Aliens deported and required to depart by region and district office
67. Report of Service participation in the control of marijuana, narcotics, and dangerous drug traffic (historical [1])
68. Principal activities and accomplishments of the Border Patrol (historical [1])

ENTRIES, LITIGATION, LEGAL ACTIVITY

69. Total estimated aliens and citizens by state and port of entry
70. Prosecutions, fines, and imprisonment for immigration and nationality violations (historical [1])
71. Convictions for immigration and nationality violations (historical [1])
72. Writs of habeas corpus, judicial review of orders of deportation, and declaratory judgements in exclusion and deportation cases (historical [1])
73. Private immigration and nationality bills introduced and laws enacted by Congress

TABLE GENEALOGY

1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981
					ENFORCEMENT				
57	61	60	59	54	ENF 1.1	ENF 1.1	ENF 1.1	ENF 1.1	38
58	62	61	60	55	ENF 1.2	ENF 1.2	ENF 1.2	ENF 1.2	53
59	63	62	61	56	ENF 2.1	ENF 2.1	ENF 2.1	ENF 2.1	36
60	64	63	62	57	ENF 2.2 [8]	ENF 2.2 [8]	ENF 2.2 [8]	ENF 2.2 [8]	37 [8]
61	65	64	63	58	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
62	66	65	64	59	ENF 3.2	ENF 3.2	ENF 3.2	ENF 3.2	39
63	67	66	65	60	ENF 4.3	ENF 4.3	ENF 4.3	ENF 4.3	44
64	68	67 [9]	66 [9]	61 [9]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
65	69	68	67	62	ENF 4.4	ENF 4.4	ENF 4.4	ENF 4.4	45
66	70	69	68	63	ENF 4.2	ENF 4.2	ENF 4.2	ENF 4.2	42
67	71	70	69	64	ENF 4.6	ENF 4.6	ENF 4.6	ENF 4.6	47
68	72	71	70	65	ENF 4.8	ENF 4.8	ENF 4.8	ENF 4.8	58
69	73	72	71	66	ENF 5.1	ENF 5.1	ENF 5.1	ENF 5.1	51
70	74	73	72	67	ENF 5.2	ENF 5.2	ENF 5.2	ENF 5.2	52
					ENTRIES, LITIGATION, LEGAL ACTIVITY				
71	75	74 [10]	73 [10]	68 [10]	ENT 1 [10]	ENT 1 [10]	NA	ENT 1 [10]	48 [10]
72	76	75	74	69	LIT 1	LIT 1	LIT 1	LIT 1	60
73	77	76	75	70	LIT 2	LIT 2	LIT 2	LIT 2	61
74	78	77	76	71	LIT 3	LIT 3	LIT 3	LIT 3	62
75	79	78	77	NA	LEG 1	LEG 1	LEG 1	LEG 1	63

[1] Historical tables show data for a number of years, which may vary in each edition of the *Yearbook*.
[2] Data not shown by sex.
[3] Data not shown by age; shown by major occupation group.
[4] Data not shown by sex and age; shown by adoption category.
[5] Data not shown by country of birth.
[6] Data shown for refugees only.
[7] Data shown for asylees only for 1983-85 (REF 7.1), 1986 (31), 1987-88 (34), and 1989 (35). Data shown for refugees only for 1983-85 (REF 5.1), 1986 (25), 1987-88 (28), and 1989 (29). Data shown by selected country of birth.
[8] Data shown by cause and for current year only.
[9] Data are for calendar year.
[10] Definitions of "admissions" and "entries" have changed somewhat for this table. See table and text in each edition of the *Yearbook* for explanation.

NA Not available.

DATA SOURCES

DATA SERIES	FORM NUMBER AND TITLE
Immigrants	
◆ New arrivals (except children born subsequent to issuance of immigrant visa to accompanying alien parents; children born to lawful permanent resident aliens during temporary visits abroad; and American Indians born in Canada)	OF-155 — (State Dept.) Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration OF-230 — (State Dept.) Application for Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration
◆ Adjustments (and special new arrival cases listed above)	I-181 — Memorandum of Creation of Record of Lawful Permanent Residence
Naturalizations	N-400 — Application to File Petition for Naturalization N-402 — Application to File Petition for Naturalization in Behalf of Child N-405 — Petition for Naturalization N-480 — Naturalization Petitions Recommended to be Granted
Nonimmigrants	I-94 — Arrival / Departure Record I-94W — Visa Waiver Arrival / Departure Form
Deportations	I-154 — Deportation Docket Control Card
Required Departures	I-154 — Deportation Docket Control Card I-161 — Record of Required Departure Authorized Prior to OSC Issuance
Exclusions	I-259 — Notice to Detain, Deport, Remove, or Present Aliens I-275 — Notice of Withdrawal of Application for Admission to the United States I-295 — Notice of Decision (of Immigration Judge) I-296 — Notice of Alien Ordered Excluded by Immigration Judge
Performance Analysis	G-23 — Report of Field Operations
Refugees	G-319 — Report of Applicants for Refugee Status under Section 207, INA I-94 — Arrival/Departure Record I-590 — Registration for Classification as Refugee
Apprehensions	I-589 — Request for Asylum in the United States I-213 — Record of Deportable Alien

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